"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, continued warm today and probably Thursday; south winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 22,110. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1918.—TWENTY PAGES. TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

GERMANS ATTACK VAINLY ALONG THE VESLE TO DRIVE BACK ADVANCED ALLIED FORCES; AMERICANS' BIG GUNS UP AND SHELLING FOE

WHITMAN'S SLATE IS THREATENED BY HEACOCK PETITION

Ex-Senator a Candidate Against Schoeneck for Lieutenant Governor.

MYSTERY TO ALL FACTIONS

45,000 Signed Governor's Petition and 16,000 Alfred E. Smith's—Hearst's Missing.

ONLY REPUBLICAN CONTESTS

Democrats Are Harmonious in City, According to the Documents Filed with Election Board.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6.—William A. Orr, Secretary to Governor Whitman, filed the designating petitions for the latter as a candidate for re-election at 9:30 o'clock tonight. There were 45,000 signatures attached.

The petition of Attorney General Merton E. Lewis had been filed at 8 P. M. It contained 10,000 names. Ex-Senator William M. Bennett, the Governor's other Republican rival, filed his petition with 6,000 signatures and a full State ticket, except Secretary of State and State Engineer and Surveyor. Seth J. T. Bush of Morton was named for Lieutenant Governor; George F. Thompson of Niagara for Attorney General; Samuel Fraser of Geneseo for Controller, and Theodore Bayler of New York for State Treasurer.

Senator Thompson came to Albany tonight to file his own petition as Senator from the Niagara County district and was amazed to find that he had been honored by the Bennett followers. Thereupon he sat down and wrote out a declination of the honor that had been conferred.

"I want to be the Senator from the Niagara district," said Senator Thompson, "and do not want to be Attorney General." It was also announced tonight that Seth J. T. Bush would decline the selection for Lieutenant Governor.

The whole Democratic ticket headed by Alfred E. Smith for Governor was filed. There were 16,000 signatures on the petition. William Kelly, of New York, filed the petition of William Church Osborn, Democratic candidate for Governor. The petition has 6,000 names signed to it.

The surprise of the day's filings came when ex-State Senator Seth G. Heacock of Ilion filed his petition as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor against the present incumbent, Edward Schoeneck.

Ex-Senator Heacock was born in Buffalo, and is a son of the Rev. G. W. Heacock, P. D., and a graduate of Hamilton College. He was in the Senate from 1907 to 1914, serving as Chairman of Internal Affairs, and on the Finance, Agriculture, Military Affairs, Affairs of Villages, Canals, and Printing Committees.

The petition of Mary B. Brewer of Richmond as a candidate for State Senator on the Republican ticket to replace Senator Cromwell, was filed tonight, as was also the petition of Catherine P. Wylde, who will oppose Senator George F. Thompson in the Niagara County District. She is a Democrat.

On the ticket with Governor Whitman will be Controller Eugene M. Travis, who filed a petition for the nomination for Controller with 60,000 signatures, the largest number that had been filed up to that time; Secretary of State Francis M. Hugo, who filed his petition for re-election with 32,000 names, and State Engineer Frank M. Williams, who had 12,205 names on his petition.

Up to midnight, the last moment for filing the designating petitions, none was handed in by William Randolph Hearst.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Some of the friends of Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck here today declared that they believed that Mr. Heacock would not be a very strong opponent to the local man. However, they added, they welcomed the candidacy if for no other purpose than to show the strength of the Lieutenant Governor.

Republicans Puzzled by Move.

Republicans, both in the Lewis and in the Whitman camp, professed to be somewhat mystified when they learned yesterday that ex-State Senator Seth G. Heacock of Herkimer County had filed petitions with the Secretary of State at Albany, giving him a place on the primary ballot as a candidate for the nomination for Lieutenant Governor against Lieutenant Governor Edward Schoeneck. Both the Whitman and Lewis leaders were discussing plans for supplanting Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck as a candidate for renomination soon after the facts in connec-

Continued on Page Seven.

British Firms Are to Refit 2,000,000 American Troops

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The British Government has let contracts to British manufacturers for military clothing to refit 2,000,000 American soldiers, according to a dispatch from Glasgow to the Central News.

This order, which breaks all records, is in addition to contracts under execution for the French and British Armies. No cloth is to be made henceforth for civilian use, except under permit.

SUFFRAGISTS AGAIN ATTACK PRESIDENT

Demonstration Opposite the White House Broken Up by Police.

48 WOMEN ARE ARRESTED

Carried Banners Accusing Mr. Wilson of Delaying Suffrage Despite His Letters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—A suffragist demonstration this afternoon in Lafayette Square, opposite the White House, resulted in the arrest of forty-eight women who bore suffragist banners. The charge against the women is "Congregating in the park." All those arrested were released on bail for their appearance in the Police Court tomorrow morning.

Although President Wilson has written letters recently to Senators opposed to nation-wide suffrage for women urging them to support the suffrage amendment to the Federal Constitution, the demonstration was aimed at the President. One of the banners borne in the demonstration contained this legend:

"We protest against the continued disfranchisement of American women for which the President of the United States is responsible."

About a hundred banners were carried by the women, who gathered around the statue of Lafayette, where the demonstration was held. The statue stands in Lafayette Square almost directly opposite one of the main gates of the White House grounds and in plain view of the Mansion.

Members of Woman's Party.

Those who staged the demonstration were members of the National Woman's Party, the militant organization which participated in the picketing of the White House grounds last year and many of whose banner-bearers were arrested after the display of a standard for the benefit of the new Russian Ambassador when he was received by President Wilson, which contained an inscription that was regarded as seditious. From that time on the banner-bearers were hooted by crowds, and many of the banners were torn down. The police finally interfered, and women were arrested frequently on the charge of obstructing traffic. Some of them served terms in the local workhouse. It was recently decided in the courts that the arrests were unwarranted by law.

A long procession of women gowned in white and bearing banners reached the Lafayette Statue this afternoon just as the employes of the Government departments were thronging the sidewalks in front of the White House on their way to their homes. The procession attracted a great crowd. Police were out in force, for the demonstration had been widely advertised locally. Miss Hazel Hunkins led the parade, carrying the American flag. The speakers had just taken their places at the base of the statue when the police interfered.

Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, who was prominent in the White House demonstrations last year, had just begun a speech when she was arrested. She submitted quietly when a policeman informed her that she was under arrest. Another woman took her place. She also was arrested. One by one the suffragists attempted to speak, and each was arrested as she began. Miss Hunkins was making her third effort to appeal to the crowd when she was taken away by a policeman.

Marched Around the Statue.

Miss Lavinia Dock, who was said to be Secretary of the International Council of Nurses, sought to create a diversion by starting to sing "America." The song was cut short by her arrest. Then some of the banner-bearers began to march around the statue. The policemen, after consulting a book of regulations governing public parks in the District of Columbia, started making arrests by the wholesale.

One of those arrested was Miss Alice Paul, Chairman of the National Wo-

Continued on Page Nine.

When you think of Writing, think of WHITING.—Advt.

123 NEW SHIPS OF 631,944 TONS LAUNCHED IN JULY

Total of Ships That Took Water Greater Than Any Previous Year's Record Here.

433,244 STEEL TONNAGE

1,719,536 Added Since Jan. 1 in Fast Monthly Increase of Output.

FELICITATION FROM MACLAY

British Shipping Minister and Northcliffe Call the Progress "Magnificent."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—American shipbuilding records were broken last month, when more ships were launched than ever before in a whole year, in this country. Figures made public today by the Emergency Fleet Corporation show that 123 vessels, with a deadweight tonnage of 631,944, were sent into the water. This table shows the accomplishment:

Type of Vessel.	No.	Deadweight Tonnage.
Steel	67	433,344
Wood	53	187,600
Composite	3	11,000
Total	123	631,944

During July forty-one vessels with a total deadweight tonnage of 235,025 were completed. Of these, thirty-six were steel ships with a deadweight tonnage of 217,025 and five were wooden, with a total of 18,000 tons.

These do not include two vessels of 15,855 deadweight tons (together) which were delivered from Japanese yards. Had they been counted, the grand total of ships completed for the Shipping Board during July would be forty-three, with a total of 250,880 deadweight tonnage.

Sixteen Launched in Four Days.

In the last four days of the month sixteen ships slid into the water. Twelve of these were of steel, half of them contracted for and the other half requisitioned. Their tonnage was 66,130. In addition there were four wooden ships with a total tonnage of 14,000, making the total tonnage for the four days 80,130.

The steel launchings were:

CONTRACT STEEL SHIPS.

Company and Name.	Dw.T.
Downey S. B. Corp., Nahama	7,500
Skinner & Eddy Corp., West Habomac.	8,800
Am. S. B., Daucey	3,550
Great Lakes and Eng. Works, Crawl Keys	3,350
Am. S. B., Lake Garza	3,550
Am. S. B., Lake Buckeye	3,550
Total	30,300

REQUISITIONED STEEL SHIPS.

Beth. (Harlan.) O. T. Waring	8,130
Ames S. B. & Dd., L. J. Drake	9,000
Tampa S. B. Co., Everglades	3,500
J. H. Duthie & Co., Western Hope	8,800
Great Lakes and Eng. Works, Lake Marion	3,300
McDougall-Duluth, Lake Orange	3,100
Total	35,830

1,571,856 Tons Finished.

The present Shipping Board began operations last August. From that time up to Aug. 1 of this year there were completed and delivered thirty-seven steel contract vessels, with a deadweight tonnage of 245,000, and 210 requisitioned vessels totaling 1,326,156 deadweight tons. This makes a grand total of 247 ships, aggregating 1,571,856 tons completed and placed in service.

Almost half of this tonnage—the actual amount being 775,545 tons—was delivered during the last three months.

Already there have been launched this year vessels amounting to a total of 1,719,536 deadweight tons. By months the launchings in 1918 have been:

	Deadweight Tons.
January	88,507
February	123,625
March	172,411
April	160,286
May	259,241
June	283,322
July	631,944
Total	1,719,536

Two cable dispatches congratulating Edward N. Hurley, Chairman of the Shipping Board, on shipbuilding results here were received today. One was from Lord Northcliffe and the other from Sir Joseph Maclay, British Minister of Shipping.

The Northcliffe dispatch read:

"Congratulations to you and workers of Alameda, Hog Island, and merchants' shipyards on accomplishment of magnificent piece of war winning."

The message from Sir Joseph Maclay read:

"Congratulate you heartily on magnificent accomplishment, which is further guarantee of defeat of submarine. We rejoice in absolute assurance that American military effort, vast though it is, will not be hampered by lack of tonnage."

David Rodgers, General Superintendent of the Skinner & Eddy Corporation of Seattle, was presented to President Wilson by Mr. Hurley, and the President thanked the shipbuilder for his part in the war work. Of the steel contract ships delivered to date from American shipyards, eleven have been constructed under Mr. Rodgers's direction. Six of these were completed in less than 100 days from the time the keels were laid. Mr. Hurley told the President that the Skinner & Eddy Corporation was setting the pace in ship construction.

American Colored Troops Excel in Killing Germans

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Officers from the front bring astonishing reports of work done by American colored troops brigaded with Gouraud's army east of Rheims. Their specialty is the bayonet, in the use of which they excel all others. Their proverbial partiality for the razor as a weapon makes them prefer the cold steel and they have piled up a score in killing Germans which breaks all previous records.

The French officers are delighted with their prowess, and will welcome fresh colored contingents to work alongside their own Africans.

CONVICTS MALVY AND BANISHES HIM

French High Court Finds Ex-Minister Guilty of Communicating with the Enemy.

EXILED FOR FIVE YEARS

Civic Degradation Not Imposed on the Latest of the Defeatists Found Guilty.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior, was found guilty today of holding communication with the enemy and was sentenced to five years' banishment. The sentence does not carry civic degradation.

The French Senate, sitting as the high court in executive session, by a vote of 101 to 81, reached an affirmative decision on the question whether malfeasance in office had taken place.

The judgment of the court will be carried out as soon as the Minister of Justice is formally notified of the verdict. Malvy will have the choice of the frontier by which he will leave France, and will be conducted thither by Police Inspectors. The former Minister forfeits his seat as a member of the Chamber of Deputies as a consequence of his condemnation.

The sentence of five years' banishment is the minimum for the offense under the penal code.

Imperiled Nation's Morale.

The High Court dismissed the charge of treason or complicity in treason, but found Malvy guilty of disregarding, violating or betraying the duties of his office. It was proved, according to the verdict, that he was guilty of the plan fomented in France to destroy the defense of the country by undermining the morale of the nation and destroying discipline in the army by creating seditious newspapers, by the dissemination of pamphlets, and by speeches and lectures.

The judgment said that Malvy was aware of this criminal undertaking, which was the principal cause of the mutinies of May and June, 1917, but that instead of opposing energetic action to this propaganda he subventioned one of the newspapers in question, facilitated by favors the criminal proceedings of Miguel Almereyda, editor, and M. Duval, director of the notorious Defeatist newspaper Bonnet Rouge, and prevented police action against anarchist pamphleteers and lecturers.

It was found to be untrue that Malvy, as he alleged, was carrying out the policy of Cabinets of which he had been a member. The judgment rejects his plea that he was obliged so to act to prevent a crisis which would have been more dangerous to the country than the propaganda that he permitted.

Campaign Against Defeatists.

When Joseph Caillaux, former Premier of France, held the portfolio of the Interior or of the Treasury, Louis J. Malvy was always found to be his right-hand man holding an under secretaryship. It was so at the time of the Agadir crisis, which almost brought war with Germany, in 1911.

After the master left political life for a time in the Spring before the war on account of his wife having killed M. Calmette of the Figaro, Malvy was left in charge of his political fortunes and, through the still powerful influence of the absent one, was made Minister of the Interior in the War Cabinet of Viviani, in the Coalition Cabinet of Briand, and in the centralized cabinet of Ribot.

In July, 1917, M. Clemenceau, who later was made Premier principally for the purpose of vindicating his charges, began his campaign against the "Defeatists," the Bonnet Rouge gang, including Duval, who was executed on July 17; Bolo Pacha, who was executed April 17, and Caillaux, whose trial was voted for by the Chamber on Dec. 22 and whose operations were revealed in the intercepted Bernstorff dispatches on the 16th of the following January.

Malvy, as Minister of the Interior, had charge of the national police, and after the revelations of July, 1917, it was charged that the police had not pursued

Continued on Page Two.

OUR GUNS REACH TO AISNE

Shell Roads and Communications as They Are Rushed to New Line.

SNIPERS HIDING IN FISMES

Many Death Traps Set Among Mass of Explosives Left by Germans.

GUARDS BACK IN THE FIGHT

But for Lack of Prussians Famous Regiments Are Padded with Poles and Alsatians.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY, Aug. 6.—The Americans have begun an effort to drive the Germans back on their front on the Vesle toward the Aisne. The Germans' effort to prevent them is now in full swing. Our forces are battling to establish strong attack positions on the north bank of the Vesle River, and fierce German rearguard actions are in progress against them. We have small parties fighting across the river.

For the last twenty-four hours through almost steady rain, thousands of shells have been screaming in both directions over the stream, as American guns have now been brought up and are hammering the enemy positions after the successful method used north of the Ourcq. At the same time the Germans have placed large numbers of 105s, and are shelling heavily in the direction of strategic points back of our lines.

The artillery fighting is now of a very intense nature. The Germans have on their positions ammunition to spare, while we are able to return shell for shell and do even better.

It seems a safe prediction that the enemy is going back to the Aisne. North of the Vesle he has the guns which are working now placed on a series of hills forming a ridge about halfway between the Vesle and the Aisne, and has large numbers of machine guns placed along the north bank of the Vesle for his typical rearguard action. No concentration of infantry has been observed along the northern bank of the Vesle.

Enemy Plans Again Spoiled.

He is interposing the same sort of resistance, only on a larger scale, as he did north of the Ourcq, where he held the Americans back for five days. Perhaps some of the fiercest resistance last night might be accounted for by the fact that a captured document showed that the Germans, holding the heights south of Fismes, had orders to stay there until midnight of Aug. 5. Just as the rush of Americans across the Ourcq spoiled the enemy's plans, so our storming of Fismes Heights, forcing him back over the river thirty-six hours ahead of schedule, now gives the need for delaying our progress north of the Vesle.

It is highly significant that the enemy's artillery work is now being done by 77s and 105s. The fact that larger guns are not in action seems to show that none has been placed in position south of the Aisne. This apparently indicates the main lines of resistance to be at least that far back.

The present artillery engagement is the largest in which the Americans have taken part. We have been unusually successful in getting our guns up and in place, and they are raking enemy areas clean back to the Aisne, ranging on roads and lines of communication. Judging from the work some gunners did between the Ourcq and the Vesle the enemy is having an unhappy time of it.

German artillery work hampered our bridge makers yesterday, but nevertheless they made progress.

Continued on Page Two.

Victory Has Made Foch a Marshal of France; It Has Netted 35,000 Prisoners and 700 Guns

PARIS, Aug. 6.—(Havas Agency.)—The Council of Ministers has promoted General Ferdinand Foch, Commander in Chief of the allied forces on the western front, to be a Marshal of France.

The Ministers also have conferred the Military Medal upon General Petain, Commander in Chief of the French Armies on the western front. President Poincaré presided at the meeting of the Council.

In presenting the name of General Foch, Premier Clemenceau said:

"At the hour when the enemy, by a formidable offensive on a front of 100 kilometers, counted on snatching the decision and imposing a German peace upon us, General Foch and his admirable troops vanquished him.

"Paris is not in danger, Soissons and Château-Thierry have been reconquered, and more than 200 villages have been delivered; 35,000 prisoners and 700 cannon have been captured, and the enemy's high hopes before the attack have been crushed. The glorious allied armies have thrown him from the banks of the Marne to the Aisne. Such are the results of the High Command's strategy, superbly executed by incomparable commanders. The confidence placed by the Republic and by all the Allies in the conqueror of St. Goud, the Yser, and the Somme, has been fully justified."

A memorandum issued prior to the promotion of General Foch says that his elevation to the rank of Marshal will not only be a reward for past services, but will also "consecrate even more deeply the authority of the great warrior called upon to lead the Entente armies to a definite victory."

The citation, accompanying General Pétain's decoration says: "He has always succeeded in maintaining a firm, benevolent discipline in the armies, in upholding the morale to a supreme degree, and inspiring a high degree of confidence. He has acquired imperishable rights to national gratitude by victoriously repulsing the German onslaught."

FOCH'S STROKE LONG PLANNED

Generalissimo Had Been Busy a Month Before Germans Crossed the Marne.

REAL STRENGTH CONCEALED

General Mangin Describes to Times Correspondent How the Fatal Blow Was Dealt.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Aug. 6.—In a dainty study, the gilded furniture and delicate ornaments of which contrasted strangely with the staff maps, marked with colored chalk lines, and shell fuse, paper weight, and field telephone on the desk, General Mangin gave THE TIMES correspondent a description of the battle which one of the highest of France's war chiefs told me a few days ago marked the turning point of the war.

The General stood squarely before the maps, motionless, save for a quick glance at my face now and then, as if to emphasize the salient point of his narrative.

Like all the distinguished French soldiers I have met, he was practically devoid of gestures. These are popularly supposed to be essential to Frenchmen.

"It was a regular classic battle of manoeuvre," he said.

"The battle opened with the driving back of the enemy's line ten kilometers in the first two days under the shock of a sudden attack. Then he brought up reserves and rallied.

After that the objective was clear and definite. It was the eastern end of the long ledge that runs unbroken save by the Saviere Valley from west of Villers Cotterets Forest to the region of Grand Rozoy and Arcy.

"That was the key position of the struggle as it dominated the northwestern plateau toward Soissons, which was the bastion of the enemy's resistance. Once the master of that on Aug. 2, the enemy's retreat was inevitable. He knew it, too, and the battle was won.

The Situation on July 15.

Before discussing the details of the action the general situation previous to July 15 can be stated as follows: It is hardly doubtful that the Chemin des Dames drive of May 27 was not originally intended to carry the Germans beyond the Aisne. Their purpose was to get a strong defensive position in view of a possible flank attack during later operations against the centre of the French-British line in pursuance of the plan carried out in the March battle.

Rightly enough, finding the resistance less than they expected, they exploited their success to the utmost, and finally reached the Marne. That formed a deep and comparatively narrow pocket, the essential weak-

Continued on Page Two.

URGES ENTENTE UNITY ON COAL

Observer in London Says Labor Shortage in England Is Vital Factor.

OUR SOLDIERS MENACED

Suffering Is Likely Unless Adequate Supply of Fuel Can Be Provided.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Americans here are all solid in their faith in the military success in France. They expect some kind of a spectacular enterprise from the German Navy as a last card, and they are prepared for further blows in France, but the military men do not believe that Hindenburg can ever hit as hard in the future as in the past, while the Allies grow constantly stronger.

While this optimism on the military side is general, one hears many warnings respecting conditions hitherto pointed out in these cables. The coal outlook in particular is giving concern to those who deal with subjects of supply and transport. One who speaks with knowledge said today:

"There must be immediate coordinated effort for the production and distribution of fuel for future months. The main supplies for England, France, and Italy must be drawn from British mines. The labor is necessarily British. And yet inevitably the hasty methods of recruiting the British Army in the field has depleted the ranks of industrial labor to an extent which imperils the fuel supply for the next Winter. The conditions do not concern the civilian population alone, though they are serious in that quarter where good morale is so closely related to military operations. The armies also are directly affected.

"Unless intelligently planned action on a large scale is carried out promptly our troops will probably be subjected to great suffering next Winter. The climate of Europe is extremely trying. Even now in midsummer many of us find it difficult to keep warm. When Winter comes, naturally the conditions will be much harder.

"American soldiers are accustomed to warmth, and while otherwise hearty and rugged, cannot stand extreme cold.

"I am sure that America will immediately respond to the need of providing our army with the means of keeping warm and healthy. To accomplish this there should be an infusion of the energetic spirit, characteristic of Americans when the emergency pre-

Continued on Page Two.

"CELERY TIME!—Right now is the time to plant if you want——" See top of page 20.—Advt.

ARTILLERY ACTIVE ON VESLE

Fismes Deluged with German Gas and High Explosive Shells.

WIPE OUT ENEMY BATTALION

American Machine Gunners Defending Fismes Foil Attack on Bridge Builders.

NEW FRENCH GAIN ON AVRE

Advance North of Montdidier Carries Foch's Men to River Below Morisel.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The allied forces operating on the Vesle front are maintaining their positions at the numerous points at which they have crossed to the north bank, despite repeated German efforts to dislodge them. Artillery activity continued throughout the day along the course of the river and to the east of Soissons.

French progress from the region north of Montdidier toward the Avre, has resulted in the capture of positions along the river bank between Braches and Morisel.

The night report from the French War Office reads:

Aside from artillery activity east of Soissons and on the Vesle River, there is nothing to report from the whole of the front.

Following is the text of the day report:

North of Montdidier our troops have made progress toward the Avre, which they have reached between Braches and Morisel. A German surprise attack southeast of Montdidier was checked completely. Prisoners remained in our hands.

On the Vesle front the French maintained their positions at many points north of the river, despite repeated attempts by the Germans to drive them out. There is nothing of importance to report from the remainder of the front.

Germans Prepare for Resistance.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE AISNE-MARNE FRONT, Aug. 6, (Associated Press.)—With their backs to the Aisne, the Germans continued preparations today for what may be either a stiff resistance to give them more time for further withdrawal or for a definite stand. Minor actions along the American portion of the front and in the adjoining French sectors marked the day.

The little force of men who were sent into Fismes still maintain their foothold, although they are not yet across the river, which flows through the extreme northern part of the town.

Under a heavy barrage all their wounded have been taken out, and in the course of the night food was taken to them.

German Detachment Annihilated.

American machine gunners, protecting a location on the Vesle, west of Fismes, wiped out an entire battalion of German infantrymen and machine gunners today.

The Germans at the time were getting into position to attack a group of American bridge builders who were approaching the location.

Some bridge material had already been moved near the south bank of the Vesle, and the Germans, apparently discovering this fact, had sent a battalion to a hill position to prevent the Americans from carrying out their plan. A detachment of crack American machine gunners, however, had previously taken an elevated position commanding the location, and opened fire when the Germans appeared.

Observers reported that they did not see a single German get away from the leaden hail, and, according to the last accounts, not even enemy stretcher bearers approached the scene. The Germans replied so

feebly with their fire, because of the surprise, that there were no American casualties.

Germans Deluge Fismes with Gas.

The Germans have been unremitting in their efforts to dislodge the Americans, pounding the town with shells and deluging it with gas.

Numerous efforts have been made to retake the position, but in every instance the accuracy of the American fire, both of the supporting artillery and the small arms of the infantry within it, drove back the enemy.

To the east and west of Fismes the Americans have continued their reconnoissance work, patrols crossing the river at different places. The detachments, however, never exceeded more than twenty men.

Near [name of town deleted] a few men have remained, and another force is on the hill over the river near Fismes.

Reports received from the French sectors indicate virtually the same situation from Soissons to Rheims.

Clearer weather resulted in more aerial activity for a few hours, but the clouds reappeared and the rain again began to fall, and the aircraft were forced to suspend operations.

The Germans immediately seized the opportunity of the few hours of good weather to send over planes for photographic purposes, and incidentally to shoot up the allied transport. These planes in every case were quickly forced back by anti-aircraft guns. Franco-American planes also did some observation work north of the Vesle.

The engineers have mobilized equipment for their part of the advance, and reports from far back of the line indicate that all elements of the allied forces will be immediately available.

From the German side observers have reported wagon trains in large numbers moving over some of the roads toward the rear. This is not construed as conclusive evidence that the Germans are still retreating; but that fact and the further fact that up to date the Germans have not used at all extensively any but their small and medium caliber guns tend to support the belief that the Crown Prince really intends to make the Aisne the objective of his line of retreat.

The present positions of the Germans are excellent for defense, however, and it is regarded as not improbable that they will dig right in there.

The few big guns which have been used by the Germans are in positions far back, near the Aisne.

The clearing up of the big field of retreat has netted in one-half of the territory advanced over by the Americans alone fifteen trainloads of ammunition and general supplies.

GERMANS' POSITION CRITICAL.

Paris Military Observers Think Foe Must Retire Behind the Aisne.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—German resistance north of the Vesle is being continued, the enemy rear guard standing determinedly along the heights commanding the river crossings, where the French light elements which have passed beyond the river are encountering them, says the Havas Agency's review of the battlefront situation today. The Germans are trying to prevent further allied crossings.

There is general agreement among the military critics that the Germans will not be able to remain long in the region between the Vesle and the Aisne, where their position is considered untenable.

"The German position between the two rivers," says the Journal, "is a critical one, being shallow and swept by the French artillery along the entire front and at some points on the flanks. Its communications are unsafe, and it will be dangerous for the Germans to make their stand below the Aisne instead of going behind that river. The result would probably be enormous losses for the enemy.

"The Germans are trying to bring about a quieting down of things in this sector, but they cannot afford to overlook the fact that their opponent has something to say as to this. A retreat is more easily begun than ended."

The Echo de Paris lays stress upon the various signs observable of the strategical retreat which the German high command may have in contemplation at various points where the French are attacking. It believes the enemy is preparing a "relief offensive" to be launched shortly.

The Matin, in an article printed under a large portrait of General Foch, points to the unanimity among the Allies and pays tribute to the bold strategy and the high qualities which the Generalissimo has evinced, notably his keen foresight. This newspaper reports that Premier Clemenceau had a conference lasting several hours with General Foch yesterday at headquarters.

GERMAN UNITS DECIMATED.

Company Strength of Some Divisions Reduced to Less Than 50 Men.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY, Aug. 6.—(Associated Press.)—The German Crown Prince is now engaged in reconstituting his shattered divisions behind the lines with the aid of the remainder of the 1919 recruits, in the opinion of General Mangin, whose army played such a brilliant part in forcing the German retreat from the Marne.

Some of the German divisions which took part in this battle had their company strength reduced to less than fifty men, some of the companies being still further depleted in numbers. In addition some of the best divisions of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria were used in the battle, having been lent the German Crown Prince from the armies further north.

CALL OUR MEN "SATANS."

And Germans Who Capture Them Get Iron Crosses.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—"Satans" is the pet name for American soldiers among the men in the German army, according to a letter written by Lieutenant Ranke, who, as "officer-war correspondent," writes for German papers stories of individual deeds of bravery by Germans whose names, addresses, and occupations are given as tending to encourage local patriotism.

In a letter to the Duesseldorf Nachrichten he tells of a skirmish between a patrol of men from that city with an American patrol, who by their "impudent audacity" had been giving the Germans much trouble. Both parties were hidden in shell craters, he says, and stalked each other for nineteen hours, with the result, according to the story, that three wounded American "Satans" were brought in. For their work their captors received Iron Crosses.

BERLIN BOASTS OF RETREAT.

Says First Line Troops Retired Without the Loss of a Man.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—The German retreat on the night of Aug. 1 on the main front between Soissons and Rheims and southwest of the latter city was carried out after everything useful to the Allies had been removed or destroyed, according to an unofficial dispatch from Berlin. All supplies and ammunition were removed in good time and the crops were largely harvested.

The statement says that the withdrawal of the troops who were in the first line occurred without the loss of a man.

MANGIN THANKS BRITISH FOR HELP IN BATTLE

Tells Them They Came Into the Fight at Its Fiercest Moment and Did Nobly.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—General Mangin of the French forces, in an order of the day addressed to the British divisions under his command on the Rheims-Soissons front, says:

"You reached the battle at its fiercest moment, when the enemy, defeated for the first time, brought up his best divisions, which were numerically superior to ours. You continued to advance, foot by foot, despite bitter resistance; you held the conquered ground notwithstanding the violence of his counterattacks. Then on Aug. 1, with your French comrades, you carried the height which the defenders had been ordered to hold at all costs. Failing to retake it, the enemy was compelled to retreat, pursued and harassed, for twelve kilometers.

"All you English and Scottish troops, both young and veterans, have shown the magnificent qualities of your race—indomitable courage and tenacity.2 You have won the admiration of your brother in arms, and your country will be proud of you, for to you and your commanders is due in large measure the victory we have just gained against the barbarous enemies of all free peoples.

"I am happy to have you under my command, and I thank you."

BRITISH PRISONERS DIG OUT.

Twenty-nine Officers Escape by Tunnel from Holzminden.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—Twenty-nine British officers recently escaped from a prisoners' camp at Holzminden, according to the Osnabrueck Tageblatt, and they are still at large. They made their escape through a subterranean passage which it took the officers nine months to dig.

A big reward has been offered by the commanding General in Hanover for their recapture.

The Times Special Cable Dispatches from the Battlefront

OUR GUNS REACH TO AISNE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

The nature of the fighting by the foe is shown by the fact that our men in Fismes today are much pestered by German snipers, who remained hidden in garrets, and are picking off our men here and there. These warriors get no quarter when Americans locate them. As this is written the town has not yet been entirely cleared.

The retreat, in which they left such large quantities of munitions behind, gave the Germans a chance they did not overlook to play one of their favorite kinds of warfare on the Americans. All through the villages and farmhouses he left infernal machines.

One of his especially devilish arrangements was placing an amount of high explosive in a conspicuous spot, connected with an ordinary telephone wire, reaching ahead into his line. When he believed Americans were near the trap, he would set off the explosive by electricity.

Numerous infernal machines were arranged in dugouts so that any one stepping inside set them off. Yesterday a pile of ammunition exploded two days after the enemy had left the spot. It is believed it was set off by a time bomb arrangement. Such man traps were found in many places yesterday, and warnings against them were issued to all our troops.

The Americans yesterday made prompt use of some of the captured boche material. Because of our rapid advance we had need of extra engineers to work on the badly shelled roads. A whole regiment of pioneers was equipped out of a stock of tools left behind by the Germans. Incidentally, in the German materials left 1,000,000 good 77 shells have been counted.

Ludendorff, in a statement yesterday, said that if they were German villages which were being left behind it would be dolorous, but fortunately the villages left were not German. According to the view in this army a civilized person would have said that any villages behind a German retreat were dolorous villages. What the German invaders did not do to the French villages south of the Vesle the American and French shells completed. It seemed almost a sacrilege to level so many pretty little places, but Foch knew it was a greater sacrilege to allow the enemy to stay in them and lay plans to attack P: is.

The whole countryside is pock-marked with shell holes by tens of thousands, many formerly fair fields having so many shell holes that one can literally step from one to another.

Some of these fields are bloody fields. One I saw yesterday I can never forget.

To east, to west, and north of the road lay a wheat field from which the enemy had harvested the grain before the battle came. To the south of the road a hundred yards away lay a stretch of woods. North of the wheat field was a large wood.

In a small field south of the road lay a row of bodies of Americans where German machine guns on the south side of the road had opened on them. What could cause a greater thrill than to walk forward to the road and see the bodies of the German machine gunners in their nests dead from bayonet wounds?

On the north side of the road were dugouts with American spades lying about, which told that our men had made them, and then fifty yards away and stretching back lay dead Germans.

That scene along the road told an eloquent story. The Americans had charged toward the road, only to be met by German machine gun fire.

Rushing on and suffering losses, they had bayoneted some of the gunners and put others to flight. They had then taken positions on the north side of the road and met a counterattack, killing the Germans I saw lying beyond. The whole story of the battle lay there plainly.

Far north of the road out of the wheat field could be seen orderly rows of shell holes, where our accurate artillery had laid down a creeping barrage, behind which the troops had moved to the foe's positions at the edge of the wood. Here and there lay the body of a boy in brown who had paid the great price.

Tragedy of a Pit.

On to the edge of the wood I walked, and there was a picture that will ever linger. In a pit perhaps fifty feet long, twenty feet wide, and fifteen feet deep the Germans had established a strong position with emplacements in the sides for machine guns—maybe twenty of them.

There in the bottom of the pit in utmost confusion lay fifteen or so dead Germans and perhaps ten Americans. In front of the pit lay nine dead of our men.

The Americans had charged those machine guns even into the pit, where they fought hand-to-hand with the gunners. It seemed that while fighting there in the cockpit a shell had fallen among them.

All along the edge of the wood smaller machine gun nests had been broken up.

A more cheerful story was told by the scene inside the wood where I saw fifty or sixty Germans in a hundred square yards who had been killed by high explosive shells where our guns had raked them in their flight. There were practically no American bodies in the wood, but there must have been several hundred dead Germans.

As we came out of the wood a burying detail was hard at work. Americans were buried first.

In a long grave were being placed perhaps fifty bodies of men from the United States who had charged machine gun nests along the edge of the wood, one of the ugliest fighting positions this war has presented. That was the last stand the Germans made against the Americans before they retired across the Vesle River.

In a skirmish north of Fismes yesterday the Americans took seven prisoners from the 4th Prussian Guard Division, which had been put back into the line after being taken out, following its defeat by the Americans at Sergy.

The American officers were surprised to find that of these seven men who had just been placed in the 5th Grenadier Regiment as replacements six were Poles and the other an Alsatian. It was a surprise that such material should be used to fill up one of the Kaiser's crack regiments. When asked about it, the men replied that the enemy had no Prussians to fill up the Prussian regiment cut up in the recent fighting. These seven, when asked what they thought of the war replied: "We have had enough."

Talking to an officer who thought that this replacement situation was very significant, I asked him if the 500,000 soldiers of the new class which the Germans would have this Fall might not make a difference in the situation. He replied:

"Germany has 500,000 new Germans. The Allies have 5,000,000 new Americans."

By a side road yesterday about a thousand Americans were resting during a hike. They had not been in France as long as some other units. Down the road came an American guard with six prisoners. When the new Americans saw who they were they sprang up as one man and gazed at them. Then one of them, a lad from North Carolina, spoke:

"So them's boches! My God, lead us to 'em!"

All New Men Eager to Fight.

That is the spirit of all the Americans who have had no share thus far in the victorious fighting. The men are eager for their chance, and are sure that they can do just a little better than their comrades who have been lucky enough to get into the fighting. Perhaps many of them will soon get their chance, for if the policy of Foch continues to be what it has been since the enemy quit Château-Thierry, constant pressure will be kept up on his rear for days to come.

The more the Allies press the harder it will be for the enemy to establish a strong line of resistance, for despite Hindenburg and Ludendorff and "Hard Luck Willie," as the boys call the Crown Prince, a retreating army, it is held, cannot be stopped in its tracks by waving the German flag in its face.

Our gunners are now keeping the Germans busy, and our infantry stands waiting its turn to advance again.

FOCH'S STROKE LONG PLANNED

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ness of which (exposure to an attack from the western flank,) no soldier could ignore.

They accordingly attempted to widen it westward, without much success, save in the north, where the occupation of Soissons gave them direct railroad communication from Laon to the lines along the Aisne and Vesle and to Fer-en-Tardenois, and a broad, high road to Château-Thierry.

The drive toward Compiègne about ten days later was a pendent to the former operation, the object being to flatten out the salient by a turning movement round the forests of Compiègne and Villers Cotterets. Checked there by the June counterattack which Mangin commanded on the left of the battlefront, they launched a new blow.

This was made on the following day against the northeast corner of the Villers Cotterets Forest, but again the advance was strictly limited and the angle of the pocket remained acute.

Soon afterward Mangin took command of the army, holding the front from the Aisne to the Ourcq, and proceeded vigorously with preliminary operations, in view of counterstroke against the flank of the salient, which the French high command had already decided to make at the first favorable opportunity.

Preparing for the Blow.

The work of preparation consisted in gradually driving the enemy back from the line of Amblény, Coeuvres, and Montgobert and the eastern fringe of the forest of Villers-Cotterets in a series of successful local actions, and finally in getting a footing across the Savière Valley, which afforded an admirable "jumping-off place." Attacking from the vantage point of heights broken by ravines, where the concentration of troops can be hidden, is a very different thing from being forced to conquer the same positions before the assaulting force can be properly launched.

The month preceding July 15 was thus occupied, and care was taken to vary operations by local strokes further north, toward the Aisne, in order to lull the enemy's suspicions.

At the same time the general nature of the allied movements could not fail to be remarked, and, indeed, it is known from seized German papers that the enemy thought it likely that a stroke would be attempted either on the 4th or 14th of July. He strengthened his line considerably against such an eventuality, no less than eight divisions, with six in reserve, being assembled facing Mangin's army.

But the Germans never expected a blow of such magnitude, and their high command especially seems to have utterly underestimated the allied strength and aggressiveness.

Germans Overthrust.

What followed is already history. On July 15 the storm broke east and west of Rheims, and, thanks to Gouraud's magnificent defense, the principal strategic result of the first three days was just the deepening to a suicidal extent of the already dangerous and overnarrow pocket. Foch realized that the moment was ripe for the execution of the plan for which Mangin and Desgoutte had prepared under the direction of Fayolle and Pétain. The credit belongs not to any one man, but to the whole French organization, from the troops and local commanders who carried out the preliminary spadework and the corps commanders and army Generals who laid down the lines on which the plan was executed to the Headquarters Staff and the allied generalissimo, who was responsible for its inception.

By noon of July 15 Foch's decision had been taken and the hour of the counteroffensive had been appointed.

To resume, those three days were employed in putting finishing touches on the preparations by the assemblage of a mass of troops, guns, tanks, and material behind the screen of the Villers-Cotterets Forest.

The blow took the Germans completely by surprise, not so much by its coming when and where it did, but by its extent and, above all, its character. Never did they think the Allies would dare assault without artillery preparation, with infantry solely supported by tanks and a creeping barrage.

The first day the allied success was greatest in the northern sector, where the Franco-Americans, debouching from vantage points in the region of Coeuvres, swept forward eight full kilometers, gathering rich booty in guns and prisoners in the ravines around Pernant, Missy-aux-Bois and Longpont.

The right wing made slower progress against the strong positions of Hautwison and Troesnes Woods, but once those were passed by the first evening they, too, advanced rapidly, and by the end of the second day the whole line had gone forward to an average depth of ten kilometers. You may judge the dismay of the enemy from the fact that a captured Bavarian officer of the 11th Division, which fought bravely, said bitterly of two Colonels belonging to the 281st Saxons, whom the Allies took in their beds near Missy:

"They were lucky to be prisoners, for they would certainly have been shot by a court-martial. The showing of the whole Saxon division was disgraceful."

Meanwhile Mangin had safeguarded his left flank by a limited push northward, and at the same time Desgoutte had kept pace with the advance on the right. That ended the first phase of the battle.

Its effects were immediate. The enemy, realizing the danger, at once began evacuating the pocket from the bottom, and the movement of withdrawal was accentuated rapidly in the left-hand corner as the allied menace developed against the Château-Thierry highway and the Fère railroad.

From the night of the 19th the Germans began the retreat of which the Soissons positions opposite the allied left and centre were the pivot. That facilitated the task of Desgoutte, but rendered Mangin's harder, as the enemy poured in reserves to strengthen the vital pivot point. These reserves came from three directions; from the northwest and east—by rail and camion in hot haste, without their artillery, whose work was done by the guns already in position north of the Aisne—and from the south, with a full complement of guns, as the shock divisions were diverted by the Crown Prince from the original purpose of the Marne offensive.

Rupprecht's Reserves Sent in Vain.

Between the 18th and 31st of July twenty-eight enemy divisions, including two from Crown Prince Rupprecht, were identified on the front of this army; but the Allies pushed on despite them. On the morning of the 28th Mangin was in position to deliver the first attack on the dominant ridge of which I spoke at the beginning. The resistance and counterattacks were desperate, but the dogged fury of the French and British wore them down.

At dawn on Aug. 1 the Allies struck again, and this time got right up on the crest of the ridge that was the vital "Cemetery Hill" of the battle. Between 9 and 11 the enemy countered with the utmost determination, but Mangin held his ground. Then came a lull, and at 4 a resumption of the struggle, as the last German reserves, the fresh 18th Shock Division from Rupprecht's front, near Arras, was thrown in.

But already the enemy felt his grip slipping. Hardly were the advance guards of the 18th signaled debouching for a mass attack from Laundy Wood when they were seen to move hurriedly back again, and when at length the counterattack came it was broken up into small assaults which made no impression. The enemy's reaction ended, and again the Allies got a firm hold on the southeast corner of the Soissons Plateau.

Then the Germans threw up the sponge. All next day they retreated at full speed, and at midnight the French were in Soissons. By the evening of the 3d they reached the Vesle, and the battle was won.

MASSACRE IN JAROSLAV.

300 of 1,500 Prisoners Taken by Bolsheviki Put to Death.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The most sanguinary fighting in the civil turmoil in Russia was for the possession of the town of Jaroslaw, on the Volga, and it terminated in favor of the Bolsheviki, according to quotations from Moscow newspapers reproduced in the Rheinish Westphalian Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here from Germany.

The fighting continued for fifteen days and the town changed hands several times. The Social Revolutionists held the mastery for a short time, but then were slaughtered. Hundreds of Bolshevist Red Guards, supported by strong artillery, finally captured the town and shot 300 of the 1,500 Social Revolutionists whom they arrested. General Karpoff Worowski was among those executed.

NEED OF ARMY DENTISTS.

General Gorgas Says Defective Teeth Cause Disease Among Soldiers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—Speaking at the annual convention of the National Dental Association today, Surgeon General William C. Gorgas of the Army Medical Corps said bad teeth were one of the most prolific causes of diseases in the army.

"The work of the army dentist is of double value," he said. "In the first place, they help to keep the general health of the army up to a high standard, and, in addition, the dentists are doing wonderful work in reconstructing the faces of soldiers who have received head wounds from shrapnel."

EMPIRE FOR FINISH FIGHT.

All Britain's Dominions Determined to Crush Germany.

LONDON, Aug. 6, (via Ottawa.)—The fourth anniversary of the outbreak of the war was made the occasion for the adoption of resolutions in which the determination to carry on the war to a successful conclusion was expressed at meetings held in all parts of the British Empire, notably at Sydney, N. S. W.; Melbourne, Wellington, and Pretoria.

In a speech at Pretoria General Louis Botha, Premier of the Union of South Africa, said:

"We must continue our efforts with that unfailing energy and courage so necessary for complete victory—the only conclusion which may bring about a world peace."

DUTCH SELL STORED GOODS.

American-Owned Shipments from Germany to be Turned Into Cash.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 6.—It is semi-officially announced here that a large quantity of American-owned merchandise, originating in countries now at war with the United States and which has been in storage many months at Dutch seaports, will not be shipped to the owners in America, as originally contemplated.

Instead, the merchandise is to be sold in Holland by permission of the American War Trade Board, through the Netherlands Overseas Trust.

GERMANS GAIN NORTH OF SOMME

Take Advanced British Trench Positions on the Bray-Corbie Road.

CLAIM SUCCESS ON VESLE

Berlin Bulletin Reports Several Hundred Prisoners Taken and Attacks Repulsed.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Germans, by a strong local attack against British positions along the Braye-Corbie road, north of the Somme, succeeded in taking advanced trench lines on a small portion of the front. Local fighting continues in this area, and the British have taken a few prisoners, according to the War Office statement tonight. The statement reads:

At dawn this morning the enemy launched a strong local attack against our new positions south of Morlancourt, astride the Braye-Corbie road. The assault, delivered by a division from the reserve, succeeded in carrying our advanced trench lines on a portion of the ground captured by us on the night of July 28-29. Local fighting is still taking place in this area and a few prisoners have been taken by our troops.

Southeast of Robecq our posts in the Pacaut Wood sector have been further advanced on a front of about 200 yards. A few prisoners also were captured by us in this area.

The day report of the War Office told how the hostile artillery has been active with gas shells north of Villers-Bretonneux and also about Bucquoy and north of Bethune. It read:

An attempt made by the enemy yesterday to capture one of our posts northeast of Merris was repulsed by our counterattack.

We captured a few prisoners and machine guns last night in the Nieppe Forest sector, (Flanders front.)

The hostile artillery has been active with gas shells north of Villers-Bretonneux and has shown activity also about Bucquoy and north of Bethune.

Berlin's Report of Success.

BERLIN, Aug. 6, (via London.)—Württemberg troops north of the Somme River have stormed British positions along the Braye-Corbie road and taken in the neighborhood of 100 prisoners, says the German official communication issued today.

The communication also says that reconnoitering activity in the Ancre and Avre regions and south of Montdidier has been lively.

The repulse of strong allied forces which crossed the Vesle yesterday near Braisnes and Jonchery is also reported, with the capture of several hundred prisoners.

The text of the communication follows:

There has been lively reconnoitering activity, especially in the Ancre and Avre sections and south of Montdidier.

Early today north of the Somme Württembergers stormed the foremost English line along the Braye-Corbie road and brought back about 100 prisoners.

After partial thrusts without success, the enemy yesterday advanced with strong forces to the attack against the Vesle section, on both sides of Braisnes, and north of Jonchery. We drove them back in a counterthrust out of small sections of woods on the north bank of the river, in which they had temporarily located themselves. Several hundred prisoners remained in our hands. The rest of the enemy's attack had already collapsed under our artillery and machine gun fire before reaching the Vesle.

BRITAIN RAISING 500,000 FIGHTING MEN IN INDIA

Provinces from Which Few Recruits Had Come Before Are Now Supplying Their Quotas.

LONDON, Aug. 6, (via Montreal.)—Half a million combatants are being raised in India this year, it was announced in the House of Common today by Edwin Samuel Montagu, the Secretary for India. Numerous noncombatants likewise were being employed.

The June figures, he added, reached the record of 50,000, and provinces from which previously few recruits or none at all had come were now supplying their quotas.

The Secretary emphasized the fact that Indian troops were playing the chief part in the campaigns in Mesopotamia, Palestine, and East Africa.

HONORS BOLIVIAN MINISTER.

Ex-President, on His Way to France, Luncheon Guest Here.

General Ismael Montos, former President of Bolivia, was a guest at luncheon at the Bankers' Club yesterday tendered by T. M. Chandler, President of Chandler & Co., in celebration of the Independence Day of Bolivia. General Montos is on his way to fill the post of Bolivian Minister to France, accompanied by his four sons.

In his address to the guests, General Montos discussed means for fostering commercial intercourse between his country and the United States. Other speakers were Congressman George S. Graham of Philadelphia and John Barrett, Director General of the Pan American Union. Among the guests were Alexander J. Hemphill, Adolfo Ballivian, who has just been advanced from Consul General for Bolivia at New York to Minister to England; Charles Hayden, Percival Farquhar, John L. Merrill, Lewis Nixon, Jorge E. Zalles, President of the Banco de la Nacion Boliviana; Jules S. Bache, and Captain Harden L. Crawford.

PRAISED FOR VOSGES RAID.

Ten American Officers and Men Win Official Commendation.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 6, (Associated Press.)—The following officers and men have been commended in orders for gallant conduct during the raid July 20 in the Vosges:

Captain Roy N. Perkins, First Lieutenants Will Rolf, Paul W. Masters, Louis E. Scott, and Walter S. Kirkpatrick; Second Lieutenant Arthur L. Theles, Sergeant Judson Walker, Corporal Carl W. Turner, and Privates Earl D. Sullivan and Earl P. Bjuser.

Americans in Woevre Repel Raids.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 6, (Associated Press.)—Two enemy raids in the Woevre were beaten off yesterday evening by the Americans.

FRENCH REFUGEES HID FIVE WEEKS IN CAVE

Ninety Who Were Rescued by Americans Were Nearly Starved Before Help Came.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE AISNE-MARNE FRONT, Aug. 6.—(Associated Press.)—Ninety French peasants, who had been living in a large cave near Villesavoye, southwest of Fismes, were rescued by the Americans after having passed through two battles and remaining prisoners of the Germans for five weeks. When discovered by the Americans they were nearly starved, their scant supplies of food having been almost exhausted before the last battle of the Vesle began.

The cave was formerly a quarry, and when the Germans arrived in the neighborhood in the latter part of May the peasants near Villesavoye assembled in the cave rather than leave the vicinity of their homes. The entrance to the cave was at the foot of a hill, great layers of rock and earth acting as a covering. Many shells had struck close to the roof, several exploding directly over the place where the peasants had taken refuge, but the thick rock and earth roof was not damaged.

The refugees took all the supplies possible from their farms, but finally were compelled to appeal to the Germans for additional food. They received an allowance so scanty that they were compelled to forage for sustenance; but this procedure was difficult, owing to the fact that the invaders allowed them to seek food only within a prescribed area.

The refugees mainly were elderly men and women, with a few children. When the Americans arrived, many of the peasants knelt to offer thanks for their deliverance.

OPPOSES EXCHANGING AMERICAN PRISONERS

Hamburg Paper Thinks They Should Be Held Until All Others Are Released.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—Discussing the proposed exchange of American and German war prisoners, the Nachrichten of Hamburg takes it upon itself to advise the German Government to reject all such overtures on the following grounds:

First, the Americans would by this agreement enjoy exceptional treatment which, besides being unfair to the other prisoners, would enormously facilitate recruiting in America; second, assuming that the Americans have taken fewer prisoners than the Germans, it would be natural for the Allies of America to make up the requisite number of prisoners, "which would indirectly enhance America's reputed achievements." "This, the article says, "should be prevented."

The newspaper further demands that, "as a retaliation for America's disgraceful entry into the war," the idea of an exchange should be entertained only after all other prisoners are released. A further condition to this exchange, it says, should be that the American Government release the officials of the Hamburg-American Steamship Company and that "the slanderous and insulting persecution to which Germans in America are subjected cease forthwith."

URGES ENTENTE UNITY ON COAL

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

sents itself. The root of the trouble is labor scarcity.

"The urgent necessity exists to fit it up without a moment's delay, and most strenuously. Our method of waging war as separate nations instead of under unified supervision involves a tremendous loss of efficiency. It is unthinkable that England will still be combing men out of the mines for military duty in France instead of drawing on America for soldiers and keeping the British miners at work where their effort counts at the maximum.

"There is no limit to the mischief which may result from allowing matters to drift along until it is too late to make and carry out a well-ordered and far-reaching plan.

"Winter is near and every day is precious. Everybody knows in a vague way how serious the outlook is, especially in France and Italy, but there is still wanting concentrated attention and definite measures to provide against the impending danger.

"Perhaps when America understands that the troops, now playing such a brave part in battale are facing the inclemencies of a European Winter without proper provision for their health and comfort, the Government will move for quick, effective action.

"With the example of the success of the military unified command before our eyes, it is difficult to understand why the same sound principle is not applied. If the Allies had some one man on the non-military side corresponding to Foch on the military, one could safely write down the German prospects to nil, but the Allies may whip the Germans in the field and still give them a chance for some sort of compromise through the allied scatteration and procrastination.

"Perhaps Lord Reading, who now understands American conditions, is bringing some plan to set the allied house in order in the respects referred to."

Is a Performing Dog Taxable?

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Questions such as these, chosen at random, reach us by the thousand. In every day's mail will be found the complexities, the tragedies, the comedies, the confidence and gratitude of many lives. Each question is answered by an expert competent to advise. Intimate, practical service for half a century has brought to The Delineator, in a unique sense, the trust and affection of a million families.

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CONVICTS MALVY AND BANISHES HIM

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

the "Defeatists" as they should have done. Moreover, the military police complained that they were often thwarted by the national branch of the service. Aside from the alleged present delinquencies, Clemenceau in his L'Homme Enchaîné and Léon Daudet in L'Action National, revealed the past relations between Caillaux and Malvy.

Asked Trial Before High Court.

The latter resigned from the Ribot Cabinet on Aug. 31, 1917, declaring that he would vindicate his honor. He had proceeded to do this in the press when M. Clemenceau became Premier on Nov. 16. Then things began to happen in the shape of the arrest and indictment of the "Defeatists," who were all tried and convicted by military courts, save Caillaux, who awaits trial. Amid this confusion Malvy petitioned for trial before the high court of justice.

Before this court his trial began on July 16, the charge being high treason and having communicated with the enemy. The prosecutor finally withdrew the charge of treason, while still maintaining the prisoner's guilt in communicating with the enemy and of encouraging or nurturing "Defeatism" to the extent of being responsible for certain cases of mutiny and desertion.

Malvy's defense was simple. He was aware of the "Defeatist" propaganda, but did not wish to interfere [illegible] so embarrass the Government wit. what he felt sure could amount to nothing. His seeming laxity had been merley a blind to encourage traitors to hang themselves. In his defense, former Premiers Viviani, Briand, and Ribot, and Ribot's successor, Painleve, testified.

It is most unusual, if, indeed, it has ever happened, for the high court of justice so composed to inflict the extreme penalty on a former Deputy or Senator, and Malvy was a Deputy from the Department of Lot.

LEVIES ON BELGIUM TOTAL $466,000,000

These and the Imposts on Towns and Persons Must Be Counted in Settlement, Says Cecil.

LONDON, Aug. 6, (via Ottawa.)—Speaking in the House of Commons today, Lord Robert Cecil, Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, stated that the Germans had levied war contributions to a total of 2,830,000,000 francs (about $466,000,000) upon Belgium, besides enormous fines upon localities, firms, and individuals.

"These "monstrous exactions," he said, must certainly be taken into account when peace terms were being arranged.

DESTROYER SETS A RECORD.

The Davis Has Steamed 74,000 Miles Hunting Submarines.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—It is announced that the United States torpedo boat destroyer Davis now holds the record in the United States Navy for submarine chasing.

Since arriving in European waters, in April a year ago, the Davis has steamed over 74,000 miles.

The American torpedo boat destroyer Sampson follows the Davis, with more than 72,000 miles.

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'BABY' EXPLODED AND SANK U-BOAT

"Woman" on Attacked Vessel Hurled the Supposed Infant Into Submarine's Hatch.

RUSES OF MYSTERY SHIPS

Germans Received Broadside from Haystack—U-Boat Blown Up with Her Own Bombs.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Interesting revelations regarding the work of British mystery ships which have played an important part in anti-submarine warfare are made by the naval correspondent of The Times. They show how British seamen have met German craft and cunning with craft and cunning.

Until this week the public has known nothing about the mystery ships, called in the navy "Q" ships, although several officers, notably Captain Gordon Campbell, have been decorated for their services on these vessels. Details now can be made public, as the Germans are becoming aware through bitter experience of the methods used against them.

How "a woman and a baby" accounted for a U-boat is told by the correspondent. The submarine ordered a vessel to surrender and fired a few shells into her. The boats then left the ship, leaving on board a woman, who ran up and down the deck with a baby in her arms as if mad.

The U-boat came alongside the vessel and the woman hurled the "baby" into the open hatch. The "baby" exploded and blew out the bottom of the submarine. The "woman" was decorated with the Victoria Cross.

The correspondent says that the first mention of a mystery ship was in the case of the Baralong, which on Aug. 19, 1915, sank a U-boat after the torpedoing of the British liner Arabic. It will be remembered, he says, that the German Government protested that there was nothing to indicate the Baralong's warlike character. The Baralong case was probably not the first in which a ruse was used, and since that time the disguising of armed vessels as innocent merchantmen for dealing with submarines has attained considerable dimensions.

"Howls and moans," adds the naval correspondent, "went up in Germany about the treachery of British seamen, but the German allegations curiously ceased at the beginning of 1916. These allegations afforded a typical example of German mentality, for they ignored the fact that in every case the U-boat was an actual or potential assailant, and any ruse of war is considered legitimate by them except when employed against Germany."

It should not be forgotten, he continues, that the Germans designed mystery ships for commerce destruction.

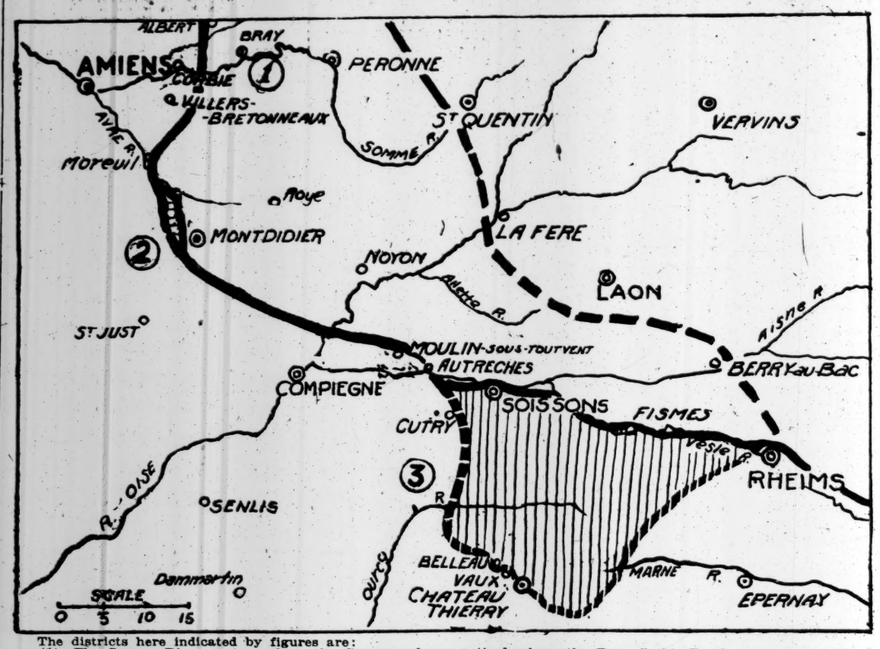
The British commanders showed much ingenuity in devising plans for trapping submarines. In addition to the "woman and baby" case, the correspondent mentions the story of a retired Admiral, serving as a Captain, who placed a haystack on board an ancient looking craft. When the U-boat ordered her to surrender the Germans were astonished to receive a broadside from the haystack.

On another occasion a sea-worn tramp steamer was crossing the North Sea when a submarine ordered the crew to abandon ship. So sure was the German of his prey that the bombs with which he intended to sink the vessel were brought on deck around the conning tower. The commander of the tramp steamer by careful manoeuvring brought the submarine within range of his concealed armament so that it required only a shell or two to explode the bombs and blow the U-boat out of the water.

Captain Gordon O. L. Campbell, then a commander, was decorated with the Victoria Cross and the D. S. O. in 1916, being the first to receive these orders without the nature of his heroic deed being made public. It was announced early in 1917 that the reason for his decorations would be made public after the war. He received special promotion over the heads of about 700 officers, and current rumor in London in July, 1917, ascribed his rapid rise to work against the submarine.

Captain Campbell gained the Military Cross for bravery in handling a tank when that weapon was first used by the British in the Summer of 1916.

Scenes of Yesterday's Activities on the West Front



The districts here indicated by figures are:
(1) The Somme River sector, where the Germans, by an attack along the Bray-Corbie Road, won some advanced British positions.
(2) The Acre River region, where the French yesterday pushed forward further in the area recently abandoned by the enemy and reached the river below Morisel, (just opposite Moreuil.)
(3) The Aisne-Marne salient, where Germans made efforts yesterday to drive back allied units, which had reached the north bank of the Vesle, but were driven off. The shaded portion shows the territory already won by the allied forces here.
The broken line indicates the battlefront before the Germans began their series of offenses in March.

SUBMARINE SINKS CANADIAN SCHOONER

The Gladys M. Hollett, of 150 Tons, Looted and Then Wrecked by Bombs.

SURVIVORS REACH SHORE

$5,000 Reward Offered for Finding U-Boat Bases Off the Nova Scotia Coast.

A CANADIAN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 6.—The British schooner, Gladys M. Hollett of 150 tons net register, has been added to the list of victims of the German submarine warfare off the Canadian coast. She was sunk by bombs shortly after 10 A. M. yesterday while on her way to New York with a cargo of herring from Twillingade, N. F. No lives were lost.

Captain Cluett, master of the schooner, who landed here today with his crew, said that the German commander sent men aboard his craft and stripped her of everything movable. "They ransacked us from stem to stern," he said, "and even took my clothing, watch, and nautical instruments. Myself and men were allowed to take with us nothing but the clothes we wore."

Captain Cluett and his men rowed until they reached a buoy at 11 P. M. and anchored to it until dawn. The schooner was built in 1917 and was owned by W. T. Hollett of Burien, N. F.

Two boatloads of survivors of the oil tanker Luz Blanca, torpedoed by a German submarine yesterday, were towed into port today. The Luz Blanca was captained by J. Thomas of Newport, Penn., and the crew was composed of Canadians.

Reports by officers of the sailing vessels attacked have indicated that the U-boat had been away from home waters many months. This was shown by the looting of the British schooner Dornfontein, from which the raider took aboard a six months' stock of provisions and clothing.

The U-boat kept after other victims from the moment she stopped the Dornfontein, a four-master, last Friday morning. Proceeding into the sea track followed by fishing schooners, she sank four with bombs. The last of these was the Nelson A., hailing from Yarmouth, N. S.

While finishing the job the submarine sighted a steamer in the distance and set out after her at full speed. Whether this vessel was the Luz Blanca is not known.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 6.—To stimulate interest in the search for possible German submarine supply bases on the Nova Scotia coast or the Bay of Fundy, The Halifax Herald and Evening Mail today offered a reward of $5,000 for information leading to their location. The Herald has also agreed to pay $500 to any one giving information that will lead to the first arrest of "any of the enemy agents" who, it is stated by the newspaper, infest Halifax.

The crew of a sailing vessel, which arrived today at a Nova Scotian port reported that on Friday the ship sailed through bread and biscuits floating in the water for several miles. The bread was in loaves of white and brown, and a large quantity of biscuit known as pilot bread was seen. Marine men expressed the opinion that the food might have been discarded by the crew of the German submarine which has taken a large quantity of supplies from vessels intercepted in Canadian waters.

PATRIOTIC SOCIETIES SEND CHEER TO BRITAIN

Cincinnati and Sons of Revolution Greet Our Ally on War Anniversary.

Greetings on the fourth anniversary of Great Britain's entrance into the war have been exchanged by Premier Lloyd George and representatives of the Society of the Cincinnati and the Societies of Sons of the Revolution and Sons of the American Revolution.

The message, which was sent to Lloyd George, was signed by about sixty prominent Americans, including Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, Elihu Root, Major August Belmont, Elbert H. Gary, Robert Olyphant, Bishop David H. Greer, and Theodore N. Vail.

The cablegram to Lloyd George was as follows:

Right Hon. David Lloyd George,
Prime Minister of Great Britain,
London, England.

Desiring through you to assure the Government and people of Great Britain, on this fourth anniversary of their entrance into the great war, of the sincere regard and affection entertained for your nation by members of the Society of the Cincinnati (formed by General Washington and the Marquis de Lafayette from the officers of the Continental Army) and by members of the patriotic ancestral Societies of the Sons of the Revolution and Sons of the American Revolution, whose membership is composed exclusively of those whose forefathers fought in the Revolutionary War under General Washington; we, here today on Aug. 4 in Fraunces Tavern, New York City, where General Washington as Commander in Chief held the farewell reception to his officers, preparatory to his retirement to private life, have signed our names to this paper to testify to the fact of our highest appreciation of the noble efforts and heroic self-sacrifice of your valiant soldiers and sailors, and to state that as July 4 is our "Independence Day" so Aug. 4 will ever be held sacred by us as "Dependence Day" in honor of the great mother-land which drew her sword without hesitation for the cause of Belgium and world freedom to show that treaties once made must be kept, and that perfect dependence could be placed upon her to keep her plighted troth.

Lloyd George's Reply.

The reply of the British Premier was as follows:

James Mortimer Monigomery, General
President Sons of the Revolution,
Fraunces Tavern, New York.

On behalf of the Government and people of the British Empire I desire to express our gratitude for the very generous message which the distinguished members of the Society of the Cincinnati, Sons of the Revolution, and Sons of the American Revolution, have so kindly forwarded on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of the entry of the British Empire into the war on behalf of civilization and justice.

It is a cause for deep satisfaction that the great democracies of the world are standing side by side and opposing a united front to the assaults of a modern barbarism which aims at destroying all that we hold best and all that has been counted sacred in our common traditions of freedom and liberty. The principles which our two democracies hold even dearer than life itself have been consecrated afresh by the splendid heroism and sacrifice of the brave American soldiers at the front within these recent days. LLOYD GEORGE.

Copies of the two cablegrams were made public by officials of the societies yesterday.

The War Situation

By THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Brief reference was made several days ago in this column to the German withdrawals in several different fields other than that which is marked by active military operations. One of these was the retirement across the Avre. In this sector the Germans held two small but dangerous salients. The first was between Hangard and Morisel, the apex of this salient being at Coasel. The second was exactly similar, the apex being near Mesnil-St. Georges, while the limit of the flanks was at Cantigny on the north and Assainvillers on the south.

These saleints were especially dangerous by virtue of the fact that between them the German line ran on the west bank of the Avre River. For example, if the French began offensives from both Hangard and Assainvillers at the same moment, and they were even moderately successful, the Germans would never be able to get across the Avre in safety. Even should their men make good the retreat, all of the equipment on the west bank was certain to go. The retirement of the German lines to the eastern bank of the Avre throughout was then but a measure of precaution to prevent subsequent trouble.

Another retirement noted was across the Ancre from Albert north. There was no such situation here as there was in the south along the Avre. The reason for this retirement therefore must have been entirely different from that stated. At the same time, as the two movements were simultaneous, and as the nature of them both was exactly the same, inasmuch as they were both made to place the Germans behind a defensive barrier, it is fair to presume that they were both made for the same purpose, provided we can establish a common reason. This reason cannot be other than that the Germans were trying to better their defensive positions for some special purpose. This purpose may have been one of several.

Let us suppose that Germany contemplated another offensive at some part of the line in the near future. Her first consideration is that she cannot longer depend upon the Allies remaining quiet so that she may carry things through as she pleases, subject only to their defense. Foch really has a strong army of manoeuvre, which he has shown he is not afraid to use, and, moreover, he knows how and when to use it.

This being the case, Germany must arrange matters as far as possible so that she will be immune from attack in other quarters while she is pressing her movement home. This would apply both to the retirement along the Avre and that along the Ancre. It would, however, negative the idea that there was in the German mind any possibility of ever striking along the valleys of these two streams. In other words, Amiens is immune from future attack, since to launch such an attack Germany would have to recross in the face of the Allied defence the very streams which she is now giving up. This seems ridiculous.

The chances are then that we may consider that the battle line from north of Albert to Montdidier is free from future attacks by Germany and that as far as she is concerned it is absolutely stable.

This means that there is no section of the front from north of Albert to Verdun that is apt to be attacked. Between Montdidier and Soissons the Germans tried to break through and suffered a heavy defeat. Between Soissons and Rheims we have seen during the last few days a still more decided defeat. Not only did the offensive break down, but the counteroffensive of the Allies forced the great retreat from the Marne to the Vesle, and probably to the Aisne before complete stabilization takes place.

Between Rheims and the Argonne Forest, one of the most dangerous sectors of the entire allied line, the Germans suffered equally as heavy a check. This section of the fighting area is, therefore, apt to be let alone.

This leaves only the area in Flanders, between La Bassée and the sea. This sector is the most tempting bait. It has been one of the German dreams since the beginning of the war to reach Calais. She has been beaten back now three times and is but little nearer than she was at the high-water mark of 1915. There has been, it is true, a small retirement here also, just to the north of the canal, but it has been so small as to be without any significance.

If Germany strikes at all then, during what is left of this fighting year, it is highly probable that the blow will fall on the Flanders sector. Success here would not accomplish anything vital, but it would give Germany something more than a defeat on which to hang a peace offensive.

BELGIUM CONFERS TITLE ON HOOVER

Food Chief Is Made "Honorary Citizen and Friend of the Belgian Nation."

HAVRE, Aug. 6.—The Belgian Government has conferred the title of "Honorary Citizen and Friend of the Belgian Nation" on Herbert C. Hoover, the American Food Administrator.

The preamble of the decree conferring the honor on Mr. Hoover renders homage to his forceful personality, when he stood at the head of the colossal undertaking for feeding Belgium. It adds that the Government would have liked to give him testimony of its admiration and gratitude in the usual form, but owing to the fact that Mr. Hoover is now an American Government official the Belgian Government refrained from doing so out of respect for American traditions.

"That is why the Government," says the announcement, "proposes to the King to reserve for him a place of honor in the Belgian family, over which he has been the agent of Providence, and to affirm in a public official document the unalterable friendship of Belgium to her great benefactor. That purpose is accomplished by conferring upon him the title of honorary citizen and friend of the Belgian nation, which has been borne by nobody since Belgium has existed as a State."

The preamble is signed by all the Ministers.

PARIS, Aug. 6, (Havas Agency.)—Herbert C. Hoover, American Food Administrator, has paid a visit to the battlefront, where he rendered homage to the American soldiers who have fallen on the field of honor. Among the places he visited was Belleau Wood.

He went over the ground where the American Army made such a heroic stand against the Germans.

ZEPPELIN RAIDERS BAFFLED BY BRITISH

One Brought Down 40 Miles at Sea, Another Damaged, and a Third Driven Off.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The attempted raid by German Zeppelins on the East Anglian coast last night proved to be a complete fiasco, according to reports thus far received.

British fliers, who are ever on the alert along the coast, were ready for the visitors and met them well out at sea, bringing down one in flames, damaging a second and driving a third away. What happened to the other two airships in the squadron is not disclosed in the official statement. The fact, however, that the report said "Zeppelins crossed the coast" is ground for the presumption that these did reach land.

There is no evidence as yet that they dropped any bombs and it is probable that their crews were kept busy protecting their ships against pursuing British airmen.

The text of the official statement relative to the air raid follows:

"Five enemy airships attempted to cross the coast last night, but while still at sea were attacked by Royal Air Force contingents, co-operating with naval units.

"Three were engaged in action and one was shot down in flames forty miles from the coast. Another was damaged, but probably succeeded in reaching its base."

The novel feature of the raid was the early arrival of the airships. Two of them were actually seen approaching the coast by holiday makers from the promenade of a widely known seaside resort. It is considered possible that the Germans miscalculated the visibility, and by arriving before dark invited an easy defeat.

Airplanes immediately went in pursuit, and the Zeppelins, throwing out smoke clouds, turned northward and endeavored to escape. They were overtaken some forty miles from the shore and just before midnight one was brought down in flames and another damaged.

CANADIAN AIR CORPS PLANNED, SAYS NICKLE

Invalided Aviator Says Bishop, Champion Allied Airman, Will Command It.

AN ATLANTIC PORT, Aug. 6.—Captain Douglas Nickle of the Royal Flying Forces, who arrived today on his way home to Kingston, Ontario, said that the British War Office had decided to form a Canadian Flying Corps, which was now in process of organization.

The credit for this is due, according to the Captain, to Lieut. Gen. Sir R. E. W. Turner, V. C., chief of the Canadian Gunnery Staff, whose efforts to get the Canadian aviators working together as a unit have been untiring. Colonel William A. Bishop, V. C., the young Canadian flier whose destruction of seventy-two German machines makes him the champion allied aviator, will be the commander of the new corps, and Major Bell-Irving, who arrived with Captain Nickle on his way to his home in Vancouver, B. C., will be the second. He has thirty enemy machines to his credit, and has received the Military Cross with two bars and the French War Cross with gold palms for his work on the western front.

Captain Nickle, who had dropped three enemy planes himself officially, was slightly wounded three weeks ago at Vimy Ridge through his machine catching fire when he was flying low and shooting the enemy in the trenches with his machine gun.

During the first part of the Somme offensive, which began March 21, he said, the British aviators in that section fired 1,000,000 rounds a day from their machine guns. At the present time the Allies are superior to the Germans in the air in every way. They drop twenty bombs for every one dropped by the enemy by day and seven for every one at night.

The speed of the British machine now, Captain Nickle continued, was about 130 miles on an average, and that was fast enough. The object of the British flying forces now is to develop machines which can climb and manoeuvre speedily, and they have realized it. When he left the Western front, he said, everything was going well, and in the opinion of the military chiefs the Germans did not stand an earthly chnace of winning the war. The only question now, the Captain said, was how much more pounding the enemy would stand before he threw up the sponge.

A British officer who came from Saloniki, where he had been for two years, said that when he left a month ago there were three divisions of British, seven French divisions, and three divisions of Greek troops in that region, and that these would soon be reinforced by another seven divisions from Greece. He said that little fighting had been done there, and that the soldiers had been employed chiefly in digging trenches and making roads.

MRS. VIOLET LONG KILLED.

Controller of British Woman's Corps Lost on the Warilda.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—One of the women lost in the torpedoing of the ambulance transport Warilda was Mrs. Violet Long, chief controller of the British Woman's Army Auxiliary Corps, better known as the "Tommywaacs." With her sister, Mrs. Long started the work of the corps early in the war. On her last trip to France Mrs. Long took over a detachment to be assigned to the American Army.

Mrs. Long, witnesses says, became entangled in the ropes as she was being placed in a boat and was caught between the boat and the side of the ship. She was injured seriously and begged to be released, but there was no way to help her. Finally the small boat went adrift and Mrs. Long disappeared into the sea.

GERMAN GAS FAILED AGAINST AMERICANS

Masks Protected Them, and the Wind Carried It Back Across the Vesle.

MISTS BALKED THE ENEMY

Hindered His Big Guns from Getting Our Range—We Took 17 Cannon at Fismes.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE VESLE, Aug. 6.—(Associated Press.)—The Germans along the line opposite the Americans to the west of Fismes used their guns freely yesterday afternoon in an apparent attempt to discourage the Americans and their French allies from further aggressive efforts.

The Germans were handicapped in this effort by the weather conditions. It was misty, and at times rainy, and, although the German balloons were up, they must have been unable to report accurately on the allied activity. About mid-afternoon the Germans began trying other methods of getting the range for their heavy guns, which they evidently hoped to use at night in interfering with the allied troop movements. Many shells which threw out black smoke on exploding were thrown in the direction of the crossroads and other objectives, the enemy trying thus the better to gauge the range from the smoke clouds which arose.

The mist likewise worked to hamper accuracy in observations on these shells, which were of the time variety, and after numbers of them had been wasted the attempt was abandoned.

Late in the afternoon the Germans began using mustard gas, sneeze gas and some chocolate gas, which last is so named from the odor given out by the gaseous substance. These gas attacks were ineffective, the American gas drills having taught the troops all the German tricks.

Nevertheless the Germans were persistent in this gassing effort. They combed the hills bordering the Vesle with their shells, endeavoring to reach the roads leading to Fismes and other points where they thought the Allies might be assembling for a crossing of the river. At some places along the highways the Germans would start planting gas shells and lay them down in a zigzag line for a mile or so and back again, often dropping the shells every twenty or thirty feet, and then repeating the process along the roadway or other objective at which they were aiming.

South of Bazoches, one of the points where the Germans tried this trick, they fired a lighter gas first, following it up with sneeze gas, and then suddenly switching to a more powerful poison gas, hoping to catch the Allies napping. The men, however, have learned to discern the various varieties of shells and their effects and have regular systems of sending word along the lines for one another's protection. Today, likewise, there happened to be a south wind which carried the gas back across the Vesle, and after putting on their masks for each attack the Americans would laugh as the gas was blown back, and then go about their business.

Meanwhile the American and French heavy guns to the south were sending in repeated salvoes, and the Germans were supplementing their gas shelling with their mine-throwers and machine guns north of the Vesle. These smaller weapons were kept working full time in the hope of keeping clear the south banks of the river. Darkness came, and with it more rain. The Germans kept pounding away after dark. But for every shell the enemy sent in the Americans sent across a half dozen or more and never said good night.

Seventeen Guns Captured at Fismes.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE VESLE, Aug. 5.—(Associated Press.)—In the capture of Fismes American troops took seventeen guns. With their crews these weapons had been left south of the Vesle to enfilade an advance into Fismes. Some of the German artillerymen also were captured.

The American soldiers who took the villages were members of the same organization that occupied Coulonges, Cohan and Davigny in the course of the advance north from the Marne.

At Cohan all the civilians left behind in the French retirement last Spring were found in the village church. They had been kept under guard there by the Germans who occupied the village. All personal belongings of any value were taken from the civilians by the enemy. Most of the civilians were old men, women and children.

The Germans facing the Americans along the Vesle increased the intensity of their artillery fire late today, bringing into action 150-millimetre guns against the forces west of Fismes. During the afternoon the Germans employed flame projectors from the slopes north of the Vesle, where they appeared to be well organized. Machine guns also were used repeatedly.

The American lines also were subjected to a heavy fire from German 105s, and late in the afternoon the enemy raked the hilltops with various kinds of gas shells. The big gun duel soon became so violent that observation was difficult, and maps had to be used, the Americans picking out German positions observed in the course of the day. The Germans shelled forests, crossroads, highways, clumps of trees and all other places where they thought troops or supplies might be congregated.

FEAR FOR GERMANS IN INDIAN AMERICA

Wife of U-boat Prisoner Afraid He Will Be Eaten, Scalped, or Hanged 'with Lasso Ropes.'

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Letters from relatives and friends in Germany of U-boat crews interned in the United States are beginning to arrive in London. They throw little light on internal conditions in Germany, but some are very amusing as showing the appalling ignorance of the mass of Germans regarding the United States. One letter from the wife of a prisoner, apparently written in all seriousness, says:

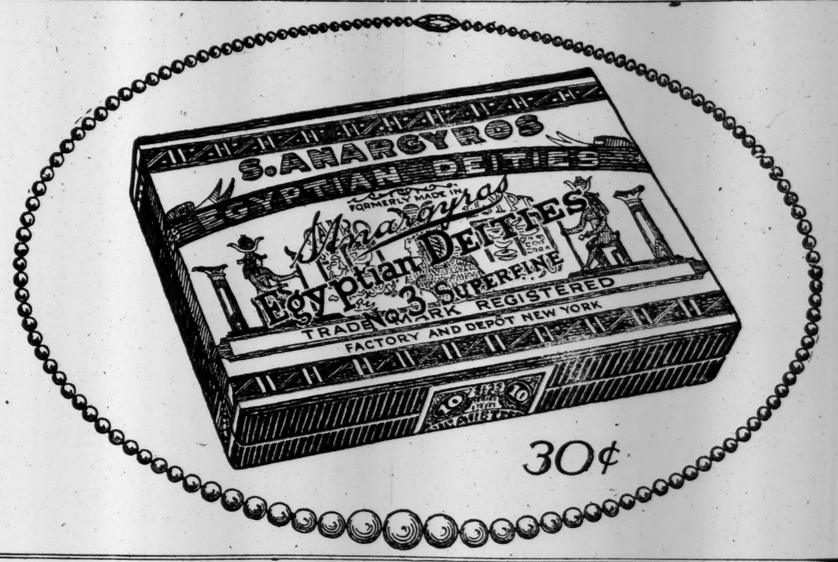
"We hope you will soon return. You are certainly to be sympathized with. We are always praying with our deepest feeling that you may not be eaten up by Indians or hanged by cowboys with lasso ropes. If they should wish to scalp you, you should first make appeal to the King of America. Is he also an Indian?"

BALFOUR SENDS THANKS.

Victory Certain, He Cables to Lansing in Reply to Greetings.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Secretary Lansing received the following cable dispatch today from Foreign Minister Balfour in response to Mr. Lansing's message upon the fourth anniversary of Great Britain's entry into the war:

"Allow me to express to you my cordial thanks for your inspiring message. The knowledge that the naval and military forces of the freedom-loving Republic of North America are fighting gloriously side by side with the Allies in the common cause enable us to count with full assurance upon ultimate victory and upon all that victory means for the future of mankind."



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JEWELRY

The elaborate gold and silver caskets in which the City of New York presented its citizenship parchments to Washington and Lafayette are now obsolete curiosities. Change of product in immensely increased variety and volume has had a direct effect upon financing. More and more capital has been required to carry on the business. From the days when Maiden Lane was a footpath, down to the present day, the conspicuous leaders in the jewelry trade have been those whose knowledge of finance has fitted them to meet the problems of ambitious business.

The Sunday Magazine and Book Review of The New York Times may be maintained as a separate volume by having a binder of full cloth, strong and handsome, at $1.25. Times Square, New York.

965 NAMES ARE LISTED IN PERSHING'S SECOND DAY'S REPORT ON MARNE CASUALTIES

124 Killed, 645 Wounded in Army List; 10 Marines Killed and 138 Wounded

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The War Department today gave out 965 additional casualties suffered by the American Expeditionary Forces in France. There were seven lists of army casualties, containing 817 casualties for the army, and two lists containing 148 for the Marine Corps. The total for the army from the beginning is brought to 14,687 and the total for the Marines to 2,186, or a grand total of 16,873.

Although the army lists today contained 817 names, as compared with 706 given out yesterday for the army, the number of killed and died of wounds was not so large as in yesterday's list.

The seven army lists today contained 104 killed in action, 20 died of wounds, 3 died of accident or other causes, 4 died of disease, 645 wounded, and 41 missing. The Marine lists included the names of 8 killed in action, 2 died of wounds, 119 wounded to a degree undetermined, 18 severely wounded, and 1 wounded slightly.

Forty-four commissioned army officers and 9 commissioned Marine officers were named. A Major, 8 Captains, and 35 Lieutenants were the army officers named. The army officers are Major George J. Rau, killed; Captains Alvin Colburn, Roland G. Findlay, Daniel W. Findlay, Daniel W. Finlayson, Albert Nathness, John Lawrence Dunn, and Paul R. Hudsop, all wounded severely; Captain Edward H. Phillips, died of wounds, and Captain William C. Truxal, missing; Lieutenant Frank W. Slaton, killed in action; died of wounds, Lieutenant Wolcott W. Treadway; severely wounded, Lieutenants Harold F. Bidwell, Earl H. Brookman, Herbert L. Weyman, Weir W. Wicoff, Neuman H. Bellis, Wesley G. Brocker, Randolph R. Brown, Albert Clements, James L. Hartney, William H. Howard, George H. Morgan, George C. Pilkington, Robert L. Rayburn, A. B. Thall, Edgar C. Westervell, Dudley W. Woodard, Lawrence G. Andrews, Charles W. H. Douglas, Ladislaw T. Janda, Arnold M. Inerney, Allen B. MacMurphy, John Cashman Oldfield, Tracey R. Stains, Allen A. Tuckey, Henry A. Welsch, W. W. Austin, Randall E. Graves, Levi L. Lamb, Arthur W. Pope, Malcolm Rice, and Joseph W. Starkey; Lieutenant Samuel S. Crouse, missing, and Lieutenant Quentin Roosevelt, previously reported missing, is now reported dead.

The commissioned Marine officers named are Captain Robert W. Voeth, First Lieutenants Charles Z. Lesher, Clive E. Murray, and Edward B. Hope, and Second Lieutenants Charles Etheridge, Walter S. Fant, Jr., David A. Redfield, Albert G. Skelton, and Arnold B. Godbey, all wounded, with degree undetermined.

SUMMARY OF ARMY CASUALTIES TO DATE.

	Previously Reported.	Reported Aug. 6.	Total
Deaths.			
Killed in action	2,541	104	2,645
Lost at sea	291	0	291
Died of wounds	987	20	1,007
Died of accident or other causes	623	3	626
Died of disease	1,523	4	1,527
Total	5,965	131	6,096
Wounded	7,192	645	7,837
Missing, including prisoners	713	41	754
Grand total	13,870	817	14,687

MARINE CORPS CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Including those given out today, the Marine Corps casualties in France are distributed as follows:

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	724	
Wounded	40	1,316
In hands of enemy	0	5
Missing	1	72
Total	69	2,117
Grand total		2,186

ARMY CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED AUG. 6.

Army casualties announced today, including names of next of kin and emergency addresses, are:

KILLED IN ACTION—104.

Major.

RAU, C. J.; Mrs. George J. Rau, Burnside, Conn.

Lieutenant.

SLATON, FRANK W.; Mrs. Zula F. Slaton, 3,707 Maplewood Av., Dallas, Texas.

Sergeants.

ALLEN, THOMAS MONROE; Martin Allen Jones, Jr., Jones, Bessemer City, N. C.
HEATH, G. L.; Mrs. W. W. Heath, North Whitefield, Me.
JONES, ERWIN; Isaiah M. Jones, 40 North Wells St., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.
KELLY, THOMAS W. Jr.; Thomas W. Kelly, 2,428 South Broad St., Philadelphia, Penn.
STEPHENS, CLAUD A.; Mrs. Susan Stephen, 1,325 South Main St., Anderson, S. C.
YOUNG, RAYMOND L.; Mrs. Emma Young, R. F. D. 2, Lyons, N. Y.

Corporals.

BELL, EDWARD; Arthur Bell, 41 Willard Av., Providence, R. I.
BOARDON, JOHN F., Roring, Ga., (no emergency address.)
CHISHOLM, DANIEL A.; Roderick Chisholm, 1,124 Nelson Av., New York City.
FRANCE, CHARLES C.; Mrs. Jane France, 226 James St., Akron, Ohio.
HOFFMAN, ROY L.; Lorine N. Hoffman, Middletown, Md.
KNIGHT, ELIJAH GORDON; Mrs. Martin Slight, Hillsdale, Ind.
MORELAND, CLAUDE D.; Sublett Moreland, Box 521, Marshall, Mo.
MITCHELL, CLARENCE E.; Mrs. Lottie Brown, 3,606 Penn Av., Lansing, Mich.

Privates.

ABERMAN, HARRY; Joseph Aberman, 1,401 East Pratt St., Baltimore, Md.
ALBINO, TONY; Mrs. Grace Albino, 208 Ellery St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ALTOBELLI, FRANK; Sandy Depka, Berlin, N. H.
ALLEN, G. LEO; Cornelius Allen, 300 Delaware St., Corry, Penn.
AUGUST, ROYAL ERNEST; Mrs. Cora August, Dorchester, Neb.
BARR, H. CARL; Mrs. S. S. Port, Akron, Iowa.
BELO, HARRY; Mrs. Dan Bell, Kohoks, Mo.
BOKOLSKY, TROFIM; Mrs. Diro Bokolsky, Wolonsky, Hubarn, Russia.
BOWMAN, EDWARD; Simon Bowman, 1,115 Cherry St., Wheeling, W. Va.
BRIOT, F. STANLEY; Matt Burk, Tonasket, Wash.
BONNIWILL, D. GUSTAVE; William H. Bonniwill, Painter, Accomo County, Va.
BRODE, EMANUEL; Mrs. Betty Brode, 165 Audubon Av., New York City.
BROWN, JACK; Mrs. W. Brown, R. F. D. 6, Paragould, Ark.
BUTCHER, LOWELL; Mrs. Lula Swank, New Corydon, Ind.
CANANY, THEODORUS; Mary E. Canary, 4,002 North 9th St., St. Louis, Mo.
CHILDRESS, WILLIE; Henry Childress, 5,027 North Main St., Danville, Va.
CLARK, ALBERT; Edward F. Thornton, Sibley Post Office, Gloucester, Va.
CLOSE, CLAYTON ARTHUR; Mrs. Annie Close, R. F. D. 7, Chippewa Falls, Wis.
CORCODILAS, JOHN; Costas Corcodilas, 82 Cherry St., New York City.
CONLEY, X. FRANCIS; Mrs. Elizabeth Conley, 900 South 19th St., Philadelphia.
COTTRELL, JESSE; Thomas L. Cottrell, Sonol Glen, Cal.
COTTON, W. WILLIE; J. G. Cotton, R. F. D. 1, Ozark, Ala.
CRABTREE, K. MALCOLM; Mrs. L. P. Crabtree, Toppenish, Wash.
CARTWRIGHT, ROGER N.; C. W. Cartwright, Dyseith, North Wales, Great Britain.
CURRY, FRED L.; Mrs. E. C. Curry, Goldonna, La.
DAS, HENRY; Peter Das, Schlochteren, Province Groningen, Holland.
DEFAZIO, FRANK; Gaspare Defazio, Gimigliono, Prov. di Catanzaro, Italy.
DOLAN, WILLIAM F.; W. F. Dolan, 2,143 N. 12th St., Philadelphia.
DRAKE, ARTHUR T.; Mrs. Nellie Drake, 715 N. Lehigh Av., Sayre, Penn.
DRAKE, WILLIAM S.; J. D. Drake, 37 Eldert St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
DURON, MICHAEL; Mrs. Mary Duron, 1,335 6th Av., Venice, Cal.
ESSLINGER, L. ANDY; Mrs. Etta Spaudaw, 528 Grant St., Danville, Ill.
EMIG, JOHN; Mrs. Emig, Hamburg, Penn.
FARRADY, HUGH; John Farrady, 152 Bowery St., Frostburg, Md.
FREEMAN, P. DANIEL; Nathan H. Freeman, Gas City, Ind.
FEDERKIEWICZ, MICHAEL; Felix Federkiewicz, Powiset Isncat Imina Sarzyna, Galicia, Austria.
FELDMAN, MORRIS; Mrs. Anna Feldman, 1,540 Park Av., New York.
GUIN, A. WILLIAM; Mrs. Ollie Guin, Ink, Ark.
GORDON, JEFFERSON; Turner Willis, Warrenton, Va.
HARTMANN, C. ERNEST; Mrs. Carrie Hartmann, 249 Downey St., San Francisco, Cal.
HETTER, F. JACOB; Mrs. Dorothea Reitter, Indiana and Baltic Avs., Atlantic City, N. J.
HABURN, CHESTER; Frank Haburn, Jonesville, Va.
HEALEY, FRANK P.; P. W. Healey, 627 Kayser Av., Scranton, Penn.
HOWELL, WALTER; Walter Howell, 667 Chestnut St., Arlington, N. J.
JACKSON, D. GEORGE; Charles W. Jackson, R. F. D. 4, Hicksville, Ohio.
JOHNSON, J. STEVEN, Jr.; Mrs. Adelia Johnson, R. F. D. 4, Cooperstown, N. Y.
JELLEY, B. EDWIN; Mrs. Jesse Jelley, 830 Ferry St., Woodhaven, N. Y.
JENSEN, WALDMER; James M. Jensen, Monroe, Utah.
JOHNSON, IVOR; Peter Johnson, Box 48, Avondale, Mon.
JOHNSTON, S. ALBERT; Mrs. Myrtle Johnson, Homer City, Penn.
KATZ, MAXWELL; Mrs. Rose Katz, 62 Harrison St., Worcester, Mass.
KELLEY, JOHN; Daniel Kelley, 270 Casgrain Av., Detroit, Mich.
KELLEY, EMMETT ROBERT; Thomas Kelley, Piandreau, S. D.
KORASCIEWIEZ, BRUNO; Stanley Korasciewiez, 93 Lincoln Av., Beres, Ohio.
KNOELL, GEORGE ELMER; Mrs. John J. Knoell, 411 Northampton St., Buffalo, N. Y.
KOSMAHL, BRUNO G.; B. Kosmahl, 312 East 197th St., New York.
LAPEX, ROBERT; Mrs. Robert Lafex, 402 Main St., Worcester, Mass.
LUTAKSKY, SAMUEL; J. Lutaksky, 1,926 S. 7th St., Philadelphia.
MARTEN, WILLIAM FRED; John C. Marten, Onaga, Kan.
McLEAN, LESTER C.; Mrs. Ella McLean, 211 Fitzhugh St., Midland, Mich.
McQUEARY, JOHN S.; James McQueary, Columbia Ky.
MURPHY, JOHN R.; Mrs. John Tracey, 6,146 Kingsessin Av., Philadelphia.
MIMS, ARTHUR L.; Mrs. Arcy Mims, Wakefield, Mass.
NOEL, WILLIAM L.; W. H. Noel, 5,722 Kingsessin Av., Philadelphia.
NEB, J. MICHAEL; Della Scott, P. O. Box 128, Shrewsbury, Mass.
NEMCHICK, JOHN; John Nemchick, 816 8th St. South Bethlehem, Penn.
OSGOOD, ROBERT C.; Mrs. Sallie Osgood, Powderville, Mo.
OWENSBY, LOLA L.; F. D. Owensby, R. F. D. 3, Fletcher, N. C.
PHUDOUGH, DeWITT T.; Mrs. C. Wilson, Monroe, La.
PILIPCHUK, NICK; Nikita Pilipchuk, Proskurow, Russia.
PICCINI, MARCO; Mrs. Catherine Piccini, Provincia Bresna, Copoa, Italy.
PRICE, S. THEODORE; Arthur T. Price, Bay St. Louis, Miss.
PARR, RUSSELL; Mrs. Ann Parr, Encampment, Wyo.
POLENSKI, MIKE; Jos Polenski, 1131 Fairmount Av., Philadelphia.
RHOADS, HARRY; John Rhoads, 187 Hudson St., Reading, Penn.
SADOSKI, VASTEL; Stanley Sadoski, Box 122, Armstrong Creek, Wis.
SASSARA, ANACLETO C.; Joseph Sassara, Marta, Prov., Italy.
SAGER, FRANK; Katherine Sager, 564 Thomas St., St. Paul, Minn.
SCHAFELKE, G. WILLIAM; Mrs. Anna Schafelke, R. F. D. 4, Appleton, Wis.
SHEDD, K. DANIEL; Mrs. Charles F. Shedd, 222 Wellington Av, Manchester, N. H.
SILVIA, JOHN; Mrs. Amelia Silvia, Beira Alta, Visen, Italy.
SUTTON, WILLIAM; J. W. Sutton, Brooks, Iowa.
TATRO, H. JOHN; Henry Tatro, Foster St., Harrisville, R. I.
TRENT, JOHN W.; C. N. Kent, R. F. D. 1, Stockton, Mo.
WILKINS, WILLIAM H. G.; Mrs. M. Wilkins, 109 Chelsea Av., Newark, N. J.
WALTERS, BILL; Edward Walters, Theaika, Ky.
WILLIAMS, W. JAMES; Isaac Williams, 397 Hancock St., Bangor, Me.

DIED OF WOUNDS—20.

Captain.

PHILLIPS, EDWARD H.; Mrs. E. H. Phillips, 192 Green St., Athol, Mass.

Lieutenant.

TREADWAY, WOLCOTT W.; Mrs. M. W. Treadway, Meriden, Conn.

Sergeant.

SMITH, JAMES A.; Arthur Smith, Box 227, Whitehall, N. Y.

Corporals.

MADELEY, EARL W.; Edward R. Madeley, Washington St., New Britain, Conn.
SIMMONS, HAROLD E.; H. D. Simmons, 900 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

Privates.

BOGUS, STEPHEN; John Bogus, Rudny, Russico-Poland.
BROTHERTON, PERCY M.; Henry Brothers, Randolph Centre, Vt.
CHAMBERLAIN, WILLIS L.; Mrs. Benj. W. Barnes, Griswoldville, Mass.
CHRISTIE, DAVID B.; Mrs. D. Abbott, Wakefield, Mass.
COLVIN, CLYDE; J. W. Colvin, Kevil, Ky.
FEEZEL, MEEK; John Feezel, Sevierville, Tenn.
JOHNSON, WILLIAM H.; Mrs. Anna Johnson, 66 Reed St., Cambridge, Mass.
KIEFER, ARTHUR H.; H. H. Kiefer, 1,126 W. High St., Springfield, Ill.
KOPINSKY, WESTER; George Kopinsky, 609 South Olive St., South Bend, Ind.
LAING, JOHN C.; Thomas Laing, Box 41, Hinsdale, Ill.
McCARRELL, BURRELL A.; Mrs. Essie G. McCarrell, 410 16th St., Charlotte, N. C.
MAYFIELD, ARTHUR W.; Mrs. Smith Mayfield, Waggoner, Ill.
MESSINA, JOSEPH; Selbasteana Messina, 130 Cherry St., New York.
MOREY, ERNEST; Mrs. O. L. Morey, Beeville, Texas.
MITCHELL, HARRY J.; Mrs. Martha Mitchell, Livermore Falls, Me.
NEILLY, DANIEL E.; Mrs. Alice Neilly, Bradford, Penn.
PRETTYMAN, EMANUEL H.; Mrs. Alice Prettyman, Huff, Penn.
PACE, HERBERT W.; Charles Pace, Corning, Iowa.
QUINN, JOHN; John Quinn, 815 Buckingham Place, Chicago, Ill.
ROGERS, JAMES W.; James E. Rogers, 33 Pleasant St., Bangor, Me.
SWENSON, RAGNOR O.; Frederick Swenson, 7 Mattson Av., Worcester, Mass.
SISK, CLIFFORD R.; Mrs. Julia S. Inman, 211 S. 1st St., Keokuk, Iowa.
THOMAS, ALBERT; Mrs. Gus Thomas, Goodchildren St., Bay St. Louis, Miss.
WALKER, CARROLL; Mrs. Jennie B. Walker, 933 Troy Av., Dyersburg, Tenn.
WELOVICZ, CHARLIE A.; Anthony Welovicz, Riga, Russio.

Corporals.

BOUCHER, FREDERICK; Henry Boucher, Whitefield, N. H.
BROWN, ARCHIE E.; Dr. P. H. Brown, 614 West Boulevard St., El Paso, Texas.
BAINBRIDGE, ROGER J.; Mrs. Teresa Dahl, R. F. D. No. 3, Edmond, Okla.
BUCKMAN, ALVAN N.; Frank W. Buckman, Madison St., Skowhegan, Me.
CRAFT, MERL; Thomas Craft, Foraker, Ky.
COLEMAN, BURT D.; Eden D. Coleman, R. F. D. 8, Henrietta, Texas.
COLFLESH, ROBERT W.; Frank A. Colflesh, 777 West 14th St., Des Moines, Iowa.
CALDWELL, HARRY R.; Thomas C. Caldwell, Lynnville, Ky.
CARBERG, WARREN C.; Mrs. W. C. Carberg, 104 Pearl St., Cambridge, Mass.
CHESNEY, ANTHONY; Paul Chesney, Chestnut St., Kulpmont, Penn.
DONNELLY, SAMUEL; Thomas Lynch, Belmont Av., Ambler, Penn.
DE ROCHE, DAN; Mrs. Daniel De Roche, Monmouth, Me.
ESTES, ERROL F.; Mrs. F. F. Estes, Brownville Junction, Me.
FELTY, WILLARD; Charles Felty, Ashland, Ky.
GERMAIN, CHARLES; Mrs. Laura Germain, 492 Moody St., Lowell, Mass.
HART, ALMOND J.; Mrs. F. Latueal, 14 Vine St., Oldtown, Me.
HART, WILLIAM; Mrs. Bridget Hart, 13 Phillips Av., Lawrence, Mass.
HARVEY, FRANK L.; William Harvey, 313 17th St., Scranton, Penn.
HOSKINS, LEROY J.; Mrs. Lillie E. Hoskins, Willow St., Milo, Me.
HARDT, HARRY W.; Mrs. George C. Meues, 100 West 106th St., New York.
HAMMOND, RALPH W.; James Hammond, Neil Road, Holden, Mass.
HANNON, PATRICK J.; Owen Hannon, 7,115 Kelly St., New York.
JOHNS, MICHAEL; John Johns, 17 Springfield Av., Newark, N. J.
KUNZE, ALBERT J.; Teofil Prepszak, 360 Bergen St., Newark, N. J.
KELLOS, GEORGE; Mrs. Mary Kellos, 451 Orleans St., Jersey City, N. J.
KELLY, JOHN; Mrs. Sarah Payne, Bradshaw, W. Va.
LANDERS, JAMES L.; Mrs. Annie Landers, 34 Wilmington St., Brockton, Mass.
DEWEES, JAMES L.; Mrs. Minnie Dewees, Blue Ridge Summit, Penn.
FETICK, ANDREW; Mrs. Elizabeth Fetick, 1,100 Fuller St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
LAFAKIS, JOHN; Nicholas Lafakis, 112 Illinois Av., Alton, Ill.
LARA, CLIFFORD A.; Mrs. James Lara, Lebanon, N. H.
MICHNIEVITZ, FRANK JOHN; Mrs. Kazmier Sniderski, 153 Ernest St., Toledo, Ohio.
McDONALD, JOHN W.; Mrs. Annie McDonald, East Eddington, Me.
MICHAELIS, MAX; Mrs. Pauline Michaelis, 259 Academy St., Newark, N. J.
MAHONEY, FRED, JR.; Fred Mahoney, 2 Irving Place, Troy, N. Y.
MULVIHILL, PATRICK; Miss Mary T. Mulvihill, 15 Clinton Av., Westfield, Mass.
MORRILL, GEORGE W.; Mrs. O. C. Whipple, South Portland, Me.
MORRIS, ROBERT J.; Mrs. Morris, 183 High St., Springfield, Mass.
MILLER, CHARLES T.; Mrs. Lizzie Miller, 99 Elm St., Portland, Me.
NYLANDER, HUGO L.; Charles W. Nylander, 61 Jay St., Cambridge, Mass.
PERKINS, JAMES M.; William T. Perkins, Pruden, Tenn.
POSTMONY, ALEXANDER; Frank Postmony, 229 Godfrey Av., Detroit, Mich.
PACE, FRED; Joseph Pace, General Delivery, Campti, La.
QUIMBY, GEORGE W.; Charles Quimby, Suncook, N. H.
RUDNICK, GEORGE; Mrs. Anna Rudnick, 1,726 Girard St., Chicago, Ill.
ROZEK, ROMAN; John Muraszkin, Prospect Av., Westport, Conn.
STEVENS, EARL G.; Mrs. Annie C. Stevens, Box 427, Whitefield, N. H.
TANGUAY, ALBERT; Miss Clair Tanguay, St. Claire, Canada.
VOGEL, WILLIAM; Adolph Vogel, 2,319 West Taylor St., Chicago, Ill.
WEED, GARDNER C.; William S. Weld, 43 Park Place, New Britain, Conn.
WALQUIST, CLARENCE; Mrs. Walquist, 370 Houk St., Ironwood, Mich.
WHITE, PERRY C.; Robert T. White, Corbin, Ky.

Buglers.

BAILEY, HERBERT A.; Mrs. E. Callahan, 59 Temple St., Nashua, N. H.
NORTHCUTT, THOMAS B.; T. B. Northcutt, Box 6, Walton, Ky.
ROBERTS, V. H.; Mrs. E. B. Farrar, East Dover, Me.

Wagoners.

BURDEN, WILLIAM; William Burden, St. Johnsbury, Vt.
COLBERT, JOHN A.; P. J. Colbert, 85 Crest Av., Revere, Mass.
SEEGLITZ, WILLIAM; Dr. Albert Gustave Seeglitz, 326 Wisconsin Av., Chicago.

Horseshoer.

HEATH, DAVID W.; Mrs. Minnie Heath, 1,011 West St., Utica, N. Y.

Mechanics.

CLAY, ALBERT; F. Clay, R. F. D. 3, Buchanan, Ky.
DESAULINER, ED. J.; A. Desauliner, 5 Willis St., Lowell, Mass.
GUSTAFSON, FERDINAND; Matt Gustafson, R. F. D. 1, Carney, Mich.

Cooks.

COSTON, WILLIAM; Mrs. Mary Coston, 1,012 North Marseilles, Dallas, Tex.
KOGER, ALEXANDER; Paul Koger, 83 North St., Hartford, Conn.
KERICOPOULOS, PETER; James Filtinders, 365 East 42d St., New York.
WEBB, JOHN W.; J. D. Webb, Winnetoon, Neb.

Privates.

ADAIR, F. F.; M. F. Adair, Princeton, Ark.
ALDEN, ARTHUR P.; Mrs. George Ridley, Livermore Falls, Me.
ANDROZEIVIES, JOHN; Huston Wolcqi, 25 Monroe St., Schenectady, N. Y.
ADAMI, ALBERT; Mrs. F. Adami, Vica Nicola Della Cara Bavena, Italy.
ANDERSON, CHARLES W.; Mrs. Selma Anderson, 36 Ashland St., Manchester, N. H.
ACEDO, FERNANDO; Mrs. Jesus Acedo, Solomonville, Ariz.
ALLEN, JOHN E.; Mrs. V. Allen, Dowling Park, Fla.
ANDREWS, WALTER S.; F. W. Andrews, 3 Ames Place, School St., Lowell, Mass.
ANDRUSKI, ANTON; Billy Andruski, Gyle, Wis.
ARNOTT, WILEY; Harvey Blanton, 115 North Fayette Av., Washington Courthouse, Ohio.
ATKINSON, JAMES D.; D. J. Atkinson, Stanton, Ky.
AKERS, LEONTIFF; Eugene Akers, Columbia, Ky.
APPLETON, ARTHUR; G. H. Appleton, 417 Central St., Manchester, N. H.
ASIEN, JOSEF; John Braun, 1,821 Sheffield Av., Chicago.
BARNEY, ALLARD MAYFIELD; Mrs. Eddie J. Bartley, Deerfield, Va.
BEAUDOIN, ZOEL; Mrs. Z. Beaudoin, North Colony St., Wallingford, Conn.
BERMOS, HARRY; Mrs. C. Bermos, 515 Main St., Union Hill, N. J.
BRIGGS, GEORGE; A. H. Schoff, R. F. D. 1, Woodsville, N. H.
BRADON, ISADOR; Mrs. Minnie Bradon, 63 Bartlett St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BURNS, FOREST; W. S. Hurley, 115 Irvine St., Richmond, Ky.
BOSMAN, DAVID; Mrs. Katherine Bosman, 464 45th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
BRACKETT, ELMER G.; Guy H. Brackett, 31 Lower Weldon St., St. Albans, Vt.
CARDEN, JAMES E.; Mrs. Elizabeth Carden, Clinton, Tenn.
COSTICH, FRANK S.; Mrs. Stephanie Costich, 199 Woodman Rd., Brewster, N. Y.
CROWELL, CLARENCE H.; William A. Crowell, 9 March St., Salem, Mass.
DAVIS, CLARENCE; Mrs. William Davis, 563 Haverhill St., Lawrence, Mass.
DILLE, HENRY; Mrs. Estella Whitmer, 45 Hartford Av., Columbus, Ohio.
ELLISON, WILLIAM J.; George W. Ellison, 9 Beacon St., Middletown, N. Y.
FISHER, ROBERT; Mrs. Winnie King, Sunnyside, Wash.
FISSELL, GROVER; Mrs. Arabella Fissell, R. F. D. 2, Carrington, Iowa.
FRANKLIN, HARRY; Fannie Thompson, 115 South Main St., Pendleton, Ore.
GRABOWSKI, ALBERT J.; Martin J. Grabowski, 921 Herbert St., Omaha, Neb.
HENRY, ROLAND D.; John W. Henry, Sharpburg, Ky.
HOWE, HERBERT L.; Miss Alice M. Nelson, 6 Summer St., Hallowell, Me.
HOWSE, JAMES A.; James A. Howse, 7,604 Suffolk Av., Webster Grove, Mo.
HAMMER, JOHN A.; Mrs. Mary Hammer, 317 O St., N. W., Washington.
ISENBERG, JOSEPH W.; Joseph M. Isenberg, Catlett, Va.
KUTTIG, ALBERT P.; Albert Kuttig, West Wheeling, Lancaster, Ohio.
KRECIEJEWSKI, BOLESLAUS; Miss Celig Krecziejewski, 3,103 E. 92d St., Chicago, Ill.
KASEL, EMIL J.; Miss Erzilda Thiel, 3,114 Fredonia Av., Toledo, Ohio.
KING, FRED; Mrs. Mary King, 583 19th St., Oshkosh, Wis.
KOPINSKY, WESTER; George Kopinsky, 609 South Olive St., South Bend, Ind.
LAING, JOHN C.; Thomas Laing, Box 41, Hinsdale, Ill.
McCARRELL, BURRELL A.; Mrs. Essie G. McCarrell, 410 16th St., Charlotte, N. C.
MAYFIELD, ARTHUR W.; Mrs. Smith Mayfield, Waggoner, Ill.
MESSINA, JOSEPH; Selbasteana Messina, 130 Cherry St., New York.
MOREY, ERNEST; Mrs. O. L. Morey, Beeville, Texas.
MITCHELL, HARRY J.; Mrs. Martha Mitchell, Livermore Falls, Me.
NEILLY, DANIEL E.; Mrs. Alice Neilly, Bradford, Penn.
PRETTYMAN, EMANUEL H.; Mrs. Alice Prettyman, Huff, Penn.
PACE, HERBERT W.; Charles Pace, Corning, Iowa.
QUINN, JOHN; John Quinn, 815 Buckingham Place, Chicago, Ill.
ROGERS, JAMES W.; James E. Rogers, 33 Pleasant St., Bangor, Me.
SWENSON, RAGNOR O.; Frederick Swenson, 7 Mattson Av., Worcester, Mass.
SISK, CLIFFORD R.; Mrs. Julia S. Inman, 211 S. 1st St., Keokuk, Iowa.
THOMAS, ALBERT; Mrs. Gus Thomas, Goodchildren St., Bay St. Louis, Miss.
WALKER, CARROLL; Mrs. Jennie B. Walker, 933 Troy Av., Dyersburg, Tenn.
WELOVICZ, CHARLIE A.; Anthony Welovicz, Riga, Russio.
WILLIAMS, W. JAMES; Isaac Williams, 397 Hancock St., Bangor, Me.

DIED OF ACCIDENT AND OTHER CAUSES—3.

Sergeant.

WALSH, JAMES T.; E. Wader, 27 State St., Watertown, N. Y.

Privates.

DEAN, JOHN; George Dean, Williamstown, S. C.
GRESHAM, LELAND C.; Mrs. J. Gresham, 407 N. 3d St., Memphis, Tenn.

DIED OF DISEASE—4.

Corporal.

PIERSON, ARTHUR H.; Mrs. Ray Corn, Salem, Neb.

Privates.

DEFABIO, NICHOLAS; Frank Defabio, Municipio di Cuppelio, Italy.
GUSTAFSON, BERNARD O.; John Gustafson, Leroy, Mich.
MOORE, LEMUEL I.; S. M. Moore, R. F. D. 2, Paris, Texas.

SEVERELY WOUNDED—424.

Captains.

COLBURN, ALVIN; Mrs. C. W. Colburn, 5 Grant Place, N. W., Washington, D. C.
DUNN, JOHN L.; Mrs. M. Featherston, Hauppauge, N. Y.
HAMM, HERMAN I.; Henry E. Hamm, Saxton, Penn.
HALL, DORNAL C.; Mrs. L. Mathews, 1,301 Holloway St., Durham, N. C.
HANSEN, NIELS; Mary Anderson, R. F. D. 215, Box 1, Hopkins, Minn.
HARRIS, VICTOR E.; H. E. Harris, R. F. D. 1, Bynum, N. Y.
HEATH, WILLIAM H.; Mrs. Katie Heath, Cove City, N. C.
HELPA, GUSTAV; Mrs. Mary Helpa, 30 Whitcomb St., Webster, Mass.
HICKEY, GEORGE E.; Mrs. M. Hickey, 626 Water St., Gardiner, Me.
HOLLINGSWORTH, ARTHUR; Henry Hollingsworth, Amherst, Ohio.
HOLTHAUS, GUSTAV C.; Bernard Holthaus, Becksmeyer, Ill.
HEGLER, CLIFFORD G.; S. C. Hegler, Walker, Cal.
HUNSAKER, JOHN J.; Jeff Custer, St. Mary's, Ohio.
HUTCHISON, ARCHIE G.; Mrs. J. C. Hutchison, 633 Oak Av., Webster City, Iowa.
HIGGINS, DESMON R.; L. T. Higgins, Naples, Penn.
HALVORSEN, ALBERT; Mrs. C. Olsen, 6 Harrison Park, Dorchester, Mass.
HARBISON, SAMUEL J.; Charles Harbison, Trade, Ala.
HAWKINS, ERNEST T.; Mrs. Ethel N. Hawkins, Ettricks, Va.
HOGG, CHARLES; N. G. Hogg, R. F. D. 2, Denison, Texas.
HOLLARD, WALTER; Harry Holland, 28 Worcester Place, Detroit, Mich.
HOUSTON, WALTER; Mrs. L. Larimie, 4 Walnut St., Penacook, N. H.
IRVIN, JAMES; Dr. H. C. Irvin, Earlham, Iowa.
JENNINGS, JERRELL E.; Mrs. E. M. Jennings, 34 Goodrich St., Pelzer, S. C.
JOHNSON, EARL; Mrs. N. Johnson, 120 Merrimack St., Penacook, N. H.
JOLLEY, GARDNER B.; G. E. Petty, 33 High St., Ludlow, Vt.
JONES, CALVIN H.; O. E. Jones, 2,927 Gardner St., St. Joseph, Mo.
JACQUES, PHILIP O.; August Jacques, Skunner, Me.
JONES, JOHN D.; Mrs. Lizzie Adkinson, Eastman, Ga.
JORDAN, FRANK W.; Richard Jordan, Washburn, Me.
JOHNSON, GUSTAVE A.; Mrs. M. Johnson, Box 122, Commonwealth, Wis.
KENNEDY, CLARENCE R.; Mrs. Mary Ruck, Mulberry, Ind.
KIBBEL, FELIX; Mrs. C. Kibbel, 184 West Delaware St., Buffalo, N. Y.
KNOPP, RICHARD W.; Andrew Knopp, 1,227 Morrison Av., St. Louis, Mo.
KOFFTHOFF, HARRY C.; Mrs. H. B. Fite, 2,801 Lehigh Av., Philadelphia, Penn.
KRUSE, VICTOR E.; Mrs. Mary St. Hair, 211 N. Hill St., South Bend, Ind.
KUKUDA, GEORGE; Hugo Lance, 1,625 Wilson Av., East Youngstown, Ohio.
KALLGREN, BYRON A.; Mrs. Herman Kallgren, Monson, Me.
KINCAID, CLARENCE E.; Mrs. Mary E. Taylor, Flint, Ark.
KUHN, HERBERT L.; Mrs. T. A. Kuhn, 25 Main St., Greenfield, Mass.
LAVOIE, OSCAR; Mrs. Maud Lavoie, 10 Crawford St. Gardner, Mass.
LAWRENCE, JOHN; F. Lawrence, 3,925 E. 64th St., Cleveland, Ohio.
LAYER, JOHN L.; Miss Ethel Freeman, 605 Merchant St., Pittsburgh, Penn.
LEACH, LESLIE G.; Frederick Peters, Pine St., Manchester, N. H.
LECLAIR, ALBERT; Mrs. J. Leclair, 50 Lincoln Alley, Lewistown, Me.
LITTORIN, FRANK T.; A. P. Hedquist, 60 Fruit St., Leominster, Mass.
LIVINGS, WYATT; A. L. Livings, McNeil, Miss.
LYNCH, HARRY W.; Mrs. W. P. Lynch, 10 Underhill Av., Bellows Falls, Vt.
LACROSS, HOMER J.; Mrs. A. Taeler, 19 Pine St., St. Albans, Vt.
LEMIRE, ADELARD; Peter Lemire, 733 1st Av., Berlin, N. H.
LETTENDRE, OLIVER D.; Mrs. Eva Olive, 7 Bond St., Augusta, Me.
LINSCOTT, HELARD; Daniel Linscott, Washington, Me.
LAWRENCE, WILLIAM J.; G. C. Lawrence, 728 Westminster St., West Fitchburg, Mass.
LILJEQUIST, GUNNARD F.; Mrs. P. M. Swanson, Stanton, Iowa.
LILL, GEORGE; Mrs. L. A. Lill, R. F. D. 1, Leon, Kan.
LIPPS, ROBERT L.; G. W. Lipps, Corbin, Ky.
MACY, EDWARD J.; Mrs. P. J. Macy, 448 Sawyer St., New Bedford, Mass.
MAHALA, JOHN; Frank Mahala, 6,306 Francis Av, Cleveland, Ohio.
MALONEY, THOMAS H.; Mrs. V. Maloney, Baybullo, Newfoundland, Canada.
MARKS, HASTINGS; G. T. Marks, Fordyce, Ark.
MARTIN, LEON C.; Mrs. Lillian Martin, West Paris, Me.
MASSAR, JOHN A.; Sophia Massar, 438 Stillwater Av., Lainon, Penn.
MERRIMAN, HARRY; William Merriman, 803 Red Row, South Fork, Penn.
MILLER, DAVID; Fred Miller, Box 242, Eureka, S. D.
MINCEY, FAYETTE; John A. Mincey, Shafter, Ky.
MORRIS, JOHN D.; W. P. Morris, Youngsville, N. C.
MUDGETT, HAROLD H.; H. S. Mudgett, Intervale, N. H.
MURPHY, FREDERICK J.; Patrick Murphy, 20 Leonard Av., Cambridge, Mass.
McPHERSON, Mr. and Mrs.; Mary McPherson, 113 Fulton St., Lowell, Mass.
MAGILL, JOSEPH W.; Mrs. Dola Magill, Grand Crossing, Fla.
MORRILL, ARCHIE H.; Hanis Morrill, Main St. Station, Franklin, N. H.
MORTON, WALTER L.; A. G. Morton, Oakboro, N. C.
MASON, HOWARD; Mrs. Eva Mason, Powell, Ohio.
MIKKELSON, RICHARD E.; J. Mikkelson, 1,001 West Yakima Av., North Yakima, Wash.
MOHLER, BERNIE W.; C. M. Mohler, Bedford, Iowa.
MANGEN, JOHN N.; Mrs. Mary Mangen, 1,004 Broadway, Manchesle, Penn.
MANNING, WILLIAM; Mrs. Brophy, 876 11h Av., New York City.
MIELNICKI, DANIEL; John Mielnicki, 1,008 Carroll St., Canada.
MYERS, CHARLES B.; William Myers, Somerset, Ind.
NORTON, WILLIAM F.; Mrs. F. E. Norton, 636 Auburn St., Worcester, Mass.
NANCE, NEAL; Marion Growe, Madola, Ind.
NEWCOMB, CHARLES J.; Edward Newcomb, 87 Belmont St., Boston, Mass.
NORDEN, SE

645 WOUNDED ON THE ARMY LIST

Continued from Page 4, Column 8.

HALL, GEORGE H.; Nicie Hall, Belvidere, Tenn.
KERR, I. THOMAS; Mrs. Inez Kerr, Fenton, Ill.
OWENS, CORBETT; D. C. Owens, Colley, Va.
RENDINELL, JOSEPH E.; —. Rendinell, 16 Calvin St., Youngstown, Ohio.
RUTH, CHESTER; Mrs. C. W. Ruth, 1,862 Mintwood Place, N. W., Washington, D. C.
RYAN, RODERICK HAROLD; William A. Ryan, 480 Lucy Av., Memphis, Tenn.
SCHWARTZ, C. EDWARD; William Schwartz, Wells, Mich.
SEAMAN, J. FRED; Stephen A. Seaman, Wolcott, N. Y.
SAWYER, CHESTER A.; Maria D. Sawyer, Bessett, Neb.
SWEENEY, WILLIAM A.; Frank Sweeney, 1,356 East 91st St., Cleveland, Ohio.

Privates.

ADDISON, GEORGE L.; James S. Addison, New Troy, Mich.
ADELHARDT, GEORGE; Anna Adelhardt, Troy, Ill.
BORO, JOHN F.; Dezcro Boro, 4,163A Laclede Av., St. Louis, Mo.
BROMM, AUGUST F.; Kate Bromm, 2,400 Floyd Av., Richmond, Va.
BRUNNER, CLARENCE O.; Mrs. C. O. Brunner, 3,135 Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.
BYINGTON, ROY F.; Minnie Byington, 1,213 S. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.
BACON, CHESTER ALBERT; Mrs. Minta Bacon, 511 Church St., Baton Rouge, La.
BARRETT, WILBUR; Miss Jessie Barrett, 3,522 Lexington St., Chicago, Ill.
BOND, ROWE EDWARD; Helen Kersey, 752 West 7th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
BOYERSKI, JOSEPH JOHN; Mrs. Francis Boyerski, 160 Main St., Dupont, Penn.
BRENNAN, F. ALBERT; Mrs. Elizabeth Brennan, 5,743 South Wincheser Av., Chicago, Ill.
BROWNING, PORTER; Mrs. W. R. Browning, Monet, Mo.
BRYSON, E. HAROLD; Mrs. Horace Bryson, 2,905 California St., St. Louis, Mo.
BUCHANAN, M. SAM; Mrs. Mattie J. Buchanan, Morris, Texas.
CARRY, THEO T.; Sadie Carry, Walnut, Iowa.
CHICKERING, ROLAND T.; Della Chickering, 3,438 Walnut St., Chicago, Ill.
CHALMERS, CLARK; Sarah B. Clark, Oberlin, Mo.
COLLIER, FRANK; Fred Collier, 1,220 Pool St., Springfield, Ill.
COOKE, HERBERT E.; Osborne Cooke, Mabon, Miss.
CRAELIUS, CARL A.; Albertina Craelius, 4,308 N. Kedzie Av., Chicago, Ill.
DOMBROWSKI, STANLEY B.; Anthony Dombrowski, 330 East St., Erie, Penn.
DANIELS, L. ROY; Mrs. Amanda Pate, Booth Point, Tenn.
DAVIS, SIDNEY D.; Mrs. Lena Davis, 408 W. Pike St., Cannonsburg, Penn.
ELLIS, JOSEPH E.; Mrs. Della Ellis, Cameron, Mo.
ELLIS, RICHARD; Mrs. James Ellis, Crete, Neb.
ERWIN, HARRY D.; Matilda Erwin, Craig, Neb.
EFINGER, JOSEPH F.; Mary Efinger, 320 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
EHLERT, EMERY L.; Charles Ehlert, brother, 725 Greenwood Av., Wilmette, Ill.
FIELDS, HOWARD H.; James M. Fields, Mooreville, Ind.
FRANKLIN, BERNARD C.; Emma Franklin, Murray, Ohio.
GILBERT, SAMUEL P.; Fanny Dunlap, 621 C Av., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
HALE, JAMES; Tom Hale, Seattle, Wash.
HAMILTON, FRANK; Elmira Hamilton, 251 Stone St., Fort Huron, Mich.
HAY, GEORGE, JR.; George Hay, 304 South 4th St., Coshocton, Ohio.
HUMLER, JOE M.; Bert Humler, 1,818 3d St., Louisville, Ky.
ITSCHNER, HARRY M.; Fred Itschner, Bevier, Mo.
JAIN, MELES R.; Hattie B. Jain, 1,834 22d St., Boulder, Col.
JOHNS, WILLIAM F.; Katie Johns, 221 West Main St., Newark, Ohio.
JOHNSON, CHARLES E.; Minerva Johnson, Lower Oxford, Penn.
KELLER, JOHN F.; John F. Keller, 3,849 West 43d St., Cleveland, Ohio.
KIRKPATRICK, HERBERT A.; Carrie Kirkpatrick, R. F. D. 2, Charlotte, N. C.
LLOYD, JAMES T. Jr.; J. T. Lloyd, 213 N. Hudson St., Greenville, S. C.
LOWRIE, ARTHUR D.; Winnie Lowrie, Burkett, Texas.
LAKE, ARCHIB. L.; Jennie N. Lake, 28 Burlington Av., Lagrange, Ill.
LAUGHLER, CHESTER R.; Joseph Laughler, Hernando, Miss.
LARSON, ARTHUR L.; Gust Larson, 187 North St., Hartford, Conn.
LESTER, ERVIN C.; Mrs. Duemma Lester, Nancy, Ky.
MCKENDRICK, CHARLES S.; Mary D. McKendrick, 1,308 Washington Av., New Orleans, La.
MCNAMARA, JOHN F.; Marcy McNamara, 212 South 7th St., Kansas City, Kan.
MARTIN, ROY; John Martin, 520 Driver St., Indianapolis, Ind.
MCCORT, ANDREW M.; Thomas McCort, 175 E. Adams St., Detroit, Mich.
MAYO, CHARLES S.; Ella Mayo, Dresden, Tenn.
MOSHER, HERBERT E.; Louis N. Mosher, 175 N. Broadway, Haverhill, Mass.
MOSIER, ZENO C.; Mattie Mosier, Bonne Terre, Mo.
NYGREN, ELMER I.; John Nygren, 3,004 Lyndal St., Chicago, Ill.
NOVAK, WILLIAM R.; Frank Novak, Clinton St., Waukesha, Wis.
OAGLEY, HOWARD L.; Susie Kislingbury, 98 Paige St., Rochester, N. Y.
PLOTKOWSKI, FRANK; Francis Plotkowski, R. F. D. 2, Memphis, Mich.
PRATT, HARRY E. D.; Lansing Pratt, 305 Stone St., Flint, Mich.
REED, JAMES M.; Nellie Reed, 5,731 Wabash Av., Chicago, Ill.
RICHARDSON, ALFRED J.; Robert Richardson, general delivery, West McHenry, Ill.
ROGERS, JOHN A.; Ophelia Rogers, Olga, Lee Co., Pa.
ROTH, HARRY J.; Mary Schifouer, 701 Chestnut St., Johnstown, Penn.
RUTLEDGE, THOMAS M.; Houston L. Rutledge, Metropolis, Ill.
SELBY, GORDON N.; Nelson A. Selby, 328 S. Main St., Middletown, Ohio.
SELDEN, GUY; Elenore Selden, 5,139 Westminster Place, St. Louis, Mo.
SMITH, CHARLES R.; W. J. Smith, Wylie, Texas.
SENECAL, AUGUST J.; Mary Senecal, 943 35d St., Oakland, Cal.
SMILEY, DEAN F.; Jennie Smiley, 406 S. 5th St., Coshen, Ind.
SWAGMAN, FRANK; Ella Swagman, 1,817 Elm St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
THAMANN, JOHN A.; Joseph Thamann, Main and Edwards Sts., Elsmere Ky.
TAYLOR, ROBERT J.; C. S. Taylor, Fort Valley, Ga.
TUPPER, JACK A.; Mrs. Mabel Tupper, 255 S. Garfield St., Pocatello, Idaho.
UHRIG, JAKE M.; Catheryn Uhrig, 516 W. Main St., Sterling, Col.
WEIKEL, ELMER K.; Dr. W. F. Weikel, 119 S. Main St., Middletown, Ohio.
WEST, JOHN V.; Susan J. West, Creighton, Mo.
WILMANNS, ARNOLD R.; August C. Wilmanns, 2,506 Orchard St., Chicago, Ill.
WILSON, FRANK E.; Caroline B. Wilson, 2,364 Laredo St., Cincinnati, Ohio.
WRIGHT, IVAN; James A. Wright, Lamar, Mo.
WOOD, WALTER B.; William E. Wood, 15 12th St., Troy, N. Y.
WORMWOOD, GLENN NINER; Sylvia Wormwood, 519 S. Park Av., Fremont, Ohio.
YEAGER, JENNINGS B.; Mrs. Anna Yeager, Harrison, Ohio.

WOUNDED SLIGHTLY—1.

Corporal.

WALKER, NOAL L.; Henry M. Walker, 2,132 Callow Av., Baltimore, Md.

ERRORS IN SOME LISTS.

Private Reported Badly Wounded on June 24 in Fine Health on June 30.

Isadore Grombecker of 843 Hunts Point Avenue, the Bronx, yesterday asked the American Army Association of 347 Madison Avenue to investigate what he considered War Department laxness in the handling of the casualty lists. His son, Ell Grombecker, a member of the 307th Infantry, was reported on July 24 as severly wounded in action. Mr. Grombecker's complaint was set forth in the following letter:

"On May 19 I wrote to my son, Ell Grombecker, in France, and asked him why he did not avail himself of the reduced cable rate granted to soldiers in the A. E. F. On June 21 he replied that he intended to do so just as soon as he was paid. On July 14 I received a cable from France. The date of filing overseas was not given. In the cablegram my son stated that he was 'in the best of health and spirits.' On July 21 I received a telegram from Washington informing me that my son was severely wounded in action on June 24. On Aug. 2 I received a letter from my son, written in his handwriting, and dated June 30, in which he wrote, among many other things, that his health continued excellent, and that he would cable when the men were paid. He made no mention of the July 14 cablegram, and I am led to believe that it was sent after his letter. The chain of circumstances points to but one conclusion—that some error has been made in reporting my son as wounded on June 24. I believe that a number of similar instances had been presented of late, and I feel that something should be done about it."

Mrs. William Vanamee, a member of the Organization Committee of the American Army Association, a Young Men's Christian Association subsidiary, said yesterday that she had instituted inquiries at Washington, but so far had not received any information of definite value. She added, however, that she was convinced that an error in the date had been made in transmission.

50 NEW YORK MEN ON CASUALTY LISTS

25 Men from Old 69th Regiment Reported Wounded and One Killed.

TWO IN GUARDS' DIVISION

Officer in General O'Ryan's Command Wounded—Corporal Killed in Action with British.

The casualty lists made public by the War Department yesterday contained the names of twenty-five soldiers in the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division, and two in the 27th Division, composed of units from the New York National Guard, under command of Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan. Only one man of the 165th was reported killed. Others were reported wounded. The two members of the Empire Division are Lieutenant Albert Clements, wounded, and Corporal William A. Leonard of Flushing, who was killed in action.

The casualties also include several soldiers of the regular army, as well as one man in the 166th Infantry, the Ohio unit of the Rainbow Division. There are also men from New Jersey, some of them from the Camp Dix Division, who are named in yesterday's lists.

MAJOR GEORGE J. RAU, whose death in battle is reported, was a German-born officer in the regular army. He was 41 years old and was killed in the Marne battle on July 23. Major Rau was in the New England Division, and had received the French War Cross for gallantry in action. His home was in Hartford, Conn.

CAPTAIN JOHN L. DUNN of Hauppauge, N. Y., who is reported severely wounded, is a company commander in the regular army infantry. He is a son of Mrs. Stephen Featherstone of Central Islip, L. I., and entered the army several years ago as a private. He won his commission in competitive examination. While he was with Pershing in Mexico in 1916 he was promoted to Captain.

LIEUT. ALBERT CLEMENTS, who is reported wounded, is a junior officer in the 106th Infantry of the New York Guard division. Lieutenant Clements is a National Guard veteran of twenty-three years' service. He served in the Spanish War as Captain of Company A of the 14th Infantry of Brooklyn. When Congress declared war he re-entered the service as a Lieutenant in his old regiment. In a cablegram to his wife, who lives at 432 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, Lieutenant Clements said that he had been wounded in the hand and foot.

LIEUT. GEORGE H. MORGAN, of 122 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, reported severely wounded, is in the 18th United States Infantry. He is a graduate of the first Plattsburg Officers' Training Camp.

CORPORAL WILLIAM A. LEONARD of Flushing, who, according to a report received by his mother, Mrs. John J. Leonard of 36 Boerum Avenue, Flushing, has been killed in action, was a member of the 107th Infantry of the 27th Division. The 107th Infantry includes the old 7th Regiment of this city. The news that Corporal Leonard had been killed in action came to Mrs. Leonard from her son Eugene, who is also an enlisted man in the 107th Infantry. Corporal Leonard was killed while his unit was brigaded with the British. He had been city editor of The Flushing Daily Times when he resigned to go to the front with the 7th Regiment.

SERGT. JOSEPH MESSINA, who is reported severely wounded, is a son of Sabastiano Messina of 130 Cherry Street. He is in the 58th United States Infantry.

EDWARD F. O'CONNOR, who has been severely wounded, went to France as a member of the 104th Infantry of the New England Division. He is a nephew of Mrs. Daniel O'Connor of 369 West Twenty-ninth Street. In a letter received by his aunt a few days ago, Private O'Connor wrote that his regiment had been in the thick of the fighting.

JOSEPH DEVORAK, reported severely wounded, is in the 165th Infantry of the Rainbow Division. DeVorak is 17 years old, and is one of the men who were transferred from the old 12th New York Infantry to the Rainbow Division. He is in the Machine Gun Company of the 165th. He is a son of William DeVorak of 939 Summit Avenue, the Bronx.

LLOYD SCHULER of the Marine Corps, who is listed severely wounded, is a nephew of Mrs. A. Fleming of 60 West 124th Street. Private Schuler enlisted in the Marines at Detroit last Summer.

CORPORAL EDWIN H. JELLEY, killed in action, was one of the four soldier sons of Mrs. Edwin Jelley of 830 Perry Street, Woodhaven, L. I. Corporal Jelley was in the 165th Infantry. The three surviving brothers are all in France.

SAMUEL SCHORR, severely wounded, went to France with the 166th Infantry of the Rainbow Division, which is the Ohio unit of that command. Schorr, who is 32 years old, came to this country from Rumania eighteen years ago. His home is at 2,567 West Fifth Street, Brooklyn.

GEORGE F. DUNLAP, wounded severely, was trained at Camp Dix, and on his arrival in France was transferred to the 7th Infantry of the regular army. He is a brother of Charles Dunlap of 699 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn.

CHARLES FLOYD MOSHER, who has died of wounds, was a brother of Miss Evelyn Mosher of 408 Beverly Road, Brooklyn. Mosher went to France with the first contingent of marines. He was 22 years old.

SERGEANT ISADORE BRADON of 63 Bartlett Street, Brooklyn, who has been severely wounded, went to France with the 12th Field Artillery. Bradon is 26 years old, and a regular army veteran.

CORPORAL MICHAEL DOUGLASS, reported wounded, is another member of the old 69th Infantry. He is a Corporal in Company F of the 165th Infantry, and his New York home is at 680 Tenth Avenue.

CORPORAL LOUIS DOAN, wounded, is in Company E, 165th Infantry. He was transferred to the 165th Regiment from a Brooklyn National Guard unit. Corporal Doan's home is at 789 Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn.

CORPORAL PATRICK J. MANNIX, reported wounded in action, is another fighter of the old 69th New York. He is in Company H, and his home is at 29 East Seventy-fourth Street.

CORPORAL ALEXANDER SMELTZER, listed wounded, is also a noncommissioned officer of Company E of the 165th Infantry. His home is at 402 East Fifty-second Street.

CORPORAL JOHN WESIER, JR., who has been wounded, is another member of the 165th Infantry. He is in Company E, and his New York home is at 152 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn.

ROBERT P. DEGNON, reported wounded in action, is also of the Fighting 165th. He is a bugler of Company F, and his home is at 3,763 Barnes Avenue, the Bronx.

CORNELIUS BEHAN is a private in Company F of the 165th. His New York address is 4,321 Third Avenue.

MORRIS FINE of 605 Linwood Street, Brooklyn, is another soldier of Company F of the 165th Infantry. He was wounded in action.

MICHAEL J. GOUGH, also of Company F, lived at 2,854 Eighth Avenue.

WILLIAM MANNING, also in Company F of the 165th, lived at 876 Eleventh Avenue.

EDWARD MOORE, Company F, lived at 570 East 141st Street, the Bronx.

GEORGE W. DEAN, reported wounded, is in Company H of the 165th. The casualty list gives his address as the Clarendon Hotel, Brooklyn.

JAMES A. SHEEHAN, listed among the wounded, is in Company E, 165th Infantry, and he lived at 42 East 129th Street.

HENRY A. NEWBERGER is enlisted in Company E of the 165th. He is reported wounded. His family live at 200 West Eighty-sixth Street.

DOUGLAS MACKENZIE, also of Company E of the 165th, is listed as severely wounded. His home is at 736 West 181st Street.

THOMAS MCGOWAN, reported wounded, is a private in Company H of the 165th. The Rainbow Directory gives his address at 60 Colyer Street, Brooklyn.

JAMES A. DOOLEY, who has been wounded, is also in Company H of the 165th Infantry. His home is at 110 East 102d Street.

VINCENT FLANNERY, reported severely wounded, is a son of Captain and Mrs. John J. Flannery of 526 Marshall Street, Elizabeth, N. J. He went to France six months ago with the 6th Engineers.

HARRY BERMES, reported severely wounded, is a son of James Bermes of 515 Main Street, Union Hill, N. J. Private Bermes is 23 years old, and went to France with the 3d Division of the regular army.

CLOVER H. FORCE of Phillipsburg, N. J., was severely wounded on July 15. He is 39 years old and has a brother in the same unit of engineers.

NICHOLAS J. KENNY, a nephew of Lawrence J. Kenny of Summit, N. J., has been severely wounded in action. He is only 5 feet 3 inches tall and was rejected five times before he overcame the army rules. He is in the 9th Infantry of the regular army and is 19 years old.

GUSTAV J. WINTER, reported wounded, is in the 165th Infantry. He is a private in Company E.

CORPORAL W. CARROLL TAYLOR of the Marines, who is a son of Mr. and Mrs. U. W. Taylor of 343 South Ninth Street, Newark, has been wounded in action on the Marne, according to a letter his parents received from him yesterday. In that letter he described the battle in which the Marine units of the 2d Division took part. He is 23 years old.

CORPORAL MICHAEL JOHNS, wounded in action, is a son of John Johns of 420 High Street, Newark. He is in the regular army.

JOHN F. EFFINGER, wounded, was a jewelry designer in Newark when he enlisted in the regular army in June, 1917. He went to France last Jnuary and was wounded on July 25.

CORPORAL GEORGE KELTON, reported severely wounded, is a son of Mrs. Mary Kelton of 451 Henderson Street, Jersey City. Kelton is in the 28th Infantry and is 22 years old.

CHARLES J. HILTON, reported wounded, is a cook in Company H of the 165th Infantry. His home is at 585 Park Place, Brooklyn.

ARTHUR G. CLEARY is another of the soldiers of Company E of the 165th Infantry wounded in action. His home is at 382 East 137th Street.

THOMAS A. CULLEN, wounded, is also a private in Company E of the 165th Infantry. His home is at 228 West Seventeenth Street.

JOSEPH MILLER of 1,300 First Avenue is in Company H of the 165th. He has been severely wounded.

JAMES J. WYNNE, who is listed as wounded, is in Company F of the 165th. His New York home is at 224 West Twentieth Street.

LIEUT. S. ROBINSON OGDEN, a son of Samuel R. Ogden of 241 West Grand Street, Elizabeth, N. J., has been wounded in action, according to a letter received yesterday by his parents. He had been in an officers' training school in France for several months before receiving his commission.

WILLIAM DRAKE, reported killed in action, is the son of James D. Drake of 437 Quincy Street, Brooklyn. Drake was a draftsman before he enlisted in the Sixth Regiment of Engineers in March, 1917. The last letter received from him was dated May 15.

WILLIAM H. G. WILKINS, reported killed in action, was a son of William H. Wilkins of 109 Chelsea Avenue, Newark. He was killed in action on July 23. Wilkins was 19 years old. He enlisted in Company B, Fourth Infantry, last January. He was employed by the Hyatt Roller Bearing Company.

Corporal JOHN WEISER, reported wounded in action on July 15, lived with his parents at 152 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. He wrote to his parents that "the Germans are not as aggressive fighters as I had thought they might be." He served on the Mexican border with the 23d Infantry of Brooklyn, and had done guard duty on the Aqueduct at Garrison, N. Y.

ALEXANDER SMELZER, reported srverely wounded, was a member of the 165th Infantry. His father said he had been wounded slightly several weeks before. Smelzer went with the old 69th Regiment to the Mexican border, and reenlisted in Company E when the regiment was about to sail for France. He was 21 years old and lived at 402 East Fifty-second Street.

ENSIGN ROE A PRISONER.

American Naval Airman Writes from Landschut, Germany.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Ensign O. N. Roe of Massachusetts, a naval aviator who has been reported as missing since May 30 off the Dutch coast, where his seaplane broke down after being attacked by five German planes, is a prisoner in Germany, according to a letter received from him today in London.

Ensign Roe's letter related how two of his companions had been killed. He was in the water a half hour while the Germans fired at him, but he was unwounded. Later they picked him up as a prisoner.

The letter adds:

"I've been shifted about and am at Landschut now, from which place I expect to go to a permanent camp. There is an American flier here, also a Royal Naval Air Service chap.

"Of course, it's a terrible contrast to be here, and, naturally, if I began to look at things from a black point of view and figured how I am losing everything, I should go crazy. I have to try to be cheery and bright—and it's a terribly hard thing to do."

A Cool Breakfast for warm weather

No fussing round a hot stove if you eat

POST TOASTIES

(MADE OF CORN)—Bobby

HOW DOES A FRENCH CHEF Put the touch of genius into his dishes? He uses A1 SAUCE

Let White Build It of CONCRETE

PERSHING RECEIVES FRENCH GRAND CROSS

President Poincare Confers the Highest Decoration of Legion of Honor Upon Him.

THOUSANDS AT CEREMONY

General Accepts the Distinction as a Mark of Friendship for Our Army.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Aug. 6, (Associated Press.)—The Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor was conferred on General John J. Pershing, Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces, today by President Poincaré in the presence of a distinguished assemblage at American Headquarters. The decoration is the highest and the most distinguished of all the honors within the power of France to bestow.

General Pershing and President Poincaré drove together to the Great Headquarters quadrangle, where the military representatives of the Allies were drawn up before a square formed of French troops. President Poincaré advanced toward General Pershing amid the blare of trumpets and while an American band played "The Marseillaise."

In making the presentation President Poincaré said that he was delighted to have the honor to present the Grand Cross to the organizer and leader of France's valiant ally, and especially glad to seize this opportunity to thank General Pershing and the brave army under his command for the gallant work done in recent weeks on the battlefield. The President then stood on tiptoes and kissed the General on both cheeks, in accordance with the time-honored custom.

General Pershing thanked President Poincaré for the honor, which, he declared, he valued as a mark of friendship and respect from France for the American Army. The two men reviewed the troops.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—General John J. Pershing, Commander in Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces in France, has acknowledged in a letter to Premier Clemenceau the honor accorded the General in the recent award to him of the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French Government.

Referring to the Premier's letter informing General Pershing of the award, in which it was set forth that the French Government desired to recognize the eminent qualities the General had displayed and the remarkable services rendered by him "in organizing so promptly and efficiently the American forces in France," General Pershing says:

Dear Minister-President:

Permit me in reply to your message to say that I am profoundly touched by the high distinction the French Government had conferred in according me the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor. I accept this honor with a feeling of deep gratitude and as a tribute paid by the French Government to the qualities of the American soldier. They are qualities possessed to an eminent degree by our French comrades.

In the name of the troops which I have the privilege to command, and in my own name, I thank you.

ANCIENT HONOR FOR FOCH.

Dignity of Marshal First Conferred During Crusade in 1191.

The most ancient and highest military honor which the Republic of France can bestow is now Foch's—it antedates both the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor and the Military Medal; it lacks the political taint of the former, but does not aspire to the credit for individual bravery as does the bestowal of the latter.

For over forty years no one had received the Marshal's baton in France, when it was given to "Papa" Joffre in December, 1916. This somewhat tardy reward for the soldier who had conceived and executed the battle of the Marne was due to the socialistic influences which prevailed in the Briand Ministry in the first year of the war and feared military dictatorship. And now Foch, whose strategy in command of the 9th Army at the battle of the Marne was as dramatic as it was effectual, receives the second baton for winning what may be known as the second battle of the Marne and for having saved, at least in the popular mind, Paris for the second time.

This baton, as provided for by the present military regulations, is a staff seventy centimeters long and five in diameter, covered with dark blue velvet, flecked with gold stars and tipped with silver heads on the rims of which is engraved the Latin legend: "Terror belli; decus pacis" (the terror of war, the honor of peace.) It is carried in the right hand clasped in the middle with one end resting on the hip and is used to salute instead of the sword.

The dignity was first instituted in France by King Philip Augustus at the time of the Third Crusade in 1191.

LIEUT. FRANK BRADY CITED.

Yonkers Man Rescued a Wounded Comrade Under Machine-Gun Fire.

Lieutenant Frank Brady, son of Captain Hugh D. Brady of the Yonkers Police Department, and the President of the freshman class of 1917 of Columbia University, has been cited for conspicuous bravery on the Marne front in France, according to a letter received yesterday morning by the parents of the young man.

Lieutenant Brady recounted briefly and modestly the circumstances of the deed for which he won his honor. With little or no cover and exposed to direct fire of the enemy machine guns, Lieutenant Brady ran out into an oatfield, a distance of some 150 yards from his own trench, to rescue one of his comrades who had fallen in battle. He lifted the man, who weighed about 150 pounds, to his shoulders and was returning with him to the American lines when a bullet from an enemy gun pierced the body of his comrade, the wound resulting in his death the next day. Immediately after the incident Lieutenant Brady was summoned before the General in command of the division and commended for his bravery. Later, in the regimental orders, he was cited for honors.

Brady is 22 years old. He was commissioned Second Lieutenant at Plattsburg, and a short time later, at Camp Greene, in North Carolina, he was made First Lieutenant. He has been in France, in the thick of the fighting on the Marne, since January, and is a member of the 9th Machine Gun Battalion of the 3d Regular Army Division. Lieutenant Brady is well known in athletic circles both in New York City and Yonkers. In 1916 he was President of the senior class of the Yonkers High School and Captain of both the baseball and the basketball teams. He was a member of the freshman football team of Columbia University and also played on the basketball team.

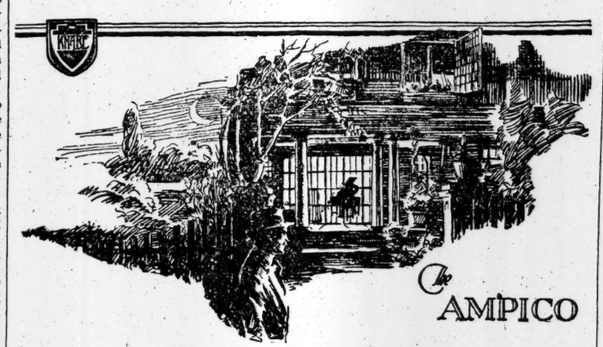
FOE ON RUN, SAYS McADOO.

"And We Will Run Them Ragged"—Returning from West Recovered.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 6.—William G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury, passed through St. Paul today on his way to Washington to resume his duties following his vacation in the West. He said the amount of the next Liberty Loan would be announced "very soon" and that the estimated amount, five or six billions, "would be somewhere near it."

"The American people will need no prodding when the next loan is ready for subscription," said the Secretary. "We have been thrilled by the vigor of our boys in France. We are beginning to see visions of the Kaiser's scalp. We have them on the run over there and we will run them ragged."

Mrs. McAdoo accompanied her husband. The Secretary said his throat and vocal chords, strained in the last loan drive, had fully recovered and that he had expected to be back at his desk Monday. He denied reports that he had been on the verge of a breakdown.



Nocturne

In the placid Summer midnight, under the drowsy sky,
I seem to hear in the stillness the moths go glimmering by.
One by one, from the windows the lights have all been sped.
Never a blind is conscious—the street is asleep in bed!

But I come where a living casement laughs luminous and wide;
I hear the song of a piano break in a sparkling tide;
And I feel in the waltz that frolics and warbles swift and clear
A sudden sense of shelter and friendliness and cheer.

A sense of tinkling glasses, of love and laughter and light—
The piano stops, and the window stares blank out into the night.
The light goes out, and I wander on to the murmuring sea,
The happier for the melody that sings in the heart of me.

W. E. H.

THIS is the mission of the Ampico: To delight the mind and bring soul-reviving rest from the cares of the day. In your own home the Ampico will reproduce the playing of famous musicians of every nation—great masters who are ever ready to add to your home life the exquisite beauties of fine music.

You are cordially invited to attend a demonstration in the Ampico Studios. Great classics, operatic selections, popular songs and sparkling dance music, all await your hearing.

The AMPICO *in the* KNABE

Uprights $1250 and $1350 Grands $2300

Convenient monthly terms may be arranged.
Pianos and Player Pianos taken in exchange.

Knabe Warerooms Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.

DRINKING IN BRITAIN DROPS 83 PER CENT.

Great Gain in National Efficiency as Result of Wartime Liquor Restrictions.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The gain in national efficiency is so great as a result of the wartime liquor restrictions that it is certain Great Britain never will return to pre-war conditions in this regard, according to a statement made to The Associated Press today by Baron D'Abernon, Chairman of the Central Board of Control, which has to deal with the drink problem. Baron D'Abernon said:

"The regulations limiting the hours of sale, providing for the dilution of spirits and beer, and forbidding treating, have resulted in remarkable decreases in drunkenness and the diseases incidental to drinking. The level of drunkenness today is about half that of a year ago, when it was one-third that of the pre-war time. There has been a general decrease of about 83 per cent. in drinking among both men and women.

"The progress of improvement has been so rapid and continuous that the Government is fully satisfied, and no further restrictions are contemplated. The reduction in intemperance has been larger in this country during the period since the restrictions went into effect than is shown anywhere else in the world. The policy has been not to attack the liquor trade, but the inefficiency caused by alcoholic excesses."

Baron D'Abernon asserted that the "wonderful sobriety" of the army and navy was due to the non-treating rule, which had caused the "abolition of compulsory drinking" that accompanied the treating custom.

Stern Brothers

WEST 42nd AND 43rd STREETS

Young Men's and Men's Clothes—Third Floor.

Closed all day Saturday

Uniforms and Overcoats At Actual Cost

For Officers on the Way Overseas.

FOR overseas service, an officer's Uniform and Overcoat should possess in the highest possible degree a military smartness of address and a strength of construction which will withstand the rigors of a prolonged field campaign. . . . Our uniforms are made by the Kirschbaum shops along the lines recommended by officers who have seen service abroad—made by a special corps of tailors whose whole time and skill is devoted to the exacting work of uniform making.

OUR COST PRICE LIST:

18 oz. Serge Uniforms,	*$33.00*
14 oz. Serge Uniforms,	*$27.00*
20 oz. Whipcord Uniforms,	*$35.00*
Full Weight Gabardine Uniforms	*$30.00*
Heavy Melton Overcoats,	*$30.00*
Gabardine Uniforms,	*$12.00*

Regulation Sam Browne Belts, $7.50
(Made in Canada)

Regulation Army Footwear for Officers and Men

Attention is directed to our complete lines on the Main Floor, of

Dress Boots in Russia Calfskin, $28.00
Dress Boots, in Cordovan, - - $32.00
Trench Boots, (British Made) $17.00, 28.00
Army "Snag Boots," - - - $14.00
Field and Engineers' Boots, $25.00 up
Cordovan Dress Shoes, $10.00 & 12.00

Regulation Army Shoes,
(Munson last) $6.50 to 12.50

Officers' Leather Puttees
Ranging in price from
Cowhide at $10.00 to Cordovan, $15.00

TO RELEASE DUTCH SHIPS.

Germany Will Grant Safe Conduct to Scandinavia.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—The conclusion of an agreement relative to the granting of safe conduct by Germany for Dutch shipping to Scandinavian countries is now assured, according to the Handelsblad. Germany will recognize the Netherlands Overseas Trust as consignee, and the trust will recognize the German, as well as the British, blacklist.

The Dutch Government has given permission for the departure of forty vessels now lying at Rotterdam loaded with cargoes for Scandinavian ports, according to the Telegraaf.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 6.—The American and British Ministers on July 30 addressed a note to Foreign Minister Loudon containing amplification of and improvement on the offers already made concerning the indemnification for or replacement of requisitioned Dutch vessels in case of loss.

VON CAPELLE ALSO TO GO.

German Minister of Marine to Follow von Holtzendorff.

ZURICH, Aug. 6.—Admiral von Capelle, German Minister of Marine, will resign shortly, according to Berlin dispatches to the Stuttgart Tageblatt, the Munich Zeitung, and the Augsburg Zeitung.

Admiral von Capelle succeeded Admiral von Tirpitz as German Minister of Marine in March, 1916. His reported resignation may have some connection with the retirement of Admiral von Holtzendorff, head of the Naval General Staff, announced on Aug. 2. Several days before his announced retirement, von Holtzendorff apologized for the failure of German submarines to sink American transports.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

DA

The D. A. Is One Of Our Service Symbols

Practice Patriotism Through Thrifty, Cash Purchases, And

Eliminate Charge Account Waste

We have a shopping system in this store called the D. A.—Depositors' Account — which offers you the means of putting your shopping expenditures on a war-saving basis.

It is a patriotic substitute for the expensive custom of charging purchases.

Deposit Any Amount With Us At 4%

You need no credentials; your money is your best recommendation. Step up to our D. A. department on the Main Floor Balcony, 34th Street side, deposit your money and get a D. A. number. You register your signature and address with us, and thenceforth all the privileges of D. A. customers are yours.

D. A. Advantages

Consist, first, in making your shopping money earn 4%, credited quarterly.

Making this money earn 4% from the day of deposit to the day of withdrawal.

Privilege of withdrawing any or all of your deposit at any time.

Securing cash prices for everything, regardless of your financial rating.

Securing prices which are at least 6% below the prices of our competitors.

What the D. A. Saves

It saves you the assessment which in charge account stores is added to the prices of their goods, to cover the huge expense of maintaining a charge account department with its corps of clerks, collectors and expert credit men.

It saves you the assessment tacked on to the prices of the goods to cover the loss to the store through "bad" accounts.

It relieves you from paying a share of the expense every credit house incurs when it carries its charge customers.

Ask for Particulars.

R. H. Macy & Co. Depositors' Account Dept., Private Bankers, under the supervision of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th Street.

Store Hours Until Further Notice

Store Opens 9 A. M. Closes 5:30 P. M., Except Saturdays, when the Store Opens 9 A. M. Closes 12 Noon.

Every added minute to the period of the war adds interest to the cost which we will have to pay anyway. Buy Stamps now. Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps May Be Bought in Any Department Store in the City, and in Hundreds of Other Places.

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

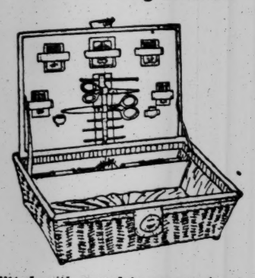
Not Delicate in Choice of Methods

It was said of a certain eminent financier that he had sixty-three different ways of procuring money, of which the most honest was "by stealing.

Cross Desk Set

Of colored glass, gilt mountings, desk pad, 13x18 inches, ink well, stationery rack, hand blotter, pen tray and paper-cutter, complete.....$13.25

Cross Sewing Basket

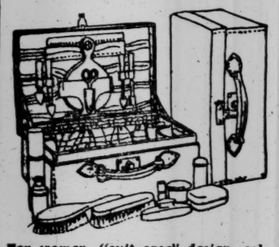


Fitted with complete accessories for sewing, crocheting, etc., pin cushion and thread; tan English wicker basket, cover and rim of colored morocco, satin lining; lock and key; size 14 x 10 x 4 inches.....$14.75
Cover of tan English pigskin....$18.50

Thermos Water Set

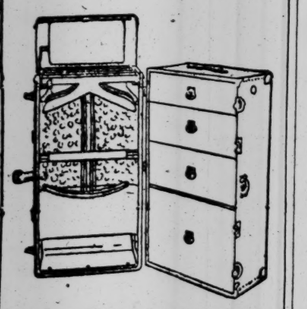
Tray of white or highly polished black enamel wicker, 14 x 10 inches, complete with quart-size colored enamel Thermos jug and 2 glasses.....$13.75

Cross "Over-Night" Case



For women, "suit case" design, colored morocco leather, moiré silk lining, complete white celluloid fittings, extra pocket, lock and key, 14 and 16 inch base.....$39-$41

Cross Wardrobe Trunk



For men and women, 3-ply veneer, fibre covering and binding, hangers, drawers, laundry bag, spaces for shoes, hats, etc., from...$33 to $150
Initials painted without charge.

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Stores
New York
404 Fifth Ave. (At 37th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
Boston 145 Tremont St. — London 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

LENINE THREATENS WAR UPON JAPAN

Report That the Moscow Government Is Preparing for Formal Declaration.

TERAUCHI TELLS PLANS

Prepared to Go the Limit in Siberia, Says the Japanese Premier.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—It is reported from Moscow by way of Berlin that the Bolshevist Government in Russia is considering a declaration of war against Japan, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today.

Premier Lenine, the message adds, has up to this time been opposed to such action, but it is believed that Russia "will be compelled to declare war, notwithstanding the fact that the people are opposed to any new war."

TOKIO, Aug. 3, (Associated Press.)—Premier Count Terauchi, in a statement concerning Allied action in Siberia, said the Japanese Government would take further military measures in case the position of the Czechoslovaks demanded it. The Premier also indicated that if the chaotic situation in Siberia continuel the government might find it necessary to adopt suitable military measures to combat the Austro-German menace in the Far East.

Count Terauchi stated that the present step had been taken in perfect accord with all the Allies. He hoped, he said, that it would mark the beginning of a new era of peace and order in Siberia. If it should be necessary for the Allies to dispatch additional troops and arms the country must be prepared to meet the emergency.

The effect of the Government's declaration of intention to dispatch forces to Siberia in aid of the Czechoslovaks, which was published in the Official Gazette last evening, had been completely discounted. The Japanese-American negotiations had been made the basis of a recrudescence of wrangling over domestic politics, with charges and counter-charges and sensational demands for the resignation of the cabinet and the customary campaign of recrimination.

Consequently the Government had recently closed down tightly on the newspapers, which were rigidly suppressed if they attempted to discuss the negotiations. The publication of the declaration, however, has to a certain extent loosened the muzzle, although the censorship continues of a most rigid character, especially regarding the movements of troops or anything affecting military policies.

It is understood that the Seiyukai majority party in the House is willing to adopt a wait-and-see policy. Consequently the Kenseikai minority, which had hoped to effect an opposition combination, is powerless for the present. There seems every reason to believe that the tenseness of the situation has been relieved and that the plans for the protection of the Czechoslovaks and of the Allied interests against German and Austrian influence in Siberia, completed a long time ago, will be carried out without excitement.

As far as Japan is concerned, every detail for putting the plan into execution had already been arranged. A Red Cross base hospital with a full equipment and complete staff has already been organized at Vladivostok and additional supplies, nurses and doctors are leaving weekly.

It is predicted in well-informed circles here that the present concerted action by the Allies in Siberia will act as a sedative on the situation and possibly result in Siberia finding itself at an early date with a Government sufficiently strong to control the situation as fas as the Ural Mountains.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—T. G. Masaryk, President of the Czechoslovak National Council and Commander in Chief of the forces operating under the council, presented a letter to President Wilson today expressing deep satisfaction over the President's decision to help the Czechoslovak Army in Russia.

"Your name, Mr. President," the letter concluded, "as you no doubt know, is cheered in the streets of Prague. Our nation will be forever grateful to you and the people of the United States. And we know how to be grateful."

Copies of the letter were sent to the British, French, Italian, and Japanese Ambassadors, as representatives of the Governments participating in the agreement for action in Russia.

Captain Vladimir S. Hurvan, formerly of the Russian Army, but who is now an officer in the army of Czechoslovaks operating in Siberia, has reached Washington to give a detailed report upon the Czechoslovak army in Russia to Professor Masaryk.

Captain Hurvan arrived in Washington from Vladivostok today and gave The Associated Press an account of some of the experiences of the army of escaped prisoners. He told how after the peace treaty was signed by the Bolshevist Government, the Czechoslovak army of 50,000 men was in Ukraine. The Germans advanced against the Czechs in overwhelming numbers, and the Emperor of Austria sent a special envoy with the promise that if the Czechs disarmed they would receive amnesty and their lands would be made free. The answer was that they would have no dealings with the Austrian Emperor.

A battle with the Germans was fought for four days during the retreat from Kiev, and the Czechs were victorious to a point where the German commander offered a fourty-eight hours' truce, which was accepted. In this battle the Czechs lost about 600 men, while 2,000 Germans were buried in one day.

Thus, the Czechs escaped from Ukraine and still maintained friendly relations with the Bolsheviki. They turned over arms, horses, automobiles, and other equipment which had been taken from the Germans to a large extent. Later at Irkutsk a train with 400 Czechs on board, armed with ten rifles and twenty hand grenades, was surrounded by several thousand Red Guards, equipped with machine guns and cannon. At a command in German, the Red Guards began firing. The Czechs jumped from the train, and in five minutes, Captain Hurvan says, all the machine guns were in their possession, the Russian Bolsheviki were disarmed, and all the Germans and Magyars "done away with."

Captain Hurvan believes that the consolidation of Russia is possible, and he thinks that the Czechoslovak army will be of great assistance in this task.

Charles R. Crane of Chicago, who was a member of the American Mission to Russia after the overthrow of the monarchy, had a conference with President Wilson before today's Cabinet meeting and it is understood discussed the personnel of the industrial and economic commission soon to be sent to the aid of the Russians.

Mr. Crane declared Germany, with all her efficiency, and despite the fact that she had sent some of her best men to Russia, would not be able to accomplish her desires or to make use of Russia's resources.

"Germany," he said, "has mussed up everything she touched in Russia."

CONFIRM ARCHANGEL LANDING.

London and Washington Tell of Allied Troops Going Ashore.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Official announcement was made today of the landing of allied forces, naval and military, at Archangel on Aug. 2.

The landing was in concurrence with the wishes of the Russian population, it is stated, and created general enthusiasm.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The first official report on the landing of American and allied troops at Archangel, particulars of which were published in press dispatches yesterday, reached the State Department today through diplomatic channels. The dispatch said the populace greeted the troops with great enthusiasm.

State Department officials are awaiting with interest a report on the statement issued by the Allied Diplomatic Corps in Vologda prior to their departure for Murmansk, hints of which have reached the State Department. It is assumed that the report was sent to Moscow for transmission to the various allied capitals, but nothing more has been received here.

In this statement it is believed the heads of the mission made public for the Russian people their reasons for leaving Vologda and the attitude of their Governments toward Russia and the Russian people.

APPEAL TO BRITISH LABOR.

Russian Socialists Seek to Re-establish Russia's National Power.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Russian Social Revolutionary Party, which is opposing the Bolshevist Government, has sent a direct appeal to the British Labor Party, urging that efforts be made to convene an international Socialist conference.

The appeal declares that the Russian Revolutionary Party is ready to work in unison with the European Socialists to re-establish the national power of Russia and to abrogate the "shameful Brest-Litovsk Treaty."

CHOLERA GRIPS PETROGRAD.

With 20,000 Cases and 1,100 Deaths Disease Spreads Unchecked.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—There are more than 20,000 cases of cholera in Petrograd, according to the Fremdenblatt of Hamburg, which reports that up to last Saturday 1,100 deaths had occurred.

The authorities, it declares, are helpless, and the disease is spreading unchecked.

TAKES EICHHORN'S PLACE.

Gen. Kirchbach, New German Commander, Arrives in Ukraine.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—General Count Kirchbach has arrived at Kiev and assumed his duties as successor to Field Marshal Herman von Eichhorn, who was assassinated late in July, according to advices from Berlin.

General Count Kirchbach was formerly commander of the 10th Reserve Corps of the German Army. He was severely wounded in September, 1914, and since that time has not been mentioned in dispatches from the theatres of war. He is 60 years of age.

BIG BERTHA CONTINUES.

Women and Children Killed on First Day of Renewed Bombardment.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—The German long-range bombardment of Paris was continued today.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—Contemptuous smiles and jocular remarks greeted the first explosion of the German long-range shell in the Paris region today, because a resumption of the bombardment at this time was exactly what the population expected. Despite the inclement weather, scores of persons sat indifferently on the terraces and at the cafés, saluting each shell with caustic comments. Expressions of rage and hope of revenge soon were heard, however, when it became known that somewhere in the vicinity of Paris women and children had been killed by the German shells.

"Every one of those shots will cost Fritzie a great pain," said a brawny American soldier. That is the feeling of the entire population.

Renewal of the bombardment has further strengthened the resolution of Paris to see that the war is carried on until German militarism has fallen.

FOR PRESIDENT OF CHINA.

Hsa Shih-chang to be Selected—Fight for Vice Presidency.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PEKING, Aug. 6.—Hsu Shih-chang, former Vice Prime Minister, will be the unanimous selection for the Presidency. There will be a fight, however, for the Vice Presidency, as Hsu Shih-chang is not expected to hold office long.

Premier Tuan Chi-jui has most support for the Vice Presidency, but he is unacceptable to the southerners, therefore the rebellion is likely to be prolonged.

FOUNDED 1856

WHILE clothes buyers to-day recognize more than ever before that quality demands a price commensurate with the increased cost of materials and production, our prices are conservative enough to warrant prompt investment in actual clothes needs. Value recognition keeps us busily engaged producing the clothes that men and boys seek and at prices well within reasonable limits.

The Huns are on the run—bury them under an avalanche of
"Thrift" and "War Savings" Stamps
Buy to-day and register your support for the safety of the World.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Gimbel Brothers
33rd St.-BROADWAY-33rd St.

Cool-You-Off Fun Like This!

Right in your own bath tub. Fine for the whole family.

Constant relief from the heat—the next best thing to spending the summer at the seashore.

The easy way to enjoy the same fun and refreshing results of a Dip in the Ocean!

Kenney Showers

Fit any bath tub. Quickly attached. No splash. No curtain needed.

All Metal—Indestructible

Two handsome models from which to select.

Price $7.50 and $15.00

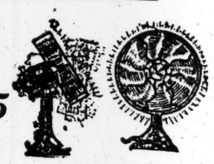
See Demonstration.

GIMBELS New Kind Housefurnishing Store—Fifth Floor

Electric Fans

From $3.95 to $35

On Direct or on Alternating Current



Two views of "Witching Wave," $17.50

$17.50 "The Witching Wave" Electric Fan, oscillates on standard, also turns on own axis. At much less than regular price. Diameter, 10½ inches

"The Arctic" Electric Fan costs about 1½ cents to cool your bedroom all night or your office all day. Diameter, 6 inches. $3.95

GIMBELS—New Kind of Housefurnishings Store—Fifth Floor

Sharply Reduced Prices on Men's and Women's

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES

Low-Cut Models

Folks who are practicing wise economy will recognize a great opportunity here.

We have repriced certain selected lines of Men's and Women's low shoes, cutting substantially from the figures we asked earlier in the season. These shoes must be sold to make room for new stock. The sale also includes a few lines of high shoes in styles now being discontinued.

This chance to buy these famous "comfort shoes" is a rare one. Sale prices at both our stores.

SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.

For Men Made by J.P. SMITH SHOE CO.
For Women Made by JOHN EBBERTS SHOE CO.

K. OF C. AGREE TO WAR CHEST PLAN

Supreme Officers Willing to Pool Fund-Raising Efforts if Other Bodies Join.

VICTORY CONVENTION OPENS

Fosdick to Address Knights on Government's Scheme for Collecting Money Tonight.

The "Victory Convention" of the Knights of Columbus, which began in the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday, concerned itself almost exclusively with reports on its vast undertakings in France and with its program calling for an expenditure of $50,000,000 next year to keep its services expanding in proportion to the increase of the American Army.

The big Knights of Columbus drive for $50,000,000 will be held in January, according to present plans, unless the suggestion of the Government is followed that the Knights and similar organizations unite their efforts in one gigantic appeal to the American people for the money with which to give our soldiers the nearest substitute to the home and social life which they have left behind.

Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the Committee on Training Camp Activities, will address the Knights in the Waldorf-Astoria tonight on this plan.

Government's Plan Accepted.

The following official statement on the attitude of the Knights toward the project was made yesterday:

The supreme officers of the Knights' organization have agreed to the plan suggested for pooling their interests with the other large organizations engaged in war welfare work and collecting a single war chest, out of which the money would be divided proportionately. Announcement also was made last night that Raymond B. Fosdick, Chairman of the Committee on Training Camp Activities, would address the convention tomorrow (Wednesday) evening.

The suggestion for conducting a single drive for funds by the Knights, Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Jewish Welfare League and smaller organizations originated in Washington, and Mr. Fosdick, in his address, will explain the official Government view in connection with the suggestion. While the Knights have signified their willingness to pool their interests, the suggestion has not yet been approved by the other organizations.

Knights numbering more than 1,000, from every State, from Canada, the Philippines and Cuba, gathered in St. Patrick's Cathedral yesterday morning, where a solemn high mass was celebrated. In the absence of Cardinal Farley, who is ill, Monsignor Lavelle welcomed the Knights.

"With all our hearts, we welcome you to the great city of New York," he said, "and when I say 'we,' I am sure that I speak the sentiments of the whole people of this magnificent and magnanimous city.

"We have had many notable gatherings in this cathedral, many memorial services, many solemn high masses of far-reaching significance, but I feel today that this is one of the most important conventions of Catholics ever held in America. We all know and we all highly value the self-sacrifice and patriotism which have prompted Knights of Columbus to their great activities since this war began. It is with a feeling of pride and gratitude, therefore, that we bid you thrice welcome and godspeed in your great work today."

Bishop William T. Russell, of Charleston, S. C., delivered a sermon in which he compared the present war against Germany with the crusades, and said:

"When our country was unwillingly dragged into this barbarous conflict, who did not stand aghast at the awful consequences that must follow? What Catholic parent, what parish priest or Bishop did not regard as inevitable the degrading and the brutalizing of our finest Catholic manhood? Dreadful as it was to know that many would return blinded and crippled for life, yet more dreadful, yea, unspeakably horrible, was the realization that the licentiousness hitherto incidental to camp life would bring our youth homeward with faith shattered and bodies and souls made loathsome by the leprosy of criminal excess.

"If today Bishops and priests can cheer their men onward to the battle front with little fear for their eternal salvation, the credit must be given to the Knights of Columbus. If parents can encourage their sons to follow the Stars and Stripes in the well-assured hope that if they return they will be the better for their experience, or if they give their lives for their country, their souls will be God's, it is due to your noble, chivalrous Knights of Columbus.

"At a critical hour, when others hesitated, calculated, or feared, you saw the opportunity, and trusting in God, regardless of the future, you fearlessly grasped the standard of the cross, and like the crusaders of old, you led on the hosts of the Church with that battle cry of faith, 'God wills it.'

Blazed Trail for Pure Life.

"Today it is an accepted axiom of the American army and navy that the American soldier must lead a pure life. While giving due credit to the honorable Secretaries of War and the Navy for their noble and successful efforts, we can say that the Knights of Columbus blazed the trail which we have reason to hope will be followed hereafter by all civilized nations."

James A. Flaherty of Philadelphia, Supreme Knight of the order, reviewed the great war enterprises which had been undertaken by the organization and told of its plans for the future.

"While our every effort is being concentrated on the war," he said, "while our total resources are pledged in the great cause of a victory for democracy, we would indeed be blind if we did not see that, just as the war has provided a great opportunity for us to render a vitally important patriotic service, so, when peace returns—and God grant that peace may soon come to us on the wings of victory—our part will be even more urgent, our duty even more clear, if this were possible. We must be prepared for peace, we must be ready to throw our energy into the great and glorious work of upbuilding.

"What our program of public work in that time of peace will be remains to be determined, but I think that this question of the devotion of our Council homes and quarters to the public weal is a substantial initiation of that program."

One of the biggest features of the Knights of Columbus program is "Knights of Columbus Week," at Coney Island, beginning on Monday, Aug. 26, and ending Saturday, Aug. 31. With the co-operation of the business men of Coney Island, the Knights will issue special tickets for $1 which will give admittance to the holder to Luna Park, Steeplechase and fifteen other attractions, which could not be seen ordinarily for less than $2.

All the money raised at the celebration will go to the Knights of Columbus War Camp Activities fund for the maintenance of its buildings in France, Italy, England and in this country.

4 DROWN IN NEARBY WATERS

Brooklyn Policeman Loses His Life Off Grassy Point.

Two laborers, Martini Totore of Pleasant Avenue and 115th Street and Frank Morrell of 118th Street and the East River, were drowned yesterday afternoon in Long Island Sound at Silver Beach, opposite Fort Schuyler. They went beyond their depths while bathing. Three companions in a boat went to their assistance. They succeeded in getting hold of Morrell and dragged him into the boat, but he died a few minutes later.

John Barberi, 18 years old, of 198 Nelson Street, was drowned in the North River off Eighty-eighth Street last night. Following his work he had taken a swim, when he was seized with a cramp.

Patrolman Arthur Brain of 2,546 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, attached to the Adams Street Station, was drowned yesterday while swimming with two companions at Grassy Point, Broad Channel, Queens.

STORM SWEEPS LOUISIANA.

Gerstner Field, Aviation Camp, Reported Severely Damaged.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 6.—A report that Gerstner Field, a training camp for aviators, was badly damaged by a storm, and that property losses in and around Lake Charles, La., would amount to $1,000,000, was received at the general offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad in Houston tonight.

IF YOU KNOW ANY PRO-GERMANS LET YOUR UNCLE SAM IN ON THE INFORMATION.

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BE COMFORTABLE!
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There is no other cloth like this fabric—it stands alone in its unique weave.

Think a moment what it means in appearance and service, when it takes *twenty-three processes* to produce this remarkable surface, with its eternal freshness!

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It has style—endurance—and is in weight like a suit of silk.

You may be patriotic, comfortable, and well groomed in a genuine **PALM BEACH SUIT—Made to Fit—to Wear—to Wash—Not Cleanse but Literally Tub.**

Palm Beach Character: Patch Pockets; Skeleton Back; Double Front; Cuffless Sleeves; Cuff Trousers

Tones: Soft Greenish Grays; Sand Tones; Natural and Tans. The very colors promote coolness on a torrid day.

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REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE
THE GENUINE CLOTH
MFD. BY GOODALL WORSTED CO.
(Check the Label)

SAYS HEARST SAW BOLO THREE TIMES

Attorney General Lewis Gives Places Where Editor Met the Man Executed in France.

PROMISES MORE DETAILS

Hearst, He Declares, Bid for Whitman's Favor One Week and the Next for That of Smith.

William R. Hearst and Bolo Pacha, the French adventurer who has been executed as a traitor, met at least three times while Bolo was in this country, according to a statement made public yesterday by Attorney General Lewis, candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor against Governor Whitman.

Mr. Hearst, who has stated emphatically that he met Bolo Pacha only once, invited him to his house for luncheon, according to Mr. Lewis, almost immediately after he had landed in this country. Then he was the guest of Bolo, Mr. Lewis says, at the dinner given at Sherry's, which was also attended by Mrs. Hearst. Mr. Hearst, finally, according to the Attorney General, who has investigated the activities of Bolo Pacha and his relations with Mr. Hearst, gave him a farewell supper, preceded by a theatre party, before he departed.

"In my statement," said Mr. Lewis after making it public, "I call public attention to three occasions on which Mr. Hearst and Bolo Pacha met. That doesn't by any means indicate that their meetings were limited to that number." Here is the statement of Mr. Lewis:

On Aug. 2 I quoted from a statement made by Mr. Hearst in which he said:

That is all I have ever known or seen or heard of Bolo.

Mr. Hearst referred to the luncheon at which he says Bolo consulted him about the cost of print paper and asked where it could be obtained. In my statement I said:

Mr. Hearst knew when he made this statement that it was false. I knew it, and I shall prove to the satisfaction of every one that Mr. Hearst told an untruth when he made the statement.

I now call Mr. Hearst's attention to these facts. Jean Finot, a French journalist, had sent a letter of introduction of Bolo to Mr. Hearst. Mr. Finot requested Charles Bertelli, who was in the employ of Mr. Hearst, to interest himself in Bolo's matter. Mr. Hearst invited Bolo to lunch with him almost immediately upon his arrival in New York. A day or two later Bolo gave a dinner at Sherry's in compliment to Mr. Hearst, at which both Mr. and Mrs. Hearst were present. Before Bolo's departure Mr. Hearst gave to Bolo a farewell supper, preceded by a theatre party.

Mr. Hearst will hardly deny these statements. Of course, he cannot harmonize them with the statement which he made on Oct. 5, 1917, in the article in which he attacked me. Mr. Hearst has made no reply to my statement of Aug. 2. He probably will not reply to this statement. Doubtless he prefers to allow the matter to be forgotten. I shall, however, be in a position presently to give some further details showing the intimate relations between Mr. Hearst and the French traitor, Bolo Pacha.

Earlier in the day Mr. Lewis made some comment on the relations between Mr. Hearst and Governor Whitman, who, the Attorney General declares, are "in league." The comment was occasioned by an editorial in a Hearst publication warmly praising Alfred E. Smith, Democratic candidate for the Gubernatorial nomination, for the stand he had taken in favor of Government ownership of railroads and other public utilities and municipal ownership of public utilities in this and other cities of the State.

"Last week Mr. Hearst made a bid for the favor of Governor Whitman in the event of his success," said Mr. Lewis. "This week he bids for the favor of Mr. Smith in the event that he succeeds. The motive, as I see the situation, is perfectly apparent. Hearst during the greater part of the time since Governor Whitman was elected, has had access to the Governor. He has been eminently successful in accomplishing the purposes in which he was interested. He was opposed to the moving picture censorship bill and Governor Whitman vetoed it. It is not impossible of course that Mr. Smith may be elected Governor. It is not impossible that a moving picture censorship bill may be presented. If so, and if such a bill should reach the executive chamber, Mr. Hearst would be likely to desire an opportunity to present his objections by the usual circuitous and tortuous route.

"Hearst has no use for a man who cannot be used for his purposes. It is vitally important to him that he have some one in the Executive Chamber whom he can use. Perhaps he may think that he can effect some arrangement with Mr. Smith. I doubt it. He would do better, I think, to stick to his first love, Governor Whitman."

"Is it your opinion, then that the attacks made on you in the Hearst newspapers were partly for the purpose of aiding Governor Whitman in the primaries, in accordance with some understanding that may have been reached at the Brisbane interview?" Mr. Lewis was asked.

"That is it, precisely," said Mr. Lewis.

OSBORN APPEALS FOR VOTES

Asks Democrats to Support Him and End "Murphy & Co.'s" Rule.

William Church Osborn, Democratic candidate for the gubernatorial nomination against Aldermanic President Alfred E. Smith, in an appeal issued yesterday, asks enrolled Democrats to support him in the primaries as a means of putting an end to the sway of Tammany Hall and its organized allies over the up-State division of the Democratic State organization. Mr. Osborn said:

"The right of free nomination given you by law is now insidiously threatened. You are asked to yield your choice to the dictate of a conference not elected by you, not elected by any one, and controlled by the New York City organization ever selfish and ever blind to the general party welfare. That conference met under the shadow of a peril created by the very men who controlled it. Had not Murphy and his associates resuscitated Hearst in the Mayoralty election of 1917 he would not have plotted to secure the Governorship in 1918.

"My attack is not on the ticket but on the system that produced the ticket and on the men who controlled it and who now call on your party fealty to disregard the law. It is the system that has for years kept live men out of the party. It is the control that has kept us barren and ashamed when the democracy of the country was moving victoriously on.

"The method which Murphy and Co. use to deprive the voters of their right to choose was shown in my own case. I was the high man with the Up-State Committee. Under orders, the votes were distributed so as to give me a bare lead of one. Then it was announced in the press that I had been 'eliminated.' Had I appeared in the conference, the power of the New York City organization, controlled by Murphy, would have eliminated me indeed. I declined to be 'eliminated.' I declined to enter the conference trap. I stated before, during and after the conference, that I would appeal to the party voters. I now do so.

"To enrolled Democrats I say: The Primary Law has just aided the party in a serious crisis. It was only the fear of the primary, if they should outrage too far the patriotism of the people, that deterred Murphy and Co. from nominating Hearst. Sustain its spirit by making your choice free of organization control. The question before you is: Are we most likely to win with Smith or with Osborn? Make up your own minds on that question and I shall be content."

Mr. Osborn's petitions were filed with the Secretary of State at Albany. He has made no attempt to make up an Osborn ticket, as had been suggested by some of his advisers, and his name is the only one that appears on his petition.

WATSON LEADS CHILTON.

1,200 Votes Ahead of Senator in West Virginia Primary.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 6.—Only incomplete returns have been received in the State-wide bi-partisan primary election in West Virginia, and the result of the contests for nomination for United States Senator and the six Congressional candidates are still in doubt. But 444 precincts out of 1,790 in the State had been heard from, and in these Virgil Highland, Republican, was leading ex-Senator Davis Elkins, his nearest opponent, by fewer than 900 votes.

By the same returns ex-Senator Clarence Watson, Democratic candidate for United States Senator, was leading his opponent, Senator W. E. Chilton, by more than 1,200 votes.

WHITMAN'S SLATE IS THREATENED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tion with the first indictment of John A. Tolishus, senior clerk in Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck's law office on charges of sedition by the Onondaga County Grand Jury had become public.

It appeared then that Mr. Schoeneck and George A. Bond, his law partner, who is a member of Governor Whitman's Committee on Vacancies, had appeared in chambers at night before United States Judge Ray, where they had grilled witnesses who had appeared before the Grand Jury, and who subsequently were taken before the Grand Jury again, with the result that the indictment, which had not yet been filed, was withdrawn. Tolishus, against whom disbarment proceedings were afterward begun, since those developments became known has been indicted on five counts in connection with the offense with which he was charged.

Ex-Senator Heacock was being talked of as a prospective candidate for the nomination then, but the talk died down after Fred Greiner, Republican leader of Erie County; George W. Aldridge, the Monroe leader, and Francis Hendricks, the Republican chieftain of Onondaga County, in the Whitman councils had objected to such a step. The announcement that Mr. Heacock had filed petitions therefore came as a complete surprise when it was made yesterday. Franklin B. Lord, campaign aid of Governor Whitman, denied yesterday that he had any knowledge of ex-Senator Heacock's move, though it was surmised that it might have been inspired by the Whitman forces, partly for the purpose of disciplining Hendricks, who gravely offended the Governor by signing the recent round robin urging Colonel Roosevelt to become a candidate for Governor. There have been threats of punitive measures against the Onondaga County organization ever since he signed this document.

Attorney General Lewis, at his campaign headquarters in the Murray Hill Hotel, also disclaimed any information on the subject.

REPUBLICANS ALONE HAVE PRIMARY FIGHTS

Petitions, Now All Filed with Board of Elections, Show Democrats Are Harmonious.

There will be comparatively few primary fights among Republican and Democratic candidates for Congress, State Senate and Assembly or for places on the State committees of the two leading parties in Manhattan. This is indicated by the list of Democratic and Republican designations for these places which was made public yesterday. The time for filing petitions with the Board of Elections expired at midnight.

All the primary fights in prospect will be on the Republican side. In the Twenty-first Congressional District there will be five candidates in the primaries contending for the Republican nomination. They are: John A. Bolles, ex-Register Max S. Grifenhagen, Martin C. Ansorge, who was a candidate in the special election last Spring; A. B. Humphreys and Beverly C. Ransome.

In the Republican primaries, too, there will be two candidates for the State Senate from the Twentieth Senatorial District. One is Assemblyman Harold C. Mitchell, now representing the Twenty-second Assembly District. He was proposed by Election Commissioner Moses M. McKee, Republican leader of the Twenty-second Assembly District. The other candidate is Ward V. Tolbert, who has been placed in the field by Collin H. Woodward, Republican leader of the Twenty-third.

Ex-Judge William M. K. Olcott, who opposed the Whitman plan for "handpicked" delegates to the unofficial Republican State Convention, has been superceded as a candidate for State Committeeman from the Ninth Assembly District by Charles E. Heydt, Republican leader of that district, as a punitive measure.

Other changes foreshadowed by the Republican nominations, for places on the State Committee are in the Fifth Assembly District, where Herman W. Beyer, the leader, will succeed Anthony P. Ludden, who was leader in the territory now embraced by the Fifth, under the old reapportionment; in the Seventh, where Samson Selig has been named to succeed John T. Windolph; in the Eighth, where George C. Nordinger succeeds Herman L. Schrader; in the Fourteenth, where Joseph Fabian has been nominated as successor to Joseph E. Nejedly, who has died; in the Fifteenth, where William Chilvers, the Republican district leader, will take the place held by Thomas F. Gleason; in the Sixteenth, where Charles W. Ferry succeeds W. C. Hecht, and in the Seventeenth, where Robert Oppenheim is the nominee for the place on the State Committee now held by Samuel Krulewitch.

In the list of Democratic nominees for the State Committee scarcely any changes are noticed. Here is the list of Republican designations and nominations for the State Committee:

For Congress.

Dist.		Dist.	
11.	W. H. Michaels.	10.	W. M. Chandler.
12.	H. M. Goldfogle.	20.	Isaac Siegel.
13.	C. D. Sullivan.	21.	John A. Bolles, M. S. Grifenhagen, M. C. Ansorge, A. B. Humphreys, B. C. Ransome.
14.	F. H. La Guardia.		
15.	Jacob I. Welner.		
16.	Thomas Rock.		
17.	F. C. Tanner.		
18.	Joseph M. Feder.		

For State Senate.

Dist.		Dist.	
12.	M. R. Matteo.	17.	S. M. Meyer.
13.	F. T. Dunmier.	18.	David D. Glanz.
14.	Bernard Downing.	19.	William Duggan.
15.	Albert Ottinger.	20.	H. C. Mitchell, Ward V. Tolbert.
16.	Joseph Fabian.		

For Assembly.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	Jennie Cohen.	13.	Carroll Brewster.
2.	Jacob Rosenberg.	14.	Thomas Mallee.
3.	J. V. Tronbetta.	15.	Joseph Steinberg.
4.	Samuel Dickstein.	16.	Morris Inkeles.
5.	W. L. Brooks.	17.	Max Lazarus.
6.	Sol Ullman.	18.	J. A. Boccia.
7.	A. Ellenbogen.	19.	E. A. Johnsdn.
8.	Herman Weiss.	20.	Henry J. Cushin.
9.	Martin Bourke.	21.	Hyman Pouker.
10.	W. W. Pellet.	22.	W. J. Donovan.
11.	William C. Amos.	23.	George N. Jesse.
12.	Oscar A. Witte.		

For State Committee.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	Joseph Levenson.	13.	V. J. Hahn.
2.	A. Dalessandro.	14.	Joseph Pabian.
3.	Benjamin Fox.	15.	William Chilvers.
4.	Alexander Wolf.	16.	C. W. Ferry.
5.	Herman W. Beyer.	17.	R. Oppenheim.
6.	Samuel S. Koenig.	18.	Charles B. Largy.
7.	Samson Selig.	19.	John J. Lyons.
8.	G. C. Nordinger.	20.	Frank K. Bowers.
9.	Charles E. Heydt.	21.	Moses M. McKee.
10.	Clarence H. Fay.	22.	John A. Bolles.
11.	C. H. Griffiths.	23.	C. H. Woodward.
12.	John S. Shea.		

These designations and nominations were made by the Democrats:

For Congress.

Dist.		Dist.	
11.	D. J. Riordan.	17.	H. C. Poll, Jr.
12.	H. M. Goldfogle.	18.	John F. Carow.
13.	C. D. Sullivan.	19.	Joseph Rowan.
14.	F. H. La Guardia.	20.	Isaac Siegel.
15.	P. J. Dooling.	21.	J. F. Donovan.
16.	Thomas F. Smith.	22.	A. J. Griffin.

For State Senate.

Dist.		Dist.	
12.	J. J. Walker.	17.	Julius Miller.
13.	J. J. Boylan.	18.	S. A. Cottilo.
14.	B. Downing.	19.	E. J. Dowling.
15.	A. Kaplan.	20.	W. C. Dodge.
16.	J. A. Foley.		

For Assembly.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	P. J. Hamill.	12.	Martin G. McCue.
2.	C. B. F. Barra.	13.	John J. Cronin.
3.	P. P. McElligott.	14.	Mark Goldberg.
4.	S. Dickstein.	16.	Maurice Bloch.
5.	C. D. Donohue.	17.	Alexander Fox.
6.	Sol Ullman.	18.	O. M. Kiernan.
7.	Mary M. Lilly.	19.	Martin J. Healy.
8.	Herman Weiss.	20.	C. A. Vitter.
9.	P. A. Walter.	21.	Isaac Fuld.
10.	H. W. Schnobel.	23.	B. A. Burston.
11.	Leo A. Kahn.		

For Board of Aldermen.

9. Thomas H. O'Kane.

For Municipal Court.

4. Edward F. Boyle.

For State Committee.

1.	T. F. Foley.	12.	C. F. Murphy.
2.	H. C. Perry.	13.	J. H. O'Connell.
8.	William Dalton.	14.	John V. Coggey.
4.	John F. Ahearn.	15.	Stephen Ruddy.
5.	P. J. Dooling.	17.	Samuel Marks.
6.	David Lazarus.	18.	N. J. Hayes.
7.	James J. Hagan.	19.	William Allen.
8.	S. Goldenkranz.	20.	M. Mulvihill.
9.	R. D. Williams.	21.	E. P. Holahan.
10.	G. L. Donnellan.	23.	John Mara.
11.	John F. Galvin.		

SENATOR OWEN RENOMINATED.

Nearly All Oklahoma Congressmen Renamed by Their Parties.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Aug. 6.—Early returns from over the State indicated tonight that Senator Robert L. Owen had been renominated by a large majority, only a few counties giving Robert Galbraith of Tulsa, his only opponent on the Democratic ticket, a vote.

All the present Congressmen appear to have been renominated on the face of early returns. Dick T. Morgan and T. A. Chandler, Republicans, and Representative Scott Ferris, Democrat, had no opposition.

In the First District, now represented by Chandler E. B. Howard, State Auditor, appears to be nominated by the Democrats over James S. Davenport. Scattering counts from all sections of the State make practically certain the nomination of J. B. A. Robertson, Oklahoma City, for Governor on the Democratic ticket.

FOLK LEADS IN RACE.

Slightly Ahead of Wilfley in Senatorial Primary.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 6.—Scattering returns received from 25 of the 114 counties in the State give Joseph W. Folk a lead of 3,300 over Xenophon Wilfley in the State for the Democratic nomination for United States Senator.

Early returns showed Judge Seiden P. Spencer of St. Louis, and Jay L. Torrey of Fruitville, running a close race for the Republican nomination.

Representative W. P. Borland, for ten years in Congress from the Kansas City district, has been defeated for renomination.

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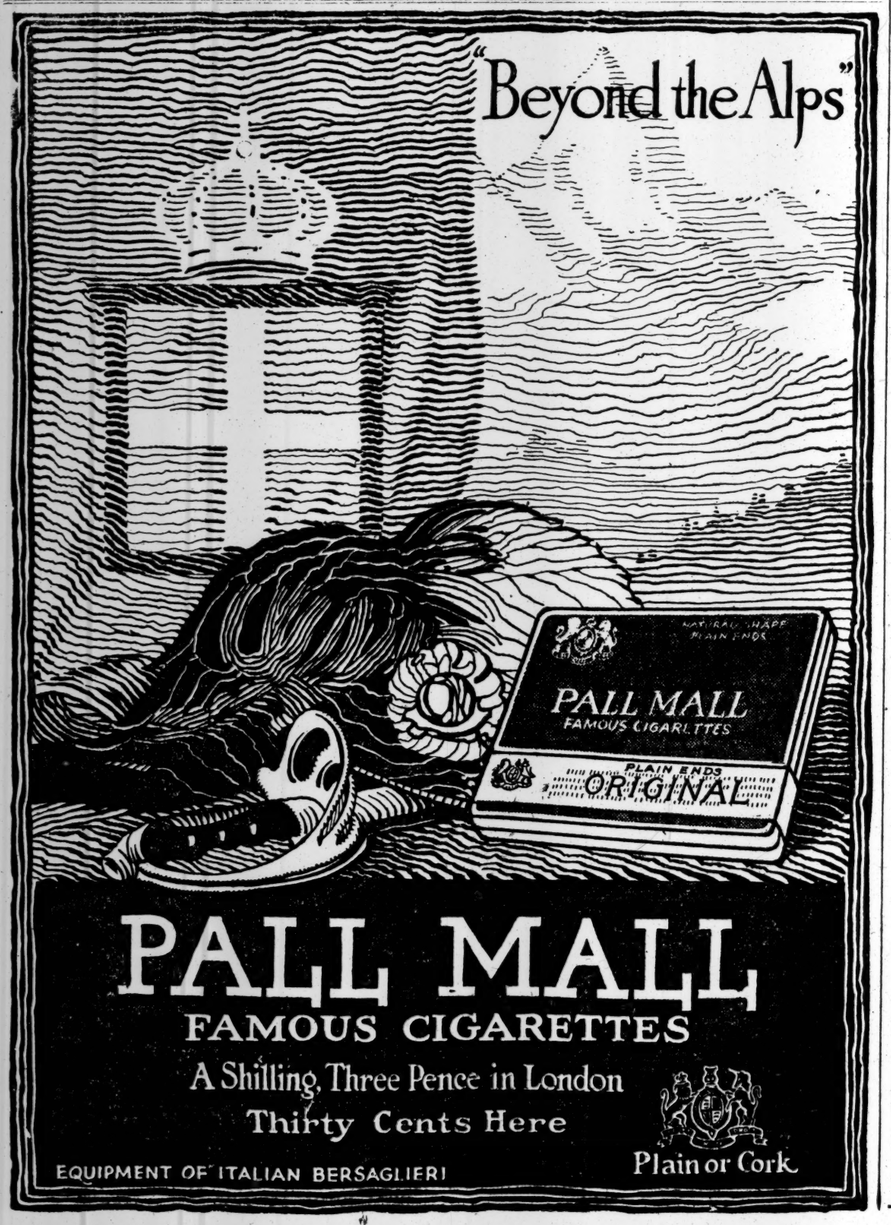

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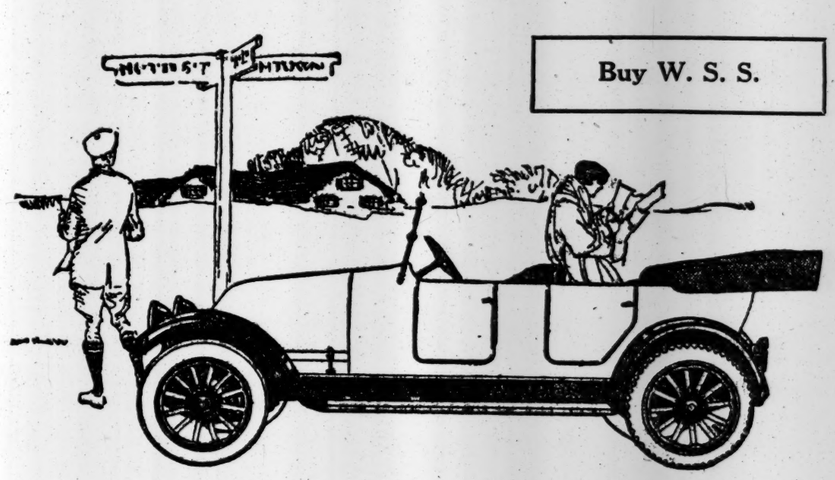

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To know that—take it out on the rough and rutty roads. Take it over the bumps—just as you'll have to, after you own it.

Franklin riding-comfort escapes the adjectives. It must be felt—not read about. It simply means the difference between frequent jouncing and a smooth, invigorating ride—on *any* road.

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BOX OFFICE OPENS TODAY.

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A Musical Comedy Masterpiece OH, LADY! LADY!!
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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REBATES, ALWAYS REBATES.

For some reason not clear, the Interstate Commerce Commission is not made party with the railways and the shippers who are indicted as conspirators in restraint of trade. That the greatest railways and largest shippers should conspire to restrain the trade which they profit by increasing is an absurdity comparable only to the omission to indict those who, in fact, are responsible for doing what the railways and shippers are charged with doing. To put the point plainly, there has been no such restraint of trade practiced by anybody as by those who have thought to declare an economic revolution by repealing the common law regulating competition by "trusts" and railways.

The two sets of laws are alike in being failures for the same reason. Both the anti-trust and anti-railway laws were directed against hypothetical evils for theoretical reasons. Both sets of laws ignored the real evils resulting from such legislation, and attempted to substitute invented remedies for evils for which there already existed economic and penal remedies ranging all the way from bankruptcy to jail, if the acts alleged were proved, and were of the sort alleged against the trusts and the railways. There were and are under the common law remedies enough for conspiracy against good morals and to the public detriment. But the anti-railway and anti-trust laws invented crimes which were purely statutory and provided remedies as fanciful as the supposititious evils. The sort of rebates which are immoral and contrary to public interest should be forbidden, but not the sort which are consistent with universal and immemorial business practice.

One of the first decisions of the Interstate Commerce Commission, in 1887, covered the very point raised in the indictments reported yesterday. A railway allowed shippers 10 per cent. discount when the business was presented in lots of trainloads. There were economies and profits on both sides. It is merely the familiar custom of allowing a lower price on wholesale trade. But in 1887 there were only two shippers capable of doing business on that scale, and the rebate was disallowed on the theory that, if the discount were allowed, the smaller dealers might be driven out of business. It did not seem to occur to anybody that the disallowance of the rebate worked to prevent the smaller dealers from combining their shipments and obtaining for themselves and their trade the advantage denied to the large-scale business. If the railways had been allowed to pool their business, they would not have had to compete excessively for business. If the small shippers had been allowed to pool their shipments, there would have been an equality of advantage and a gain to the public of the lower rate. But pooling was forbidden to both, all rebates were forbidden, and regulation was substituted. The result is that rebates were driven underground, and we have had regulation without the economic checks which honest competition would have provided. Regulation went to excess just as cutthroat competition had gone to excess. We have had too low rates reached by different routes which arrived at the same destination—reduction of facilities and destruction of railway credit.

All rebates are not good, any more than all regulation is bad. Good regulation and honest rebates are compatible, but not under the sort of regulation which it has taken us thirty years to find out that we do not want. Regulation needs a rule of reason and morality such as the Supreme Court provided for the trusts, after business had completed the economic education of the court, and the court had recoiled from an earlier destructive attempt to give effect to enactments of the "professional agitators, financial pirates, labor unions, and prosecutors at Washington." If the language seems extreme, it should be pardoned to the State Public Utility Commissioner, who used the words upon his discovery of what his colleagues need to discover.

Confining discussion to the Federal regulators, it may be asked in all candor if they do not now think that they gave too much attention to the mere reduction of rates, and too little attention to the recasting of the railway rate system in accordance with the common law regulating common carriers respecting both their trade and their rates. Railways cut their own throats with rebates and discriminated between customers in a manner equally immoral and destructive to trade. The rebates should have been regulated, not forbidden, for rebates are one form of that sort of competition which is the life of trade, not its death. The worst form of rebate is not that practiced by the big shippers. It is that encouraged by the Commission and applauded as patriotic. When a rate is made too low for the sake of creating traffic which could not exist without the too low rate, a rebate is given to one commodity which drives another out of its rightful market. When a rate is made too low for the sake of enlarging the market of specific producers, a rebate is given such as boards of trade fight for, regardless of the effect on the railways, or of the uneconomic competition of their city with other cities. When short-haul rates are regulated by proportion to too low long-haul rates, according to which little or no traffic may move, there is an uneconomic and destructive rebate given, with the help of the Commission and those who are more considerate of their local interests than of the general interest. The indicted rebaters have committed, apparently, a statutory crime, but it is of a sort which neither shocks nor surprises traders of any sort who do the same thing daily. The Commission neither discovered nor regulated the rebates, being blind on the rebate side and short-sighted on the rate side. Instead of taking a universal, birdseye view of its task, it confined itself to reducing rates, often by concealed rebates, in unwholesome stimulation of trade without a right to exist in that manner. After thirty years rebates exist, and the railway rate structure abounds with uneconomic schedules, such as are obnoxious to the common law, although esteemed in patriotic stimulation of trade by those taking a view as purblind as that of the lawmakers and regulators, State and Federal.

CHAIRMAN DENT AND THE DRAFT AMENDMENT.

When the Army Appropriation bill, which carried $12,000,000,000 and gave the President authority to increase the army to any size, was up for consideration in the House on May 28, Chairman DENT of the Military Affairs Committee called for the passage of the measure immediately. Mr. DENT has sometimes been criticised for delaying, if not obstructing, necessary army legislation. This was the case when he opposed the Kahn amendment to the Hay Army bill providing for an increase of the regular army to 178,000 in March, 1916.

After the entrance of the United States into the war, Chairman DENT did not always show alacrity in dealing with army bills recommended by the General Staff and approved by the Administration. On April 24, 1917, Governor CORNWELL of West Virginia, in a telegram urging Representatives from that State to stand by the President, singled out Mr. DENT as an obstructionist. His record since April, 1917, contains, however, more than one example like that of his vigorous support of the Army Appropriation bill in May last, and he should have credit for the best intentions, even if he has sometimes been slow to take professional advice and act upon it.

At present Chairman DENT is rather cool to General CROWDER'S appeal to pass the bill changing the draft ages with the least possible delay. Mr. DENT is in no hurry. "I'll not let General CROWDER tell me what to do," he says. The Provost Marshal General has no desire to dictate to Chairman DENT, but in a letter to the Chief of Staff, which Mr. CHAMBERLAIN read on the floor of the Senate Monday, General CROWDER made out an irrefutable case for promptness in the passage of the bill. How can any responsible legislator read that letter and fail to confess its stern logic? General CROWDER hopes that the measure will become a law in time to make Sept. 5 a registration day. Chairman DENT does not seem to be very sympathetic. In the Senate, Mr. CHAMBERLAIN is moving with characteristic zeal. He has called his committee together. Mr. DENT has not followed the example. He demurs. Let the House automatically reassemble on Aug. 19! "There are very few committee members here," he says, "and I do not think that I could get the others here. I hardly think I will call them before Aug. 19." In short, Mr. DENT balks in the trail. There appears to be a motive. The Chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee has, with a certain condescension, made this statement:

> I have told the President and the Secretary of War that I would be willing to raise and lower the limits whenever necessary to help win the war, but I wish it to be necessary, and I prefer to raise them before lowering them.

That is to say, Mr. DENT is among those who are lukewarm toward the proposal to introduce men "too young to fight" into the war, deliberately ignoring the lessons of American history and the practice of our allies in Europe. Scrutiny of General CROWDER'S letter is recommended to Chairman DENT. He will find in that document very good reasons to change his mind. It would be a matter of regret if the Hon. S. HUBERT DENT, Jr., failed in this emergency to meet the expectations of those who see in his war record much to commend, if occasionally somewhat out of pitch and out of tune. We do not despair of his coming round to General CROWDER'S point of view and exerting himself to get the House into line with the Senate, for it is to be noted that, while Mr. DENT bristles to General CROWDER, he says that "if the President and the Secretary of War make such a request, [that the bill in question be speeded to passage,] that's a different matter." There is no doubt where Mr. WILSON and Mr. BAKER stand.

THE BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

All Americans will rejoice that Lord READING, who recently left these shores for a return voyage, has safely reached an English port. They will be equally unanimous and cordial in expressing the hope that his return to England may prove to be but a temporary and brief interruption of his extraordinarily useful and valuable labors as Ambassador of the British Government at Washington.

The service Lord READING so ably rendered to his own Government, to our Government, and to all the Allies during the few months of his presence here was of the highest order of diplomacy and statesmanship. It was an indispensable service. He saw clearly that swift transportation across the Atlantic of American troops in large numbers and of American foodstuffs in an enormous volume was the vital need of the hour. With his remarkable genius for the solution of business problems, his capacity for the co-ordination of effort, he was able to make the resources of Great Britain and the United States supplement each other in a wonderful manner, with the result that British shipping has made American armies and American supplies promptly available for the reinforcement and sustenance of the allied forces in the field. He made more effective all the forces of British war service in this country, avoiding waste of effort among the innumerable agencies for the purchase of supplies and for the provision of transports, and in the field of financial relations his work and his counsel have been highly appreciated.

While Lord READING has been an Ambassador for serious service, and not for ceremony, he has found time to address audiences in half a dozen of our principal cities, he has become known to our people. His relations with all the officers of our Government, from the highest, have been most cordial and agreeable, and he has been on the best of terms with the representatives of all the allied Powers in this country. Americans may well feel that Lord READING has been in no exclusive sense a representative of Great Britain, since it is in no inconsiderable measure due to his ability and his labors that the United States has been able in so short a time to fill so large a place among the forces arrayed against the enemy. If our desire for the speedy return of an Ambassador who has so well served both nations is, therefore, not altogether unselfish, it is none the less a very warm and sincere desire.

THE OUTLAW.

The same day brought the news of two characteristic German exploits, the torpedoing of the ambulance transport Warilda, with a loss of 123 lives, and the sinking by shellfire, without warning, of the Norwegian bark Eglinton, with a loss of all on board except one. In the interest of her mercantile marine, Germany has long made a practice of sinking neutral ships. To the ships and sailors of Norway she has given particular attention. The case of the Eglinton is perfectly illustrative of German sea-manners and sea-morals. Without notice, the submarine opens fire on the unprotected bark, shoots away the rigging and sails, breaks the tackle of a lifeboat which the sailors are lowering. They try to get another boat, made fast on top of the deckhouse. The Germans fire at them point blank. The Captain's right arm is ripped up by a piece of shrapnel. One of the steward's legs is shot off. An able seaman is shot in the back. They succeed in getting a raft into the water. Six of the crew slide down a rope and reach the raft. Three are picked up out of the water.

The sea is choppy. The wind is high. The submarine cruises around the raft and her commander watches the nine hapless sailors. He decides, evidently, that conditions of wind and water will probably make the sinking "traceless" without any more bother on his part. The sailor shot in the back dies. The second mate dies. The Captain dies. On the fourth day only the chief mate and one sailor are left. The chief mate dies, mad, that night. Delirious, and just on the edge of death, after drifting nine days on the raft, the sole survivor is picked up by a patrol. Such is the humanity of the German tribes.

A hospital ship, like a hospital, is a target that the German heroes cannot resist. There were 800 wounded soldiers, a great number of them lying helpless in their cots, on the Warilda when she was torpedoed in the darkness of the small hours Saturday morning. To kill the wounded, to kill nurses—what a supreme satisfaction to the German mind, what a triumph of German valor and will-to-victory! Only a few of the woman nurses were slain, less than one-sixth of the wounded. But, if fortune prevented the full consummation of the glorious design, none the less it was a piece of right German prowess, and the commander of the submarine deserves to be decorated with the Order of the Old Man of the Mountain. Scientific continuators of the sect of the Assassins, the Germans do deliberately on land and sea what the devotees of the Sheik-al-Jebal had to be stupefied with hashish before doing.

Thus, every day adds to the crimes for which Germany stands outlawed among the nations. At this very moment, peddler as well as assassin, murdering indifferently to extend her trade, she is pondering how to get a share of raw materials after the war, is nursing grandiose plans for land and sea borne commerce, is organizing to grasp the profits of her robberies, devastations, and massacres. The cup of her abominations runs over. Where has she a friend? Who in the free world today would shake a German hand red with the blood of many nations? If peace came tomorrow, who would sail on a German ship? Who would do business with a nation of word-breakers, a nation of fraud and cruelty and murder?

NEWSPAPER CURTAILMENT.

Why should the War Industries Board attempt to dictate to the newspapers how they should reduce their size, the class of matter they must omit in order to reduce their consumption of white paper to meet the Government requirement? The end sought, as we understand it, is to cut down white paper consumption in order that the overburdened railroads may have some slight relief. Would not that end have been attained had the order gone forth that tonnage consumed must be reduced by 15 per cent. or 20 per cent., or whatever the requirement might be, leaving each newspaper to determine in its own way how the saving should be accomplished? We are sure that the ends of impartial justice and the interests alike of the public and the newspapers would have been better served by such an order than by the regulations just issued by the Pulp and Paper Section of the Board.

The curtailment is to be entirely of reading matter, 5 per cent. up to 50 columns, 15 per cent. of the matter above 50 columns and not over 70 columns, 30 per cent. above 70 columns and not over 90 columns, and so on. Under this regulation everything is classed as reading matter that is not paid advertising. But is paid advertising sacred to the Government? It is not so to the newspapers. The prosperity of a newspaper is based upon the satisfaction and confidence of its readers. When readers have come to it in large numbers, when a considerable circulation has been reached, then advertising comes. But many a newspaper would much prefer to abridge its advertising rather than to curtail its reading matter, which is its life and soul. The reduction order is drastic; in many cases it will be difficult to meet the requirement without sacrifice of value to the reader, while a diminution accomplished in part by omitting advertising and in part by printing less reading matter would have left everybody satisfied. The newspapers themselves, not the Government, should determine how the reduction of news print consumption is to be accomplished.

It is unfortunate that these regulations were issued at the moment when the casualty lists from the front demand a large amount of space from the newspapers. THE TIMES of yesterday gave nearly ten columns to these lists, and this pressure upon newspaper space is likely to continue for some time. In the interest of the public, of the Government and the prosecution of the war, would it not have been well for the War Industries Board to omit casualty lists from the reading matter classification in order that no newspaper should be tempted to save space by trenching on what we may properly call sacred ground?

The board has gone too far in ruling "that during the war no newspaper shall be established." The Government has no such power, not even under the utmost stretching of authority in time of war. Every citizen, subject to his responsibilities under the law, has the constitutional right to speak his mind, through a newspaper or otherwise, in time of war or peace. It is reasonably certain that the establishment of a newspaper in these times would be a business imprudence; no new publications are likely to be put forth. The War Industries Board might with perfect security have left that matter to take care of itself. There has been quite enough of stretching and expansion of law under the excuse of war necessity. The Constitution as it is written confers all needed power. It will be better not to meddle with its safeguards.

MINERS AND OPERATORS.

At a meeting in Wilkes-Barre of representatives of local unions of the United Mine Workers of America "anthracite operators were charged "with deliberately restricting the out-"put of coal and with imposing "unfair conditions on workers." Speeches even hotter than the day were made, and resolutions were passed asking for an increase in wages and blaming the operators "for the threatened coal crisis." Among the crimes charged against the operators is their maintenance of a publicity bureau which has advertised that increased production of coal is necessary and that there is a shortage of labor.

There is a shortage of coal, and everybody knows it. Increased production is necessary, and everybody knows it. Whether there is a shortage of labor or not, some of the workers so eager for an increase in wages don't appear to be eager to increase production.

This is no controversy between miners and operators. Our allies have got to have coal. The American people have got to have coal. It is a war necessity. It is a national necessity. Anybody, miner or operator, who is not doing his level best to enlarge the output of coal is a dangerous "slacker." He is more than that; he is a public enemy.

The country cannot warm itself by fiery resolutions. It is more than time for the authorities in Washington to deal summarily with this intolerable form of shirking, this wanton avoidance of a duty to this nation and our allies. It will not do to allow strikes to be fomented or labor agitators, either by design or wantonly, to clog the progress of the war, to starve industry, and to threaten the health and comfort of the American people. These troubles should be settled by an instant and a firm hand. If miners won't work, make them fight.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Lenience Hardly Deserved.

One can easily imagine what would happen in Prussia—or in any other part of Germany, for that matter—if considerable numbers of soldiers should overstay their leaves at the time when units to which they belonged were starting under orders for the front. The result would not be an appeal for help to the general public, and the higher military authorities, in making known the existence of such derelictions, would not speak of them with kindly tolerance as about what was to be expected from men with a lot of sightseeing to do and many friends to whom they had to bid an affectionate farewell.

Instead, if anything at all were said, it would take the form of a stern warning as to the penalties of desertion in warftime, and this would be addressed, not to the public, but to the soldiers themselves. More probably, instead of words, there would be instant action, first against the soldiers who could forget a part so important of their duty, and then against any civilians who in any way or to any degree participated in their guilt.

This, however, is not Prussia, or even the part of Germany that is German instead of Wendish, and certainly we do not want to have a lot of young fellows either shot or hanged for an offense which in a great majority of cases is the result of nothing worse than carelessness—of a failure as yet to realize the extreme seriousness of the work this country has undertaken. Too many besides the boys who are overstaying leave show a like inappreciation of the fact that we are in a great war, on the outcome of which depends the fate of the United States no less than that of Europe, to make it just or desirable that mere youthful carelessness should be punished with the culmination of severity.

Nevertheless, it is not a trivial misdemeanor for a soldier to be left behind when his company or regiment sails for the other side, and the civilian, even though she be a wife, mother, or sweetheart, who encourages or permits such a grave transgression of law and duty forfeits all right to the respect of decently patriotic people.

Speed Limits Seemingly Abrogated.

If it was correctly reported, the decision of County Judge SMITH, rendered this week at Mineola in the case of a man who had appealed from a conviction before a Justice of the Peace, seems to make it practically discretionary with automobilists whether they shall break or observe laws and ordinances that fix a limit of speed at which they may run their cars. For the Judge—again if correctly reported—declared that the question at issue was not whether the man before him had exceeded the legal speed for that part of Long Island, but whether he had driven his car recklessly. That, the defendant insisted, he had not done, and the Judge, after hearing the facts as stated by the accusing policeman and as admitted by the object of his accusation, agreed with the latter and dismissed the case.

Whether or not this decision will stand remains to be seen. Should it do so, the automobilist apparently could go as fast as he pleased, or as in his judgment the circumstances of time and place made safe for himself and others, and he would incur penalties only when the consequences of his speed proved his judgment wrong.

That is a system of regulation that has its advocates, and it seems to work well enough in some parts of the country, but in this vicinity the weight of expert opinion has been in favor of fixed limits of speed, varying arbitrarily as between city and country. Such laws have the disadvantage of giving a sort of permission to go at the legal rate, even though, as often happens, it is not a safe one. And it is a fact that even four miles an hour may be reckless driving, while, when the conditions are different, forty or fifty may be reasonably safe.

BATTERY PARK.

For More Construction and Less Destruction by the Government.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The bestowal of the Battery Park on the United States military authorities to house its administrative forces is in keeping with the worst traditions of official action in this respect of this city. There seems to be neither realization nor regret at this step by those whose duty it should be to preserve the few remaining oases in the desert of lower New York, the choicest of which will be thus obliterated forever. This endowment corresponds in fatuity with the ever to be regretted one, for the benefit also of the Government—the act of topographical mayhem by which as a result the Mullett proboscis was grafted upon what was previously the most becoming feature of the City Hall Park. In a way this act will compensate for the moment the war obsessed iconoclasts for their failure to make a "No Man's Land" of a section of Central Park on a similar plea of patriotic sacrifice which was happily proved to be unnecessary before its was consummated.

Did the careful "survey" of available unoccupied space in this location which we are told preceded this selection include that of the plant of the emigration service on Ellis Island, a form of activity now numbered among the nonessential industries? Is it not possible that there might have been found available there the 350,000 square feet of floor space required for the Government's purpose? Is it any reason for not considering this site that less "construction" and no "destruction" would result from its selection?

JOHN P. DAVIN, M. D.
New York, Aug. 3, 1918.

Mr. Bennett and the Golden Rule.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps no part of the general public should blame a professional writer for multiplying words, but it does seem as if Arnold Bennett had been a bit too lavish in this respect, at a time when civilized patriots are supposed to conserve. If he is as sincere as he begs to be thought he must be considered as anxious to show all the world how faithfully it must apply the Golden Rule to the German peoples directly they have been deprived of their despotic, barbaric, or insane Government. In the light of all the behavior of these peoples, individually and collectively, including the Turk, this ethical (?) concern of Mr. Bennett strikes us as untimely, uncalled-for, and downright silly. There is very little danger that the Kaiser worshippers will receive from their enemies any damage commensurate with their criminal deserts as known to have accumulated in Belgium, Armenia, France, Russia, and Italy during the four years of Germany's abhorrent war-making.

It would be rather a matter of some value—ethical, moral, and Christian—if our talented authors would devote in their newspaper contributions their special attention to the needs of the great populations of invaded and devastated countries, in the interest of unnumbered sufferers there, and leave to the loyal armies of Christian civilization the proper adjustments which happily rest with them.

Even the Golden Rule does not eliminate rebuke and punishment, as its author very clearly demonstrated.

JOHN HUTCHINSON.
New York, Aug. 4, 1918.

The Enemy Alien in Business.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I should like to call attention to one point which seems to have escaped the attention of officials in dealing with enemy aliens. It is this: Under the existing regulations these enemy aliens, unless they are found guilty of disloyalty or of spreading propaganda, are allowed comparative freedom in their actions; they are permitted to engage in business, to follow their usual occupations, &c. This means that they are not only exempted from army service, not only do they have their lives spared, not only are they free from restraint in any shape or form, but they are actually permitted to snap up and fill good positions which have been left open by loyal Americans who have gone to the front. Is this fair? They are not only exempted from all care and war work but actually have every advantage over Americans who have been forced by the exigencies of war to give up positions, comfort, home, and risk their lives on the battlefields of Europe! Such an arrangement actually puts a premium upon enemy aliens and permits them to gain every advantage over Americans now in the field. Should not, and something be done to put an end to this outrageous scheme of things?

New York, Aug. 3, 1918. LOYAL.

The Enemy View.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Ever since we went to war the Germans have said that Americans are a boorish lot, that they could never fight, they didn't know how, and never could hope to learn. Now, le voila! The Teuton is justified, as he always is. On every hand the battle fields of France are disgraced with our blundering. In every field, in every road, and forest our men break all the rules of conflict. They are too violent, they have neither manner nor manners! Now a barrage, for instance, that is laid down to stop at, it is verboten, but Americans advance straight through it, the Devilhounds! Take the matter of being a prisoner, you never know whether you have got your man, or you haven't. Trudging quietly along the roads of France, your prisoner in front of you, disarmed, helpless, suddenly he turns and throttles one with his bare hands, the Indian! And did you hear of the boat on the Marne? A nice little canvas boat it was, and a bunch of Germans were traveling to the north shore in it with an American captive. And what did the fool do? As sudden as a subway guard when the fuse takes fire and he cries "All out here!" the American rocked the boat! Into the water went everybody and back to his shore swam the idiotic Yankee, Gott strafe him! Have we not always been told that only a fool rocks a boat?

ANNA RUTH WEEKS.
New York City, July 27, 1918.

A Picture for Frau Meter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it not have been more appropriate if, instead of his picture alone, the Kaiser had sent Frau Meter, the bereaved mother of nine dead sons, a family group of himself and his own six, safety-first, Hohenzollern group?

HENRY T. FINCK.
Bethel, Me., Aug 1, 1918.

IT MUST NOT BE.

It must not be
That only those who lie
Safe in their rest beneath the Flanders sky
Or under soil of France
Shall win the tears
And storied acclamation of the years,
While all these others,
Battle-brothers,
Who, when the war is ended, will return
To drag out shattered days,
Are soon forgot!
These offered all for what they thought you prized,
And gained wounds, weakness,
A brief season's fame
From your poor plaudits—
It should be your shame
If ever you grow careless of their lot.
Yet I have seen the veterans of old wars
Wait in the curbstone hurry
Of some street,
Dependent for the very bread they eat
On fickle bounty of a thoughtless crowd,
Till I have felt my soul cry out aloud:
"These are your heroes equal with the dead
Who suffered once; these suffer every day.
It was for you these also strove and bled,
Believing that they gave
To keep you free!"
And now—*Shall This Thing Be?*

EDNA MEAD.

SAVED BONES OF ST. REMY.

French Officers Rescue Casket from Bombarded Rheims Church.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—The casket containing the bones of St. Remy, patron saint of Rheims, has just been saved from destruction by fire as the result of the German bombardment of the city. The bones of St. Remy, who baptized Clovis and after whom Rheims took her name, were inclosed in the casket, which had lain for centuries in the church of the same name. After the cathedral at Rheims, which has shrined many of the greatest events in French history, the Church of St. Remy was the most famous spot in the martyr city. It was a masterpiece of French religious art of the thirteenth century.

The Germans during the last week had showered shells on it with diabolical persistence. Today the Church of St. Remy is nothing but a heap of blackened ruins.

While the bombardment was at its height three French officers who were passing through the streets suddenly noticed that the church was on fire. One of them instantly thought of the casket containing St. Remy's bones, the most precious religious relics, perhaps, in all France.

In spite of the danger from falling timbers, they penetrated the church and reached the crypt. Here they found the casket containing the relics, which is an elaborately gilded structure in the form of a model of a cathedral, buried under the débris, but still unharmed.

By herculean effort the officers succeeded in lifting the casket on their shoulders and conveyed it to the roadway in front of the church. Subsequently it was placed on a military wagon and taken to Chalons, where it was handed over to the custody of the Bishop of that see.

FALSE TALES OF FIGHTERS.

Red Cross Warns of Impostors with Stories of Wounded Men.

The latest project of enemy agents to cause distress in the families of soldiers and sailors is to send bogus agents, posing as representatives of the American Red Cross, to the homes of men known to be overseas to report that a son, father, or near relative has been killed or seriously wounded in France. The Bureau of Civilian Relief of the Red Cross yesterday sent out a countrywide alarm to Red Cross chapters to be on the alert to defeat any future activity of this kind. Within the last forty-eight hours five instances of false casualty reports, all from Queens County, have been brought to the attention of the Red Cross. In each instance a family with a son in France was informed that the son had been killed and that the Government was withholding the information.

"The American Red Cross," a statement issued yesterday reads, "wishes to emphasize the fact that no information of this kind is given out by the organization. The War Department reserves to itself the right to announce, by wire or mail, the news of casualties, and this information is so issued before it is sent to either the Red Cross or to the newspapers. Details of the death or injury can later be obtained by the Red Cross, but the first announcement must go through the War Department to the bereaved relatives."

The spreading of these false casualty reports is now being investigated by the Department of Justice.

The Red Cross was enriched by $200 yesterday as a result of the effort of somebody, who is unknown to the Department of Justice to bribe an official of one of the New York district draft boards. On April 4 Dr. Herman Hellenstein of Board 104 in East Fourth Street, found the money on his desk.

Rufus W. Apragué, the head of the New York Enemy Alien Bureau, recommended yesterday the internment for the period of the war of Hans Jacobson and Kurt Courant, German subjects, who have confessed that prior to this country's entrance into the war they were active agents of the German spy system in this country. L. Verchovski, an Austrian subject, was brought to New York from Orangeburg, N. Y., yesterday and arraigned before Mr. Sprague charged with threatening the life of a Hungarian subject, who expressed a desire to help the cause of the Czechoslovaks. The man is being held pending further investigation.

Jose Romano Diaz, a Mexican, was convicted in the Federal Court yesterday of publishing in Spanish seditious articles against the United States. He was sentenced to serve three years each on three counts in the Atlanta Penitentiary. Gustav Stahl, who shortly after the Lusitania was sunk, made an affidavit stating that he had seen guns on the steamship just before she started on her last voyage, and who was convicted of perjury and served eighteen months in the Atlanta penitentiary, was rearrested by agents of the Department of Justice yesterday. He is charged with having uttered pro-German sentiments.

SAYS PACKERS OBEYED LAW.

Felder Cites Hepburn Act in Defense of Indicted Companies.

Thomas B. Felder, attorney for Armour & Co. and the Jersey City Stock Yards Company, indicted with Swift & Co. and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company Monday on charges of illegally accepting and receiving rebates, said yesterday that his clients were engaged in the prosecution of a perfectly legitimate business and that they had violated no law, "as will be shown when the case comes on to be tried."

"Under Section 15 of the Elkins-Hepburn act, as amended in 1906," said Colonel Felder, "it is expressly provided that it is no violation of law for shippers to receive compensation from railroad companies when they furnish agencies and instrumentalities for handling live stock, as was the practice of these defendants in this case.

"I may state in this connection that my information is that all of the stock yards throughout the country, with the possible exception of Chicago, are owned and operated very much as these are, and if there should be a conviction of the defendants in this case it would result in a complete demoralization of the business."

PEERESS TO CLAIM SEAT.

Lady Rhondda Will Assert Right in the House of Lords.

LONDON, July 26, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—Lady Rhondda, widow of Viscount Rhondda, British Food Controller, proposes to claim her rights as a peeress to sit in the House of Lords, according to a report published by The Manchester Guardian. She is an energetic believer in the principle of equality between the sexes and has long assisted in efforts to make British practice in such matters square with traditional theories.

Lady Rhondda will have to prove her succession to the satisfaction of the Lord Chancellor, the Crown Office, and the Committee on Privileges of the House of Lords. Viscount Rhondda left no male heir, his only child being a daughter, Lady Mackworth.

WANTS BAKER'S VIEW OF NEW DRAFT BILL

Senator Chamberlain Says That War Secretary Has Changed Front Recently.

INSISTS CAMPS ARE FULL

Declares It Will Take Six Months to Ship 1,700,000 Men, Now Under Arms in This Country.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs is now considering the Administration Man-Power bill extending the draft ages to 18 to 45 years, inclusive, and is anxious to find out just how the Secretary of War stands on the bill. Mr. Baker is now out of the city, but he will be asked by the committee to come and testify. In June the Secretary was recorded as opposing a change in the ages, and the committee wishes to ascertain what reason he has for changing his mind at this time.

"It is the desire of the committee to find out why this sudden change of front," said Senator Chamberlain today.

General Crowder, the Provost Marshal General, was before the committee today, and General March, the Chief of Staff, will appear tomorrow. General Crowder was asked many questions pertaining to the reservoir of men, but General March and the Secretary will be asked as to questions of policy.

The Senate was generally in favor of raising the ages a few weeks ago, when General Crowder's prediction that Class 1 would soon be exhausted, was made. But at that time the Secretary of War asked that proceedings be delayed until the Administration plans could be embodied in the bill presented yesterday. Now the committee wishes to find out the reasons actuating the delay, and also the alteration of policy.

Some members of the committee said they wished to find out why the War Department was desirous of obtaining so many men, when there were at present some 1,700,000 men in the camps in this country, and why transportation had not been arranged for them.

Senator Chamberlain calculated that at the rate of 300,000 monthly it would take six months to send these men to France.

Ten Senators were present today, including Chamberlain, Hoke Smith, McKellar, Kirby, Fletcher, Sheppard, and Reed, all Democrats, and New, Johnson of California, and Wadsworth, Republicans. There are seventeen men in the full membership of the committee. Senator Chamberlain said that he would do all possible to hurry the bill out of committee, but it is said about the Capitol that it is improbable it will be ready before Monday of next week.

Chairman Dent of the House Military Committee had not altered his intention today not to call his committee together for some time, probably not until Aug. 19, when the House reconvenes for ordinary business.

The sentiment in the House against lowering the draft age below 21 is beginning to spread to the Senate. Senators such as Martin of Virginia, the Democratic leader, and John Walter Smith of Maryland, are opposed to this. They say they do not think men under 21 years should be drafted, and they are vigorously opposed to setting the limit at 18. On the other hand, opposition is developing against drafting men above 40 years old, on the theory that this would disrupt industry.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6, (Associated Press.)—Broader provisions for exemptions have been written into the new Man Power bill, now before Congress, so that the nation's war industrial fabric may not be upset by unduly large withdrawals of men over 32 years of age for military service.

Provost Marshal General Crowder, appearing today before the Senate Military Committee, explained that he had deemed it advisable to substitute the words "occupations and employments" for the word "industries" used in the existing laws in the section affecting industrial exemptions. This would make possible a more liberal interpretation of the law and prevent the induction into the army of many men performing essential work at home and yet not actually in industrial occupations.

NEW MAIL PLANES TESTED.

Six 150 Horse Power Machines Leave Factory for Stations.

Special to The New York Times.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 6.—In the presence of Assistant Postmaster General Otto Praeger and other officials the six mail airplanes recently constructed at the Standard Aircraft plant here departed from the flying field this afternoon, two going to Washington, two to Philadelphia, and two to Belmont Park.

With Mr. Praeger were Captain Benjamin Lipener, Superintendent of the Aerial Mail Division, who had charge of the six aviators; Second Lieut. James C. Edgerton, Aviation Section, Signal Corps, and George L. Connor, Representing the Aero Club of America were Henry Woodhouse, Augustus Post, and Allan R. Hawley. E. N. Norris, Superintendent of Mails of the New York Post Office, also was present.

The aviators were Edward V. Bardner, Robert Shank, Maurice Newton, Edward L. Langley, Max Miller, and Henry Hollingsworth.

The planes are of 150 horse power, and the specifications call for a speed of 100 miles an hour, a rising capacity of 6,000 feet in ten minutes, with a carrying capacity of 300 pounds of mail.

The airplanes that went to Philadelphia left here at 6:30 P. M. and arrived there at 7:10. This is at the rate of 105 miles an hour.

JAM AT RECTOR STREET NOW

Police Asked to Close Thoroughfare to Vehicles in Rush Hours.

The Public Service Commission asked the Police Department yesterday to close Rector Street to vehicular traffic between 8 and 10 o'clock in the mornings and 5 and 7 o'clock in the evenings, so as to leave the way clear for travelers between Manhattan and Brooklyn who want to transfer from the new Seventh Avenue line to the old line to Brooklyn and vice versa. The crush at this point has grown so great as to cause alarm to the commission and Interborough officials. The transfer involves a walk of two short blocks in the open.

As soon as the police can make arrangements, vehicular traffic will be kept out of Rector Street for the four rush hours. It will be only a temporary makeshift and will last only until the shuttle service in Forty-second Street is resumed, which may be within a few days.

Service on the "H" lines kept on improving yesterday, and it was said at the office of the commission that traffic will be moving in a normal way by today, or at the latest tomorrow. That it will be thrown into some disorder again when the shuttle service is resumed is expected, but it is believed that the people, having learned the new ways, will not seek to change them to the point of overtaxing the shuttle trains.

OFFICIAL WELCOME TO ITALIAN EDITORS

Journalists Here to See and Write About America's War Effort Greeted by Mayor Hylan.

LUNCHEON BY COMPATRIOTS

Roman Legion Members Bespeak Fraternity of Nations Long to be Continued.

A visit to Mayor Hylan at the City Hall and a luncheon at the Waldorf were included in yesterday's program of the visiting Italian journalists who are in the United States to make a first-hand study of war work. The luncheon at the Waldorf was given by the Roman Legion of America, and was attended by many prominent Italian residents of the city.

The guests of honor, the official Press Commission from Italy, were Oraglo M. Pedrazi of the Gazetta del Populo, Turin; Franco Taineri of the Giornale d'Italia, Rome; Leonardo Vitetti of the Idea Nationale, Rome; Antonio Azresti of La Tribuna, Rome; Paola Cappa of Avvenire d'Italia, Bologna; Pietro Solari of Il Tempo, Rome, and Aldo Cassuto of the Secolo, Milan.

At the City Hall the members of the party were introduced to the Mayor by Arthur Bennington and Aldo Cassuto.

"It gives me great pleasure to welcome you to our city," said the Mayor. "You have come to this country, I am informed, as the guests of our Government, to make an intensive study so that you may transmit to your people at home some idea of the effort which America is making in the present war. The world should know of the remarkable achievements that our army and navy have accomplished since our entrance into the war.

"Our countrymen have responded generously to every appeal the Government has made, whether it be for money or men in this noble struggle for the preservation of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness throughout the world. The United States has entered this war guided by motives the most noble and unselfish in the history of human warfare and providence. I hope that you will carry back fo the people of Italy the message that America sends to them of good-fellowship and unalterable determination to fight for those principles for which the allied nations are struggling, namely, that the world may be made safe for democracy. I personally extend to you the courtesies of the city, and trust that the object of your visit will be attained and that you will return to your country with the renewed purpose to inform your people of what our great country is doing in the present struggle."

At the Waldorf the leading address was made by Dr. Antonia Stella, President of the Roman Legion of America. Referring to the visiting journalists, he said in part:

"In these gentlemen America greets the heroic people of Italy who for three years have borne the heaviest sacrifices with the greatest courage, who have inflicted the greatest defeat on Austria, and who are fighting for the same purpose and interests as the United States. And just as the comradeship of the men at the front will long continue after their common danger is past, so shall the brotherhood between the United States and Italy, now banded together to crush the organized barbarity of a brutal enemy, be permanent and lasting after the war.

"The dash and bravery of the United States soldiers have confused the enemy and astonished the world. The cry of triumph that comes from the Marne and Soissons is an omen of still greater things to come. We enter the fifth year of war with redoubled hopes of successes."

Captain Giuseppe Bevione, who is also Chief of the Italian Bureau of Public Information in America, as well as a member of the Italian Military Mission for Aeronautics, told the visiting journalists to prepare themselves for great thrills while here. He predicted that they would find a war activity here that would be cause "for astonishment, admiration, and gratitude."

German Bodies Strew Danish Waters

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Fishermen, arriving at harbors on the west coast of Denmark, report having seen a large number of dead bodies of German seamen along this coast, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen today. All the bodies had lifebelts on.

Reduction Sale

To Close This Week

Incomplete Size Range

Misses' Black Button Boots and Low Shoes

Ladies' sizes 2½ to 7

$3.50

Boys' Boots and Oxfords, $3.50

Ladies' Sport Shoes

Formerly Priced

$10.00 to $13.00 - - - - - $9.00

Pumps

Formerly Priced

$9.50 to $12.00 - $6.00 & $8.50

Men's Oxfords

Formerly Priced

$9.00 to $14.00 - - - - - $8.00

No C. O. D. *No Mail Orders*

Not Returnable

J. & J. SLATER

415 Fifth Avenue

ALL CALLED UPON TO DO PART, SAYS DANIELS

Message from Navy Secretary to Garment Retailers Praises Win the War Spirit.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, in a telegram read last night at the first annual dinner of the National Garment Retailers Association, held in the Hotel Astor, heartily commended the organization for its series of "win the war" meetings held in retail stores in this city. Franklin Simon, President of the association, welcomed the 500 men and women present, after which he introduced F. Irving Fletcher as the toastmaster.

Mr. Fletcher said that, in addition to being asked to preside, he was down for some remarks on advertising as it related to the retailer's business in wartime.

"If you stop your advertising in the daily papers," Mr. Fletcher said, "you will put out the home fires. Any suggestion that advertising be cut is tantamount to cutting out business."

Mr. Simon then read Secretary Daniels's telegram, which was as follows:

"Every man and woman in America is called upon to do a part in bringing victory for civilization and humanity in the contest into which our country has whole-heartedly thrown itself. Business men have great opportunities for service, and I commend the National Garment Retailers' Association for the spirit that organization is manifesting in its 'win the war' meetings. Sacrifice must go with service, each is needed, that we may come in time to that day when peace shall reign triumphant with liberty and democracy."

Other speakers were Judge William H. Wadhams, Crawford Vaughan, ex-Premier of South Australia, and J. H. Edwards of the Overseas Y. M. C. A. Miss Grace Llewellyn exhibited a new gown, known as the "Liberty," which at the close of the dinner was auctioned off for the benefit of the Women's Apparel Unit of the Women's Overseas Hospitals, U. S. A.

Earlier in the day the association held its first annual business meeting at the Astor. Herbert E. Peabody of the War Industries Board went over the wool situation as it affects makers of fabrics for civilian wear, and cautioned his hearers that it would be necessary to husband raw wool supplies if the war requirements of the Government and those of the civilian trade were to be met.

'TRADE INDEXING' OUR MEN.

Often Diverted from Their Commands for Special Work Abroad.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN ENGLAND, July 3, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—There are American camps in England where every man who passes through is "trade indexed." This is especially true of one camp, where a large part of the airmen and motor transport forces arrive shortly after debarkation. The records accompanying them show what the men have been doing in civil life, and a further examination of them and a scrutiny of the demands often determine the part they are to take, sometimes only for temporary service, and in some cases for an indefinite period.

From this lot are selected the men who will go into the big repair shops at once. Men experienced in electrical work are sent to stations where their service is needed. Orders for automobile experts are filled and not infrequently the men in command of the station are called upon to supply men for following, for a time at least, exactly the same kind of work they were doing in the United States before their numbers in the draft were called.

A big hospital is being erected at one camp. The money for the material was furnished by the Red Cross. The work is being done by the army. The construction of the buildings is not materially different from that of war hospitals being erected in the United States, and the same class of skilled labor is being used. Experts in the use of cement are working there. Plumbers are doing the same sort of work they were paid to do in the United States; carpenters are employed in doing as high grade labor as could be found anywhere, and the drawing of the plans and specifications was done by architects and engineers. All the men whose work is going into the building have been taken from the rank and file of those who reached camp on their way from the ports of debarkation. They will be held there only so long as their work on the structure is required and then they will rejoin their organizations, unless detailed for other work.

Officers engaged in fixing the trade index of the army have boasted that from the ranks of the National Army there may be found men who can do any class required, from grinding a diamond to working on the rifling of a big gun.

FIGHT SHAM BATTLE FOR THE RED CROSS

Infantry and Artillery Units of Naval Training Brigade Clash at Newport.

GOV. BEECKMAN AT REVIEW

Mrs. C. L. F. Robinson Has Letter from Gen. Pershing Praising Heroism of Son Killed in War.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 6.—A sham battle between infantry and artillery units of the brigade from the Naval Training Station was fought this afternoon at the Westchester Polo Club, for the benefit of the Newport Chapter of the American Red Cross. Besides, there were a stretcher drill by the Hospital Corps Training School, playing by band and bugle squad, and singing. The entertainment attracted many people, who paid 50 cents admission. Tea was served in the clubhouse, netting an additional amount.

The division was in command of Lieutenant J. Borland, drill officer of the training station. When Hazard's Beach was reached, the men set up tents, partook of luncheon, and enjoyed bathing, later resuming their march to the polo field.

The affair was in charge of Mrs. Austen Gray, Chairman of the Entertainment Committee of the Newport Chapter, assisted by Mrs. Herbert M. Harriman, Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Miss Ruth Vanderbilt Twombly, Mrs. Eugene S. Reynald, Mrs. Craig Biddle, Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. William Woodward, Mrs. Oliver Perin, Mrs. King Carley, Mrs. William F. Whitehouse, Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, and Mrs. Whitney Warren.

The review was tendered Governor Beeckman, who came with Mrs. Beeckman, Chairman of the Newport Chapter. Private Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., National Army, came with Miss Dorothy Straub, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Oscar I. Straub of Fort Adams.

Before the sailor boys left cigarettes were passed among them by the women of the committee, who also served them chocolate. About the clubhouse were Captain and Mrs. Edward H. Campbell, Captain and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Miss Marguerite Caperton, Mrs. Edward F. Conklin, Mrs. Clayton G. Dixon, the Misses Tiffany and Winslow, Mr. and Mrs. George Gordon King, Mr. and Mrs. A. Holland Forbes, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Grosvenor, Mrs. William Grosvenor, Mr. and Mrs. William Payne Thompson, and many others.

Mrs. Charles L. F. Robinson has received from General Pershing, commander of the American forces in Europe, a letter praising the heroic conduct of her son, Lieutenant Charles L. F. Robinson, U. S. M. C., who was killed somewhere in France June 6 last. Lieutenant Robinson, whose home was up to the time of his death President of the Colt Fire Arms Company, Hartford, Conn., and prominent in New York Yacht Club affairs, had brought in two of his men wounded and was bringing in the third man, when he was shot.

The army and navy will be largely represented in the boxes at the Newport Horse Show at the Casino Aug. 28, 29, and 30.

Today was one of the hottest days of the Summer, 98 being the temperature in the Casino entrance at noon. Everybody appeared to be at Bailey's Beach during the forenoon and early afternoon, with the temperature 84 in the shade.

A dance was given in St. Mary's Guild Hall, Jamestown, tonight by Summer residents for officers attached to the defenses there.

Mrs. Samuel M. Nicholson of Providence is at the Muenchinger-King for August.

Mrs. W. Goadby Loew and Mrs. Craig Biddle entertained luncheon companies today.

KILLED BY BOMB IN CAMP.

Captain Dead, Three Officers and Six Men Hurt at Beauregard.

ALEXANDRIA, La., Aug. 6.—During hand grenade practice at Camp Beauregard today Captain Arthur A. Dlettel of the 114th Engineers was killed and three Lieutenants, a Sergeant, and five privates were slightly injured.

Details of how the accident occurred and the names of those injured were not available here late today. Dlettel was from New Orleans.

MARRIAGE RUSH CONTINUES.

190 Licenses Were Issued and 81 Couples Wed by City Clerk.

The rush at the Marriage License Bureau continued yesterday. As on the day before, when it was announced that the Man-Power bill would fix the new draft ages from 18 to 45, most of the applicants were either above 31 years old or below 20. Middle-aged men were in the preponderance yesterday.

Monday 190 marriage licenses were issued and eighty-one couples were united by Deputy City Clerk Michael J. Cruise. Of this number forty-two were within the ages of the proposed draft extension.

It was said at the office of the Draft Director last night that all marriages which are contracted as a result of the impending draft legislation will have no effect on the status of the registrants concerned.

SERGT. MONSEN MARRIES.

Explorer's Son Weds Miss Sarah Norbury Gillingham.

The marriage of Frederick Courtney Monsen, a First Sergeant, 39th Division, now at Camp Merritt, a son of Dr. Frederick Imman Monsen, explorer and lecturer of Berkeley, Cal., and this city, and Miss Sarah Norbury Gillingham, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Gillingham of 738 St. Nicholas Avenue, was celebrated at 8 o'clock last evening in the Washington Heights M. E. Church. In the absence of the pastor, the Rev. Dr. J. E. Price, the Rev. Dr. Harry E. Woolever, assistant editor of The Christian Advocate, performed the ceremony in the presence of the relatives.

Miss Gillingham was attended as maid of honor by her sister, Miss Leslie Gillingham, and Mr. Monsen's best man was Clyde L. Eddy, formerly of Berkeley, Cal., but now in the 39th Division. There was no reception.

BE THRIFTY!

BUY

War Savings Stamps

to help win the war

BUY

Sozodont

to save your teeth

WATTERSON'S HOT SHOT AS PAPER IS SOLD

"To Hell with Autocracy," He Says—Remains as Adviser to Judge Bingham, New Owner.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 6.—Control of The Louisville Courier-Journal and The Louisville Times, held by W. N. Haldeman and his sons and Henry Watterson since the foundation of the two papers, passed today into the hands of Judge Robert Worth Bingham of Louisville. Henry Watterson ends his active connection as editor of The Courier-Journal, but will continue to serve in an advisory capacity. W. B. Haldeman, editor of The Times, withdraws from that connection. The announcement indicates that no change of editorial policy is contemplated.

Judge Bingham is a well known lawyer, once Mayor and later Judge. The reason given in the announcement for the transfer of control of the two papers is that the advancing age of the former owners made it seem desirable.

Mr. Watterson will serve the paper as editor emeritus, a title chosen by himself. In an editorial which will appear in tomorrow morning's issue of The Courier-Journal, of which he has been for fifty years, less two months, the editor, he sketches the beginning of his paper in the reconstruction period. Of himself, he says:

"Preferment of every sort he has disdained. It is little perhaps to say that no unclean dollar has ever touched his hand, but it may be said that no dollar has ever reached it that was not fairly earned and may not be publically accounted for. He is not a rich man and has never sought to be. * * *

"It may not be deemed overweening vanity if he takes some pride in the circumstance that he has served at the head of a leading daily newspaper longer by many years than any other person connected with the American press in the larger cities of the United States."

Concluding, he says:

"The world will leave none of us where we were. Its drums and tramplings have already made startling changes. Who could have forecast an alliance between England, France, Italy, and the United States against Germany? When shall it end? It can only end with the overthrow of Kaiserism. Nothing short of a holocaust for Potsdam will suffice. Now and ever, to hell with autocracy! Now, and ever, to hell with the Hohenzollern and the Hapsburg!"

AUSTRIANS SEE DEFEAT.

Superior Man Power Will Crush Central Empires, Vienna Paper Says

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—That man power will be the determining factor in the war and that it is incontestable that the numerical superiority of the Entente is increasing daily, are admissions publicly made in Austria which have caused great despondency throughout the empire, according to advices reaching Washington today through official channels. The admissions are made in the Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna, which says the allied victory on the west front has visibly produced a profound impression among the people. The paper says:

"With adversaries like the Russians, the technical superiority of the Germans was such that the numerical superiority of the Russians was of no importance. On the west, the situation is quite different. Do not let us forget that the French and the American Saxons are, side by side with the Germans, the most civilized peoples in the world, and that they are in a position to turn all modern technical inventions to their own profit. On the other hand, let us take into consideration the invincible spirit which animates the French soldier, the tradition of victory and glory which only these last few years German history has somewhat tarnished.

"This spirit of the French Army, united with the powerful organizing ability of America, gives a value to the armies of the Entente at the very least equal to that of Germany. One must therefore admit that in the west those factors which military and technical value represent do not henceforth play any rôle. Those are advantages which have been neutralized. It therefore results, in contradiction to what happened on the eastern front, that the decisive factor in this war will be man power. Now, it is incontestable that the numerical superiority of the Entente is increasing every day. That is a formal avowal of the inevitable defeat which is awaiting the Central Powers."

That the conclusion of the article was still more alarming is manifest from the fact that the Austrian censor suppressed it, although he allowed the publication of the matter quoted above.

CROWN PRINCES AT ODDS.

Bitterness Engendered by Failure of Their Respective Drives.

PARIS, July 26, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Ill-feeling between the German Crown Prince and Crown Prince Rupprecht had its effect on the German high command in beginning the present offensive between Soissons and Rheims which already has turned into a defeat for the armies commanded by the heir to the Prussian throne.

The German Crown Prince, according to reports, strongly desired that his armies should have the honor of striking the first blow in the offensive of 1918. The Emperor is believed to have lent a favorable ear to the wishes of his son, and early indications were that the German Crown Prince would have another chance to redeem his great failure at Verdun.

Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, whose command is on the northern end of the battleline, however, laid his case directly before the high command, instead of before the Emperor. As a military proposition it was the view of General Ludendorff and his associates that the blow should be struck in the north, and without taking into account the personal issue between the two crown princes the high command decided to attack in the north. The Emperor is said to have assented rather reluctantly, while the German Crown Prince maintained that the main drive should be made further south.

The decision having being made, the big offensive opened in the north in March and received a double check, first east of Amiens and second east of Hazebrouck. This failure gave the German Crown Prince strong support for his plea that the drive should be made against the French lines, and apparently the high command gave its consent.

On May 27 the German Crown Prince struck against the Chemin des Dames and was not halted until the Marne was reached. His next effort to reach Paris by way of the Montdidier-Noyon front was stopped short. His latest effort, begun on July 15, was stopped after three days, and at this writing the Marne salient is slowly being wiped out.

It has been reported that Rupprecht has been compelled to send divisions to the aid of the German Crown Prince, thus probably adding to the bitterness of the pill of defeat which the latter is now having forced upon him by General Foch.

AIR SERVICE TO CHICAGO.

Post Office Department Hopes to Cut the Time in Half.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Daily air mail service between New York and Chicago, cutting the present railroad time in half and bringing the Pacific Coast twelve hours nearer the Atlantic, is planned by the Post Office Department. In announcing today that this probably would be the next move of the air division, however, the department gave notice to persons desiring to finance air mail carrier corporations that no extensions of the service now maintained between New York, Philadelphia, and Washington have been determined upon definitely.

Captain B. B. Lisner, Superintendent of Air Mail Service, and a committee of experts left today for Elizabeth, N. J., to inspect six airplanes built there for the department. As soon as the machines are accepted the department will return to the army the planes with which the service was inaugurated.

READING IN LONDON; WILL RETURN HERE

Ambassador to Explain to His Government American-Japanese Plans in Russia.

TO BE AWAY TILL FALL

Dr. Colville Barclay in Charge of the Embassy at Washington During His Absence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The announcement that the Earl of Reading, British Ambassador and High Commissioner to the United States, had arrived in England, gave the first general knowledge that he had left the United States. The visit of the Ambassador to England was arranged several months ago. He has gone to consult with his Government concerning pending matters and will spend the remainder of the Summer in London and its vicinity.

Fears that Lord Reading might not return to the United States were said by those acquainted with his plans to have no foundation in fact. It was well understood by the United States Government when Lord Reading departed from Washington that his business in England was of a temporary character only.

This Government would feel real concern if Lord Reading should fail to resume his official duties here. He has established the most cordial relations with President Wilson and members of the Administration, and his recall would be regarded as a real deprivation, particularly at this important time, when Lord Reading was working in close harmony with the United States Government in the arrangement of measures for winning the war.

While Lord Reading is in Europe, it was learned here yesterday, the British Embassy in Washington will be in charge of Dr. Colville Barclay, while Sir Richard Crawford will have charge of commercial affairs and Sir Henry Babington Smith, Assistant High Commissioner, will direct the work of the British War Mission in this country.

While no official statement to that effect was obtainable here yesterday afternoon, THE NEW YORK TIMES learned from well-informed British sources that, although Lord Reading's return may have been planned "some months ago," the prime reason for his visit to England at this time is to give a personal explanation to the British Government of just what the understanding between the Governments of the United States and Japan regarding intervention in Russia really means. Lord Reading knows, it is said, the kind of action, if any, President Wilson would like the British and French to take, and that, very likely, is another thing he will tell his Government.

METIN VISITS PRESIDENT.

French Diplomat at White House Praises America's Efforts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Albert Metin of the French Mission to Australia, which arrived in this country last Saturday, was presented to President Wilson today by Ambassador Jusserand. This was the first time M. Metin had seen the President since Mr. Wilson was at Princeton University years ago.

As chief of the mission, the French diplomat expressed the gratitude of the French for the efforts of America in the war. M. Metin served close by the American troops in Lorraine and in last June at the Ourcq.

The President told his caller that there will be no justice in the world until the Allies have organized international justice.

NEW WELCOME FOR OUR MEN

French People Propose to Open Their Homes to Them.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—French homes may be opened to soldiers from America, the British Dominions and the French colonies under plans which are now being studied. Civilian and military authorities have the matter in hand, and it is believed that "Franco-Allied clubs" will be formed so that people unable to open their own homes may meet the Allied soldiers on a social footing. The cooperation already secured warrants the hope that the plans will be rapidly carried into effect.

Premier Clemenceau has given his hearty approval to the idea, saying it was "excellent popular diplomacy."

ANNA HELD IS DELIRIOUS.

Hot Weather Causes Crisis in Actress's Illness from Pneumonia.

The hot weather yesterday brought about a grave turn in the condition of Anna Held, the actress, her physician announced last night. Miss Held was delirious throughout the day and was unable to recognize her daughter. Dr. E. M. Overton of 75 East Fifty-sixth Street said that Miss Held had recovered from the bone disease from which she has been suffering, but is now afflicted with pneumonia.

She was at the crisis of her illness, the physician added, the present stage being the most serious she had undergone. Her temperature was very high last night. Dr. Overton believes that if Miss Held can rally from the attack she will recover her health, though, he said, the delirium might be expected to endure for two days more.

SUFFRAGISTS AGAIN ATTACK PRESIDENT

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

man's Party. The suffragists say she was on the sidewalk and not taking part in the demonstration when one of the policemen said: "There's the leader; get her."

"It is intolerable," said Miss Paul tonight, "that American women cannot ask for a share of the democracy for which we are fighting without having their speakers and even their listeners arrested. The world will look with amazement upon the spectacle. We are ashamed for our nation."

The women were taken away to the police station in patrol wagons. The crowd that witnessed the arrests was orderly and appeared to have mixed feelings. The women were applauded when they attempted to speak. The crowd also applauded when they were arrested. There was no cheering.

Among the suffragists arrested were: Eva Elizabeth Stuyvesant, New York; Pauline Clark, New York; Blanche Archibald McPherson, New York; Gertrude Lynde Crocker, Chicago; Hazel Adams, Brooklyn, N. Y.; May Sullivan, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Cora Crawford, Philadelphia; Dr. Sarah Hunt Lock Rey, Philadelphia; Annie Arniel, Wilmington, Del.; Edith A. Ainge, Jamestown, N. Y.; Elsie Hill, Norwalk, Conn.; Dora Lewis, Philadelphia; Christine Marie Doyle, Bryn Mawr, Penn.; Mary Winsor, Haverford, Penn.; Mrs. Edmund Cadwalder Evans, Ardmore, Penn.; Ellen Winsor, Haverford, Pen.; Lucy Burns, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rose Lieberson, New York; Helena Hill Weed, Norwalk, Conn.; Alice Kimball, New York; Mathilda Lorrace, New York; Eleanor Hill Weed, Norwalk, Conn.; Alice Kimball, New York; Mollie Marie Green, Boston; Lillian Mattis Scough, Hartford, Conn.; Edna Mary Purcell, Hartford, Con.; Mary Elizabeth Dubrow, Passaic, N. J.

STRANDED ON BRINK OF NIAGARA FALLS

Scow with Two Workmen Aboard It Fast Upon a Rock 1,000 Feet from Cataract.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Wednesday, Aug. 7.—Two workmen are stranded tonight on a scow 1,000 feet above the Horseshoe Falls and in momentary danger of being swept over the brink of the cataract. The scow was swept down the river yesterday afternoon when it broke away from a tug.

The men are Gus Lofberg, a Swedish sailor, and George Harris of Buffalo.

The scow was being used in the river opposite Port Day, where a channel for a power plant intake is being dredged out. The current is swift and a tug was holding the scow in position to take on a load of sand brought up by a sand-sucker.

The tow rope parted and the scow with the men aboard went rapidly down the river. At the head of the upper rapids where the smooth surface of the river breaks into the churning rapids, the scow veered toward the Canadian shore and entered a channel that led directly toward the Horseshoe Falls. It seemed certain for a few minutes that the scow would be carried over the cataract.

Within 1,000 feet of the brink and about the same distance off the Canadian shore, the barge swung broadside of the stream and lifted up on a shelving ledge of rock where it swayed momentarily and then held fast.

The Fire Departments from both sides of the river were called out, and the life saving crews was brought up in a truck from Youngstown. Just before dark a line was shot across the wreck, and later, with the aid of searchlights, an effort was being made to send breeches buoy out to the wreck.

The first attempt to send a breeches buoy to the scow above ended in failure shortly before midnight. Captain Nelson of the life saving crew sent to the station for new gear, and it was said all further efforts to rescue the men would be abandoned until daybreak.

The men had rigged up a windless on the scow and a heavy cable was hauled out by means of the light line shot across it early in the evening. The breeches buoy was being sent out on the cable when a rope broke, and it was necessary to bring it back to the shore anchorage.

Searchlights were kept playing on the wreck all night to encourage the men.

At 2 o'clock this morning the effort to reach the men was abandoned until daylight, as electric light was rigged up to advise them that they had not been deserted.

RAILROADS SHOW ECONOMY.

Using Fewer Trains in Handling Same Bulk of Traffic.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Railroads under common management this year have hauled approximately the same amount of freight as last year with less actual train movement, owing to rerouting and fuller loading of cars. This was shown today by a Railroad Administration report on freight train operation for the year up to June 1.

In the five months' period the number of tons of freight hauled one mile was 154,000,000,000, as compared with 155,000,000,000 last year. The apparent reduction this year was caused partly by new methods of reporting. Reports showed the number of miles traveled by loaded freight cars, considering the movement of one car one mile as a unit, was 5,903,000,000, as compared with 6,456,000,000 last year. The hauling of empty freight cars also was cut down 44,000,000 car miles.

Railroads had 30,791 locomotives in service on June 1, as compared with 30,821 a year before. This was in addition to 4,555 locomotives awaiting repairs in shops. There were 2,418,000 freight cars in service, or 130,000 more than last year. A tendency to reduce the miles covered by trains in a day also was reflected in the report.

WOMEN BREAK JAIL.

Posse Searches Woods Near Bedford for Three Fugitives.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, N. Y., Aug. 6.—A posse of guards and policemen searched several hours in the sweltering heat today trying to recapture three prisoners, led by Gladys Horton, who escaped from the State Reformatory for women in Bedford. They are thought to have fled in a strange automobile, seen speeding northward toward Katonah.

Gladys Horton, a chronic jail breaker, aged 23; Marie Davis, 23, and Gladys Gautnler, 23, made a dash for freedom as the other inmates were retiring late Monday night. The three fugitives had been confined to Rebecca Hall, the punishment cottage, for misbehaving.

Because of the extreme heat they pleaded after supper to be allowed to lounge in the yard with the other prisoners. On their promise to be obedient the Matron released them from the cottage. As the Matron was leading some of her charges to their bedrooms late in the night the three fugitives, taking advantage of her absence, broke from the line and fled into the woods.

Miss Helen Cobb, the Superintendent, hurried out guards and matrons in pursuit of the women and summoned the Bedford police and State Constabulary. Automobiles set out in the wake of the fleeing car that the girls are thought to have boarded, but no trace of it was found. Roads were patrolled and the woods searched all night long, but without avail.

"Three Faces East" Here Monday.

"Three Faces East," a Secret Service war play, by Anthony Paul Kelly, will be produced at the Cohan & Harris Theatre next Monday night, with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming in the leading rôles. "A Tailor-Made Man," accordingly, will end its run at the Cohan & Harris on Saturday night.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The theatre which the Shuberts are building at Broadway and Forty-seventh Street, it has been definitely decided, will be called the Gotham.

Franklyn Ardell has been engaged for "The Crowded Hour," which the Selwyns are producing.

The "Oh, Lady! Lady!" company will be the guests of Elliott, Comstock & Gest at the Century Grove on Friday night. A special program will be given.

Conrad Nagel, who played the principal role in "The Man Who Came Back" in one of the road companies last season, will be Alice Brady's leading man in "Forever After." The play will be produced at Long Branch next Monday night.

The Eastman Sisters, presenting songs, dances, and impersonations, will join the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic next Monday night.

Jean Stuart, last seen here in "The Wanderer," will play the leading part in "Seven Days' Leave" on the road this season.

Ada Jaffe, a Yiddish actress who recently appeared with the Actors' and Authors' Theatre, will be in the cast of "Business Before Pleasure," soon to reopen in Chicago.

Members of the British Mission and staff officers of the British Recruiting Service here occupied boxes at the Strand Theatre last night to witness the showing of "Four Years For Freedom."

MUSIC NOTES.

The band of the U. S. S. Pennsylvania will play on the Mall in Central Park tonight, led by J. J. Grabel, who was recruited in Chicago and reached service afloat by way of the Great Lakes Naval Station. Bandmaster Grabel was in the crowd that heard the French military band last week, and he wrote to the Park Commissioner offering to give a similar concert in the Mayor's series. The official program includes selections from "Aida," part of Tschaikowsky's "Pathetic" symphony, Saint-Saens's "Dance Macabre," and Grabel's march, "United America."

There will be a community singing festival tonight at Columbia University, where the Summer concerts are closing nine days from now. Half of tonight's program will be by the New York Military Band, led by Edwin F. Goldman, while the other half will be conducted by Robert Lawrence, Camp Singing Director for the Y. M. C. A.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

FRIEDMAN.—Dr. and Mrs. E. D. Friedman, (nee Rose Borgenicht,) of 74 East 91st St., N. Y. C., announce the birth of a daughter on Aug. 2.

TACHNA.—Aug. 4, Minzesheimer's Sanitarium, to Mr. and Mrs. Tachna, a son.

WILLIAMS.—To Lieutenant and Mrs. Payne Williams of New York City, a son, at Fitchburg, Mass., on Aug. 2, 1918.

Engaged.

FOX—FRIEDMAN.—Florence Friedman to Barney Fox.

Married.

BOYLE—ROBINSON.—Aug. 3, 1918, Mary C. Robinson to Frank Boyle.

DRESSLER—PILE.—Aug. 3, at St. Simon's Church, Chicago, Ill., Lilian Marie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Henry Pile, of Philadelphia, Penn., to Louis Richard Dressler, First Lieutenant, Ordnance, R. C., U. S. A., son of Louis Raphael Dressler of New York.

McKNIGHT—McGILL.—In Grace Church Chapel, N. Y. C., Aug. 5, Mary McGill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Anderson De Long of Montclair, N. J., to Charles McKnight, Jr., of Sewickley, Penn., Lieutenant 21st Machine Gun Battalion, United States Army.

WRIGHT—MARKEY.—On Aug. 6, 1918, Ruth Elizabeth Markey to Heaton Wright.

Died.

ABRAHAMS.—On Aug. 4, 1918, Minna Abrahams, (nee Herz,) widow of the late Morris Abrahams, and dearly beloved mother of Carrie Schlang, Mark L., Dr. Alex, and Sol H. Abrahams, in her 84th year. Funeral from her late residence, 103 East 84th St., on Wednesday morning Aug. 7, at 10:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are respectfully requested to attend. Kindly omit flowers.

ABRAHAMS.—Congregation B'nai Jeshurun. Members and seatholders are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Minna Abrahams, widow of the late Morris Abrahams, a member of our congregation for many years, from her late residence, 103 East 84th, on Wednesday morning, Aug. 7, 1918, at 10:30.

HERMAN LEVY, President.

ANDERSON.—Suddenly, on Aug. 5, Dr. Samuel Frederick Anderson. Funeral services at his late residence, 838 Union St., Brooklyn, at 8 P. M. Wednesday, Aug. 7.

BACON.—In Hartford (Conn.) Hospital Tuesday, Aug. 6, age 81, William Plumb Bacon, Yale 1858, member of Military Order of the Loyal Legion and Society of the Order of the Cincinnati. Funeral at his late residence, 50 Lexington St., New Britain, Thursday, 10 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery, New York City, on arrival of train leaving New Britain 11:26 A. M. Thursday.

BLAKE.—At 4 South Maple Av., East Orange, N. J., Aug. 6, 1918, Sara E. Blake of Waterford, N. Y. Services and interment at convenience of family.

BLUMENTHAL.—Solomon, in his 62d year, husband of Rose Hart and father of Helen, Myron, and Joseph. Funeral at convenience of family.

BOWDITCH.—At Point-a-Pic, P. Q., Canada, Sunday, Aug. 4, 1918, Lucy Rathbone, wife of Edward Bowditch, in her 68th year. Funeral services at the Cathedral of All Saints, Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday, att 12 o'clock noon.

BURCHARD.—Amelia, wife of Louis F. Burchard of Brooklyn. Notice of funeral tomorrow.

CARPENTER.—At the residence of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Richard Carpenter, North Greenwich, Conn., July 6, 1918, George W. Carpenter of Astoria, L. I., son of the late Aaron and Jane Weeks Carpenter. Funeral services at the residence of Mrs. Richard Carpenter, Thursday, Aug. 8, at 2:30 P. M. Automobiles will meet the 1:06 train from Grand Central Station at Port Chester. Interment at Greenwood Union Cemetery, Rye, N. Y.

EGNER.—At Ocean Grove, N. J., Emily S., widow of Henry W. Egner. Services at her late Summer home, 19 Ocean Parkway, Ocean Grove, N. J., Thursday evening, Aug. 8, at 8 P. M. Interment services at Rosedale Cemetery, Orange, N. J., Friday, Aug. 9, at 10:15 A. M.

FOLWELL.—On Aug. 6, at her home, 427 Macon St., Brooklyn, Agnes H. Cahoon, wife of Arthur Folwell. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GARRETT.—At her residence, Hollis Court Boulevard, Queens, N. Y., Aug. 5, Mrs. Areria Baldwin Garrett, sister of Mrs. W. H. Karrick. Notice of funeral later.

GRAY.—Leonard. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Campbell Building, Broadway and 66th St., Wednesday, Aug. 7, 10 A. M.

HEYMAN.—Entered eternal rest on Aug. 5, 1918, Hannah Heyman, in her seventy-eighth year, widow of Isaac Heyman and beloved mother of Hattie Pease and the late Abraham Heyman. Funeral from her residence, 50 Lakeside Av., Verona, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Interment and services at Mount Hope Cemetery, Cypress Hills, at 3:30 o'clock. Relatives, friends, and Henrietta Ladies' Society are invited.

INDRUK.—On Monday, Aug. 5, 1918, Meta Oeste Indruk, beloved wife of Gustav C. Indruk, in her 31st year. Funeral services at her late residence, 4,710 11th Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Aug. 7, at 8:30 P. M.

JENKS.—Edward B., beloved husband of Inez C., suddenly, on train en route from New York to East Quogue, Long Island, on Monday, Aug. 5. Private burial at Warsaw, N. Y.

LAWRENCE.—At Summit, N. J., Aug. 5, 1918, Dr. William H. Lawrence, in his 67th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 21 Oak Ridge Av., Summit, N. J., on Wednesday, Aug. 7, at 4 P. M.

McDONOUGH.—Michael Andrew, aged 37, beloved husband of May Hagen McDonough, suddenly at Tuxedo. Services Thursday morning in Church American Lady of Mount Carmel, Tuxedo. Interment Calvary, Brooklyn. Please omit flowers.

McLENNAN.—Killed in action, in his fiftieth year on Aug. 1, Lieut. Col. Bartlett McLennan, D. S. O., of Montreal, commanding the 42d Battalion, Black Watch Canadians.

MANN.—At his Summer home in Williamstown, Mass., Elias P. Mann, aged 66 years. Funeral services in Williamstown, Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 7, 1918, at 2:30 o'clock. Burial at Philadelphia. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

MORRIS.—At his late residence, 2,120 Arthur Av., on Tuesday, Aug. 6, John, beloved husband of Katherine Ahearn. Notice of funeral hereafter.

NORTON.—Margaretta Lorillard Norton, (nee Van Ingen,) in the 79th year of her age, at White Plains, N. Y., Aug. 5. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

OFFERMANN.—On Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1918, George W. Offermann, in his 36th year. Late residence, 277 West 23d St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

PROVOST.—At the Hotel Chatelaine, Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 4, 1918, William Cabble Provost, dearly beloved husband of Veronica A.

SUN BRIAR FLASHES AROUND THE SARATOGA SPA CIRCUIT AT A RECORD-SHATTERING PACE

SUN BRIAR'S SPEED DAZZLES SPA CROWD

Kilmer's Colt Runs Mile in 1:36 1-5 for New American Turf Record.

MOTOR COP TRAILS VICTOR

Pace Proves Too Fast for Winner of Withers and for Older Horses in Race.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Turf history was made here this afternoon when Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Sun Briar, the champion two-year-old of 1917, emerged from the eclipse which has shadowed his career this season and placed a new American record for a mile on the books when he won the Delaware Handicap in 1:36 1-5. Thus on his first success the imported son of Sundridge qualified as a prominent contender for the three-year-old crown, for behind him in third place to the four-year-old Midway was A. K. Macomber's Motor Cop, which had shown a clean pair of heels to the best of his age in the Withers Stakes at Belmont Park.

So far as known the performance of Sun Brier is the best ever made on a circular track. The best time recorded for a mile is credited to Caiman, a four-year-old horse, which carried 128 pounds to victory over a straight mile course at Lingfield, England, in 1900, in the marvelous time of 1:33 1-5. Salvator's time of 1:35⅕ still stands as the best time for a straightaway mile made in this country.

Though Cudgel and Old Roamer were among the candidates to decline on account of the heavy weights imposed, there was a high class field with the reliable Old Koenig at the top of the list with 126 pounds, and the equally brilliant, but unreliable Westy Hogan next with 125. Motor Cop and Sun Briar were the only two three-year-olds engaged, and the winner of the Withers, carrying 115 pounds, was asked to give two pounds to last year's two-year-old champion.

Knapp had the mount on Sun Briar and incidentally he rode a well-judged race which allowed him to win with comparative ease after he had been apparently outrun in the early stages. The break came with Knapp alert so that he was the first to show in front from the inside position. He did not retain the lead long, for Robinson sent Motor Cop along so that he was in the van, with Westy Hogan second, as the field came in full view of the crowd.

Real racing began immediately, for Old Koenig assumed the lead as the horses turned into the back stretch. Meantime Knapp had taken a restraining hold on Sun Briar and he was allowed to rate along, disputing third place with Westy Hogan as Old Koenig increased his lead so that he had a good two lengths advantage at the far turn. The first quarter had been timed in 23 2-5 and the half mile in 46 3-5, which was fast enough to dispose of Westy Hogan, which dropped back beaten, and left Sun Briar following Old Koenig and Motor Cop as they turned into the stretch.

Old Koenig began to weaken and for a few strides Motor Cop had the lead as he passed the three-quarter pole in 1:11 4-5. There Sun Briar was given his head for the first time. Like a whirlwind he swept past Old Koenig and at the eighth pole he had the race won, as Motor Cop was used up by his earlier efforts.

Sun Briar ran straight and true to the end and was under restraint in the closing strides, indicating that he may do even better when fully extended. As it was he won by a length and a half from Midway, which came with a rush through the stretch and beat Motor Cop by three lengths for the place. Motor Cop was half a length in front of Old Koenig, with Walnut Hall fifth and Westy Hogan last.

Harry Payne Whitney showed that he has at least one high-class two-year old in his string when Pigeon Wing, a filly by Hamburg-Dovelet, won the last race in a field of thirteen. Pigeon Wing sprang away with such startling speed that she had half a dozen lengths lead on the struggling bunch behind her before she had run a quarter of a mile. Robinson eased her then and she was practically brought to a walk when she passed the judges in 1:06 for the five and a half furlongs.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For 3-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $600; seven furlongs. Time—1:25 1-5.

Master Karma, R. Hadley's br. g., 4 years, 115 pounds, by Burgomaster-Lady Karma, 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 5. (E. Taplin) 1nk

Koh-I-Noor, Edward Arlington's blk. f., 4, 115, by Dr. Leggo-Priceless Jewel, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5. (G. Walls) 2w

Lively, M. Kornbloom's ch. g., 4, 110, by Ballot-Livonia, 7 to 10, third, (F. Robinson) 3½

Adele, Feu D'Artifice, Katie Canal, Franby, Firing Line, Heredity, Tom, Jr., Kirstie's Cub, Broom Peddler, and Blue Grass Belle also ran. Blazeaway, Millrace, Choirmaster, Phalaris, Oenone, Chilham, Nightstick, Little Cottage, Favour, and Golding scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, for maiden 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $5 each, with $200 added; about two miles. Time—4:51 1-5.

Le Marsquin, Captain Ral Parr's b. g., 4 years, 147 pounds, by Burgomaster-Lady Karma, 7 to 1, 3 to 1, and 7 to 5. (E. Taplin) 1nk

Koh-I-Noor, Edward Arlington's blk. f., 4, 115, by Dr. Leggo-Priceless Jewel, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5. (G. Walls) 2w

Lively, M. Kornbloom's ch. g., 4, 110, by Ballot-Livonia, 7 to 10, third, (F. Robinson) 3½

Adele, Feu D'Artifice, Katie Canal, Franby, Firing Line, Heredity, Tom, Jr., Kirstie's Cub, Broom Peddler, and Blue Grass Belle also ran. Blazeaway, Millrace, Choirmaster, Phalaris, Oenone, Chilham, Nightstick, Little Cottage, Favour, and Golding scratched.

SECOND RACE.—Steeplechase, for maiden 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $5 each, with $200 added; about two miles. Time—4:51 1-5.

Le Marsquin, Captain Ral Parr's b. g., 4 years, 147 pounds, by Burgomaster-Lady Karma, 7 to 2, 7 to 5, and 3 to 5. (W. Allen) 1nk

Babcock, Mrs. Walter M. Jeffords's blk. g., 4, 147, by Waterboy-Phantasma, 2 to 1 and even. (F. Williams) 2nk

Max Meadows, J. Lewis's br. g., 6, 155, by Moharill-Gin Fizz, 1 to 4, third. (D. Byers) 3nk

Glen Pop and Tight Wad also ran. Outlaw lost rider.

THIRD RACE.—For 2-year-olds, selling, by subscription of $5 each, with $600 added; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:05 2-5.

Lion D'Or, P. A. Clark's ch. c., 106 pounds, by Heno-Aile D'Or, 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5. (L. Ensor) 1nk

Flyaway, Morton L. Schwartz's ch. f., 109, by King William-Wild Wings, 7 to 5 and 3 to 5. (G. Byrne) 2nk

Madge F., H. Neusteter's b. f., 94, by Voorhees-Salvarit, 2 to 1, third, (T. Preece) 3nk

Drummond, Pinard, Vesper Hour, Brother MacLean, St. Quentin, Esquimau, and Orenzo also ran. Earlocker and Lacework scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Delaware Handicap, for 3-year-olds and upward, by subscription of $25 each, starters to pay $50 additional, guaranteed value $3,500; one mile. Time—1:36 1-5.

Sun Briar, Willis Sharpe Kilmer's b. c., 3 years, 113 pounds, by Sundridge-Sweet Briar, 11 to 5, 4 to 5, and 1 to 5. (W. Knapp) 1½

Midway, J. W. Parish's ch. c., 4, 104, by Ballot-Thirty-third, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1. (R. Simpson) 2nk

*Motor Cop, A. K. Macomber's b. c., 3, 115, by Uncle Sam-Xarco, 2 to 5, third. (F. Robinson) 3½

Old Koenig, *Walnut Hall, and Westy Hogan also ran. Polymelian and Naturalist scratched.

*Coupled as A. K. Macomber entry.

FIFTH RACE.—For 3-year-olds, claiming, purse $600; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:52 2-5.

Golding, Mrs. C. W. Starr's b. f., 100 pounds, by Flint Rock-Golden View, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 4. (G. Preece, Jr.) 1nk

Woodthrush, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. c., 100, by Olambala-L'Alonette, 3 to 1 and 6 to 5. (F. Smith) 2nk

Thrilla, H. H. Hewitt's b. f., 100, by Coy Lad-Avieton, 6 to 5, third. (J. Gruber) 3nk

Starry Banner, W. Dabny, Elderken, and Admiral also ran. Royal and Phaleris scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For maiden fillies, 2-year-olds, purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:06.

Pigeon Wing, H. P. Whitney's br. f., 114 pounds, by Hamburg-Dovelet, 7 to 1, 1 to 5, and out. (F. Robinson) 1nk

Merry Princess, P. A. Clark's b. f., 114, by Spanish Prince-Merriment II., 7 to 10 and 1 to 3. (L. Ensor) 2nk

Virago, G. W. McNamee's b. f., 114, by Fair Play-Violet Ray, 4 to 1, third. (T. Rice) 3nk

Rhajes, Duchess Lace, Retta B. Donnalight, Soria, Lady Mary, Madras Gingham, Trompeuse, Love Leaves, and Wilfreda also ran. Betty Bluff scratched.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

RAGGED GAME BY ROBINS.

Coombs Gets Poor Support and Cubs Triumph, 6 to 3.

The Robins made a feeble threat to defeat the Chicago Cubs in their opening skirmish at Ebbets Field yesterday, but at the close of the game the Brooklyn clan had to take a 6 to 3 beating.

Mack Wheat, filling in at centrefield during the illness of Hy Myers, was guilty of the error of omission, which gave the Cubs two runs in the first inning. Hollocher had singled to right with one down, and when Mann poled a long fly to centre Wheat, misjudging the ball in the sun, ran in too far, so that the pellet continued on its way over his head to the fence, giving Mann a home run.

In the second, Ivan Olson contributed a real live box score error when he made a wild heave to first on Tyler's grounder, which paved the way for another brace of Bruin runs. Pick started the inning with a pass and advanced on Rollie Zeider's sacrifice. After Killifer had skied out to Johnston Tyler grounded to Olson and Ivan made his untamed heave. The ball, aimed at Daubert at first, went bounding against the grandstand and Pick came home, while Tyler raced to second. Max Flack then doubled to right, scoring Tyler.

Clean singles by Mann and Merkle, with an infield hit by Pick, gave the Cubs another run in the third, Mann coming home for his second tally.

Tyler's work in the first three frames had the Robins' bats idle. Only ten men faced Lefty George, the odd man being Miller, who singled in the third. In the fourth, however, Tyler lost his effectiveness and before Speed Martin had replaced him Brooklyn got back three runs.

Tyler issued passes to Olson and Daubert starting the fourth and Zach Wheat got his twenty-fifth game hit, crowding the bases. Mack Wheat singled to left, scoring Olson. Ollie O'Mara hit into a double play, forcing Mack Wheat at second and being doubled up himself at first, while Daubert scored and Zach Wheat went to third. Doolan then doubled to centre, scoring Zach Wheat, and Fred Mitchell put the skids under Tyler. Speed Martin took up the burden and immediately uncorked a wild pitch which put Doolan on third, but Mike stayed there as Miller fanned.

In the eighth, Paskert bounced a double off Ollie O'Mara to foul territory back of third base, took third on Merkle's sacrifice, and scored when Pick singled to left.

The score:

CHICAGO, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	5	0	2	2	0	Johnston,rf	5	0	2	2	1
Hollocher,ss	5	1	1	1	7	Olson,ss	4	1	0	4	1
Mann,lf	5	2	2	2	0	Daubert,1b	4	1	1	9	1
Paskert,cf	3	1	1	3	0	Z.Wheat,lf	4	1	1	5	0
Merkle,1b	3	0	1	8	1	M.Wheat,cf	4	0	2	1	0
Pick,3b	3	1	2	0	0	O'Mara,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Zeider,2b	3	0	0	4	3	Doolan,2b	3	0	1	2	3
Killifer,c	4	0	0	6	0	Miller,c	4	0	1	4	1
Tyler,p	2	1	1	0	0	Coombs,p	4	0	0	0	4
Martin,p	2	0	1	1	1						
Total	35	6	11	27	12	Total	36	3	9	27	12

Errors—Hollocher, Olson.

Chicago	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—	6
Brooklyn	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	—	3

Two-base hits—Flack, (2,) Paskert, Tyler, Doolan. Home run—Mann. Stolen bases—Johnston. Sacrifice hits—Merkle, Zeider. Double plays—Hollocher, Zeider, and Merkle; Olson, Doolan, and Miller; O'Mara and Doolan; Johnston and Daubert. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Brooklyn, 9. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Tyler, 2; Martin, 1; Coombs, 2. Hits—Off Tyler, 4 in 2-3 innings; Martin, 5 in 5-1-3. Struck out—By Tyler, 3; Martin, 3; Coombs, 2. Wild pitch—Martin. Winning pitcher—Tyler. Losing pitcher—Coombs.

AT BOSTON.

BOSTON, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Herzog,2b	5	2	2	3	5	Anderson,rf	5	0	1	1	0
Taggert,lf	5	2	3	4	0	Betzel,cf	5	0	1	2	0
C'bourne,cf	3	1	1	2	0	Paulette,1b	4	0	1	8	0
Terry,ss	5	2	3	2	5	Hornsby,ss	4	1	1	2	3
J.C.Smith,3b	5	1	2	1	2	Fisher,2b*	4	1	2	1	2
Konetchy,1b	3	1	1	9	0	McHenry,lf	4	0	1	3	0
Wilson,c	2	0	2	2	0	Bronkie,3b	3	0	1	0	1
J.L.Smith,rf	4	0	1	3	0	Grimm,2b	1	0	0	0	1
Ragan,p	4	0	0	0	2	Gonzales,c	4	1	2	5	4
						Meadows,p	3	0	1	1	4
						aWallace	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	10	15	27	14	Total	38	3	10	24	14

a Batted for Meadows in ninth.

Errors—Chadbourne, (2,) Terry, (2,) Konetchy.

Boston	2	1	2	4	0	1	0	0	—		10
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	—	3

Two-base hit—J. C. Smith. Three-base hits—Anderson, Gonzales, J. L. Smith, Taggert. Sacrifice hits—Chadbourne, Wilson. Double play—Terry, Herzog and Konetchy. Left on bases—St. Louis, 8; Boston, 7. First base on errors—St. Louis, 3. Bases on balls—Off Meadows, 3. Struck out—By Meadows, 3; Ragan, 2. Passed ball—Gonzales.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PITTSBURGH, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Ellam,ss	3	1	0	0	3	Bancroft,ss	3	0	1	2	2
Bigbee,lf	5	1	1	2	0	Pearce,as	3	0	0	1	0
Carey,cf	5	2	2	2	0	Williams,cf	4	0	1	3	0
S'worth,rf	5	3	4	2	0	Stock,3b	4	0	0	2	4
Cutshaw,2b	4	0	1	2	1	Luderus,1b	3	1	1	9	2
Mollwitz,1b	4	0	1	8	0	Meusel,lf	4	1	2	3	0
McK'nie,3b	4	0	1	0	3	Cravath,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Schmidt,c	2	1	2	7	0	Hem'way,2b	4	0	0	4	2
W.J.Smith,c	1	1	0	4	0	Adams,c	2	0	0	1	1
Cooper,p	3	1	3	0	0	Devine,c	2	0	0	0	0
						Pren'gast,p	4	0	1	0	2
Total	36	10	15	27	7	Total	35	2	7	27	13

Errors—Cutshaw, Pearce, (2,) Meusel, Hemingway.

Pittsburgh	0	0	6	0	2	1	1	0	0	—	10
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—	2

Two-base hits—Cooper, Southworth, Luderus, Meusel. Stolen bases—Carey, Southworth. Sacrifice hits—Cooper, Ellam, Mollwitz. Sacrifice fly—Cutshaw. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 5; Philadelphia, 8. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 1; Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cooper, 2; Prendergast, 2. Struck out—By Cooper, 10. Wild pitch—Cooper.

BRITTON IS HELD TO DRAW.

Bartfield, Knocked Down, Evens Up Bout in Last Round.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Jack Britton, a Chicago welterweight, and Soldier Bartfield of New York fought six rounds to a draw here tonight at Shibe Park. In the fifth round Britton dropped his opponent to the mat, and Bartfield came back strong in the sixth and earned a draw.

In the first bout on the program Harry Greb, Pittsburgh, won the popular decision over Battling Levinsky of New York. Greb was the aggressor throughout.

Sam Langford, Boston, won easily from Jack Thompson, Kansas City. Langford had the better of all six rounds.

Irish Patsy Cline of New York defeated Harry Pierce, Brooklyn, in six hard-fought rounds. Willie Jackson was to have been Cline's opponent, but because of his physical condition was advised not to fight.

Before the first bout 300 Government agents went through the crowd and arrested about 600 alleged evaders of the draft law.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maidens, three years old and upward, six furlongs. Manoa, (imp.,) 115 pounds; Biscuit Tortoni, (imp.,) 110; Bar One, (imp.,) 115; Peasant, 115; Nolawn, 115; Mr. Ned, (imp.,) 115; Out the Way, 115; L'Infirmiere, (imp.,) 110; Bright Engel, (imp.,) 110; Sunnyland, (imp.,) 115; Star Ben, 115; Alibi, (imp.,) 115; Pasamena, (imp.,) 110; Rubber 2d, (imp.,) 115; Winsold, 110; Impetus, 115; Forte Drapeau, (imp.,) 115; Cousin O'Mine, 115; Man o' Th' Hour, (imp.,) 115; Phalaris, (imp.,) 115; Point to Point, 115.

SECOND RACE.—For 4-year-olds and upward, steeplechase, selling, about two miles. Meshach, 142 pounds; First Out, (imp.,) 130; Infidel 2d, 130; *Reddest, 147; *Carter, 142; Sun King, 142.

THIRD RACE.—For 3-year-olds, selling, one mile. Regal Lodge, (imp.,) 111 pounds; *Panaman, (imp.,) 113; Peerless One, 111; *Wyoming, 106; *African Arrow, (imp.,) 111; Aurum, 112.

FOURTH RACE.—The Albany Handicap, for 2-year-olds, six furlongs. Billy Kelly, 133 pounds; Balustrade, 107; Sea Pirate, 117; Blairgowrie, 112; Ginger, 108; Chasseur, (imp.,) 112; Over There, (imp.,) 116; Star Realm, 120; Yuracari, 118; Rodgers, 118.

FIFTH RACE.—For 4-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile. *Col. Marchmont, 110; Ben Hampson, 112; *Chillum, (imp.,) 107; Alert, 115; Cadillac, 115; Peep Right, 105; Bey Oakwood, 108; Le Dinosaure, (imp.,) 105; Nigel, 105; Greetings, 100; *Perugino, 110; Madame Herrmann, 107.

SIXTH RACE.—For 2-year-olds, conditions, five and a half furlongs. Bright Lights, 115 pounds; Ginger 115; Blushing Beauty, 112; Cherubino, (imp.,) 109; Kiss Again, (imp.,) 114; Uncle's Lassie, 112; Cirrus, 109; Christie Holters, 112; Railbird, 109; Joyful, 112; Mormon Elder, 109; Hannibal, 123; Earlocker, 115.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

TENER STEPS DOWN AS LEAGUE LEADER

Scott Perry Case Forces Resignation of President of National Circuit.

The baseball muddle between President John K. Tener of the National League and President B. B. Johnson of the American League over the Scott Perry case resulted yesterday in the resignation of Mr. Tener from the National League. He has served at the head of the older major league organization since Dec. 10, 1913. His successor has not been named, but Secretary John A. Heydler will probably serve as President until the annual election of the body here in the Fall.

The naming of Governor Tener's successor will undoubtedly result in another squabble between the club owners. The logical man for the place is Secretary Heydler, but the league failed to name him after he had served out the unfinished term of the late Harry C. Pulliam in 1909.

When President Tener refused to serve on the National Commission unless the American League decided to abide by the awarding of player Scott Perry to the Boston Braves, it was a forgone conclusion that the National League President would step down. Perry is now with the Philadelphia Athletics, and when the National Commission awarded him to Boston, Manager Mack got out an injunction restraining the National League from taking the player. This was the first time since the creation of the National Commission that its verdict had ever been appealed to the courts.

When President Tener threw down the gauntlet to Johnson by refusing to serve on the commission unless the Athletics gave up Perry, he expected that his club owners would stand behind him. Instead, some of them sided with Johnson, and a disruption in the National League ranks resulted. As it stands today, the league is in a very topsy-turvy condition.

In his letter of resignation, which was received at National League headquarters yesterday, President Tener said, among other things:

"Having declined to serve further on the National Commission for the good reason familiar to each of you, I must ask that my resignation as your President, tendered last December, be accepted. I am prompted to take this course out of consideration of the present situation and that you may more speedily select my successor, who will, if you desire, serve on the commission under the circumstances."

It was while he was Governor of Pennsylvania that Tener was elected President of the National League to succeed Thomas J. Lynch of New Britain, Conn. Until his term as Governor expired, Secretary Heydler was really acting President of the League and President Tener took charge in the following year. Under his régime, the National League went through one of its most perilous stages successfully and after a long and bitter fight organized baseball bought out the outlaw Federal League.

It is stated by baseball men that it was this compromise in the Federal League war which first started the differences between Tener and Johnson. The American League head did not want to compromise and wanted to fight the Federal League to a finish. Early in the year the breach between the leagues grew larger when Johnson was credited with many statements concerning the exemption of the baseball players from military service. The National League took just the opposite position to Johnson and advised its players to go into the national service. The Scott Perry case was simply a culmination of a storm which had been brewing between the league for a long time.

On account of extensive business interests, President Tener resigned last December, but the owners persuaded him to serve. He consented only with the understanding that his baseball duties would not interfere with his business interests. Since last December Secretary Heydler has been doing much of the work of the league executive, although President Tener outlined all matters of policy and served on the commission.

Governor Tener is now the head of a large highway building corporation and will devote all his time to this business.

The resignation of Mr. Tener probably marks a general shakeup in professional baseball. In the American League there is much opposition to President Johnson, especially from Owners Comiskey of the White Sox and H. H Frazee of the Boston Red Sox. It would not be surprising if Johnson was deposed as head of his league before another year. Johnson, it is stated, has wanted to get out of baseball to go into another business for some time.

A new Chairman of the National Commission to succeed August Herrmann of Cincinnati is also looked for by baseball men. What the baseball people want is a neutral Chairman at the head of the commission. Since its organization the commission has had two National League representatives to one of the American League. This state of affairs has caused repeated complications and a change probably would be welcomed by club owners in both leagues.

HEER GAINS TRAPS TITLE.

Guthrie Expert Wins Amateur Grand American Shoot.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—William H. Heer, Guthrie, Okla., a former professional trapshooter, won the amateur championship of the United States at single targets today in the grand American trapshooting tournament.

Frank Troeh of Vancouver, Wash., a former champion at single targets, won the national amateur championship at doubles, and A. R. Chezik, champion of North Dakota, won the Chicago overture.

Heer and Fred S. Tomlin of Penns Grove, N. J., each broke 98 targets, and on the shootoff at twenty targets Tomlin missed his third target, while Heer broke all the twenty thrown him.

Troeh in winning the doubles broke 90 targets in fifty pair and Chezik won the overture with 99, after shooting off with D. Fauskee of Worthington, Minn., and B. J. Elbert of Des Moines, Iowa.

The high scores follow:

National Amateur Championship, at Singles.—F. S. Tomlin, Penns Grove, N. J., 98; W. H. Heer, Guthrie, Okla., 98; Charles Hummell, Laporte City, Ia., 97; W. M. Foord, Wilmington, Del., 96; A. R. Chezik, Portal, N. D., 96; C. H. Newcomb, Philadelphia, Penn., 96; F. M. Troeh, Vancouver, Wash., 96; G. L. Becker, Ogden, Utah, 95.

National Amateur Double Championship, F. M. Troeh, Vancouver, Wash., 90; J. ... Day, Cuero, Texas, 88; C. C. Collins, Kankakee, Ill., 87; R. A. King, Delta, Col., 87; W. H. Heer, Guthrie, Okla., 86.

Chicago Overture.—A. R. Chezik, Portal, N. D., 99; B. F. Elbert, Des Moines, Ia., 99; D. Fauskee, Worthington, Minn., 99; J. E. McCurdy, Sydney, N. S., 98; J. D. Dodds, Los Angeles, Cal., 98; Marc Arie, Thomasboro, Ill., 98; Troeh, F. M., Vancouver, Wash., 98; G. A. Smith, Marshalltown, Ia., 98; E. F. Woodward, Houston, Texas, 98.

Syracuse Loses Ball Club.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 6.—The Syracuse team in the International League was transferred to Hamilton, Ontario, at a meeting of the league owners here today.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
FINAL REDUCTIONS
LOW SHOES

Chas. Cort's $10.00 now $7.85
Cordovan, $8.00 now $5.85
Cordo. Calf, $7.00 now $4.00
350 Pairs of
Small sizes, all leathers,
$2.85 pr.
Values $5 and $6

LATE RALLY BRINGS VICTORY TO GIANTS

Compton Puts Finishing Touch to Triumph with Single in Ninth Inning.

Pete Compton unbuckled a hit in the ninth inning of yesterday's soiree at the Polo Grounds with Matty's Reds, and pushed Art Fletcher over the plate with the run which mashed up the 3 to 3 tie and gave the Giants the game, 4 to 3.

The familiar piece of Polo Ground scenery, Lee Magee, was missing from the Reds lineup. As a result of Lee's one-round bout with Earl Neale in Brooklyn on Monday, Magee's face looks as if it had been gently but firmly pushed into an electric fan. Heinie Zimmerman was also missing from the Giants. It seems the heat almost melted Heinie on Monday, so the doctor told him to keep out of the sun.

While the heat wasn't extreme enough to kill off the Giants yesterday, a new kind of a jinx loomed up in the third inning and gave the Reds a couple of runs. This jinx was a black cat which walked out onto the field. A black cat has just about the same relation to good luck, as a match has to gunpowder. Bob Steele was holding the Reds in subjection when the cat appeared. It was as black as a villian's heart. Next to poker players, ball tossers are the most superstitious people in the world, so as soon as the cat came out, the Giants knew right then and there that Matty's Reds were going to start something.

Steele saw the cat and immediately gave Groh a walk. Steele could see the cat, but he couldn't see the plate. Neale got an infield hit and Roush sacrificed the runners along a peg. Chase's sacrifice fly scored Groh, and Sherwood Magee singled to short and scored Neale.

In the fifth, the Reds got another run, without the mystic assistance of a black cat. Eddie Roush's black bat gave them this run. Groh singled to left. Neale popped to Sicking and the new third baseman made a wild peg to first to get Groh napping, so Heinie went to second. Roush's single to right sent Groh home.

The Giants tied it up in the fifth when Cincinnati's Cuban short stop, Cueto, aided them considerably with a wild throw. Compton reached Jimmy Ring for a single, and Kirke did likewise. Sicking walked and filled the bases with no one out. McCarty forced Sicking at second, Compton scoring. Steele rolled an easy grasser to Cueto, who threw the ball to the field boxes back of first base, Kirke and McCarty rushing home.

Ring had been fooling the Giants throughout the game with a slow ball, but the Giants got well acquainted with it in the ninth. Fletcher opend the final session of the game with a safe slap to left, and Doyle pickled one of Ring's slowest shoots to the right field wall for two bases, Fletcher stopping at third. It was then that Compton really qualified as a member of the Giants with his timely rap to left centre, which coaxed Fletcher home with the victory.

The score:

NEW YORK, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	CINCINNATI, (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,cf	4	0	0	2	0	Groh,3b	3	2	1	0	2
Young,rf	4	0	1	2	0	Neale,lf	5	1	2	3	0
Fletcher,ss	4	1	2	4	3	Roush,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Doyle,2b	3	0	2	2	3	Sicking,2b	3	0	1	3	3
Compton,lf	4	1	2	1	0	S.Magee,2b	3	0	1	3	3
Kirke,1b	3	1	1	10	0	Griffith,rf	4	0	1	2	0
Sicking,3b	3	0	1	2	2	B'burne,as	2	0	0	1	2
McCarty,c	3	1	0	4	1	Cueto,as	2	0	0	5	1
Steele,p	3	0	0	0	2	Wingo,c	4	0	1	2	2
						Ring,p	4	0	0	0	1
Total	31	4	9	27	10	Total	34	3	9	*24	12

*None out when winning run was scored.

Errors—Sicking, Cueto.

New York	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	—	4
Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	3

Two-base hits—Sicking, Doyle. Sacrifice hit—Roush. Sacrifice fly—Chase. Double play—Blackburne, S. Magee, and Chase. Left on bases—New York, 4; Cincinnati, 9. First base on error—New York. Bases on balls—Off Steele, 2; Ring, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Steele, (S. Magee.) Struck out—By Steele, 3; Ring, 1.

AT CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Graney,lf	4	0	0	3	0	Shotton,lf	5	0	2	2	0
Chapman,ss	3	0	1	3	1	Foster,3b	5	0	4	1	4
Speaker,cf	3	0	1	2	0	Judge,1b	5	0	1	12	1
Roth,rf	4	0	0	5	1	Milan,cf	4	0	0	0	0
Wood,2b	4	0	1	3	8	Schulte,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Johnston,1b	2	0	0	12	1	Shanks,2b	4	0	2	2	5
Turner,3b	3	0	0	1	3	Lavan,ss	4	0	0	2	2
O'Neill,c	3	0	1	0	3	Ainsmith,c	3	0	1	1	1
Bagby,p	2	0	0	1	0	Harper,p	4	0	0	1	2
aEvans	0	1	0	0	0	Matteson,p	0	0	0	0	0
bBescher	0	0	0	0	0						
cThomas	1	0	1	0	0						
Total	29	1	5	30	17	Total	38	0	11	*27	15

*None out when winning run scored.

a Ran for Wood in tenth.

b Batted for Johnston in tenth.

c Batted for Turner in tenth.

Error—Roth.

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—	1
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0

Three-base hit—Wood. Stolen bases—Chapman and Bescher. Double plays—Roth and Johnston; Foster, Shanks, and Judge. 2. Left on bases—Washington, 9; Cleveland, 6. Bases on balls—Off Harper, 5; Bagby, 1. Hits—Off Harper, 4 in 9, (none out in 10th;) Matteson 1 in 0, (pitched to one batted in 10th.) Losing pitcher—Harper.

AT ST. LOUIS.

PHILADELPHIA, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS, (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Kopp,lf	3	1	0	2	1	Tobin,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Acosta,rf	3	2	2	3	0	Maisel,3b	4	1	1	1	0
Walker,cf	3	2	2	1	0	Sisler,1b	4	0	1	11	1
Burns,1b	3	1	2	12	3	Demmitt,rf	4	0	0	1	0
Gardner,3b	4	0	1	2	3	Hendryx,cf	4	0	3	4	0
McAvoy,c	4	0	0	7	1	Gedeon,2b	3	0	1	2	5
Dykes,2b	4	0	0	0	1	Austin,as	4	0	1	2	1
Dugan,ss	4	0	1	6	2	N'maker,c	4	2	2	4	2
Jamieson,p	4	0	0	1	3	Sothoron,p	2	0	1	0	0

OIL SHIP EXPLOSION KILLS 1, INJURES 22

Harbor Swell Causes Acetylene Tank to Roll Into Hold, Exploding Among Workers.

TEN FIREMEN INJURED

Crowds on Brooklyn and Staten Island Shores Watch the Spectacular Blaze.

One man is dead and twenty-two others are in hospitals suffering from burns caused by the explosion of a fifty-pound tank of acetylene gas late yesterday afternoon on board the American steamship Huttonwood, which was loading case oil at the foot of Thirty-first Street, Brooklyn. The tank, used for repair purposes, was lying on the deck. Owing to a roll caused by the incoming tide the tank slid along the deck and toppled into the hold, exploding among the laborers at work loading the case oil. The cases of oil went off one after another.

Tugboats towed the steamship into the stream and anchored her about 800 feet from the shore off the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry. The thick smoke and sheets of flame, following minor explosions in the afterhold, could be seen for miles and lit up the bay after dark. Because of the heat the fireboats New Yorker and Gaynor could not get near enough to play their hose on the blazing ship, but turned them on the water, which was a mass of flames. Late last night the steamship had been gutted aft and looked as if she would sink, stern first, before morning.

Vincent de Marto, 52 years old, a laborer of 231 Union Street, Brooklyn, died of his injuries in the Norwegian Hospital last night. Ten firemen of Truck Company 119 and Engine Company 228 were among the injured.

Among the firemen injured were:

TOMAN, Acting Chief PATRICK, burns about hand, head, and body; taken home.

COLLINS, Captain, Truck Company 119, burns about hand, head, and body; taken home.

GAW, Battalion Chief JOHN J., burns about hands, face, and body; taken home.

REILLY, JOSEPH, Truck Company 119, 120 East Twenty-second Street, Manhattan, fractured left ankle; Long Island College Hospital.

STILLWELL, A. S., Engine Company 228, 437 Sixty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, burns on hands and body; Brooklyn Hospital.

MURRAY, HENRY, Engine Company 228, burns on hands and face; taek nhome.

BABER, JACOB, Engine Company 228, burns on hands and face; taken homq.

OSTENBERG, WILLIAM, Truck Company 119, 5,119 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, lacerations of hands and face; taken home.

KELLY, CHARLES, Truck Company 119, 642 Nineteenth Street, burns on body; Brooklyn Hospital.

LYNCH, CHARLES, Truck Company 119, 448 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn, burns on body; Long Island College Hospital.

McBRIDE, ——, Truck Company 119, burns on body; Long Island College Hospital.

Among the laborers injured, all of whom were taken to the Norwegian Hospital, were:

SALVATORE, EMANUEL, 25 years old, 151 Baltic Street. Burned about face and body.

CERRATO, DOMINCK, 25 years old, 94 Baltic Street. Burns on hands, face, and body

TONZO, FRANK, 35 years old, 212 Meserole Street. Burns on hands, face, and body.

CUROLLA, JOHN, 34 years old, 139 Thirty-fourth Street, Brooklyn. Burns on body.

BATTAGLIO, BART, 35 years old, 177 Graw Street. Burns on face, hand, and body.

SERALOOZA, DOMINICK, 48 years old, 231 Union Street. Burns on hands, race and body.

SARRTONA, SALVATOR; 32 years old, 509 East Thirteenth Street, Manhattan; burns on hands, face, and body.

BASSELLE, MICHAEL, 39 years old, 556 Union Street; burns on hands, face, and body.

ALAMANDOSA, FRANK, 40 years old, 202 Sackett Street; burns on hands, face and body.

BASSILLE, MICHAEL, 28 years old, 560 Henry Street; burns on hands and face.

SAMMREY, SALVATORE, 50 years old, 77 De Braw Street; broken ankle; Kings County Hospital.

Thousands of persons stood on the South Brooklyn shore and Staten Island watching the flames shooting up from the Huttonwood and twining about her masts and funnel. Before dark the bridge had gone and the funnel had a rake toward the stern, while the after-part of the hull glowed redhot through the heat clouds that hung over the water like a mist.

ANCIENT TREE REMOVED.

Fine Poplar on H. C. Frick's Fifth Avenue Lot Winter Killed.

The oldest tree on the Fifth Avenue estate of Henry C. Frick is being cut down. It is an ancient poplar, which, ever since the completion of Mr. Frick's new home, has been an attractive ornament to the little garden plot at the rear of the art gallery on the Fifth Avenue and Seventy-first Street corner of the Frick block. The tree showed evidences of decay last year, and the severe weather last Winter, which caused the death of so many old trees in Central Park and other parts of the city, finished its life.

It was the only remaining survivor of a number of fine specimens which stood for many years in the vacant portion of the Lenox block prior to the demolition of the Lenox Library, and it is believed that the old tree was standing when Robert Lenox, father of James Lenox, founder of the library, purchased his famous Lenox farm, which seventy-five years ago covered several acres in the Fifth Avenue section north and south of Seventy-first Street.

The row of plant trees which Mr. Frick had set out a few years ago on the Fifth Avenue frontage of his home are in fine condition, being the best specimens of trees in that part of the city outside of Central Park. They replaced a row of thirteen chestnut trees which died a few months after being transplanted from Long Island.

TO EXTEND PORT FACILITIES.

Commission Plans for Great Trade Routes After the War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Port and harbor facilities along the Atlantic, the Gulf, and the Pacific must be expanded two or three fold to provide for the maximum service of the American merchant marine, now in the making, when once it is released from war traffic. Immediate expansion is necessary at many ports so that coal for New England war industries can be moved by water.

These facts have been established in the preliminary study of port conditions made by the recently created Port and Harbors Facilities Commission of the Shipping Board, headed by Edward F. Carry. Present facilities are shown to be inadequate, and in time new ports may be created.

New York and Boston harbors have been examined by the commission, and similar investigation at all the larger ports of the country will be made soon by Mr. Carry and experts attached to the commission. They plan to visit the rapidly growing ports of the South.

The first complete inventory of port facilities in the United States is now being made under the direction of Mr. Carry. Authorities at all ports is used by ocean-going traffic have been requested to supply data covering the last five years regarding docks, marine railways, terminal arrangements, repair plants, and entrances and clearances in domestic and foreign trade. Every dock and repair plant has been called on to answer a questionnaire regarding the type of its facilities, present condition, exact location, whether this location is advantageous for the most efficient handling of ships, the terms, rates, and conditions on which ships are docked, the number of ships docked in the last five years, the average period each ship was in dock, and a brief statement of the work done on it. Special information also is sought regarding ports where coal and oil are handled.

"The coastwise trade in coal and oil is perhaps the most important that has been handicapped by inadequate facilities. At present this trade is limited only by shipping and port facilities. The survey shows these ports taxed to capacity at present, and in many instances overtaxed, and in almost all instances facing serious congestion unless speedily expanded.

"New York Harbor particularly is overtaxed, and some Southern ports, especially Galveston, New Orleans, Jacksonville, and Charleston, need expansion. All Southern ports, it is expected, will be enlarged because signs of congestion are already in sight. This condition results from heavy traffic being diverted by railroads from overland routes North to Southern ports either for shipment North or to the West Indies and South America.

Bruhl, Harvard Exchange Professor.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Aug. 6.—M. Levy Bruhl, professor of the history of modern philanthropy at the Sorbonne, has been appointed French Exchange Professor at Harvard for 1918-19, according to announcement by the university today. It was stated that as he was engaged in war work for the French Government, he would not come here until February.

RESENTS RECORD'S ADVICE.

Gov. Edge Considers Senator Baird Able to Judge as to Suffrage.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 6.—Governor Walter E. Edge declined today to comply with the request of George L. Record of Jesey City, a candidate for the Republican United States Senatorial nomination, that the Governor write to United States Senator David Baird urging him to heed President Wilson's request to vote for woman suffrage in the Senate. In his letter to Mr. Record the Governor says:

"If your desire to help the cause of equal suffrage were as sincere as the perfectly palpable effort to play politics, I would give your suggestions more consideration.

"The object of your widely published letter is so obvious that I fear your unnecessary intrusion will do more than anything possibly could do to prevent Senator Baird voting for suffrage. I, with others, had hoped that Senator Baird might see this matter as many of the rest of us do. As far as I understand he has not irrevocably committed himself on the issue. The Senator is only human, and bald attempts like yours to capitalize circumstances for your own personal advantage are not going to help the situation.

"Manifestly, you are sparring for political position, sacrificing sincerity to expediency, and, of course, this is no way to convince an intelligent, thinking individual of the merits of any cause, consequently your letter is a blow to the equal suffrage cause, which I deeply regret to see you have not scrupled to use as a football in the game of politics.

"As the responsible leaders of the suffrage movement in New Jersey are fully aware, I have at various times advised Senator Baird that if I were in his position I would unhesitatingly vote for the constitutional amendment now pending. Under these circumstances, therefore, there is absolutely no novelty in your suggestion. The query might be made why, if a vote for suffrage is right, should your motives be questioned. Simply because you already know my position in the matter, and your advice, if you sincerely wish results, is not calculated to impress Senator Baird, which fact is beyond discussion. Senator Baird is able to defend himself. His record in the Senate to date has shown him to be a 100 per cent. supporter of the President on all measures relating to the conduct of the war."

Demented Man Leaps from Ferry.

Just after the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's ferryboat New Brunswick, plying between Cortlandt Street and Exchange Place, Jersey City, had docked at the latter place last night a man was seen to jump overboard from the lower deck. Deckhands grappled for him with hooks and finally dragged him back on the boat. He was taken to City Hospital, where the doctors declared he was demented. He gave his name as Martin Stern and his address as 488 Central Avenue, Jersey City.

May Make All Railroads "Dry."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The Railroad Administration is considering abolishing the sale of liquor on all railroad property, including dining cars and hotels or restaurants maintained at stations. Information on the number of bars and the method by which they are managed is now being gathered.

SUSPECT SPIES IN MEXICO.

Germans Use Wireless Station Just Across the Border.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Activities of Germans or German-Americans from the United States across the Lower California border in Mexico, where a wireless plant is situated, are under investigation by Government agents.

Reports reaching here indicate that for months groups of about fifty Germans, changing every week or ten days, have been found in Mexicali, a little collection of baked shacks just across the border from Calexico, Cal., and about fifty miles from Yuma, Ariz., on a spur of the Southern Pacific. The town is inhabited by a shifting population of Mexicans, Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and women with few apparent means of making a living.

The Germans, who were never known to visit the town before the war, now congregate in a store startely recently by a German known to have been active in propaganda work in the United States, and have used the wireless station there, which is capable of communicating with Mexico City.

Government officials here profess not to know how the Germans reached the town from the United States, since the railroad from Yuma and Calexico is carefully watched. It is suspected that they crossed the border at a number of places in the sparsely settled communities of the Imperial Valley.

Most of the Germans in Mexicali are believed to have been part of the defunct propaganda system in the United States. In the face of prosecution and the breakdown of their system, it is believed that they have scurried to Mexico.

FORM WAR PROBLEM BOARD.

Country's Churches Organize for Work in Industrial Centres.

Under the name of the Joint Committee on War Production Communities, the churches of the country have organized to deal with problems in congested centres of war industry, and also in rural communities. Represented in the organization are thirty-five different home mission bodies, together with the Council of Women for Home Missions.

John M. Glenn of the Russell Sage Foundation is Chairman; the Rev. Alfred Williams Anthony of the Home Missions Council, Secretary; the Rev. Worth M. Tippy of the Commission on the Church and Social Service of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Executive Secretary, and William T. Demarest of the Reformed Church in America, Treasurer. The program calls for the organization and strengthening of churches and, where necessary, the creation of new churches.

RAINCOAT MAKERS REPLY.

C. Kenyon Company Denies Most of Captain Vaughan's Charges.

The first of the raincoat makers to reply to the accusations made by Captain Aubrey W. Vaughan of the Army Quartermaster Corps, self-confessed bribe-taker, was H. L. Kenyon, Vice President of the C. Kenyon Company, Inc., who issued a statement in behalf of his company yesterday. The statement denies the allegation made against the Kenyon Company by Captain Vaughan that the company, on or about March 27 of this year, obtained a contract from the Government for 3,000,000 raincoats, through the award of a committee of which Clarence Kenyon, Jr., was a member. Mr. Kenyon's statement says in part:

"Captain Vaughan was appointed to his Washington position in February or March of this year. He was not then known to the Kenyon Company. Our subsequent experience with him led us to believe that he was an upright, honorable man, and nothing occurred which led us to have a contrary opinion.

"The statement in some of the newspapers that the amount of cement used in the seams was reduced one-half is true to an extent. Recognizing the shortage of rubber dementers, the committee recommended a seam, which is stitched twice, then thoroughly cemented, and the needle holes covered with an extra piece of rubberized material, known as strapping. The seam, when properly made, is absolutely waterproof, and has been in general use in the raincoat trade for many years. If the specifications are lived up to, water cannot be forced through such a seam with a force pump.

"On March 27, 1918, the Manufacturers' Committee, of which Clarence Kenyon, Jr., was a member, wrote a letter of resignation, stating that their work as a committee had been concluded. At about this same date, orders were placed for a large number of raincoats with a great many concerns throughout the country. The C. Kenyon Company did not make any bid at this time, as they had sufficient orders on hand."

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Bear Mountain	*11:30	*12:50	*4:50
West Point (week days only)	*11:50	*1:15	*5:15
Cornwall	....	*1:40	5:40
Newburgh	*12:20	*2:00	6:00
Poughkeepsie	*1:10	*2:50	7:00
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PIER 1, N.R., 10:20, 11:15, 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30.

CONEY, 11:25, 12:25, 1:10, 12:10, 3:10, 3:55, 4:35, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:30.

Trips marked † do not go to 129th St. Trips marked ‡ do not stop at Pier 1, N. R.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—In the matter of GEORGE J. MOLLOY, Bankrupt. On the annexed petition of Isaac Rittenberg, duly verified, and upon all the proceedings had herein, let all of the creditors of George J. Molloy, the bankrupt herein, and all other interested persons appear at a Term of this Court, to be held at the U. S. Court House and Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of August, 1918, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and show cause why a private bid of $7,500 for all of the stock in trade, fixtures, and paintings of the bankrupt, located at No. 388 Broadway, New York City, should not be accepted, and why such other disposition of said property should not be made as to the Court seems just and proper.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be printed and mailed by the Receiver to all of the creditors of the bankrupt known to him, and whose names appear on the books of the bankrupt, such notice to be mailed on or before August 5th, 1918.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published, on or before August 3rd, 1918, and also on August 7th, 1918, in the "New York Times" and the "Daily News Record."

Dated, New York, August 2nd, 1918.

AUGUSTUS N. HAND, U. S. D. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—No. 28103.—In Bankruptcy.—ISIDOR ROTHSTEIN, doing business as the INVINCIBLE MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.

Isidor Rothstein, doing business as the Invincible Manufacturing Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on August 2, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on August 16, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 28993.—In Bankruptcy.—CONSOLIDATED RAILWAY, ELECTRIC LIGHTING & EQUIPMENT COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Consolidated Railway, Electric Lighting & Equipment Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 18, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on August 16, 1918, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—No. 28588.—In Bankruptcy.—SIMKO & KOZMA, INC., Bankrupt.

Simko & Kozma, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 31, 1918. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on August 16, 1918, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROSE HILL HOTEL COMPANY, BANKRUPT.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Aug. 13, 1918, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 336-338 Third Av. and 340 Third Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wines, liquors, cigars, beds, bedding, and furniture used in a hotel; also restaurant fixtures, office furniture, safe, &c.

FREDERICK F. BARTROP, Receiver.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 51 Chambers St., New York.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, plaintiff, against BANCO DI ROMA, defendant.—Summons.

To the above named defendant.

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, June 6, 1918.

MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall St., City of New York.

To Banco di Roma, Rome, Italy, defendant.

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Nathan Ottinger, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated July 2nd, 1918, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, July 2, 1918.

MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall St., City of New York

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF [illegible] United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARGARET C. SULLIVAN, Bankrupt.—The undersigned, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Aug. 7th, 1918, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 59 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of very fine household furniture, such as bedroom sets, living room set, dining room set, piano lamp, desks, chairs, rocking chairs, glassware, silverware, rugs, pictures, curtains, mirrors, bookcase, &c.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Receiver.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

INSTRUCTION.

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BURLESON TO CALL BACK DISCHARGED WIRE MEN

Postmaster General Orders Investigation of Dismissal of Union Telegraphers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Investigation of the discharge of union employes of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies has been ordered, Postmaster General Burleson said today, and he intimated that any men so penalized for union membership would be reinstated under Government control.

Mr. Burleson had a long conference with President Wilson after today's Cabinet meeting. He said the chief task of his department in connection with wire control was to reach an equitable adjustment with the private owners for compensation.

A formal statement issued today asserted that the Postmaster General was "speeding up in every way possible the collection of information for the guidance of the telegraph and telephone companies in the prosecution of their work relative to the control and operation of the wire systems."

At once a committee will begin:

To determine the use of the telegraph in transmitting money through means of money orders.

To determine the use of the stamp in connection with telegraph service.

To determine the effect the use of stamps will have on accounting systems now in use by telegraph companies.

To make a careful study of the auditing systems now in use and what changes should be made to effect consolidations with postal systems.

To determine whether the same system of handling telegraph funds can be adopted as is now in use in the postal service.

An investigation is also being made to determine to what extent branch telegraph offices may be consolidated with branch postal stations.

Only Against Anti-War Socialists.

Charles D. Orth, Chairman of the Security League's Congressional Campaign Committee, sent a letter yesterday to members of the Socialist party, which is to hold a conference at Chicago on Saturday to perfect plans for its Fall campaign, stating that the League's fight was not made upon the Socialist party, but on Socialist candidates who are against the war. Chairman Orth sent his letter to Adolph Germer of Chicago, Secretary of the Socialist National Executive Committee; Morris Hillquit of this city, Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee, John M. Work of Chicago, and Anna A. Maley of Minneapolis.

Restricts Mail Orders for Sugar.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Only the quantities of sugar allowed by the Food Administrator of each State may be sent into that State by mail order houses doing an interstate business. This is not a new law, but it is a request made today by the Food Administration, and on the basis of past practice it amounts to the same thing. Mail order houses have been taking orders for twenty-five pound lots of sugar, regardless of whatever State they came from.

DUTCH LAY TRADE PLANS.

Foresee Big Economic Difficulties After the War Ends.

AMSTERDAM, July 3, (Associated Press Correspondence.)—An "Advisory Commission for Economic Information Abroad" was inaugurated today at the Hague, to direct Holland's commercial offensive after the war.

The Chairman is W. F. C. L. Van Rappard, former Minister at Washington, and the directorate includes Chairmen of the Chambers of Commerce of Amsterdam and Rotterdam; Van Aalst, President of the Netherlands Trading Company; Kroeller, shipping magnate, and other chiefs of departments, trade, industry, and agriculture.

J. J. Loudon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, addressing the commission at his department, said that in view of increasing impediments in the world's traffic only preparatory projects could be made for post-bellum trade offensive. The chief object would be to assist the producer, whose patriotism and initiative he appealed to in order to find fresh markets, especially with regard to the colonies.

The Government foresees, said Mr. Loudon, the immense economic difficulties which will have to be encountered after the war.

Dutch Consuls will be increased in number and given additional facilities to travel about, visit colonies, and inform themselves more thoroughly of affairs within their jurisdiction, while a number of Consuls at large will be appointed and experts sent out for special purposes. Mr. Loudon added:

"My days of office are numbered, but it will remain a source of satisfaction to me to have installed this commission before departing from office."

DRAFT WHEELS IN MOTION.

Whitman Asks Election Officials to Hold Themselves in Readiness.

ALBANY, Aug. 6.—Action setting the State's election machinery into motion, to assist at the registration of 1,750,000 New York State men eligible for service with the colors under the proposed new Federal statute extending the draft age from 18 to 45 years, was taken today. Adjt. Gen. Sherrill, at Governor Whitman's direction, communicated with all city and county election officials with the view of enlisting their services in securing the registration of the new men liable to the draft.

The first step toward the enrollment was taken immediately upon receipt by Governor Whitman of a telegram from Provost Marshal Gen. Crowder suggesting that the proper arrangements be made before the actual passage of the new draft law.

Election officials were urged by the Governor to keep intact their machinery to be used at the general primary election throughout the State in September in order that it will be available for the new draft registration a few days later probably.

Opposes Nassau Ferry Proposal.

In a report to the Sinking Fund Commission recommending that the city reject the proposal of the Nassau Ferry Company to sell to the city the Houston Street Ferry and that the city pay a subsidy of $120,000 a year for the continued operation of it, Controller Craig announced yesterday that the ferry, which runs between the foot of Grand Street, Brooklyn, and East Houston Street, Manhattan, had been operating since 1914 without a franchise. Final action will be taken by the Sinking Fund Commission at next Monday's meeting.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(‹) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Sheppard, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Brennan‹L Val RR.
Carter & Weeks Stevedoring Co‹Inter-Ocean Marine Nav.
Nonnast Co‹Chemical Co‹Peck.
Same‹Knick Ins Co.
Same‹Whist.
Rhode Island RR.
Eats‹Schindler.
Hoover‹same.
Howell‹same.
Eaton‹same.

DISTRICT COURT—Knox, J.—In Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy calendar.—Discharges:

Isaac G Schoff.
Benjamin Kaplan.
Intermediate Chemical Corp.
Louis Godlis.
John Cort.
Louis Meltzer.
Charles Polk.
Louis Levine.
Frederick Miller.
Adolph Alper.
Edward E Pidgeon.
Isaac Greenberg.
Harold A Arnstein.
L M Marx.
William M Butler.
Max Steinberg.
Sidney Ash.
Lippa Bauberger.
Thomas R. Wheeler.
Under objection:
Samuel Feinberg.
Morris Miodownick.
Harold S Luterman.
Adjourned sine die:
Leo Gans.
Garah Gans.
L & S Hershkowitz.

Motions:
Richmond Brick Co.
William F Kirk.
Helen P Sabine.
B M Volinetz.
Nathan J Miller.
Abraham Oskanazy.
Joseph Freed.
Richard Brick Co.
M Truett & Co. (4.)
Frank E Dowling.
Grape Ola Corp.
Sigmund Hollinger.
H N Vedder & Co.
George Molloy.
William J Meyer.
Otto P Weisswange.
Spolter Bros.
Herman J Herman.
McClave Lumber Co.
Porpail & Co.
Nat Cartoon Serv Co.
Louis Solinsky.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10 A. M.—Criminal.

US‹G Hoffman.
Same‹J C Wagner.
Same‹Eliz Wood.
Same‹J N G Anderberg.
Same‹J Popierdink.
Same‹C J Thomas.
Same‹W F Hudgings.
Same‹J Aleksaitis.
Same‹W Jurasik.
Same‹S Kalondrinski.
Same‹L Romain.
Same‹R Pastrana.
Same‹M Bell.
Same‹A Vieres.
Same‹J Romolo.
Same‹M Macyhulak.
Same‹C Yanoski.
Same‹J Minkowski.
Same‹A Bifano.
Same‹C H Holland.
Same‹G Szymanalis.
Same‹M Rubin.
Same‹J Weiss.
Same‹S Jandiseyezak.
Same‹G Moore.
Same‹V Crimauro.
Same‹C Davis.
Same‹S Bernstein & N Horowitz.
Same‹M Denker and H Morganstein.

Equity calendar at 10 A. M.

Ellis-Foster Co‹Williamsburg Chem.
Clarkson, as Trustee‹Frank et al.

Bankruptcy calendar at 2 P. M. in Room $12, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.

Discharge:
Milton J. Schwartz.

Motions:
Thomas Donahue.
J. Harry Myers.
E. R. Strong Co.

Motion calendar at 2 P. M.

US ex rel A. Greenberg‹Commander of Camp Upton.
Re Morris Stein.
Re M. Karnofsky.
Re Henry Egan.
US ex rel J. Bressant‹Major Gen. Bell.
Re J. Ciesielski.
Re F. Derevitzky.
US ex rel Sam Chanin‹Local Board 65.
Re M. Macewicz.
Re Louis Bender.
Re A. Drozdowski.
US ex rel Benjamin Yalkut‹Local Board 84.
US ex rel P. Yalkut‹Local Board 34.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Drewitz‹Drewitz.
Kirshbaum‹Abrahamson.
Nelson‹Jones.
Re N E Iron Ins Co. (Star Fibre Trunk.)
Re same, (Hotel Cecil Co.)
Elmer & Amend‹Wiesswance.
Brat‹Marks.
Wild‹Wild.
Rosenberg‹Ferulll.
Re Albert Dry Goods Co. (Hollender.)
Hunt‹Leppok Rty Co.
People ex rel Feinman ‹Noxall Waist Co.
Re Lieber.
Stewart‹Stewart.
Ramsey‹Donenfeld.
Keedick‹Empey.
De Malo‹Engel.
Kalenson‹Central Madison Co.
Taggart‹Thee.
Greisen‹Greisen.
Dumerast‹Dumerast.
Rosenberg‹Goerlitz.
Re Van Riper, (Watson.)
Gutschneider, Inc‹E 46th St Rty Co.
Delmar‹Cummings.
Stein‹Kurzrok.
Closson‹Richichi.
Banks‹Aiello.
Garford Motor Truck Co‹Taylor.
Fennell‹Fennell.
Gaisel‹Bedford.
Miller‹Lowe.
Thomas‹NY, N H & H RR.
Nailtary U Co‹Met By-Products.
Martuscha‹Beadleston & Woerz.
Owen‹Owen.
Gorton‹Bway Central Hotel Co. (2.)
Britts‹Harby SS Co.
US‹Barman.
Goldstein‹Goldstein.
Green‹Chartress.
Boera‹Boyo.
Levy‹Burnee.
Rand‹Dick.
Zibell‹Cloo.
Baldwin‹Weintraub.
Green‹Gerety.
Poleti‹Poleti, Coda & Co.
Dumas‹Dumas.
Wennemer Con Co‹Browning.
Wight‹Wight.
Cohn‹Cohn.
Patterson‹Byrne.
Greenwich Sav Bank‹Franklin Madison Realty Co.
Barlow‹Barlow.
Hartley‹Jennings.
Horn, Schulein & Friedman‹2nd Pive & Ten Cent Stores.
Indiana Flooring Co‹Bruce Co.
Crown Lumbg Co‹Zuckerman.
Mitchell‹Hudson.
Gotham Nat Bank‹Mulford, Haas Co.
Richardson‹Richardson.
Siminsky‹Firemen's Fund Ins Co.
Wortham‹Liata.
Re Quincey.
Butler‹Butler.
Perl‹Perr.
De Ridder‹Taylor.

PART II.—Guy J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part III.—Recess.

PARTS IV. to VIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III. to XVIII., inclusive, adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Estates:
Jeanette H. Sullivan.
Charles C. Sims.

Wills for probate:
Oliver Barratt.
Mary L. Goodwin.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Wollman‹Lash.
Haxben‹Rosenbaum.
Stoltzenberg‹Scher.
Frankel‹Stofsky.
Am Tech Society‹Little.
Wenig‹Jacobs.
Malpeli‹Met Trust.
Corbett‹Childs Co.
Meiner‹S. A. Shoe.
Slodowitz‹Dwersky.
Souder‹Goldstone.
Gen Illuminating Co‹Pfingst.
Fitzpatrick‹Kamber.
Johnson‹Atlantic, Gulf & Pacific Co.
Schwortzreich & Goodman Co‹F. U. Stearns.
Park Av Construction Co‹Warburg.

PART II.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J. — Reo Reowlon—Mortimer E. Brown. Re Tietjen-Mortimer E. Brown.

SUPREME COURT—Guy, J.—Benson‹Benson—Malcolm Summer.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM. (Chambers)—Finch, J.—at 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Finch, J.—Motion calendar to be called Friday, Aug. 9.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions—Estates of:
Henrietta Solomon, Gesine Schroder.

Wills for probate:
Catherine Casey.
Rubin Koenigsberg.
William Nove.
Josephine Kapprell.
Elizabeth M Hohnbaum.
Rudolph F Ellenberg.
Keady Sullivan.
Frank Goldman.

Accounting:
Mary A Kingston.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Schatz‹Kirchhof—James A. Edwards. Martens‹Allegro—Henry K. Davis. Windeler‹Manges and another—Thomas G. Price.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Finch, J.—Frances B. Austin‹Mabel K. Grimm et al.—Maurice J. Dix.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Tannenbaum‹Chyat.
Heidenstrom‹Kolle.
Rothstein‹Klein.
Cappadona‹Belsito.
Kraujalis‹Nat Biscuit.
Southard‹Southard.
Nordurf‹Nordurf.
Kinkel‹Kinkel.
Stein‹NY Rys.
Riemenschneider‹Riemenschneider.
Re Un Bk, (Skinner.)

PART II.—Lazansky, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:
Weber.
Schlichting.
De Pay.
Zimmerman.

PART III.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M.

P S C, 1st Dist, Petitioner‹Bkl Boro Gas Co, defendant.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Elizabeth Blanchard.
Angeline Whepp.
Pauline Fisher.

Accountings of:
Dennis Ford.
Un Bank‹New Jersey Av Realty Co.
Garrison‹Panzer.
Andersen‹L I RR.
Glickstein‹Glickstein.
Re Saretzky & Simon.
Re Christopher St. (Bennett.)
Re Hackett.
Race‹Race.
Smith‹Erie RR.
Anderson.
Hudson.
Samuel.
Bruns.
Jos Eppig.
Jos Wilson.
Sarah Nicholson.
David Ross.

Estate of:
Carl Herrman.

County Court.

CIVIL—Adjourned for the term.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

ARMY GABARDINE Wanted for army suits, 18 and 20 oz. U. S. Specialty Co., 536 Broadway.

ASTRACHAN CLOTH Wanted.—All colors; also astrachan children's coats, same colors. A 236 Times.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or botany, all shades, U. S. 235, cash. Greeley 833.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open to buy Clark & Dana 5420 black. Madison Square 7617.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for 24 H or Botany taupe broadcloth. Farragut 9030.

BUNTING Wanted for flags, cotton; any quantity; for cash. Phone Stuyvesant 2770.

CLOAKING Wanted.—McKenny's ¾ diagonal, all shades. A 225 Times.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber placing orders on better made and better priced coats and suits. Fourth floor, 48 West 25th St. Call all week.

COATS and SUITS Wanted.—Jobs in ladies', children's. Wednesday, between 9 and 11; 354 4th Av.; Balto. Bargain House.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber placing stock orders on junior and misses' coats. 22 West 32d St., 13th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Back orders placed on snappy junior coats. Fourth floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted.—High grade, for cash. Gottdiener, Franklin 4133.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Open for quantity. Julliards 613, Belgium blue. Gramercy 6318.

COTH-EVORA Wanted. F. and H Pekin, Algerian, and blue struse, will exchange for taupe. Madison Square 2715.

COTTON PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Will buy shirtings, pongees, Hollands, percales, khaki drills and twills, ducks, &c., suitable for the export trade. Address Lubell Bros., R. Garcia Dept., 502 Broadway, N. Y. City.

COTTON VOILES Wanted.—Seconds and odd lots, at cash price; quantity no object. A 226 Times.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Open for large quantity white, flesh, and black; also cheap black taffetas. La Rose Waist, 31 West 21st St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted.—Any quantity, any color; spot cash paid. Miller & Gleen, 484 Broadway.

CRYSTAL CORD and Cloth Wanted.—Duotone, 0816 pom pom, 09070 serge, spot cash. Gramercy 1074.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden & Leonard, Fall shades, quantity for cash. Greeley 2137.

DELHI Wanted.—American Delhi 037 Pekin. Telephone Madison Square 10280.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber ready to place orders on silk dresses only; call with samples afternoon only. Ask for Mr. Bernstein, ninth floor, 109 West 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders on silk and serge dresses. Call with samples from 8 to 10 A. M., 32 West 31st, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber ready to place stock orders on serges, satins, and jersey dresses. L. Marsh, 29 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs of silk and serge dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits, Skirts, Waists Wanted.—Better grade; cash. National, 4343 Franklin.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall dresses, silk and satin. 15 West 20th, 1st floor.

DRESSES, Coats, Suits Wanted.—Any quantity; spot cash; jobs only. Farr. 5154.

DRESSES Wanted.—Satin serges and jerseys. Room 906, 1261 Broadway.

DUVET-DE-LAINE Wanted.—F. H., bison, reindeer; will pay cash. Farragut 2616.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted.—Open for 24 H. reindeer. Telephone 9030 Farragut.

FURS Wanted.—What have you in manufactured furs or skins to close out for spot cash. Furs, 212 Times Downtown.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open for 10,000 yards black at $1.10 per yard. Harry A. Roman & Co., 22 West 32d.

GEORGINES Wanted.—White, flesh and peach; call with samples. M. Weisman & Sons, 118 West 22d St.

JERSEY Wanted.—Can use 100 pieces of Jersey for cash. Farragut 3905.

KHAKI Wanted.—All cotton, 28 inches, army shades. 354 4th Av., Room 1613.

MATALAF Wanted.—Will pay cash. Spring 4846.

PLAIDS Wanted for skirts, Bachman's, for spot cash. Sontag & Fiedell, 24 West 20th St.

PLUSH BEAVER Wanted.—Open for large quantity at a reasonable price, also assorted velours. Eisenberg & Freedman, Stuyvesant 7332-3.

PLUSHES Wanted.—In cotton, all shades and widths. 4199 Gramercy.

POPLIN Wanted.—American 90610, 06077, Stevens; quantity, cheap; silvertones. Merit. Greeley 1121.

POPLINS Wanted.—American all-wool poplins. E. Wilensky & Co., Farragut 9142.

POPLINS Wanted.—Burgundy in oxford; good quality. Karp Bros., 20 West 24th.

SECO LININGS Wanted.—All colors; call with samples; no phone calls answered. Louis Noshkes, 37 West 28th.

SECO LININGS Wanted.—In all colors; large quantities. Madison Square 8350.

SERGES AND GRANITES Wanted.—Pacific Mills; C. S. C. G. N., 36-inch; half wool; all colors. Gramercy 2954.

SERGES Wanted.—Will exchange storm serges, 36 and 50 inch, colors, for navy. Farragut 9910.

SERGES Wanted.—54-inch, cotton warp; navies; quantities. Andon Mills, 239 4th Av.

SERGES Wanted.—235, 838, 0936, 519, 528, 11433 at a low price. X 388 Times Annex.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted. — All constructions, 54-inch. Call 354 4th Av., Room 1613.

SHIRTS Wanted.—Amoskeag, large quantity for cash; bring samples. Manhattan, 656 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for a quantity of taffeta in blacks, solid colors, and changeables for cash. Lewis Hurwitz & Co., 136 Madison Av.

SILK WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber, quantity user, will look Wednesday morning, 8:30 A. M. Room 1003, 3 West 29th.

SILKS Wanted.—Open to buy discontinued lines of silks, large or small lots; most any shade. Spring 7934.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for a large quantity Spring suits; price must be reasonable. Mr. Finkelstein, Spring 9630.

SUITS Wanted.—Open to buy lot of discarded samples. Crakow, 1,210 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—100 pieces, navy, black, botany, and Garfield. Coronet Costume Co., 39 West 32d. Madison Square 3168.

TRICOTINE Wanted. — Navy, Garfield; broadcloth, taupe, Botanys, 315 for cash Farragut 438.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavy weight, Burgundies only; open for large quantity on right price. Greeley 4582, Piece Goods Dept.

VELOURS and SERGES Wanted.—Sturgis Schell, 1107, 1102; Whitmans 94; cash. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will exchange 0360, any shade, for Pekin. Kramer, Madison Square 9656.

WAISTS Wanted.—Open for jobs silks and cottons. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

WOOLENS Wanted.—We buy for cash, surplus stocks of woolens, silks, and cotton goods from garment manufacturers. X 369 Times Annex.

WOOLENS Wanted.—All descriptions; pay cash according prices. Marks, 80 5th Av. Chelsea 9192.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted.—All colors; will pay highest price; spot cash on delivery. Marion Dress Co., 2 West 33d St.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—Open for 100 pieces, dress weights, all shades. Harry A. Roman & Co., 22 West 32d.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—100 pieces, dress weight. Gross-Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted.—All colors, quantity no object. Princess, 19 West 24th St.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted for cash. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th. Farragut 3093.

WOOL JERSEY Wanted, all colors. Madison Square 3049.

$100 REWARD.

A reward of $100 will be paid by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person publishing an advertisement in The Times containing false or misleading information.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

AUTO DUSTERS.—To close out cheap; very snappy Fall coats from $15.75 to $26.75. Plotkin, 110 West 25th St.

BATHING SUITS.—Men's, boys', 500 dozen for immediate delivery; also Shetland sweaters. Ritter Knitting Co., Jersey City, N. J. Phone 1785 Montgomery.

BOLIVIAS.—Sell cheap, F. & H; 5771, gold and chartreuse. Madison Square 1520.

BROADCLOTH.—One piece, white sponged, and examined, for sale, cash. Madison Square 2128. Sonny Dresses, 5 West 31st.

BROADCLOTH, Serges, Poplins, Velours, and Kerseys, all numbers. Henry L. Bunin, 348 4th Av. Madison Square 651.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 and Columbia; all shades; Holden-Leonard Bolivia. Madison Square 7950.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315 broadcloth, all shades, $3.25 net cash. Mad. Sq. 914.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTH, plum; also American lightweight velour, taupe, plum, reindeer. Farragut 9406.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany, 52-inch, Stevens, 50 inches; Deering-Milliken, 54-inch, all shades. Call Farragut 9142.

BROADCLOTH.—F & H. Beatrice and Botany, $3.15; all colors. Farragut 5759.

CAPS.—Army officers' overseas caps; finest whipcord and serge, all branches of service; immediate delivery; lowest prices. Overseas Cap Co., 51 East 42d, Room 308. Murray Hill 1081.

CELLULOID SHEET MATERIAL, all colors and thicknesses. D-B-L Products Corporation, Woolworth Building. Barclay 5497.

CHEVIOTS.—Flagers 1500-24, Keffel 500, Stoney & Starkey, 27, 2200, and 1700; Fred. Lawrence, 255, 4900, all colors, below market prices. Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Dept.

CHIFFON VELVET, Cheney's; all colors; immediate delivery. Phone 5651 Murray Hill. Kahn.

CHIFFON, Velvets, all high shades; ten pieces; 42 inches; silk back. Madison Square 7950.

CHINCHILLA.—White, all wool, 3 pieces, to close. Orchard 3701.

CLOAKING.—Manufacturer selling poplins, velours, kerseys, below market price. Farr. 2937.

COATINGS.—Flagler's 1500, brown, navy, oxford; McKenney, navy and green. Gramercy 2066.

COATS.—5,000 coats for immediate delivery, all the the latest material, prices which will interest you; don't miss seeing our velour chevlot coats, 48 inches long, plush trimming, large plaid all around, $8.75. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th.

COATS.—Salt's pile fabrics and velours, kerseys, and broadcloths, at right prices; jobbers invited. N. Hurwitz & Son, 109 West 26th St.

COATS, for immediate delivery, 2,000 pile fabric and 3,000 cloth coats, velours, broadcloths, mixtures. Ulin Bros., 34 East 12th.

COATS.—Exceptional values; three leading styles, velour, half lined, fur and plush trimmed, $13.50. Alex Koguet, 129 W. 22d.

COATS of all styles, made of pile fabric materials; special offer to our patrons. Benj. Shapiro, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—1,000 all wool velours and mixtures, assorted styles, 4 to 14; $3.75 and $4.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

COATS.—Smart styles in better grade coats at surprisingly low prices. I. Novick & Co., Inc., 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Plush coats of the better kind; reasonable prices. A. L. Schulman, 27-33 West 20th St.

COATS.—Velours and broadcloth, at low prices. S. E. S. Cloak and Suit Co., 54 East 13th St.

COATS, suits, caracula, metalan, uralamb, velours, plushes, export. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', novelties; exceptionally cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

COATS, wool velour, all lined, interlined fur collars, $16.75. Rosenman, 40 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS.—200 snappy samples at big sacrifice. Emanuel, 45 West 27th.

COATS.—Job Fall coats; will sell at sacrifice. Progress Garments, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS.—Stouts, at popular prices Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

CORDUROY.—Fine English goods, medium wale, original boxes, 28-inch, 70 pieces green, 30 wine, 20 navy; sell lot 67½; also 50 pieces black 50c yard net cash, worth double. Hazel Manufacturing Co., 76 Green St.

CORDUROY.—All colors; cotton plushes all colors; low prices. Chelsea 7836.

COTTON GOODS.—Kid black sateens, 28½ cents; unbleached flannelette, 33½ cents; voiles, white, 25 cents; white cheap lining, 14½ cents; colored fancies to close; 3-10 days. Madison Square 8103.

COTTON PLUSHES.—Pearsons 8041, also ¾ goods, all colors, below market price. Greeley 4582. Piece Goods Department.

COTTON.—Pique white, extra quality, 33½ cents net cash. M. Feynman Co., 19 West 21st St.

COTTON DRESSES, Voiles and Ginghams, at sacrifice prices. Queen, 149 West 36th.

COTTON SKIRTS.—Close out, sacrifice prices. Queen, 149 West 36th.

COVERT CLOTH, 1,000 yards at $2.45 net cash. Madison Sq. 2128, Sonny Dresses, 5 West 31st.

DRESSES.—Better kind of novelty voiles, organdies, Anderson's, Scotch; also imported ginghams; special prices. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, satin; you can save $2-$2 on each garment by coming down to 22 West 15th St., the London Apparel Co.

DRESSES.—Satin and serge dresses on racks; large assortment; immediate delivery. Congress Dress Co., 32 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—Special offering in 2,000 silk, taffeta, satin, and serge; snappy styles. Kastchtner & Bosniak, 20 West 27th St.

DRESSES, silks, satins, and taffetas, $6.25; best values in market. Lauretta Skirt Co., 450 4th Av. Madison Square 6945.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values in satins, serges, jerseys from $6.50 to $10.75; immediate delivery. Loeb, Nusbaum, 31 W. 26th.

DRESSES.—1,000 taffeta and beaded Georgette, to close out; large sizes in all materials. Princess, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES for immediate delivery; high-grade satins and serges, at unusually low prices. Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, satin, taffeta, and cotton; prices reasonable. The Irving Costume Co., 142 West 24th, 12th floor.

DRESSES.—300 satin and serge dresses, close out at a price. Engelberg Costume Co., 134 West 25th St. Farragut 9860.

DRESSES.—Job of better kind of georgettes and crepe de chines at a price. Big N. Dress Co., 19 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Hygrade georgettes, silk jerseys, stout washables; sacrificed. Deutsch, 23 West 22d.

DRESSES.—High-grade georgettes and satin dresses to close out at low price. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

DRESSES.—6-14 gingham and crash, $9 to $13.50 doz., spot delivery. Levi Bros., 55 West 34 St.

DRESSES.—Jobs; extraordinary values; satins, crepes, taffetas, Georgettes, serges. Ruby, 116 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Voile, linene, silk dresses, to close out; also wool jerseys. Balsam & Schirmer, 37 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Serges, satins, $6.75; voiles, $2.25; skirts cheap. Hutner, 48 W. 25th.

DRESSES.—Taffetas, satins, and serges to close out. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Wool jersey, serge, satin, georgette, $10.75. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75, all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—See our all-wool serge dresses at $7.75. Nivel, 151 West 36th.

DRESSES.—Job Organdies, Voiles, Georgettes, close out. Bodow, 145 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—See our $8.75, all-wool French serge dresses. Queen, 149 West 36th.

EVORA, BOLIVIA, SHAW'S, and VELOURS, heavy and light weight to close out. Gramercy 1807.

FLANNEL.—White, 56-inch and 61-inch, for interlining cloaks and Government coats; also unbleached sheeting. Franklin 5632.

FUR COLLARS.—1,500 black and natural Nutria, notch and shawl; attractive price. Phone Stuyvesant 1736.

FUR COLLARS AND SETS.—Kit cooney and opossum; cheap. J. Kaplan, 40 West 34th St.

FURS.—Red fox sets, $12.50 to close out. D. Berger, 40 East 8th, near Green St.

GABARDINES.—40 pieces khaki, 36 inches wide; will close cheap. J. C. Platt Clothing Co. 87 5th Ave.

GABARDINES.—Andrews 5958, $3.15, on 60 days. Madison Square 2947.

GABARDINES for sale; Spring shades. Knickerbocker 909.

JERSEY CLOTHS, suit and dress weight. Phone Gramercy 2091 or 2992.

KHAKI DRILL, 28 inch, Lawrence's No. 9376, 17,000 yards to close out; spot delivery. Armi-Khaki Co., 379 Fifth Av. Phone Vanderbilt 5383.

MEN'S NECKWEAR.—Knitted and cut silks, latest novelties, best values in town; see our windows, street floor. Standard Neckwear Co., Broadway and 30th St.

OXFORDS, serges, velours, poplins, &c., to cutting-up trade; all leading numbers. Evans Brothers, 404 4th Av., Mad. Sq. 292.

OXFORDS.—Juilliards, 2086, 5 pieces; Kitten Ear Juilliard, 2085, 5 pieces, and 3 pieces of brown tricotine. Madison Square 7950.

OXFORDS, Zibelines, Serges, also remnants, to close. L. Weisman, 28 West 22d.

PETTICOATS.—2,000 dozen, ready, sateen and cotton, taffeta; plain and novelties, $9 dozen up. Greenwald Petticoat Co., 1,261 Broadway.

PIECE GOODS.—Jeans, 40,000 yards Pepperel-Hills & Lonsdale, spot delivery, 32½ cents; P. G. L. Pacific atom serge, 50-inch, 4,500 yards, navy, $1.62½; Pacific galatea, ranger, navy, and copen, 2,500 yards, 30 cents; cotton Blackstone poplin white and rose, copen and green, 25 cents; khaki jeans and galatea, 36-inch Palmer linen suiting, 1,000 yards, 55 cents; cotton voile, in Nile, rose, copen, green, corn, flesh, and pink, 1,500 yards, 21 cents. X 395 Times Annex.

PLUSHES.—Peco, H. & H. 200, Auffmardt's 2000, Behring seal, Esq., Salt's beaver, reasonable. Greeley 4377.

PLUSH.—Cotton and mercerized, all widths, at low prices. Gramercy 806.

POM POMS.—American 12075, taupe, reindeer, navy, plum. Chelsea 7834.

POM POMS.—Close out cheap for cash; American 0816. Madison Square 1520.

POPLINS AND SERGES.—0907, 0609, 9302, 838, 6301, 6614, 41-1, 6234, Poplins, Saxonias, Seldons 1095, 1057, 4916, 4768, 503, 6405, 6500. Greeley 4376.

POPLINS.—06077, Saxonia 949, Jolesch, Dobson, Lorraine 3068, Selden, also botany and Lorraine gabardines. Greeley 1120.

POPLINS, Spring shades; American Joels 06610, 06077 and similar makes, cheap. Greeley 4379.

SATEENS.—All colors and qualities; also canvas; low prices. Chelsea 7836.

SATIN.—50 pieces leading shades; immediate delivery; $1.17½, 8 off. Embe Silk Works, 303 5th Av. Madison Square 6942.

SERGES.—Black and navy 1464, 104, 9288, 9204, 788, 10707, 528, C. F. S., 54289, 7120, Broadhead 500, Gera 10453, Lorraine 3665; also heavyweight and lightweight burgundy velours and kerseys, and big variety fancy skirtings, plaids, stripes, and checks. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2716.

SERGE.—54280, dark navy, original tickets; tricotine, 28 pcs., assorted colors, No. 5585; Walworth-tricotine, 50 pcs., No. 03860; navy colors; U. S. Serge-navy, 50 pcs., No. 235; open for offer. X 397 Times Annex.

SERGES.—1209, 1210, 6002, 6301, 7301, 94, 211, 3, 7614, 6122, 7120, 54, 289, 780, 528, 519, 7512, 9056, 1464, 90, 9, 11433, 809, 0936, 925, Finkelstein & Sons, 696 Broadway. Spring 6311-12.

SERGES.—1464, 3850, 4632, 9, 99, 0609, 0696, 800, 11433, 9036, 7008, 7302; broadcloth, velours, poplins; long terms. Farragut 9407.

SERGES.—838, 0936, canvas, sateen, spool silk, velvet; cheap from manufacturer. Madison Square 3578.

SERGES.—7120, 519, 4002, 11433, 764 S, 1210, Newport 104, 99; long terms. 42 East 21st St. Gramercy 1177.

SERGES.—09070 burgundy, brown, $2.62½; M. D. S. L. wine, brown, green, $1.40. Gramercy 845.

SERGES.—Juilliard 4060, navy, 40 pieces, $1.42½ net cash. Call Farragut 3198.

SERGE.—Have six double cuts of Whitman 87, navy, $1.05 net cash. Spring 1606.

SERGE.—4289, dark navy, original tickets; spot cash; reasonable. Call Farragut 9783.

SERGES.—Whitman eighty-seven, $1 net cash. Gramercy 6199.

SERGES.—Garfield 528, $2.45 spot cash. Phone Madison Square 761.

SERGES.—0696, 0609, 6002, 99, C. F. G., cheap. Call Gramercy 1004.

SERGE.—American 0936, 7 pieces navy. Chelsea

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ALL WOOL JERSEY DRESS

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABBEVILLE, La.—L. & M. Sokolski; I. Frederick, J. Weill, dry goods; 16 East 26th Bristol.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; M. H. Schmickley, dresses; 41 Union Square.

AMARILLO, Texas—H. B. Meacham Co.; Mrs. M. Allen, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.; Sherman Square.

ANDERSON, Ind.—The Fair Department Store; L. L. Simon, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway; Wallick.

ASHLAND, Ohio—Alvo Co.; W. F. Voigt, undrewear, raincoats, fabrics; Imperial.

ATHENS, Ohio—D. Zenner & Co.; Mr. Williams, domestics; 105 Grand.

ATLANTA, Ga. — Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co.; E. R. Dubose, dry goods; 20 East 46th; Collingwood.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Yudelson Co.; R. Yudelson, ladies' ready-to-wear; S. Yudelson, clothing, turnishings; York.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. P. Allen & Co.; C. F. Ursenbach, neckwear, gloves, jewelry, fancy goods, notions, hosiery; 1,261 Broadway; Holland House.

AUGUSTA, Ga.—Rice & O'Conner Shoe Co.; L. H. Rice, hats, boots, shoes; Gregorian.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Miss Cohen, waists; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Carter, Webster & Co.; G. Sauer, work shirts, sweaters; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss A. Lindman, millinery; Holland House.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; M. Schneeberger, corsets, underwear, hosiery, jewelry; Laurelton.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich.—The Eppler's; Mrs. C. F. Eppler, ready-to-wear; 1,239 Broadway; Grand.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Simon Bros.-Welden Co.; Miss A. M. Reardon, dresses, waists; Breslin.

BISHOPVILLE, S. C.; Stafford, D. G. Co.; W. E. Stafford, dry goods, notions; Aberdeen.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; F. J. Smith, silverware, leather goods, jewelry; Mr. Gallagher, boys' furn. goods, basement; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Reddington, misses waists, sweaters; Miss Griffin, ladies' waists, sweaters; Miss Phillips, ladies' costumes, dresses; 116 West 32d.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; Miss M. Connolly, misses' corsets; Miss M. McHugh, misses dresses; J. T. Hogan, aprons, white goods; B. E. Taylor, general mdse.; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss A. O'Connell, corsets; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; C. W. Conklin, coats, suits, skirts, waists; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Gilman, children's, juniors,' misses' coats; basement buyers; Mr. Koenigsthal, men's, boys' clothing; Mr. Stafeld, children's dresses; Mr. Tobey, shoes; Mr. Dutch, coats; Mr. O'Brien, suits; Mr. Levy, waists; Miss Sweeney, millinery; Miss Duquetter, sweaters; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; P. M. Ginsberg, millinery; Gregorian.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss L. M. Sweeney, corsets; 470 4th Av.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—J. E. Burch, clothing, dry goods, millinery; Albert.

BRADDOCK, Penn.—Mendels; Miss E. Mendel, coats, dresses, waists; L. Mendel, boys' clothing, dolls; Martinique.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—French Shop; Mrs. Grossman, suits, dresses, waists; McAlpin.

BRIDGEPORT—Smith-Murray Co.; E. M. Lampson, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland Dry Goods Co.; W. E. Tiffney, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; A. S. Delgleish, Miss L. Collins, millinery; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss L. Dean, waists; 2 West 37th.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—William Hengerer Co.; D. Scholl, hosiery, gloves; 2 W. 37th.

CATSKILL, N. Y.—H. L. Broughton Store; W. Heath, Miss K. A. Deady, P. Dunn, Miss Fray, china, house furn. goods; Continental.

CHANDLER, Okla.—K. Jacobs, clothing; 1,150 B'way.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—L. Cohen & Co.; L. Cohen, P. Shatz, ready-to-wear; 44 East 23d.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—Belk Bros.; G. H. McDonald, general mdse; 116 W. 32d; Aberdeen.

CHICAGO—Chas. A. Stevens & Bro.; A. Hillquist, woman's coats; Miss B. Collins, misses, junior, children's coats; Miss Kissling, millinery; Mrs. Mee, skirts, petticoats, underwear, house dresses; 40 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Sindel Bros.; E. J. Dawson, men's furn. goods; 13 East 22d.

CHICAGO—Scars, Roebuck & Co.; J. H. Rubel, dress shirts, sweaters; C. J. Cornwall, manager; P. O. Perry, dresses; E. A. Kettlewell, manager; E. L. Curtis, work shirts, furn. goods, men's gloves; L. Charleroy, children's, infants' shoes, rubbers; 115 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. C. Delberg, juvenile wear; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO — Consolidated Millinery Co.; J. Wineberg, millinery; 621 B'way.

CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; Mrs. A. B. Burch, ribbons, art needlework; Miss Taylor, gloves, leather goods; 116 West 32d.

CINCINNATI—McAlpin Co.; G. W. Owens, general mdse.; 23 East 26th.

CINCINNATI — Byrne & Shevlin; J. A. Shevlin, general mdse.; Herald Square.

CINCINNATI — Robert Mitchell Furniture Co.; H. A. Redfield, lace curtains; Collingwood.

CINCINNATI—M. B. Schwenker; Mrs. M. B. Schwenker, coats; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—Ames Co.; Miss E. E. Gibson, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

CLEVELAND—Famous Clothing Co.; H. Bogart, men's clothing; Wallick.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. O. Sprawl, wash dresses; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; H. D. Boyce, dress goods, silks; 220 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Sterling, Welch Co.; T. E. Sprowe, lace curtains; Manhattan.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; A. H. Kreske, men's clothing; H. Knipperberg, boy's clothing; 37 West 26th.

CLEVELAND — Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, misses' suits; 470 4th Av.

CLEVELAND—The Higbee Co.; Miss Jackson, dresses; 230 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; F. Lazarus, Jr., W. J. Huber, mdse. mgr.; Mr. Thomas, men's furn. goods; 225 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; A. A. Garey, ladies' garments, basement; 225 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Elberfeld-Culp Co.; E. S. Culp, ready-to-wear, furn. goods, hosiery; Marlborough.

DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; J. C. Daniels, representing; 19 East 24th.

DALLAS, Texas—H. B. Meacham Co.; Mrs. A. Crulkshank, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.; Sherman Square.

DANVILLE, Va.—Harmsberger's, Inc.; Mr. Schuster, cotton goods; 105 Grand.

DAVENPORT, Iowa — J. H. C. Peterson Sons; R. L. Bradt, carpets; 1,138 B'way.

DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; Miss Burns, ready-to-wear; 230 5th Av.

DENVER—Joslin Dry Goods Co.; P. J. Sullivan, gloves; Miss B. Roble, corsets; 23 East 26th.

DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; E. H. Collins, juniors' apparel, knit goods; 23 E. 26th; Bristol.

DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; J. Slaughter, domestics, linens; 71 W. 23d.

DES MOINES, Iowa—J. Mandelbaum & Sons; Miss C. Hemenway, laces; 404 4th Av.; Woodward.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. A. Mayhew, corsets, muslin underwear; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Tansey, toilet goods; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Berman & Mazure; B. Berman, clothing; Broadway Central.

DETROIT—Kunz & Keys; A. M. Keys, G. M. Kunz, clothing; Great Northern.

DETROIT—H. Allen & Sons; C. H. Allen, woolens, trimmings; Imperial.

ENNIS, Texas—William Jolesch, Sons & Co.; I. Jolecsh, dry goods, clothing; 242 4th Av.

FORT WORTH, Texas—H. B. Meacham Co.; Mrs. J. Cowan, Mrs. R. M. Dillon, ready-to-wear; Miss M. Kiper, millinery; 353 4th Av.; Sherman Square.

FRANKLIN, Ohio—E. B. Thirkield & Sons Co.; E. M. Thirkield, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Stern Co.; H. Stern, coats, suits, dresses; Miss Hughes, cotton, serges, jersey dresses; 470 4th Av.

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Brown Belk Co.; T. B. Brown, general mdse.; Miss A. Melvin, ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d; Aberdeen.

GREENVILLE, S. C.—Scott Co.; J. N. Watkins, dry goods; Churchill.

HARLOWTON, Mont.—Golden Rule; J. E. Wood, general mdse., ladies' ready-to-wear, children's wear, knit goods; Bristol.

HASTINGS, Neb.—Smith Bros. Co.; Miss G. Meyers, notions; 1,133 B'way.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss S. Newman, ready-to-wear; Miss K. Sheehan, waists, petticoats; 404 4th Av.

HELENA, Ark.—Jeidel & Rothschild; J. Jeidel, dry goods, clothing; Cumberland.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; R. Nugent, dry goods; Navarre.

HOUSTON, Texas—M. Schwartz & Co.; M. Schwartz, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; Room 1,905, 15 East 26th.

JACKSON, Mich.—L. H. Field Co.; E. Smith, dress goods, silks; Longacre.

JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—M. Nathan & Bro.; Mr. Jacobs, silk dresses; 37 West 26th.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Kohn-Furchgott Co.; L. Elsbach, coats, suits, waists; 353 4th Av.; Hargrave.

JOLIET — M. A. Felman; Miss M. Gray, coats, suits, dresses, waists, skirts; 303 5th Av.

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—J. R. Jones Sons & Co.; W. O. Jones, general mdse.; C. H. Markham, silks, dress goods; Prince George.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co.; Mrs. F. W. Hoffman, infants' wear; 25 Madison Av.; Great Northern.

KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; F. H. Knappen, notions, toilet goods; 23 East 26th.

LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Brother; J. F. Ripple, carpets; 404 4th Av.

LEXINGTON, Ky.—J. D. Purcell Co.; W. O. Sweeney, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.; Holland House.

LIMA, Ohio—R. T. Gregg & Co.; R. B. Gregg, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; Woodward.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Herpolsheimer Co.; H. E. Schmidt, women's ready-to-wear; York.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; A. S. Whitworth, millinery; 230 5th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Pfeifer Bros.; Miss B. Vann, laces, ribbons, neckwear, hosiery; Mrs. A. Brewer, toilet, fancy goods, notions, gloves; 1,150 B'way.

LOS ANGELES—B'way Dept. Store; A. K. Keller, women's ready-to-wear, (basement;) 95 Madison Av.; Algonquin.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Otis-Hedden Co.; R. E. Moody, housefurn. goods; L. C. Spellman, floor coverings; Breslin.

MACON, Ga.—Burden, Smith & Co.; C. H. Denicke, notions, jewelry, leather goods, ribbons, neckwear; Gregorian.

MASSILLON, Ohio—Allman & Putnam Co.; C. Ellison, ready-to-wear; Martinique; G. Mellon, dry goods, millinery; Park Av.

MEMPHIS—J. Goldsmith & Sons Co.; L. P. James, notions, toilet goods; 1,150 B'way.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.; People's Store; S. M. Levitch, men's, women's ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand; C. L. Upham, Jr., coats, suits, infant's wear; 404 4th Av.; Park Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Caulkins & Post Co.; F. L. Caulkins, carpets; Cumberland.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—The James H. Bunce Co.; C. W. Cramer, ready-to-wear, waists, corsets, muslin underwear; 404 4th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—Minneapolis D. G. Co.; C. J. Peterson, rugs; Mrs. R. Huxtable, infants' wear, sweaters; 432 4th Av..

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. S. Exline, silks; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson Co.; Miss Horgan, notions; 230 5th Av.

MONROE, La.—Belk Brothers; J. M. Belk, general merchandise; 116 West 32d; Imperial.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford Dry Goods Co.; J. A. MacKay, carpets, rugs; Miss E. Cummings, J. F. Buckley, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—E. Malley Co.; J. C. Mizer, notions, ribbons, jewelry, leather goods; 404 4th Av.; Park Avenue.

NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; E. H. Ella, upholstery goods; W. H. Flack, silks, dress goods; M. S. Mummer, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

NEW YORK—Bedell Co.; L. Englander, jobs of dresses; 19 West 34th.

NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; M. Zander, men's, boys' clothing, men's furnishings; 116 W. 32d.

NEW ORLEANS.—Kreiger-Storr Co.; M. Kreiger, women's wear, millinery; 303 5th Av.

NEWPORT, R. I.—King, McLeod Co.; W. W. Poole, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; Miss A. Pettar, coats, suits; 1,239 B'way; Gregorian.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; A. Sharpe, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.; Continental.

OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; H. Chelensky, millinery; 116 W. 32d.

OTTAWA, Canada—R. J. Devlin Co.; H. G. Austin, furs; Latham.

PARSONS, Kan.—A. Nusbaum, ready-to-wear, millinery; Flanders.

PASADENA, Cal.—T. W. Mather Co.; Mrs. Kneeling, ready-to-wear; 4 W. 22d.

PENSACOLA, Fla.—Falks; H. Engel, ready-to-wear; Aberdeen.

PEORIA—Clarke & Co.; Miss Martin, infants' muslin underwear, petticoats; Miss Nordica, hosiery, underwear; 1,133 B'way.

PETERSBURG, Va.—Rucker D. G. Co.; W. M. Rucker, domestics, millinery; Grand.

PHILADELPHIA—Paris Cloak & Suit Co.; S. Kolinsky, coats, suits; New Strand.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; D. Scott, men's furnishring goods; E. Bohn, leather goods; Broadway and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Miss Koenig, Jobs silk, cotton dresses; Miss R. Horowitz, jobs satin hats; I. Blauner, basement Fall dresses; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA — Blauner's; H. Blauner, basement Fall suits; Miss Criscolo, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA—M. H. Frank & Co.; N. A. Ullman, linens; 906 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss A. B. Lerner, coats, suits; Miss McCann, dresses; B'way and 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Ladies' Bazaar; S. Greenberg, ready-to-wear; Hermitage.

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; H. L. Birnbaum, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—S. Levitt & Son; L. Kornfield, coats, suits; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Welmroth Bros. & Lipschitz; J. L. Lipschitz, knit goods; Longacre.

PHILADELPHIA—Frank & Seder; Miss Rosenberg, Miss Benedictus, millinery; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; Mr. E. T. McDermott, hosiery, gloves, jewelry, leather goods; 364 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss S. Markowitz, P. Cohen, millinery; 116 West 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; Miss M. Sproat, ladies' neckwear; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Bash's; Miss R. Silverstein, dresses, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; A. J. Seder, basement jobs, hosiery, gloves, millinery, corsets, knit underwear; J. Cohen, jobs cotton dresses; 364 5th Av.

PITTSTON, Penn.—Waldman & Co.; Miss Stevens, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Forteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Miss L. Knight, ribbons; 432 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; H. A. Ward, millinery; 1,270 B'way; Brostell.

PORTSMOUTH, Va. — Silverman Co.; J. Silverman, ready-to-wear; 1,133 B'way.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; W. H. Hatch, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Gladding D. G. Co.; A. L. Aldred, dry goods; Miss C. T. Mansell, coats, suits, waists; 200 5th.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Ellisberg Co.; D. J. Ellisberg, ready-to-wear, millinery; Herald Square.

READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss L. Gingrich, laces, trimmings; Miss C. Ernold, fancy goods; 230 5th Av.; Latham.

RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; I. Rothstein, toys, house furn. goods, 37 West 26th.

RICHMOND, Va.—S. Crowell & Son; L. Crowell, ready-to-wear waists, skirts; 1,161 Broadway; Aberdeen.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy & Robinson Co.; F. W. Bowman, millinery; 351 4th Av.; Wallick.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; N. Barnes, rugs, carpets, linoleums; J. F. Merrick, millinery; Miss A. S. Mansfield, negligees, underwear; J. C. Tullock, A. Dimpf, men's furn. goods; 432 4th Av.

SALEM, Mass.—Wm. G. Webber Co.; J. J. Walsh, domestics; 404 4th Av.; Latham.

SAN ANTONIO—Miss Edna Polhemus, millinery; 112 West 72d St.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Joske Bros. Co.; O. W. Hilgers, dress goods, silks; 1,150 B'way; Wallick's.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Saul Wolfson; L. E. Rock, silks, laces, trimmings; 1,150 B'way; Broztell.

SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor, Moffatt & Co.; Miss W. Hoeffling, art goods; 114 5th Av.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—A. Kaiser, coats, suits, dresses, waists; Imperial.

SHEBOYGAN—J. & W. Jung Co.; D. E. Jones, cloaks, suits, muslin, underwear, corsets; Imperial.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Shrieber Johnson Co.; W. Kuh, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Bee Hive Co.; Mr. Rohde, coats, suits; Miss Ormodt, waists, lingerie; D. L. Villig, notions; M. B. Hoffman, coats, suits; 1,133 B'way.

SOUTH BOSTON, Va.—Glass & Raiff; I. Raiff, ready-to-wear; 1,101 B'way.

SPRINGFIELD, Tenn.—Dulin, Glenn Co.; Mrs. Croodis, infants' wear; 404 4th Av.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Ofner Co.; S. L. Ofner, ready-to-wear; 47 W. 34th; Longacre.

SPOKANE, Wash.—Spokane D. G. Co.; A. A. Doose, shoes; 225 4th Av.

STATESVILLE, N. C.—Johnson, Belk Co.; A. B. Johnson, men's, women's ready-to-wear; 116 W. 32d.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; S. A. Kahman, hosiery; 395 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Brother Dry Goods Co.; J. T. Suhler, hosiery, men's furnishing goods; 470 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; Miss C. Hamm, girl's, ladies' wash dresses; 116 West 32d.

ST. LOUIS—Carleton Clothing Co.; J. Carleton, men's, boys' clothing; Albert.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker Dry Goods Co.; W. J. Schminke, cloaks, suits, muslin underwear; 395 Broadway.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Emporium Merc. Co.; Miss F. Horne, waists, muslin underwear; G. S. McLeod, dry goods; 404 4th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Golden Rule; Mrs. S. Stevenson, millinery; 1,261 Broadway.

SUFFOLK, Va.—N. Lehman & Co.; N. Lehman, notions, carpets; York.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—J. H. Cassidy, millinery; Imperial.

TAYLOR, Texas—T. W. Marse & Co.; T. W. Marse, general mdse.; 353 4th Av.; Marie Antoinette.

TOLEDO—Thompson Hudson Co.; V. A. Rice, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Lasalle & Koch Co.; Miss C. Stork, dresses; 225 5th Av.

TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; Miss D. Lewen, waists, petticoats, kimonos, house dresses; 116th West 32d.

TOLEDO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; Miss M. A. Landis, millinery; 621 Broadway; Cumberland.

TOLEDO, Ohio—King Mfg. Co.; J. King, wrappers, dressing sacques; Herald Square.

TRINIDAD, Col.—Golden Rule; H. E. Kendall, general merchandise; 353 4th Av., Breslin.

TWIN FALLS, Idaho—United Stores; F. W. Dumke, general mdse., ladies' ready-to-wear, children's wear, knit goods; Bristol.

UTICA, N. Y.—Boston Store; Mr. Mittenthal, silk dresses; 37 West 26th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Miss A. Hagan, coats, suits, skirts, waists, dresses; S. Spitzer, shoes; 432 4th Av.

WHEELING, West Va.—Stone & Thomas; G. J. Deis, curtains; 1,270 Broadway.

WILMINGTON, Del.—Goodman Brothers; A. Goodman, women's, misses', children's wear; Imperial.

WILMINGTON, Ohio—Watt & Patterson; H. B. Patterson, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; Woodward.

WORCESTER, Mass.—J. C. MacInnes Co.; G. F. Moran, wash, dress goods; 432 4th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner Putnam Co.; A. Vanderpyl, furn. goods, hosiery; 404 4th Av.; Breslin.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

CHARLES D. JOCELYN, engraving and printing, of 121 Fulton Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,735, of which $3,513 are secured claims and no assets. The secured creditors are Albert J. Saunders, $2,200, who is said to hold a promissory note secured by chattel mortgage on property of the Kahl Engraving Company, 121 Fulton Street, and C. R. Carver Company, $983, also said to be secured by chattel mortgage on machinery.

WILLIAM TEAPOLE, a contractor and builder of Millerton, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $15,619, of which $3,000 are secured claims, and assets of $5,240, consisting of real estate, $3,500; stock, $750; machinery, &c., $250, and accounts due, $750. Mrs. Isaac P. Carman is a secured creditor for $2,500, holding first mortgage on real estate of petitioner.

EDWARD A. HOUGHTALING of 15 Spralin Place, Yonkers, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy here with liabilities of $3,448 and assets of $3,223 represented by real estate, $1,000; stock, $70; accounts due, $1,753, and property in reversion, trust, &c., $500. Among the largest creditors are the Yonkers Lumber Company, $1,169; Dorothy Cantor, $325, and Union and New Haven Trust Company, $308.

ESSCO CAP COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph Schwartz, Moses Weinrib, and Arthur Bock, individually and as co-partners, trading as Esco Cap Company, caps, at 36 East Twelfth Street, by M. H. Schwartz, $500. An assignment was also made to Julian T. Abeles.

ROGERS-RUSSELL MARINE TRANSPORTATION CORPORATION, 17 South Street. Judge Knox has appointed George William Clune receiver in $200 bond.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County

Amounts of $100 and Over.

Anthony Building Corp.—P. Levy.....$1,214.77
Angenblick, Meyer—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs.....110.45
Alterman, Jacob—N. Y. Edison.....103.26
Ackerson, Anna Washington—K. R. Word.....128.59
Angelina, Matteo, and Tobias Marranzenic—People of State of N. Y.....100.00
Bruno, Vincenzo—P. Gallipoli Co., Inc.135.86
Convent Park Const. Co.—R. F. Weeks.....24,417.14
Dunfee, Charles — Maryland Casualty Co.....100.20
Duberstein, Frank—N. Y. Edison Co...163.18
Dunfee, Charles W.—Ryan Paint and Supply Co.....129.73
Franklin, J. J.—Maitland & Smith, Inc.142.91
Gutman, Leopold—E. Blumenthal et al.214.20
Griffin, Ted F.—N. Y. Railways Co., costs.....108.95
Greenwald, Philip—Claflins.....242.00
Hine, Reuben A. and Charles E.—S. S. Childs.....210.21
Keller, Morris—D. Pick, costs.....110.76
Lecora, Joseph—R. R. Stephens.....112.80
Lombardi, John—Enterprise Brewery...351.82
Luneschloss, Jerome S.—J. Schrier et al.....444.40
Martin, Edward M.—S. Babcock....26,563.64
Moldofsky, Hyman, and Jacob Rosenblatt—W. Herschaft.....121.80
McWilliams, Mary—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs.....108.95
Menschel, Sigmund—E. N. Dickerson.....33,810.12
Natalie, Ray—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs.....108.95
Occidental Co.—John F. Murray Trucking Co.....188.42
Osman, Yess, Jr.—New York Railways Co., costs.....108.95
Phillips, Edward, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of New York—People of the State of New York.....2,500.00
Rapene, Pasquale—N. Y. Edison Co..210.91
Schlossman, Samuel—M. Malawista....176.15
Willys-Overland, Inc., and Hiram F. Harris—L. J. Corelli.....1,033.85

In Bronx County.

Block, Julia—F. L. Parks et al.....$119.30
Booth, Clinton T.—W. Pfeiffer.....476.47
Greenspan, Abraham—M. Stone.....581.90
Union Railway Co. of the City of N. Y.—C. J. Rybicki.....150.00
Efrom, Herman—F. Greenberg.....45.81
Kramer, Charles M.—U. S. Rubber Co.....43.00

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and the date when the judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Jefferson Mfg. Co.—Swiss Colors Co., Inc.; July 2, 1918.....$2,916.88
King, Molly—Williams and Morford Co.; May 17, 1918.....$182.20
Goldschmidt, Herman E.—P. H. Wagner; costs, April 29, 1918.....$107.60
Broadway-John Street Corp.—M. N. Todd; July 5, 1918, (vacated).....$1,843.80

In Bronx County.

Rialto Garage—Ajax Rubber Co., Inc.; May 11, 1918.....$257.44

To see her is to love her!

Tricotine DRESS

COY COLLETTE! A beautiful Tricotine richly embroidered dress as ever made her debut on the ready-to-wear stage. She has a style, a way all her own, which is absolutely irresistible. As charming on the matron as on the miss.

And she sells for just $23.50

Take her to your store today—she's ready—and watch the crowds gather, for the women will just rave about *Coy Collette.*

Wiz Dress Company

22-26 West 32nd Street, New York City

Coy Collette will be sold to One store in a city!

Hilf DRESSES OF DISTINCTION

Hilf dresses bought today shipped today from stock. Tricolettes, Tricotines, Serges, Crepe Meteors and all new fabrics in styles that sell, in best quality materials, at moderate prices.

Visit the Hilf showrooms today.

The HILF COSTUME CO. 15-17 East 32nd St. N. Y.

Reorganization of

Shoninger Brothers, Inc.

Closing Out Several Departments Entire Stocks at Sweeping Reductions

Novelties, Trimmings, Laces, Embroideries, Chiffons, Nets, Beaded Goods, Beaded Bags.

Fifth Ave. & B'way at Nineteenth St.

"WASH TOGS FOR TOTS"

Children's Dresses Rompers Boys' Suits

The B.W. Company

73 Fifth Avenue

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SAMUEL FINE COMPANY

SUITS MISSES SUITS & COATS COATS

12-14-16 West 27th St. NEW YORK.

Save and Buy W. S. S.

SUIT No. 1181—A. W. Co.'s All Wool Poplin, all colors, $16.75

MONARCH SHOWROOMS

Now located at

11 and 13 EAST 26th STREET

"Monarch saves you 20%" is not merely a slogan. It's a fact. Come in today and we'll prove it to you.

MONARCH DRESS CO. 11-13 EAST 26th ST. N.Y.

PASTERNACK HAS IT!

SMART DRESSES

of Tricolette, Wool Jersey Serge & Silk

AT SENSIBLE PRICES

For Immediate Delivery

Max Pasternack Inc.

319 FIFTH AVENUE At 32d Street.

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

LINSK DRESSES

Ginghams, Serges and Silks at popular prices.

for CHILDREN and INTERMEDIATES 6 to 16 Years

H. LINSK & CO.

New York Showrooms—1182 Broadway
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Duchess Frocks

Novelty and Staple Materials are plentiful in the Duchess line—*now.* But many fabrics cannot be duplicated and are sure to command a premium later on.

Duchess Frocks are shown in many charming models for women and misses in all wool French and storm serges, satins, plaid tartans, Poiret twills, meteors, wool jerseys, georgettes, taffetas, and other fashionable silks. See them today!

Duchess Frocks made exclusively by

The Little Duchess Dress Company, Inc.

Conveniently and Centrally Located at 19 West 34th St., New York. Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.

OUR PRICES ARE LOWEST

As an Example We Offer This No. 1852 F. & H. Broadcloth

SUIT

All colors. Peau de Cygne lined. Detachable velvet collar and cuffs.

Very Special $21.00

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HOSIERY CLEARING HOUSE INC. 561 Broadway N.Y.C.

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Unusually big stocks for immediate delivery.

Laces, Fancies and Plain Colors in Silks, Mercerized and Cotton

Our Present Prices Below Mill Quotations.

Silk Salesman Wanted

High grade silk salesman wanted for Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. To sell jobbers, retailers and manufacturers. Splendid opportunity for right man to associate himself with large, progressive New York silk house. Must travel out of New York. Salary and commission. Write, stating qualifications and present connection. Confidential. Box A 233 Times.

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Staples and novelties; snappy models and patterns; also jobs. Goodwear Raincoat Mfg. Co. 682 Broadway, N. Y. City

U-S CLOTH CUTTING MACHINE CO.

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DRESSES

Final Clearing of 2000 choice Wash Dresses

AT A PRICE

"Our values are our attractions."

M. Weisman & Sons

118 West 22nd St. New York

MY FALL LINE OF COATS at $7.75 to $15.00

SUITS at $8.50 to $20.00

IS NOW READY.

Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th St.

HEADQUARTERS FOR OFFICIAL OVERSEA CAPS

FOR ALL BRANCHES OF SERVICE. STOCK ON HAND.

SIMON VOLK, 51 WEST 8D. SPRING 2841.

HA-KU-RA SILK WAISTS

In styles, materials and workmanship the fall line of HA-KU-RA Silk Waists has few equals within the price range of $18 to $54.

Stripe Tubs, Stripe Crepes, Colored Taffetas, Georgettes, Crepe de Chines and Habutais.

On display NOW at our New York showrooms, 1270 Broadway, Rooms 805-806.

HANEY & KUTTNER

JUNIPER & VINE STS. PHILADELPHIA

1270 BROADWAY NEW YORK

LEVINE & GINSBURG Inc

115-125 W. 30th St.

Our Fall Line On EXHIBITION Now

Wool Jerseys Serges Satins Black Laces

Cotton Dresses. in all desirable materials, ready to ship for Midsummer Sales

F. F. Models

FULL FORM

FULL FORM SUITS & COATS *for stout Women*

Sensitive stout women patronize stores where they can be fitted quickly and without embarrassment. F. F. Models anticipate their requirements and fit almost without alteration.

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Textile Clearing House

Piece Goods Brokers

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Silk and Serge DRESSES

SEE OUR No. 760 $8.75 HEAVY QUALITY SATIN SPECIAL $8 up

Samples on Request.

Special sale of white voile dresses—2 styles left.

D. & R. COSTUME CO., 3 EAST 28TH ST.

DRESSES for GIRLS & FLAPPERS

SERGE GINGHAM VELVETEEN SILK

Come and See Our No. 710

Biggest Value in the Market

SAMILSON BROS. 12 W. 17th St. Phone 9557 Chelsea

Lenny wants to see You

Immediate Delivery

Tricolets and Jerseys

DRESSES

We only make 25¢ Profit on a DRESS

I. ZIMETBAUM CO. 38-40 W. 32nd St. N.Y.

Two Velour Coats

No. 62—$24.75

No. 54—$26.75

Fully Lined with Fancy Silk Interlined throughout

Man Tailored Dresses

MICHAEL SENFT & CO.

Suits—Coats—Dresses

29 W. 35th St., N. Y.

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WOOL AND TWEED AUTO COATS
TWEED A

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.
115 Devonshire St BOSTON
17 Wall St NEW YORK

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Bond Secured 7% Notes
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If you are attracted by Short-Term Notes, you can buy them at prices to yield around 6% to 7¾%.
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Registered Water 4's
Due Sept. 1, 1937-58

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Dividend Rails
and the
Changing Investment Situation
This Review sent upon request.
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Bonds for Investment
Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull Again and Close Irregular—Cotton Advances in Active Trading.

The flurry in stocks which enlivened the afternoon session on Monday proved extremely short lived, and in a dull session yesterday prices again moved uncertainly, with a tendency toward lower levels. The absence from the city of so many traders, and the growing belief that with money conditions so closely regulated the banks would discourage a broadening of speculation, have both operated against any increase in the volume of business, and yesterday's market was not helped by any fresh developments in the war situation. Trading was desultory and fluctuations generally without significance.

Steel opened unchanged but soon sold off and afterward failed to show any evidences of the new buying movement which set in after the publication of the recent quarterly report. It ended the session with a net loss of ¾, with most of the other active stocks showing similar declines. Some of the high-priced specialties moved against the trend. General Motors repeating its recent daily performance with a gain of 5½ points, and Lorillard showing a recovery of 3½.

The beginning of a new conference in Washington on copper production costs which may lead to a second revision of the price to satisfy the demands of the high cost companies was not reflected in any general advance in the copper shares, although opinion in the financial district is that the War Industries Board will decide in favor of another increase. In some quarters it is expected that a new price of 27½ cents a pound will be fixed.

The Government's report of a widespread hot spell awakened fears for the safety of both the grain and cotton crops, and was partly responsible for a brisk demand from the short interests on the Cotton Exchange. The market has been narrow, and the short interest aparently larger than was generally realized, so that it took but a small impulse to send quotations up sharply. At one time the price was up 200 points, but it reacted before the close on profit taking.

The early return to Washington of Secretary McAdoo is expected to result in a prompt settlement of the few remaining points of issue between the Director General's office and the railroad interests, and the feeling is widely held in banking circles that the contract, in its final form, will prove entirely satisfactory to security holders.

GOOD UNDERTONE IN LONDON.

Members of Stock Exchange Commemorate Anniversary of War.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The members of the Stock Exchange commemorated the anniversary of the outbreak of the war by suspending business and attending a short service at a nearby church.

When trading was resumed the market had a good undertone. There was quiet support to gilt-edged securities and oil, mining, colonial, and land shares at hardening prices, and the less active sections were firmer in sympathy.

Money was more plentiful and discount rates were steady.

Trading Active on Bourse.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—Trading was active on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 61 francs 85 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 9½ centimes. Five per cent. loan, 77 francs 55 centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Market Slightly Firmer—Call Loans Renewed at 5½ Per Cent.

The money market was somewhat firmer yesterday. The range for call loan rates was 5½ to 6 per cent., with an additional ½ of 1 per cent. for loans secured by all industrial collateral. The published renewal rate for loans secured by mixed collateral was 5½ per cent. The time money market was dull and unchanged.

Call Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
High	6	High	6½
Low	5½	Low	6
Renewals	5½	Renewals	6
Last	6	Last	6½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'LS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5¾@6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4¾
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4½@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5¼@5¾

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6

Other Names.

4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.7545	$4.7545	$4.7545	+.0005
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	....
France—				
Demand	5.70⅞	5.70⅞	5.70⅞	....
Cables	5.69½	5.69½	5.69½	....

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Demand or Checks.	Close. Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.7545	$4.76½
5.1826 Paris	5.70¾	5.69½
China—		
Hongkong	.80.00	80.25
Peking	121.50	121.75
Shanghai	114.50	114.75
19.50 Greece	19.45	19.50
40.20 Holland	52.00	52.375
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.73	35.73
Calcutta	35.73	35.73
5.1826 Italy	7.91	7.90
Japan—		
Kobe	53.50	53.75
Yokohama	53.50	53.75
19.30 Spain	26.40	26.50
60.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	35.40	35.80
Copenhagen	31.10	31.50
Christiania	31.80	31.70
South America—		
42.64 Buenos Aires	44.75	44.90
34.42 Rio	23.90	24.00
9.1826 Switzerland	3.94	3.92
51.46 Russia—		
100 rubles	13.80	13.90
500 rubles	13.70	13.80

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72½	$4.71	$4.71¾	$4.70¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $558,855,214; balance, $60,510,871; United States Treasury debit balances, $1,247,284; Federal Reserve credit balance, $37,084,280.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $17.1375 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 48 13-16d, unchanged; in New York, 99¾c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 77c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This month.	Fiscal year.
Customs	$2,445,441	$18,383,331
Internal revenue:		
Inc. & ex. prof. tax.	7,779,894	505,276,271
Miscellaneous	24,267,958	130,216,024
Miscellaneous rev.	2,648,019	24,622,829
Total	37,141,313	678,398,456
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	176,000,120	794,525,576
Excess of total disb. over total receipts	92,789,693	170,514,569
Expenditures	213,141,433	1,472,924,033

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable	Holders of Record.
Am. Cotton Oil	1	Q	Sep. 3	Aug. 15
Cont. P. Eng. pf.	1½	Q	Aug. 15	Aug. 8
Gen'l Development	75c	Q	Sep. 3	Aug. 15
Sharp Mfg.	2½	Q	Aug. 22	Aug. 6
Studebaker	1	Q	Aug. 31	Aug. 20
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 31	Aug. 20

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, AUG. 6, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	242,551	421,300	248,516
Year to date	82,478,550	116,246,171	95,860,507

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
50	56	200	Adams Express	50½	51	50½	51	—4
....	....	400	Advance Rumely	17	17	16¾	16¾	— ½
3½	3⅝	500	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
2	2¼	700	Alaska Juneau	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
33½	33⅝	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	34	34	33½	33½	— ⅝
46⅝	47	1,300	Am. Can	47¼	47¼	46½	46⅝	— ⅝
94	95	100	Am. Can pf	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	+1½
84	84¾	800	Am. Car & Fdry	84½	84½	84¼	84½	....
40	41	100	Am. Cotton Oil	41	41	41	41	—1
18	18½	200	Am. H. & Leather	18	18	18	18	— ½
80⅝	81	500	Am. H. & L. pf	80⅞	81¼	80⅞	81¼	+1
32¼	32⅝	500	Am. Ice	32	32	32	32	—1
52⅞	53¼	300	Am. International	52¾	53⅛	53	53	— ⅛
41⅝	41½	700	Am. Linseed	42	42	41½	41½	— ¾
66¼	66¾	200	Am. Locomotive	66⅞	66⅞	66½	66½	— ⅝
77⅛	78¼	1,200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	78⅞	78⅞	78	78¼	+ ⅛
105½	106½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	+ ¼
73½	74	100	Am. Steel F dries	73½	73½	73½	73½	....
110⅝	111	100	Am. Sugar Ref	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	....
129	129½	6,600	Am. Sumatra Tob	130⅜	130⅜	128¾	129	—2
91⅜	91¾	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	91¾	92¼	91¾	91¾	— ⅝
160	165	50	Am. Tobacco	165	165	165	165	....
58½	58⅞	500	Am. Woolen	59	59	59	59	+ ⅛
95	96	100	Am. Woolen pf	93¼	93⅝	93¼	93⅝	....
28	28⅛	300	Am. Writing P. pf	27½	28	27½	28	....
18	18¾	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	18½	18¾	18½	18¾	+ ⅜
47	50	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	49½	49½	49½	49½	— ⅛
66⅝	66¾	1,310	Anaconda Copper	66½	66½	66¼	66¼	— ⅛
85⅞	86⅞	200	Atch., Top. & S. F	85⅝	85⅝	85½	85½	+ ⅝
102½	103¼	100	At. Gulf & West I	102½	102½	102½	102½	—1
91½	91¾	19,800	Baldwin Loco	92	92⅝	91⅝	91¾	—1¼
53⅝	54⅛	1,000	Baltimore & Ohio	53⅜	53¾	53¼	53¼	— ⅝
57	57⅛	100	Baltimore & O. pf	57	57	57	57	....
83⅜	83⅝	3,300	Beth. Steel, class B	83⅝	83⅝	83½	83⅝	— ½
104½	105½	100	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	+ ¼
25⅝	26¼	100	Booth Fisheries	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
41	41½	100	Bklyn Rapid Tran	41	41	41	41	— ⅛
11	12	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	11	11	11	11	— ½
82	107	10	Buf., Roch. & P. pf	100	100	100	100	....
138½	140½	600	Burns Brothers	141½	141⅝	140	140	—1
27¼	27⅝	600	Butte & Superior	27⅝	27⅝	27½	27½	+ ¼
42¾	43¼	100	California Packing	43	43	43	43	+ ¼
19	19½	850	California Petrol	19	19⅝	19	19½	+ ½
151½	153	300	Canadian Pacific	153	153	152	152	—1
67	67¾	400	Central Leather Co	67¾	67⅝	67½	67½	....
34	34¼	400	Cerro de Pasco Cop	34½	34½	34	34	— ⅝
89	89¼	400	Chandler Motor	89¼	89¼	88⅝	89¼	+ ¼
23	23½	100	Chi. Great West. pf	23⅛	23¼	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
43⅞	44⅛	4,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	44	44⅛	43⅞	44⅛	+ ⅛
74½	74⅝	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	74⅛	74⅝	74	74⅝	— ⅛
73⅝	74½	100	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c.pf	75½	75½	74⅝	74⅝	— ⅝
16⅜	16½	300	Chile Copper	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼	....
39½	39⅝	300	Chino Copper	16¾	16⅝	16½	16½	— ¼
46¼	46⅞	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	— ⅛
35¼	35⅝	6,300	Columbia Gas & El	46	46⅝	46	46¼	+ ¼
90	90½	100	Consolidated Gas	33¼	36	33¼	35	—2
43⅝	43⅞	2,300	Corn Products Ref	90¼	90⅛	90¼	90½	— ⅜
99⅝	100⅜	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	44¼	44¼	43¾	43⅞	— ⅜
66½	66¾	1,100	Crucible Steel	100⅜	100⅝	100⅜	100⅜	+ ⅜
30½	30⅝	3,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	66	67	66	66½	— ½
81½	82	10	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	30¼	31	30	30½	....
5⅞	6	1,000	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	82	82	82	82	....
58	58¼	6,400	Distillers' Secur	6	6	6	6	....
8¼	8½	300	Dome Mines	58½	58⅝	57⅝	58	— ⅝
14⅞	15	400	Erie	8½	8½	8½	8½	....
33	35	100	Federal M. & S. pf	14⅞	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜	— ¼
39	39½	200	Fisher Body	33	33	33	33	— ¾
28½	30	100	Gaston, W. & W	39	39	39	39	— ¼
98	100	25	Gen. Chemical pf	30	30	30	30	+ ¼
49½	50	200	General Cigar	100	100	100	100	....
143¾	145	100	General Electric	49½	49½	49½	49½	+ ⅜
156½	157½	4,000	General Motors	145	145	145	145	....
81	81¾	300	General Motors pf	152¼	157½	152	157½	+5½
44¾	45	500	Goodrich Co	81¾	81¾	81⅝	81⅝	— ⅝
80	80½	300	Granby Consol	45½	45⅝	44¾	44¾	— ⅝
90½	91	200	Great Northern pf	79	80	79	80	— ⅝
31¾	31⅞	900	G. N. ctfs. for D.	90⅝	90⅞	90⅛	90⅞	— ⅛
31½	31⅝	300	Greene-Can. Cop	31½	31⅝	31¼	31¼	— ⅜
45	45	100	Haskell & Barker	45	45	45	45	+ ¼
47⅞	48	1,800	Inspiration Copper	47⅞	48	47⅞	48	+ ¼
52⅝	52⅞	500	Interboro Consol	52⅝	52⅝	52¼	52¼	— ¾
8½	8⅝	700	Int. Harvester, N.J.	8½	8⅝	8	8	....
130	130	300	Int. Harv., N.J. pf	130	130	129⅝	129⅝	— ½
66½	66¾	1,200	Int. Harv. Corp	111½	111¾	111½	111½	— ½
26⅝	26⅝	800	Int. Mer. Marine	86⅛	86⅜	86	86¼	+1
97⅛	98	5,600	Int. Mer. Marine pf	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½	+ ⅛
30	30⅜	1,200	Int. Nickel	97⅛	98½	96¾	97⅜	+ ⅛
30⅜	30⅝	100	Int. Paper	30	30¼	30	30⅛	— ⅛
17	17½	200	Kansas City South	36⅝	36⅝	36⅜	36⅜	— ⅛
49	51¾	200	Kelly Spring Tire	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
94	96	800	Kennecott Copper	50½	50½	50¼	50¼	— ¼
224½	228⅝	500	Lee Rubber & Tire	33⅝	34	33⅝	34	....
57⅝	57⅞	200	Lehigh Valley	22	22½	22	22	+ ¼
154	158	400	Lorillard (P.) Co	57½	57½	57½	57½	....
14	14⅜	1,500	Lorll. (P.) Co. rgts	151	156	151	156	+5½
20½	21	300	Maxwell Motors	12½	14⅜	12¾	14	+1⅝
101¼	101⅜	15,700	Mexican Petroleum	27½	27⅝	27¼	27¼	+ ¼
28	28⅛	900	Miami Copper	101⅜	102⅞	101	101¼	— ½
52¼	52½	2,200	Midvale Steel	28½	28½	28	28	— ½
23	23¼	800	Missouri Pacific	52½	52½	52	52⅜	— ⅛
54½	55	100	Mi. souri Pacific pf	23½	23½	23⅛	23⅜	— ⅛
30⅝	31½	200	Nat. Acme	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	— ⅛
52½	53	900	Nat. Enam. & St	30⅝	31	30⅝	31	....
20	20¼	200	Nevada Con. Cop	52⅞	52⅞	52½	52½	+ ¼
13	15	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
39¾	40½	600	N. Y., N. H. & H	14½	14½	14½	14½	—1½
16	18	40	Norfolk Southern	40⅞	40⅞	39⅜	40	....
103½	103¾	600	Norfolk & Western	16	16	16	16	....
87½	88	100	Northern Pacific	103¼	103½	103¼	103¼	....
39⅜	39½	6,700	Ohio Cities Gas	88	88	88	88	....
43⅜	44	500	Penn. R. R	38¾	39⅜	38⅞	39⅜	+ ½
28	28½	100	Philadelphia Co	43⅜	44	43⅜	44	+ ¼
38½	39	100	Pierce-Arrow	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	+ ¼
51	51¼	100	Pittsburgh Coal	39	39	39	39	....
33	33½	300	Pitts. & West Va	51	51	51	51	....
70	70½	700	Pressed Steel Car	33	33	33	33	+ ½
94	96	100	Public Service N. J	70¼	70½	70	70½	— ⅜
111⅝	112	100	Pullman Co	95	95	95	95	—1
61	61¼	300	Railway Steel Sp	111½	111½	111½	111½	— ½
23⅞	24	100	Ray Con. Copper	61	61¼	61	61½	— ⅝
87⅜	88	1,100	Reading	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	....
37	40	100	Reading 1st pf	88	88	87½	87⅜	— ⅛
91⅞	92¼	1,500	Rep. Iron & Steel	37	37	37	37	—1¼
7	7¼	100	Saxon Motor	92¾	92¾	91⅝	91⅞	—1
7⅞	8	100	Seaboard Air Line	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
32¼	32⅝	1,500	Sinclair Oil Refin	7⅞	7⅞	7¾	7¾	....
84	84½	1,300	Southern Pacific	32¼	32⅝	32	32	— ⅝
23¼	23½	200	Southern Railway	84	84½	84	84	— ¼
62⅜	62⅝	200	Southern Ry. pf	23¼	23½	23½	23½	— ⅛
44	44⅜	500	Submarine Co	62⅜	62⅝	62⅜	62⅜	— ⅜
94	94	50	Sup. Steel 1st pf	44	44⅜	44	44⅜	— ⅛
200	....	200	Tenn. C. & C	94	94	94	94	....
19¼	19⅝	100	Texas Co	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	— ⅛
153	155	300	Third Avenue	153	153	151½	151½	— ¼
19⅜	19⅝	2,500	Tobacco Products	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
69½	....	1,100	Union Pacific	69½	69½	69	69½	+ ¼
121	....	200	United Alloy Steel	121	121¼	120⅞	120⅞	— ⅛
39¼	....	900	United Cigar Stores	39¼	39¼	39¼	39½	+1
100½	....	2,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	100½	100⅝	99⅞	100¼	— ⅜
128½	....	200	U. S. Rubber	128½	128½	127	127¼	—1
62	....	200	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	62	62	61¼	61¼	— ¾
104⅜	....	300	U. S. Sm., R. & M	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	— ¼
42½	....	84,400	U. S. Steel	42½	42½	42½	42½	+ ½
110	....	400	U. S. Steel pf	110	110	108⅜	109⅛	— ½
110½	....	100	Utah Securities	110½	110⅝	110¼	110⅝	— ⅜
12¼	....	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	12¼	12¼	12¼	12½	+ ¼
51½	....	100	Wabash pf. A	51½	51½	51½	51½	....
38	....	900	Western Union Tel	38	38	37½	37½	— ½
79	....	50	Do. odd lot	79	79	79	79	....
783⅛	....	1,300	Westingh. E. & M	41¾	42	41⅝	41⅞	— ⅛
41¾	....	400	Wheeling & L. E	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
42⅜	....	600	White Motors	43¼	43¼	43	43	— ¼
61	....	900	Wilson & Co	62½	62½	61¼	61¼	— ¼
19¾	....	1,000	Willys-Overland	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
82¼	....	200	Willys-Overland pf	83	83	82¼	82¾	— ⅛

SHORT TERM NOTES

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Gov.	6	May 15,'20	96½	97	7.75
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99	99⅛	6.00
Gov. of N. F.	5	July, 1919	97¾	97½	7.60
Norweg. Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	102½	104	5.10
Prov. of Q.	5	Apr., 1920	94	96	6.60
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	57	59	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	57	57	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	98	100	..
Swiss Gov.	5	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	4.75

Company Issues.

Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99¾	100	5.00
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	97¼	97¾	7.40
Am. F. & C.	5	Aug., 1921	90	95	7.50
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1919	99¾	99¾	6.50
Am. Thread.	4	Jan., 1919	99	99¼	5.05
Ark.Val.Ry., L. & P.	6	July, 1919	95	97½	8.00
B. & O. R. R.	5	July, 1919	98¼	98¼	6.50
Beth. S. Corp.	5	Feb.15,'19	99½	99⅞	5.10
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'19	100	100¼	6.85
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'20	99¾	100¼	7.00
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'21	99¾	99¾	7.15
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'22	98⅝	98½	7.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July 15,'23	78⅝	98¼	7.45
C., B. & Q.	5	July, 1921	94	94¼	6.10
C. & W. Ind.	6	Sep., 1918	97¼	99	12.00
Can. North.	6	Sep. 2, '18	99½	100	6.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'20	99	99¼	6.10
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Jan., 1919	99½	100	6.00
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	98½	99½	6.30
Cub.-Am.Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	98¼	99	6.45

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug., 1929	97⅜	97⅝	6.20
Erie R. R.	5	Aug., 1919	96½	96⅞	9.20
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Jan., 1920	95½	97	7.10
Gen. El. Co.	6	July, 1919	99¾	100	6.00
Gen. El. Co.	6	July, 1920	100	100¼	5.85
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	99⅜	99⅝	5.75
Gt. A. & P.	6	Mar., 1919	98	99	6.35
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	97⅛	97⅜	6.30
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1918	99⅜	101	6.00
K. C. T. Ry.	4½	Nov.15,'18	98⅝	99¼	6.10
L. Sug. R.	6	Sep., 1920	95⅝	97⅜	8.00
M. V. G. & E.	5	May, 1922	78	90	9.00
N. Y. C. R.R.	5	Sep., 1919	97⅝	98	7.00
Okl., G. & E.	6	June, 1919	95	98	7.75
P. S. N. J.	6	Mar., 1919	94	96	..
Phil. El. Co.	6	Feb., 1920	97⅛	98¼	5.90
P. & S. R. R.	6	Mar., 1920	98⅝	98⅞	6.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1919	100¼	100⅝	6.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	100	100¼	6.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	100¼	100⅝	6.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	100	100¼	6.80
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	100⅜	101¼	6.75
Rem. & Un. Met. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'19	98	99¼	6.00
Read. T. & L.	6	Aug., 1919	94½	98¼	7.50
San Diego C. G. E.	6	Dec., 1922	95	100	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar. 2, '19	98¼	99½	7.00
United L. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	94½	97¾	7.50
W. E. & M.	6	Feb., 1919	99½	99¾	6.50
Win. R. A.		Mar., 1919	99	99½	7.80
Wis. Edison.	6	May, 1924	88	92	7.50
W. V. T. & E.	6	May., 1919	94½	98½	6.75

NEW DUQUESNE LIGHT NOTES

New York Syndicate Takes Entire $10,000,000 Issue.

A syndicate, headed by Harris, Forbes & Co., the First National Bank of New York and Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. has purchased an issue of $10,000,000 Duquesne Light Company (Pittsburgh), three-year, 6 per cent. secured notes, which will be offered to the public at 96, yielding investors slightly more than 7½ per cent.

The notes, in addition to being a direct obligation of the Duquesne Company, will be secured by the pledge of all of an outstanding issue of $15,000,000 5 per cent. mortgage bonds. These pledged bonds will be secured by a first mortgage on all of the property owned in fee by the Duquesne Light Company and by a first lien upon its leasehold interests, together with bonds and stocks of subsidiaries. The new Duquesne Light Company notes will be followed by $5,941,000 7 per cent. stock and $18,226,000 common stock upon which the company is paying 7 per cent.

The earnings of the Duquesne Light Company and subsidiaries, for the year ended May 31, are reported as follows: Gross, $10,465,011; net, $3,086,938; annual interest and rental charges, including interest on $10,000,000 of the three-year, 6 per cent. notes, $922,441, and balance left, $2,164,497.

BUYS COTTON OIL NOTES.

First National Bank to Offer Part of $5,000,000 Issue.

The First National Bank has bought $5,000,000 one year 7 per cent. notes of the American Cotton Oil Company which will be dated Sept. 2. A part of the issue is to be offered to the public shortly. Of the proceeds $2,500,000 will be used to retire a similar amount of notes falling due on Sept. 1 and the balance will be added to working capital.

The company manufactures a number of food products, soaps, &c., which are in heavy demand at this time. Like the Procter and Gamble Company, which recently borrowed largely through a note issue, the American Cotton Oil Company has need of increased working funds for the purpose of carrying a big inventory of raw materials.

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ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
City of Buenos Aires.
SANITARY WORKS OF THE NATION.
Plant for manufacturing sulphuric acid.
Offers are invited for the construction of a plant for manufacturing sulphuric acid, in accordance with the conditions which may be consulted by interested parties, in the Consulate General of the Argentine Republic in the City of New York, 17 Battery Place, Room 227, on working days from 10 till 4.
Offers must be presented in the Office of the Secretary of the Council of Public Works of the Nation, in the City of Buenos Aires, before 8:30 P. M. on the 8th day of November next, on which day and hour they will be opened in the presence of the interested parties who may wish to attend on that occasion.
Buenos Aires, 4th June, 1918.
L. Celasco, Pro-Secretary.

REPUBLICA ARGENTINA.
Ciudad de Buenos Aires.
OBRAS SANITARIAS DE LA NACION.
Construccion de una fabrica de acido sulfurico.
Llamase a licitacion para la construccion de una fabrica de acido sulfurico, de acuerdo con el pliego de condiciones que los interesados podran consultar en el Consulado General de la Republica Argentina en la ciudad de Nueva York; 17 Battery Place, Room 227, todas los dias habiles de 10 a 4 P. M.
Las propuestas deberan presentarse en la Secretaria del Directorio de las Obras Sanitarias de la Nacion, en la ciudad de Buenos Aires, Capital de la Republica Argentina, antes de las 3 y ½ p. m. del dia 8 de Noviembre proximo, fecha y hora en que seran abiertas, en presencia de los interesados que concurran al acto.
Buenos Aires, 4 de Junio de 1918.
L. Celasco, Prosecretario.

Old defaulted securities appraised and bought; established thirty years. R. M. Smythe, Produce Exchange, New York.

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TAKING OF SHIPS HIT MEXICAN OIL INCOME

But Petroleum Company's Gross Earnings Were $18,121,789, Largest in History, in 1917.

GREAT RECORD OF ONE WELL

64,000 Tons of Shipping Provided to Carry Products of Other Concerns to Allies.

A feature of the Mexican Petroleum Company's report for the last fiscal year, issued yesterday, was the sidelight thrown by its statement of earnings and production on the needs of the Government for tank steamers to carry oil and oil products for war purposes.

The gross earnings of $18,121,789 were the largest for any year in the company's history, topping the best preceding record, that of 1916, by $8,453,326, but E. L. Doheny, President, estimated that the income would have been $6,000,000 larger if the corporation's ships had not been in Government service, transporting the products of competitors to Europe, in large part.

The management reported that $11,906,309 had been used in paying operating expenses, providing for depreciation, and paying close to $2,000,000 general taxes in the United States and Mexico. This total was $9,646,557 in excess of the corresponding inroad into earnings the year before. The sum of $621,000 was set aside to meet the Federal war income and excess profits tax, and a final balance before dividends remained, amounting to $4,986,020, compared with $7,153,059 in 1916. The portion of income available for common stock dividends was equal to $10.23 per share, against $15.75 the year before.

Salient Items of Statement.

The salient items of the statement for the year ended Dec. 31 last are here presented:

	1917.	1916.
Gross earnings	$18,121,789	$9,668,463
Oper. exp., dep., &c.	11,906,309	2,259,652
Interest	608,460	225,752
Inc. and excess profits taxes	621,000	.....
Surplus	4,986,020	7,153,059
Balance for common stock per share	10.23	15.75

The company sold during the year 17,587,138 barrels of oil, which was virtually equal to the total output of crude petroleum. An average price of 99¼ cents a barrel was received, compared with 85 cents in 1916. At the end of the year the company's famous well, Casiano No. 7, had produced 70,000,000 barrels of petroleum since it was brought in in September, 1911. Another enormous well, which is believed to be the largest in the world, is producing 10,000,000 barrels a year, according to the report, with a great part of its flow retarded because of lack of transportation facilities.

In discussing the company's shipping situation, Mr. Doheny said:

"In the month of June, 1917, when the company had nine steamships of 60,460 tons, one having already been commandeered by the British Government, six of the remainder were volunteered at the request of the Navy Department and were placed in the service of the United States Government to carry petroleum products across the Atlantic.

"As new steamships which had already been ordered built for the company were completed additional takings were made by the Government, with the result that 64,000 tons of shipping provided for moving oil for the company from Mexico to its customers were used to carry petroleum products of other companies from North United States Atlantic ports to the war zone for the use of the various allied armies."

In discussing transportation facilities, including pipe lines, Mr. Doheny said, the lack of means for delivering oil is a handicap on the marketing of the company's great potential output.

The tanker fleet of the allied nations," he added, " is not yet large enough to carry all of the oil needed for war and essential industrial purposes. The entire production of the United States is being made available for local uses by reason of adequate pipe lines and tank car facilities. The war zone requirements must be supplied by tank steamers and the total surplus of the United States oil fields is not sufficient to supply that demand, even though sufficient tank steamers were available."

Enormous Gasoline Production.

The company sold crude and fuel oil to the amount of 6,806,047 barrels at Tampico last year, the report showed, while 45,154,430 gallons of gasoline, produced at the "topping" plant at Tampico, were disposed of at approximately 11 cents a gallon. Besides these details of production the statement said that 6,682,174 barrels of crude oil were sold at foreign ports.

The management invested $2,410,769 in additional facilities for handling products in the United States and Mexico, while the total capital outlay was $7,085,794. The balance sheet showed that the properties were valued at $66,896,930, while current assets totaled $11,442,760 and current liabilities were figured at $2,886,559. The reserve account contained at the end of the year $8,006,890, and the total surplus was $18,426,639.

In looking ahead Mr. Doheny said:

"As always, the views of the management are optimistic. It believes in the early coming of peace, with complete victory to the arms of the United States and its allies; the return of all of its ships to the service of the company, a more rapid increase in the demands for petroleum in peace than in war, the restoration of a normal condition of industry, both in the United States and Mexico, all of which should combine to bring about the development of the potentialities of the properties."

T. S. SANDFORD ACCUSED.

New York Writer Held in Cincinnati Under Espionage Act.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 6.—"You are a theorist whose views can not be of any good at this critical time. I consider you a dangerous man to be at large and I must hold you."

United States Commissioner Adler thus addressed Thomas Jefferson Sandford, 59, author, lawyer, and newspaper man of Sherman, Chautauqua County, N. Y., today, following a hearing on charges of violating the Espionage act, brought against Sandford by Secret Service agents. He was held for the Grand Jury and bond was fixed at $5,000.

Royal Dutch Petroleum Dividend.

The Equitable Trust Company will distribute on Aug. 24 to registered holders of American shares in the Royal Dutch Petroleum Company a dividend of $3.00 per share, based on the present rate of exchange between Amsterdam and New York. The dividend will represent the pro rata part of the final dividend of 18 guilders per share declared some time ago on the Royal Dutch stock in Holland. Owners of the American shares of record at the close of business Aug. 16 will be entitled to the dividend, provided the necessary income tax certificates have been filed in advance with the trust company.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Spelter	8.50	8.60	8.45	8.55
Antimony	13.00	13.25	13.00	13.25
Quicksilver	$125.00	.....	$125.00	.....
Aluminium	.....	33.00	.....	33.00
Iron, No. 2X f'dry	....	34.25	....	34.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 26c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	122	0	0	122	0	0
Tin, spot	399	0	0	394	0	0
Tin, futures	399	0	0	394	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

COTTON UP $8 A BALE IN A RUNAWAY MARKET

Reports of Gulf Storm Starts Speculation That Drives Trade Buyers Out of the Trading.

In a wild market yesterday, which bore all the outward appearance, at least, of a squeeze of the big short interest, cotton prices on the local market went up nearly $8 a bale, and closed with net gains of from 137 to 143 points for the session.

Market conditions, combined with evidences of a revival in the English market, upset the equilibrium of prices, but it was the reports of a Gulf storm headed toward the eastern part of the belt, with the liklihood of considerable crop damage following in its wake, that fired the fuse. Prices had sagged off somewhat at the opening on the assumption from early reports that this storm might bring badly needed rain to the Texas fields, but as soon as they came down the trade, both domestic and foreign, bought eagerly, and it became evident that in its then technical position prices would not be allowed to go lower.

Then it apeared that the storm was turning east, and at the same time the demand for Liverpool on the differences redoubled, while cables showed that the Liverpool market had put up the shutters after reaching the limit of trading changes allowed—100 English points. Then the shorts who had stood out against all the advances of the last week, became thoroughly frightened and started to buy in earnest.

As soon as it was clear that the speculative element had the bit between its teeth, trade buyers quietly dropped out and left them to bid against each other. Trading was as active as it has been in months, but it was nearly all in the favorite speculative contracts, October and December, with January a poor third and the other positions entirely neglected. After the shorts had covered their most pressing requirements, there was a reaction of some 50 points from the highest, and thereafter, though the market worked back again somewhat, interest lapsed and trading with it, and the weary and perspiring brokers had a chance to recover their breath.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Aug.	28.25	29.03	27.70	29.35 bid	27.97
Sept.	.....	.....	.....	29.45 bid	28.07
Oct.	27.85	29.50	27.77	29.35@29.40	27.97
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	29.03 bid	27.60
Dec.	27.45	29.00	27.37	28.93@29.00	27.52
Jan.	27.43	28.95	27.30	28.80@28.90	27.40
Feb.	.....	.....	.....	28.75 bid	27.38
March	27.43	28.76	27.25	28.75 bid	27.38
April	.....	.....	.....	28.75 bid	27.38
May	27.40	28.00	27.40	28.75 bid	27.38

The local market for spot cotton was 135 points higher, at 31.85c for middling upland; sales, nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 29.50c; New Orleans, 28.75c; Savannah, 29.25c; Augusta, 29.75c; Memphis, 30c; Houston, 29.25c; Little Rock, 29.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	8,664	8,017	10,766
Exports	22,247	3,854	700
Exports, season	22,247	.....	45,694
New York stocks	114,573	129,795	76,609
Port stocks	931,746	1,001,296	564,984
N. Y. arrivals	208	4,938	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 99 points advance; middling, 21.38d; good middling, 20.96d; sales, 1,000; American, 1,000; imports, 29,000. Futures opened irregular, 63 to 90 points advanced; closed firm, 100 points advance; Aug., 21.35d; Sept., 20.96d; Oct., 20.70d; Nov., 20.51d; Dec., 20.34d. Manchester; Yarns irregular; cloth offers too low.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Forecast:

N. C., S. C., Fla., and Ga.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ala., Tenn., and Miss.—Thunder showers Wed., fair Thurs.

Ky.—Fair Wed., cloudy Thurs.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Mich.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

La.—Showers Wed., cloudy Thurs.

Ark.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

Okla.—Showers and cooler Wed. and Thurs.

Tex.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

Ex-Assemblyman Murphy Convicted

AUBURN, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Richard Murphy of Amsterdam, former Assemblyman from Montgomery County, was found guilty today on two counts for conspiracy and aiding and abetting in the abstraction of funds of the First National Bank of Amsterdam. United States Judge Edwin F. Thomas sentenced Murphy to serve five years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta. On application of Murphy's attorney a stay of execution of sixty days was granted.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Aug. 6.—Eighteen new incorporations, with aggregate capitalization of $615,500, were chartered today. They are:

Motor Railment Corp., Niagara Falls, dispose by lease, sale, or bailment of real or personal property, $12,500; E. B. Franchot, F. J. Tone, E. W. Westcott, Niagara Falls.

Ducker Sectional Building Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; O. Schuithels, Q. A. Collins, E. B. Boynton, 51 East 42d St.

Tidewater Dock and Building Material Co., Manhattan, $25,000; H. M. Glennon, H. A. Knox, T. C. Larkin, 3,044 Albany Crescent.

Savoy Card and Paper Co., Manhattan, $5,000; E. Lisner, C. and H. Glotzer, 643 East 6th St.

Balik-Baruchsen Co., Manhattan, wearing apparel of all kinds, $15,000; D. Balik, W. and D. Baruchsen, 203 West 113th St.

Sanford Blouse, Manhattan, general women's wear, $5,000; G. Champagne, C. Pearle, B. W. Slote, 204 Pulaski St., Brooklyn.

Cravatex, Inc., Manhattan, make waterproof leggings and textiles, $10,000; E. R. Stites, A. H. Powell, J. B. Weber, 200 West 95th St.

Charles R. Partridge Lumber Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. O. Berg, J. G. Turnbull, J. E. McIntyre, 556 Macon St., Brooklyn.

Colladay & Brown, Manhattan, general mercantile business, $10,000; G. E. Brown, E. F. and H. J. D. Colladay, 259 West 92d St.

Excelsior Shook & Lumber Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. and R. Barnett, F. E. Vossnack, 744 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

Kaufman & Franklin, Manhattan, jewelry mountings, $25,000; I. Franklin, P. and H. G. Kaufman, 45 West 110th St.

Comstock-Hancock Co., Manhattan, textiles, knitting machines and light hardware, $50,000; C. A. Comstock, C. H. Noyes, L. F. Sniffin, 49 Wall St.

Marine Salvage Corp., Manhattan, $99,000; A. B. Salgo, C. Fabricius, F. Elliot, 102 West 56th St.

Kimmelman & Boldapper, Manhattan, food products, $10,000; A. Goldapper, H. and A. Kimmelman, 210 East 74th St.

Clyman Investing Co., Inc., Manhattan, Spring Water and beverages, $20,000; C. B. Steckmest, E. H. Neary, Jr., H. C. Bryan, 375 Park Av.

McClure Productions, Manhattan, motion pictures, $250,000; M. T. Walsh, D. A. Woodcock, M. L. Levins, 160 East 178th St.

Stewart Blouse, Manhattan, women's wearing apparel, $5,000; G. Champagne, B. W. Slote, C. Pearle, 608 East 34th St., Brooklyn.

Bay Ridge Radiator and Tire Works, Brooklyn, $5,000; M. Raffman, M. Adelman, J. Oglinsky, 111 Lee Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Hildreth-Geer Mfg. Co., Albany, $10,000 to $30,000.

Wills Knitting Mills, Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Maney & Sayre, Inc., Geneva, $30,000 to $50,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

L. H. Houck Real Estate and Building Co., Rochester, $15,000 to $1,500.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Cyrus Robinson & Co., Ltd., Manhattan, to Tractors, Ltd.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Elizabeth Mills, Manhattan.
Riverside Tennis Club, Manhattan.
Alba Wine Co., Manhattan.
Gilbert Elliott & Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Aug. 6.—Cheaters filed:

French Quicksilver Mining Co., $1,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

The New England Co., to acquire lands for agricultural purposes, &c., $100,000; C. L. Rimlinger, F. A. Armstrong, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Chrome Mining and Refining Co., $100,000; P. D. Buck, M. L. Horty, M. H. Neblit, Wilmington.

Union Agency Corp., insurance agents, $95,000; Jonathan H. Brown, M. E. Brown, Wilmington.

Farms, Field, and Grain Co., $50,000; H. A. Stein, Philadelphia; S. C. Seymour, E. M. Macfarland, Camden, N. J.

Widemer Lumber Co., $50,000; S. C. Seymour, E. M. Macfarland, Camden, N. J.; H. A. Stein, Philadelphia.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL.

Black Cat Textile Co., Keokuk, Wis., from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Wheeler-Chase Fisheries Co., to Sun Harbor Packing Corp., and increasing its capitay stock from $25,000 to $100,000.

DISPUTE DELAYS NEW WAR TAX BILL

Kitchin Committee and Treasury Officials Apart on Levy on Profits.

AWAIT McADOO'S RETURN

While Sanctioning Alternative Taxation, Kitchin Says Treasury Plan Is Not Thorough.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Indications tonight are that the Ways and Means Committee, which is drafting the $8,000,000,000 War Revenue bill, will not reach any definite agreement upon the war profits section until Secretary McAdoo returns to Washington. The differences which have arisen between the committee and Treasury officials over the system to be employed in taxing war profits have not lessened. The dispute continued today. Experts continued to present their arguments for an 80 per cent. pre-war tax coupled with the present excess profits tax of from 20 to 60 per cent.

The differences apparently cannot be adjusted until Secretary McAdoo appears before the committee. Chairman Kitchin, while not opposed to the double system of taxation, with its alternative proposition, is opposed to accepting the Treasury recommendations, because, as he said, there would be a loss of about $200,000,000 in revenues if the pre-war plan were adopted with the present excess profit tax as an alternative.

The opinion was expressed that such corporations as Utah Copper, Standard Oil, Ford Motor, American Tobacco, and Liggett & Myers, or about one-tenth of the corporations of the country, would escape a proper tax. This would result, Mr. Kitchin said, from the fact that, if these and other corporations made the same profits now as before the war there would be no excess war profits on which to pay taxes, while the present excess profits taxes on these corporations would not represent a just levy.

Chairman Kitchin is opposed to a pre-war tax combined with the present excess profit tax as an alternative. He wishes to make every corporation pay its just taxes, he says, and for that reason is perfectly willing that the pre-war tax and the excess profit tax, tentatively agreed to, with the rates ranging from 30 to 80 per cent., shall be written into the bill, with the taxpayer required to pay the tax which brings the greatest returns to the Government.

"Nine-tenths of the corporations would pay increased taxes, from 50 to 400 per cent. more than they did in 1917 under the pre-war system suggested by the Treasury Department," said Mr. Kitchin. "On the other hand, one-tenth of the corporations would not pay any increases at all. I believe, when we talk the matter over with Mr. McAdoo and he sees how certain corporations will not have to bear their pro rata increase in taxes, we will get an agreement on the war profits taxes. We will let the matter simmer until he gets back."

Mr. Kitchin explained how the system as suggested by the Treasury would work out in the cases of two corporations. In the case of a corporation of $100,000 capital which earned $6,000 before the war and $25,000 since the war, its taxes under the pre-war tax of 80 per cent. would be $15,200 and under the present excess profits tax $4,400.

In the case of a corporation with the same capital, and earning $25,000 both before and since the war, the tax under the Treasury plan would be $4,400, while the tax under the tentative excess profits plan of 30 to 80 per cent. would be $8,000, making a loss in taxes under the Treasury plan amounting to $3,600.

A suggestion has been made that an excise tax might be provided which would reach the industries which would not pay an increased tax under either the pre-war or the present alternative excess profit tax.

Until the committee reaches a definite conclusion on the war profit section, which, it is estimated by the Treasury Department, should raise $5,000,000,000, the bill cannot be completed. Judged by the present dispute and the inability of the committee to agree upon the luxury and semi-luxury taxes the committee will not be able to report the bill to the House by Aug. 26, as originally planned.

SAPPING GERMAN HOPE.

"American Danger" and Russian Question Prey on Morale.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 6.—There is increasing anxiety in Germany over the situation as it has developed in recent months, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Handelsblad. The dispatch reads:

"The number of those in Germany who, like Dr. Richard von Kühlmann, former Foreign Secretary, are convinced that force of arms will not put Germany on her feet again and that, after four years, the war should now come to an end, is steadily growing. There is, of course, sufficient justification for a less comfortable feeling now than a few months ago, not only as a result of the retreat from the Marne and the American danger, but also on account of the precarious political and economic situation in Austria.

"The Russian question, however, is the one which causes the greatest anxiety to all."

Daniels Commends Seamen.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—John W. Rogers, of New Haven, Conn., seaman, has been commended by Secretary Daniels for courage and self-sacrifice at the time of the explosion of the steamship Florence H. last April. Giving no thought to his own safety, Rogers stayed on deck and threw pieces of wood to shipmates struggling in the water. After jumping overboard he released the timber to which he was clinging to another person. William Henry Watters, Jr., carpenter's mate, of Bayonne, N. J., and Frank Joseph Grogan, machinist's mate, of 491 Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn, have been commended for rescuing a shipmate from drowning on July 10.

Destroyer McDermut Launched.

SQUANTUM, Mass., Aug. 6.—The McDermut, second of the destroyers under construction at the Squantum plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation to take the water, was launched today. The Delphy was sent down the ways nineteen days ago. As Mrs. Eugene G. Grace, wife of the President of the corporation, named the vessel and gave the signal for its release a shower of roses, dropped by cranemen perched high above the 15,000 spectators, floated down upon the huge American flag draped over the bow of the destroyer and upon the heads of the launching party.

New Jersey Lines Want 7-Cent Fare

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 6.—The Public Service Railway Company, through its counsel, L. B. N. Gilmour, today made another application to the State Board of Public Utility Commissioners for an increase in fares to 7 cents on all its lines. It was urged that by the Federal Board's decision allowing a big increase in the payroll or the concern the increased fare was absolutely necessary.

President Slocum of the Utility Board said that the application would throw the doors wide open again and said the Board would take the matter into conference and fix a date for a hearing.

WAR TAXES IN YEAR YIELD $3,694,703,000

Income and Excess Profit Payments Brought In $2,839,083,000, Roper Reports.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—How the Government war coffers were filled with billions in taxes gathered from a wide variety of sources, ranging from stamps on playing cards to huge levies on excess profits, was shown in detail today by a report of Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper to Secretary McAdoo for the year ended last June 30. The figures are considered especially important because they will be used by the House Ways and Means Committee as a partial basis for higher taxes in the new Revenue bill, which is to raise $8,000,000,000.

Total internal revenue for the year amounted to $3,694,703,000, of which $2,839,083,000 came from income and excess profits tax payments in June and $855,619,000 from a multitude of miscellaneous sources, collected largely in pennies, dimes, and quarters added to the prices of various articles paid by consumers and poured into the Treasury by retailers, wholesalers, or manufacturers to help meet war costs.

Huge as these taxes seem in the aggregate, collections for the entire year were only enough to pay the nation's bills for two and a half months of the war at the rate the Government is now spending money.

Next to income and excess profits taxes—the backbone of the revenue schedule—liquor taxes brought in the most money, $443,838,000, including $317,553,000 from whisky, brandy, wine, and spirits and $126,285,000 from beer and other fermented liquors. Taxes on cigars, cigarettes, and other tobacco products yielded $156,188,000. These figures are somewhat higher than those reported soon after the close of the year by Commissioner Roper, and are subject to further slight modifications.

After income, excess profits, liquor, and tobacco taxes, the biggest yield from any source came from levies on transportation and utilities, which went into effect Nov. 1, amounting to $70,734,000, divided as follows: Freight, 3 per cent., $30,002,000; passenger tickets, 8 per cent., $24,306,000; express, 5 per cent, $6,458,000; berths and staterooms, 10 per cent., $2,236,000; telephone, telegraph, and radio messages, 5 cents each, $6,299,000; oil pipe lines, 5 per cent., $1,433,000.

Levies on estates of deceased persons brought in $47,452,000. It is proposed to increase this tax considerably in the next bill.

Amusements, such as theatres, cabarets, pleasure parks, and dance halls, taxed at virtually 10 per cent. on the admission price, yielded for the eight months $26,357,000.

A notable feature of the report was the item of only $12,995,000 collected in excise taxes on sales of articles usually classed as luxuries—piano players, moving picture films, jewelry, perfumes, cosmetics, proprietary medicines, chewing gum, cameras, and yachts. The Administration tax program this year calls for raising about a billion dollars from luxuries.

Taxes on the value of capital stock of corporations last year amounted to $24,996,000, on manufactures of or dealers in automobiles and motor cycles $23,981,000, and on munition manufactures $13,298,000. Documentary stamp taxes imposed since Dec. 1, 1917, produced $18,813,000. Club dues, taxed at 10 per cent., yielded $2,250,000. Taxes on insurance policies amounted to $6,492,000, on oleomargarine $2,836,000, on bowling alleys, pool and billiard tables $1,086,000, on theatre, circus, and museum proprietors $865,000, and on stock brokers $333,000.

The volume of taxes collected during the year is shown by comparison with those of the year preceding, when total collections were $809,393,000.

WARNING TO CANDY EATERS.

Federal Food Board Urges Sale of One Pound at a Time.

Inveterate eaters of candy were warned by the Federal Food Board yesterday that unless they materially reduce their consumption of sweets they would tend to defeat the conservation measures by which the Food Administration is endeavoring to limit the use of sugar. The Board suggested that all persons shall buy only one pound of candy at a time and that dealers sell only one pound to a purchaser.

The Hotel St. Regis, whose baking license was suspended for thirty days, sent the following message to the Food Board yesterday:

"We have no fault to find with the Food Administration for deciding that we had more sugar on hand than we should, nor for the penalty imposed of suspending our baker's license for a time. The only thing we wish to impress on the public mind is that our violation was not willful nor intentional. We have cheerfully and loyally co-operated with the Food Administration in all other respects so far as we understood its rules and regulations. We did make a mistake in this instance and cheerfully accept the penalty of our error, hoping that the lesson we have learned will help others to avoid a similar mistake."

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Julia	.01
Alta	.03	Justice	.01
Andes	.05	Mexican	.17
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.06
Bullion	.02	Overman	.02
Challenge Con.	.03	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.04	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.03	Sierra Nevada	.41
Con. Virginia	.22	Union Con.	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Utah	.01
Jacket	.07	Mexican dollars	.77½

TONOPAH.

Cash Boy	2.75	Goldfield Con.	.20
Belmont	.03	Goldfield Merger	.01
Belmont	.12	Great Bend	.01
Halifax	.03	Jumbo Extension	.08
Jim Butler	.58	Kewanas	.03
McNamara	.31	Lone Star	.06
Midway	.04	Silver Pick	.04
Mispah	.08	Spearhead	.02
Monarch Pitts.	.06	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.09	Big Four	.02
North Star	.08	Consolidated	.04
Rescue	.01	Mustang	.01
Tonopah Divide	1.60	White Caps	.29
Tonopah Exten.	1.60	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	1.05	Nevada Hills	.01
West Tonopah	.22	Packard	.27
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.37
Atlanta	.03	Round Mountain	.18
Booth	.04	United Eastern	3.50
Florence	.10		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	4⅞	Isabella	4½	5
Dr. J'pot	4½	.....	McKinney	8	12
Elkton	4¾	7	Portland	80	89
El Paso	10	15	U. Gold M.	14	14¼
Golden C.	165	167	Vindicator	43	45
Granite	19	25	Rose Nicol	6½	8

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HARCLIFF REALTY CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors of the Harcliff Realty Corporation, held on the day designated in the By-Laws, having resulted in a failure to elect Directors, and a special meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors thereafter held on January 25, 1918, having resulted also in a failure to elect Directors, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at the office of Leary & Goodbody, No. 55 Broadway, in the City of New York, on the 15th day of August, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated, New York, July 29th, 1918.

ELSIE K. McNEILL,
Stockholder of said Corporation.

SINCLAIR OIL & REFINING CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

The regular meeting of the Stockholders of Sinclair Oil & Refining Corporation will be held, at the office of the Corporation, No. 120 Broadway, New York City, State of New York, on Wednesday, August 21st, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business, general or special, which may come before the meeting.

The transfer books of the Corporation will be closed August 10th, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, and will be reopened immediately after the final adjournment of the said meeting.

A. STEINMETZ, Secretary.

New York City, August 6, 1918.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

Canada, the Land for a Vacation

Tourist traffic in Canada is estimated to be worth $50,000,000 yearly to the Dominion. From Nova Scotia to British Columbia there is an endless variety of natural beauty—sea, river, lake, prairie and mountains—whose attractions, added to an extremely healthful and exhilarating climate, appeal to people of all tastes and inclinations.

There are more than 300 branches of the UNION BANK OF CANADA located in the most important cities and towns, each offering to the American traveler in the Dominion a complete banking service.

Travelers' Cheques and Travelers' Letters of Credit may be obtained at the New York Agency

Union Bank of Canada

New York Agency
49 Wall St.

Head Office, Winnipeg
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Geo. Wilson, F. T. Short } Agents

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By means of its Manhattan Office, at Broadway and Wall Street, the Company gives to business men with offices in the Wall Street district convenient use of its facilities. Close communication by means of private telephones, telautograph and frequent messenger service renders this office practically a part of the Main Office.

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200 Int'l Motor Truck Com.
10 Locomotive Superheated
50 A. O. Smith Pfd.
FOR SALE
100 Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
50 Int'l Motor Truck 2d Pfd.
175 Int'l Motor Truck 1st Pfd.
110 Pettibone Mulliken Com.
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NORTH AMERICAN PULP & PAPER
A discussion of the position of this stock as a result of the entrance of new interests is contained in current number of our weekly *Market Review No. 314*, mailed free on request. Among other stocks treated are:
Peerless Motors — Burns Bros. Ice
Aetna Explosives — Midwest Refining
Wright-Martin — Cosden & Co.
Chevrolet Motor — Sapulpa Refining
M·S·WOLFE·CO
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J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
Burns Bros. Ice 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Famous Players-Lasky
Guaranty Trust Stock
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
National Fuel Gas
New York Trust Stock
Remington Typewriter Stocks
Singer Manufacturing Co.
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
White Rock Water Com. & Pfd.
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WAR BOARD AVERTS STRIKE ON THE B. R. T.

Motormen Agree to Postpone Tieup Till Case Can Be Heard by Federal Conciliators.

WAS TO BEGIN LAST NIGHT

Company Takes Attitude That It Has No Dispute to Adjust with Its Employes.

The National War Labor Board stepped in yesterday and prevented, at least temporarily, a strike of B. R. T. motormen and motor switchmen which the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers had planned to start yesterday at 5:30 o'clock. Asserting that the company had tried to discourage employes from joining unions, L. G. Griffing, Assistant Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, served an ultimatum on J. J. Dempsey, Vice President of the B. R. T., demanding that Dempsey attend a conference of an employes' committee of six at the Herald Square Hotel, 116 West Thirty-fourth Street, and settle the question by discussion.

Before Mr. Dempsey replied, Benjamin M. Squires, Commissioner of Conciliation of the U. S. Department of Labor, arrived at the hotel and persuaded the union men to defer their attempt to tie up the B. R. T. until the Labor Board had considered the case. Commissioner Squires intimated that the B. R. T. had not shown enthusiasm for a conference before the Labor Board. Through his secretary, President T. S. Williams of the B. R. T. said he would say nothing until he had talked with Vice President Dempsey. Commissioner Squires issued this statement:

"The case of the motormen employed on the subway and elevated lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company was brought to the attention of the United States Department of Labor by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers with a request that the matters in dispute be referred to the National War Labor Board. In keeping with its usual policy, the Department of Labor assigned a Commissioner of Conciliation to the case in an effort to secure a voluntary adjustment. The matter was taken up with the officials of the company in an effort to secure their consent to having the case referred to the National War Labor Board. The company, however, took the attitude that no dispute existed between the company and its employes and that there was no reason for action by the board.

"The employes in the meantime had taken a strike vote, balloting beginning last Friday night and ending yesterday evening, and a practically unanimous strike vote was recorded. The Department of Labor was informed of this action and stepped in to prevent a tie-up, feeling that a voluntary adjustment was impossible, the Department of Labor referred the matter to the National War Labor Board. Today representatives of the motormen were advised that the Board would hear the case, and they were asked to postpone strike action. This they agreed to do."

According to Mr. Griffing, unionization of the motormen was started two years ago. He declined to say how far it had progressed, but said the brotherhood had a majority of the men as members. He said that in addition to alleged denial of the men's rights to organize, the company had discharged about fifteen motormen of its 550 because they wore union buttons. He demanded that these men be reinstated.

Admitting that Mr. Griffing had conferred with him yesterday, Mayor Hyland issued this statement:

"I advised Mr. Griffing that the present is not the time for labor disputes. If they could be satisfactorily adjusted. I told him that I would endeavor to arrange a meeting between Colonel Williams and the men's committee. This I tried to do, but owing to the fact that Colonel Williams was not at his office at the time I called him on the telephone, I was unable to arrange the conference at that time.

"Subsequently, Colonel Williams called me on the phone and I asked him if he could not meet with the committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Colonel Williams advised me that he would not arrange a conference until he had first conferred with Mr. Dempsey. He also promised to call me later in the afternoon and inform me whether or not he would see the committee. Up to 5 o'clock this afternoon I have not heard from Colonel Williams."

EARNINGS.

MAINE CENTRAL—
Railroads.

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
June gross	$1,341,404	$1,217,359	$124,045
Def. aft. tax	530,919	345,102	881,722
Net oper. def.	575,712	*358,802	934,514
Six mos. gross	7,068,158	6,824,690	243,467
Def. aft. tax.	721,150	*1,406,215	2,127,374
Net after tax.	942,407	*1,424,202	2,366,610

PITTSBURGH & WEST VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO. and WEST SIDE BELT RAILROAD CO.—

	June.	Six Mos.
Gross revenue	$212,703	$1,232,693
Deficit after taxes	*70,068	*70,068
Gross income	393,580	761,083
Surplus after charges	376,150	655,209
*Surplus.		

Public Utilities.

COLORADO POWER CO.—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
June gross	$103,451	$93,318	$10,132
Net after tax.	54,281	51,701	2,580
Total income	57,470	43,958	3,511
12 mos. gross	1,253,375	1,135,855	117,520
Net after tax.	54,281	51,701	2,580
Sur. aft. chgs.	405,461	323,605	81,856

UTAH POWER & LIGHT—

June gross	430,491	407,041	23,450
Net after tax	221,173	198,686	22,487
Sur. aft. chgs.	90,069	87,257	2,812
12 mos. gross	5,438,003	4,746,545	691,408
Net after tax	2,813,913	2,473,357	340,556
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,260,902	1,239,121	21,871

Miscellaneous.

MANHATTAN ELECTRICAL SUPPLY COMPANY, INC. reports sales of $2,637,662 for the first six months of the present year, as compared with $2,487,087 for the corresponding period of 1917.

MEXICAN PETROLEUM for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross earn	$18,121,780	$9,668,463	$5,000,889
Total income	6,215,480	7,408,811	3,168,240
Bond interest	608,460	255,752	280,140
Balance	5,607,020	7,153,059	2,888,100
Inc. & exc. pr. tax	621,000		
Balance	4,986,020	7,153,059	2,888,100

The surplus account shows as follows:

Profit and loss sur., Dec. 31, 1917	$18,426,639
PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR COMPANY for the three months ended June 30—	

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Net op. prof	$1,523,421	$1,303,376	$220,045
Int., disc., tax	7660,302	127,119	482,273
Surplus	914,029	1,176,257	*262,228

*Decrease. †Includes existing excess profits and income taxes.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC COMPANY—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
June gross	$409,047	$341,142	$67,905
Net aft. taxes	107,446	86,786	20,570
Sur. aft. chgs, deprec., &c..	73,217	54,545	18,672
Six mos. gross	2,548,395	1,784,899	763,996
Net aft. taxes	672,680	534,202	138,478
Sur. aft. chgs, deprec., &c..	466,466	339,648	126,818

WOLVERINE COPPER MINING COMPANY for the year ended June 30—

	1918.	1917.	Increase.
Total receipts	$965,123	$1,707,441	$1,369,286
Net profit	225,400	1,026,405	735,218
Total profit	†241,592	1,026,405	735,218
Dividends	570,000	780,000	660,000
Deficit	328,080	*246,405	*75,218
Previous sur.	1,108,933	862,528	787,311
Pr. & inc. sur.	780,853	1,108,933	862,529

*Surplus. †Before war profit and income taxes.

BOSTON CURB.

Sales.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Oil	5		5½
B. S. Gas.	7	9	
Begole	50	60	
Black Hawk	95	La Rose	35
Bohemia	75	Majestic	18
Boston Ely	70	Mex. Metals	43
Boston M	53	Mol. Tung	10
Butte & L	13	New Baltic	84
Boston Ariz		N. Z. & L	15
Crystal	32	N. Cornelia	18½
Calaveras	1½	Nev. Doug	54
Crown Res	18	Nixon Nev	45
Cortez	15	Oneco	20
Cham., old	4	Onondaga	13
Chief Con	2½	S. W. Miami	
Denbigh	2	full paid	1
Earl-Eagle	2	U. V. Ext	37½
Fortuna	3	Victoria M	58
Houghton	50	Yukon Gold	1

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
August	1.61¾	1.58	1.58¾	1.59¾	
September	1.65	1.61¼	1.62¼	1.62¾	1.16¾
October	1.65¾	1.61¾	1.63¼	1.63	..

OATS.

In the local cash market standard was quoted at 82¼@83c; No. 2 white, 83c; No. 3 white, 82@82½c; No. 4 white, 81½@82c; ordinary clipped, 81½@82¼c.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
August	69¼	68¼	68¾	68¾	..
September	69¾	68¾	68¾	68¾	58¾
October	70¼	69	69½	69½	..

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
September	26.75	26.70	26.70	26.72	22.22
October	26.72	26.70	26.70	26.67	22.32
Ribs—					
September	24.92	24.77	24.77	24.87	22.57
October	25.02	24.90	24.92	..	22.42
Pork—					
September	45.10	44.70	44.70	24.92	41.80
October	..	..	..	44.85	..

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	8.18	8.05
September	8.35	8.25	8.35	8.25
October	..	..	8.45	8.35
November	..	..	8.55	8.45
December	8.05	8.60	8.65	8.55
March	..	..	8.87	8.77

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,933 packages. The quality of our receipts is running poorer, giving a smaller proportion of fancy butter. While trading is very quiet, there is enough demand to lead to some slight advance on the finest qualities. Creamery, higher than extra, 1 pound, 45½@46¼c; extras, 92 score, 45@45¼c; firsts, 88 to 91 score, 43¼@44¾c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 41@43c; thirds, 38@40¼c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 47@47¾c; extras, 46@46¾c; firsts, 44½@45¼c; seconds, 42@44c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 44½@45c; good to prime, 42@44c; common to fair, 37@41c; process, ovatened, extras, 41@41¾c; firsts, 40@40½c; lower grades, 37@39c; imitation creamery, firsts, 37@38c; ladles, current make, firsts, 36@36½c; seconds, 35@35½c; lower grades, 33¼@34½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35@35¼c; No. 2, 34½c; lower grades, 32@33c.

EGGS.—11,740 cases. Arrivals are still decreasing, but the market is burdened with heavy accumulations of medium and ordinary qualities, and these continue pressed for sale at weak and irregular prices. Strictly fine to fancy qualities showing a good to large proportion of full, strong bodied, fresh production free from heat, are in small supply and meeting considerable demand. These are fully sustained in value, and the full range of prices is not materially different, although the greater part of the stock arriving has a value somewhere within the range of 37@41c. Nearby white eggs are very scarce and fancy qualities wanted beyond the supply. Most receivers have orders for more stock than they can fill, and the competition to secure the few lots arriving is driving prices to a high level. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 46@47c; regular packed, extra firsts, 44@45c; firsts, 40@43c; seconds and poorer, 35@36c; dirties, No. 1, 36@37c; No. 2 and poorer, 32@35c; checks, good to choice, dry, 33@34c; under grades, 29@32c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western henneries, white, Class to fancy, 57@60c; ordinary to prime, 48@56c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 45@56c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 42@52c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby henneries, browns, 49@52c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 38@47c; refrigerator firsts, 41@42c.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.80	5.70
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Can. Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.60	6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.30	5.70
Chi. & N. W.	1918-'23	4½	6.00	5.60
C., R. I. & P.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.25
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	6.20	5.60
Chick. Refining	1918-'21	5	8.00	7.00
C., G., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.75	6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.30	5.70
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Ill. Central	1918-'28	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Louis. & Nash	1918-'28	5	6.10	5.50
Mich. Central	1918-'30	5	6.25	5.75
Mo., K. & Tex	1918-'23	5	7.25	6.25
Mo. Pacific	1918-'22	5	7.25	6.25
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	6.60	6.10
N. Y. Central	1918-'32	4½@5	6.30	5.70
Norf. & Western	1918-'24	4½	6.00	5.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'26	4½@6	6.50	6.00
Penn. Gen. Frt	1918-'23	@4½	6.00	5.50
Seaboard A. L.	1918-'26	5 @6	7.25	6.25
Sinclair Refining	1918-'21	6	7.50	7.00
Southern Pacific	1918-'29	4½	6.25	5.85
Southern Ry	1918-'24	4½@5	6.55	5.85
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.60	6.10

Toledo & Western Report.

The annual report of Walter L. Ross, receiver for the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, published yesterday, shows gross revenues of $7,041,982, an increase of $1,082,675, and net revenues of $2,017,799, a decrease of $108,382 as compared with 1916. The operating income of $1,697,638 shows a decrease of $200,663, and after paying all interest charges, &c., a net income remained of $118,612, which was $313,190 less than in the previous year.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Salomon Bros. & Hutzler have bought of the City of New Bedford, Mass., $200,000 notes, falling due on Nov. 20 next, on a 4.24 per cent. discount basis, and $300,000 notes, due Jan. 20, 1919, on a 4.33 per cent. basis.

Benjamin G. Smith, former Auditor of the Guaranty Trust Company, has been appointed an Assistant Treasurer of the company's Paris branch.

D. H. McDougall has been elected President and a Director of the Nova Scotia Coal & Steel Company to succeed H. S. Crockard, who resigned. Mr. McDougall was formerly General Manager of the Dominion Steel Company.

S. N. Bond & Co. have bought a $100,000 loan issued by the City of Pittsfield, Mass., in anticipation of taxes, at 4.20 per cent. discount plus $31 premium. The loan matures Dec. 6, 1918. The same firm has bought a similar issue amounting to $150,000 from the City of Taunton on a 4.26 per cent. discount basis plus $16 premium. The loan matures Nov. 7.

William J. Terry has been appointed Assistant Secretary and Assistant Treasurer of the Hudson Trust Company. He was formerly with the Chatham & Phenix National Bank.

The Stock Exchange firm of Maury, Rogers & Auchincloss has prepared a pamphlet discussing the dividend-paying railroad stocks and the investment situation.

Manhattan Electrical Supply Company, Inc., reports sales of $2,637,662 for the first six months of the present year, as compared with $2,487,087 for the corresponding period of 1917.

The General Development Company declared yesterday a quarterly dividend of 75 cents a share, payable Sept. 3 to stockholders of record Aug. 15. Three months ago the declaration was $1 a share.

The Jewel Tea Company reports sales amounting to $1,137,027 in the four weeks ended July 13, a decline of $2,677 from the same period last year.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s. registered, 1930	98½	99	4s, registered, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, 1930	98½	99	4s, coupon, 1925	106½	107
2s, coupon, '38, reg	98¼	98¾	2s, Panama, '38, coupon	98¾	98¾
3s registered, 1946	85	89	3s, Panama, '61, reg	86	89
3s, coupon, 1946	85	89	4s, Panama, '61, coupon	86	89
3s, converston, 1947	85	89	5s, Fed. Land Bank, '38	103	103¼

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	99½	100	99½
4½s June, 1965	99¾	100¼	99¾
4½s Mar., 1963	99¾	100¼	99¾
4½s Nov., 1957	99¾	100¼	99¾
4½s May, 1957	99¾	100¼	99¾
4½s Mar., 1960-30	94¾	95¼	94¾
4¼s April, 1963	94¾	95¼	94¾
4½s Mar., 1964	94¾	95¼	94¾
4½s Mar., 1962	94¾	95¼	94¾
4½s Sep., 1960	94¾	95¼	94¾
4s May, 1959	90	91	90
4s Nov., 1958	90	91	90
4s May, 1957	90	91	90
4s Nov., 1936	89	..	89
4s Nov., 1955	89	..	89
4s Nov., 1936	92½	93¾	92½
4s May, 1919	99¼	..	99½
4s Nov., 1918	99¼	..	99½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Bid.	Ask.
4½s 1924-1931	4.60	4.45
4½s 1921-1923	4.60	4.45
4½s 1919-1920	4.60	4.45
4½s 1918-1922	4.60	4.45
4½s 1924-1932	4.60	4.45
3½s 1940-1956	4.70	4.55
3½s 1930-1939	4.70	4.55
3½s 1921-1929	4.70	4.55
3½s 1918	4.75	4.75
6s 1940-1953	4.70	4.55
3½s 1926-1930	4.70	4.55
3s 1918-1925	4.70	4.55

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
235	Cities Service	210¼	210	210	212
425	Cities Service pf	74¾	74½	74¾	75

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron. Elec. Power	15	17
Adiron. Elec. Power pf	72	73
Am. Gas & Electric	81	83
Am. Gas & Elec. pf	38	40
Am. Light & Traction	187	190
Am Light & Trac. pf	92¼	93
Am. Power & Light	41	43
Am. Power & Light pf	67	70
Am. Public Utilities	..	25
Am. Public Utilities pf	..	50
Am. W. W. & Elec	5	6
Am W W & E 1st pf	56	59
Am. W. W. & E. partic 1st	12	14
Carolina Power & Light	28	30
Carolina Power & L. pf	83	90
Colorado Power	23	25
Colorado Power pf	97	100
Columbus Electric pf	75	78
Com Pow. Ry. & Lt	22	23½
Com. Pow., Ry. & Lt. pf	41	43
Conn. Power pf	82	84
Consumers' Power pf	85	88
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55
Eastern Texas Elec. pf	70	75
El Paso Electric	88	90
El Paso Electric pf	88	90
Electric L. & P.	93	96
Empire Dist. Elec. pf	70	75
Federal Light & Trac	7	10
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf	35	50
Galveston-Hous. Elec	19	20½
Galveston-Hous. El. pf	57	62
Gas & Elec. Securities	200	250

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96½	97	
Alabama Power 5s, '32	67	70	
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	..	..	90½
Cities Service deb. 7s	101	102	
Col. Gas & El. deb. 5s, '27	70	76	
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	
Conn. Power 5s, 1963	85	90	
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	84	87½	
East. Tex. Elec. col. 5s	82	88	
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	85	90	
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	78½	80	
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	87	90	
Int.-M. Ry. Lt. & P. 6s	98½	99	
Middle W. U. 6s, '25	85	90	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
67	Con Coal	85¾	85¾	85¾
267	Cosden	7	6¾	6¾
80	Con Power	95½	95½	95½
10	Hous Oil pf	73	73	73
62	Mt Vernon	16	16	16
60	Do pf	72	72	72

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
6	Md Casualty	93¾	93¾	93¾
5	North Cent	70	70	70
50	Penn W. P	75	75	75
40	United Rys	20	20	20
75	Wayland	3¼	3¼	3¼
35	W. B. & A	30½	30½	30½

Bonds.

$1,000	Kirby Lum 6s	97	97
1,000	Penn Water Power 5s	84½	84½

BOSTON.
Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Zinc	18¼	18¼	18¼
90	Ahmeek	80	76½	76½
10	Allouez	50	50	50
50	Anaconda	66¾	66¼	66¼
20	Ariz Com'l	15	15	15
25	Butte & Sup	27¾	27¾	27¾
105	Cal & Ariz	68	67	67
2	Cal & Hecla	458	458	458
15	Chile Cop	16¾	16¾	16¾
140	Daly-West	2¾	2¾	2¾
150	East Butte	10¼	10¼	10¼
245	Franklin	4¾	4¼	4¾
40	Granby	79¼	79¼	70½

Railroads.

27	Boston Elev.	71½	71½
3	Do pf rects.	97	97
10	Bost & Low.	85	85

Miscellaneous.

14	A Ag Ch pf	93	92½
80	Am Sugar	111	110½
12	Do pf	109¾	109
181	Am T & T	92½	91¾
130	Am Wool pf	95¼	94½
25	Art Metal	15½	15¾
540	Booth Fish	26	25¾
495	Cent'y Steel	14	13¾
420	Fairbanks	45¼	44¾
15	Gen Elec	146	145

Bonds.

$2,000	A G & W I 5s	76¼	76¼
1,000	C J & S Y 5s	90	90
3,000	Swift 5s	91	91
5,200	Lib'ty 3½s	100.00	99.78

CHICAGO.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Chic C Con	1¼	1¼	1¼
50	Chic Ry, 8 2 15	15	15	15
50	Cudahy	114	114	114
118	Com. Edison	101¼	101¼	101¼
20	Dia. Match	107½	107½	107½
80	Lind. Light	16¾	16¾	16¾

Bonds.

$5,000	C C Con 5s	60	60
1,000	C C Ry 1st	85	85
8,000	C Ry 1st 5s	82	82

PHILADELPHIA.
Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
126	Elec Storage	54½	54½	54½
22	Fire Ins'n'A	26	26	26
50	Gen Asph pf	67¼	67¼	67¼
110	L Super Corp	19¼	19¼	19¼
10	Lehigh Nav	69	69	69

Bonds.

$1,000	City 3½s	90	90
8,000	Lib. 3d 4¼s	95.20	95.20

$2,000	Phila Elec 1st 5s	93	93

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Aetna pf	65	69	65
American Brass	223	227	223
Atlas Powder	173	176	173
Do pf	90½	92	90½
Babcock & Wilcox	110	112	110
Bliss	350	425	350
Do pf		78	
Can. Found's F	160	185	160
Colt's Arms	65	68	65
Du Pont	298	302	298
Du Pont deb	98¾	98¾	98¾
Du Pont pf	100	101	100
Eastern Steel	94	98	94
Hercules	240	245	240
Do pf	112	114	112
Niles-Bem't-Pond	121	125	121
Penn. Seab. S. Co.	52	54	52
Scovill Mfg	445	460	445
Thomas Iron Co	25	35	25
Winchester Arms	700	825	700
Woodward Iron Co	45	60	45

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Stocks closed weak in a fairly active market yesterday on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Fractional net declines were registered in the leading issues, and final quotations indicated a reactionary tendency, with prices but slightly higher than the low levels of the session. Trading, though more active than usual, continued professional in character. The market, as a whole, was easy in tone throughout the session and without any special feature.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am B Sugar	88¼	88¼	88¼
80	Am Can	47	46¾	46¾
60	Am H & L	18	18	18
60	Do pf	81¾	81¾	81¾
50	Am S. R	78¾	78¼	78¼
50	Am S Fdries	73½	73½	73½
470	Am Su Tob	130	128¼	128¾
10	Am T & T	94	93¾	94
150	Anac Cop	66¾	66¼	66¾
2,825	Bald Loco	92¾	91¾	92
60	Balt & Ohio	54	53½	53½
350	Beth Steel B	83¾	83¼	83¾
80	C & S P	45¾	45¾	45¾
10	Colum Gas	34¾	34¾	34¾
60	Col F & I	46¼	46¼	46¼
50	Corn Prod	44¾	44¼	44¾
190	Crucible Steel	66¾	66¾	66¾
30	CubaCaneSu	31	29¾	31
350	Dist Secur	58¾	57¾	58
20	Gen Motors	153½	153½	153½
10	Gt Nor Ore	41¾	41¾	41¾
30	Inspir Cop	53	52½	52½
190	Int M M pf	98¼	97	97¾
10	Kenne Cop	33¾	33¾	33¾

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,090	Mex Petrol	102¾	101¼	101¼
240	Midvale Steel	52¼	52¼	52½
10	Mo Pacific	23¾	23¾	23¾
60	Ohio C Gas	39¾	39	39¾
10	P & W Va	32¾	32¾	32¾
150	Reading	87¾	87¼	87¾
100	Rep I & S	92¼	92	92¼
100	Sinclair Oil	32½	32	32
30	Sloss Sheff	84½	84½	84½
270	Studebaker	44¾	44	44¾
360	Tob Prod	69½	69	69
50	Union Pac	121¾	121	121
10	U S Rubber	61½	61½	61½
14,175	U S Steel	109¾	109	109¼
40	Wes Un Tel	79¾	79¼	79½
30	Willys-Over	19¾	19⅝	19⅝

MEMBERSHIP BONDS.

$3,700	Lib 3½s	100.54	100.40	100.42
3,10	Do 1st 4s	94.94	94.88	94.88
6,000	Do 2d 4s	94.62	94.28	94.62
2,000	Do 3d 4½s	96.02	94.90	94.90
2,650	Do 2d 4¾s	94.50	94.42	94.46
7,650	Do 3d 4¾s	96.02	96.02	96.14

*Prices include interest.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of Monday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.
Air Reduc'n	65	72	65	72
Am. W. Pap	3	3¼	3	3¾
Blument'l Co	94	98	94	96
Do pf	90	95	90	95
Carwen Steel	7¼	9	7¼	9
Carbon Steel	116	121	116	121
Charcoal Iron	7¾	8¼	7¾	8¼
Charcoal Iron pf	6	6½	6	6½
Corp. of Flor.	7¾	8	7¾	8
Curtiss A. pf.	65	80	65	80
Free, Texas	29	31	29	31
Gen. Asph. pi	70	72	70	72
Hall Signal	4	7	4	7
Do pf	13	18	13	18
K., T. & R. pf	18	21	18	21
Kirby Lumber	97	97	97	98
Do pf	58	62	58	62
Lake T. B. pf	4½	6	4½	6
L. Val. C. S	82	85	82	85
Miss. Motors	32	36	32	36
N. Y. Ship	39	41	39	41
P. Coal & C	30	31½	30	31½
Poc.-Logan C	..	3¼	..	3¼
Stand. Motors	13	13½	12¾	13½
St. L. R. M. & P	35	..	35	..

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.	Ask.
St. Joe L	14½	15	14½	15
Strom. Carb	23	27	23	27
U. S. Aero	2¼	2¾	2¼	2¾
Wright-M. pf	62	67	62	67

OIL STOCKS.

Allen Oil	⅝	1	⅝	1
Atlantic Pet	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Cos. & Co. pf	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
Hanover Oil	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
Inter Petrol	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Midwest Ref	113	115	113	115
Sinclair Gulf	16	19	16	19
Un West Oil	¼	¾	¼	¾

MINING STOCKS.

Booth	4	6	4	6
Cop Valley	⅝	1	⅝	1
New Cornelia	18¾	19	18¾	19
Tono Belmont	2¾	3	2¾	3
Ton Mining	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝

BONDS.

Arm 6s, '22	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
Pierce Oil 6s	84	86	84	86
Prester & G	..	..	..	..
7s, 1922	100½	101	100½

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

The Riviera

Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.
Modern Twelve Story Fireproof Apartment
Subway station half block distant.
FOR LEASE FROM OCT. 1st.

5 rooms $850 to $900	Per Annum
6 rooms $1100 to $1300	Per Annum
7 rooms $1200 to $1400	Per Annum
8 rooms $1500 to $1650	Per Annum
9-10 rooms $1600-$2000	Per Annum

with two or three baths.
Apply to A. J. Odell,
Manager, on Premises, Audubon 5400, or
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St. Tel. 6390 Barclay.

IN THE HEART OF THE CITY
At Entrance to Central Park South
The modern corner Apartment Building

182 W. 58th St.

Contains two Suites remaining for rental from October 1st.
11 AND 14 ROOMS
WITH 5 BATHS
Living room, 18x28 feet, and the other chambers in proportion. Four master bedrooms; beautiful conservatory. Commodious servants' quarters with two baths.
Doctor's Suite, light and well arranged; private entrance.
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High Class Apartments of
8 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
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4-5-6 ROOMS
EXTRA LARGE, ESPECIALLY WELL ARRANGED; ABUNDANT CLOSET SPACE; BEAUTIFULLY DECORATED; CONVENIENTLY LOCATED.
RENTS $40 TO $60.

Central Park West, 407, at 101st St. THE IRVINGTON. All Light Rooms; Facing Park; Elevator and All Improvements.
8 ROOMS
Bath and 2 Toilets.
$900 to $1260
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7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,500.
All rooms large, light; conveniently arranged.
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Modern Elevator Apts.
8 unusually large rooms $1000-$1350
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3-4 Elegant, large, light rooms; all modern conceivable improvements. $31-$46
SELECT TENANTS ONLY.
5 ROOM CORNER APARTMENT | Doctor or Denist.
One Block East of Grand Concourse. Convenient to 161st or 167th Street Station, Jerome Avenue Subway. Apply on premises or agents.
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Single & Duplex
Housekeeping, $1,600 to $2,800.
Non-Housekeeping, $1,200.
Apply to Supt. on premises or to
Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd
84 William Street.

THE WITHINGTON
16 East 60th Street
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Modern Apartment, two rooms and bath, elevator; $55 to $70.
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JOHN A. SCHOEN 119 BIBLE HOUSE. TEL. STUYV. 490.

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Second floor south, 8 rooms, 3 baths; every detail of this building is the very best; furnished, $8,750; unfurnished, $3,000. Inquire Superintendent, on premises.

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Eight rooms and bath, $950; six rooms and bath, $650. Apply at 126-130 East 24th St., or Cammann, Voorhess & Floyd, 84 William St.

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APARTMENT
Furnished or Unfurnished
10 rooms, 3 baths.
Beautiful sunny rooms, 4 master's bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms. Southern and western exposure. Overlooking Hudson.
Inquire of Superintendent or telephone Tompkinsville 1825.

166 WEST 72D STREET.

APARTMENTS OF THREE AND FOUR EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS, sumptuously furnished; all appointments are of highest standard; fine tiled kitchens, with ice refrigeration; maid service if desired. Apply to manager on premises. Tel. Col. 7640.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

Schermerhorn private residences, 68th and 69th Sts., between 2d and 3d Avs., Lexington Av. Subway at 68th St.; rent $1,000 to $1,200; some with immediate possession. Firm of L. J. Carpenter, 3d Av., cor. 68th St., N. Y.

Bronx.

AN ATTRACTIVE HOME
NEAR N. Y. UNIVERSITY.
2,211 ANDREWS AVENUE.
Detached house; plot 50x100; 9 extraordinarily large rooms, 2 baths; room for garage; an opportunity to secure a suburban home with all the advantages of city transit facilities; for sale only.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

Westchester County.

FOR SALE AT WHITE PLAINS.
Two houses, one seven and one eight rooms; all improvements; within seven minutes' walk of station; on high ground; very easy terms. For further particulars, apply C-43, FISH & MARVIN, 527 5th Av.

SALE OR RENT.—Entirely modern house, 12 rooms, best restricted section. 110 Cedar St., phone 652 Mount Vernon.

Just completed, attractive seven-room house; 35 minutes Grand Central. Columbus 7915.

Maine.

Cottage, 16 rooms, and 35 acres of magnificently situated shore land, 3 miles north of York harbor. Apply to Henry W. Weave, Ogunquit, Me.

The New York Times
BROOKLYN OFFICE
At the Brooklyn office of The New York Times, Citizen Building, 401 Fulton St., advertisements and subscriptions are received for the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New Jersey.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and monthly payments less than rent; 30 minutes from New York; 2 cent commutation fare; 6 or 7 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, and built-in bookcases in living room, panelled dining room, bedrooms in white enamel, hard wood trim, large front porch; also sleeping porch in rear, terraced lawn, trees, finely improved street of beautiful homes; steam heat, water gas, electricity, handsome combination fixtures, concrete basement, attic, ample space for garden and garage, driveway in rear; near fine schools, and station, 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. Telephone, John 5047.

SACRIFICING my 7-room, tile bath, foyer hall dwelling; all improvements; parquet floors, steam heat; fine neighborhood; 5 minutes' walk to station; half hour out on Erie; for $5,800; worth $8,000; on easy terms. W. Brady, 859 Columbia Boulevard. Woodridge, N. J.

TELL ME YOUR WANTS
and I will send you descriptions of bargain houses for sale in Jersey and Brooklyn on easy terms; 10 years of honest service is back of me. J. STEIN, Tribune Building; phone Beekman 5960.

City home, sale, very low price; 2-family frame building; quiet, attractive neighborhood; closing estate; worth investigating. L. A. Belding, 132 Prospect St., Jersey City.

Owner must sell nearly new six-room house; every improvement; large plot, plenty fruit; $5,000; terms. P. O. Box 12, Ridgewood, N. J.

Bargain.—Six rooms, bath; all improvements, hollow tile stucco; half hour Erie; $3,750, easy terms. Brady, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

Montclair.—Residence, 10 rooms, two baths; $75; unfurnished; Lackawanna. 257 Midland Av.

Long Island.

Old homestead; needs repairs; 10 rooms, all improvements; several outbuildings; large grounds; abundance fruit and shade; 10 minutes' walk to water; excellent neighborhood; $500 cash, balance easy payments. B. Browne, 161 West 84th St. Greeley 4365.

A lovely home of ten rooms, two baths, large plot, finest environment, at Kew, will be sold by non-resident owner at a bargain. Telephone 2696 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

Miscellaneous.

Half rent, balance season or year, beautiful shore front; fine house, unfurnished; garage; large ground, trees, dock, beach; 30 minutes; city and country advantages. X 374 Times Annex.

Houses Wanted.

Responsible party would rent by the year large, completely furnished house with garage within 20 miles from city; south shore Long Island: Immediate Possession. S 212 Times.

Lady wishes to rent small, unfurnished house in Jersey, within commuting distance of New York; moderate rental and improvements desired; state full particulars. S 209 Times.

To buy or rent attractive 8-room house, Westchester, ground; transportation. W 71 Times.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

Wanted—First mortgage, $15,000, three years, on Manhattan dwelling, assessed valuation $23,000; principals or attorneys only. W 87 Times.

Wanted—$45,000 and $10,000 first mortgages on up-to-date apartments, Bronx; principals or attorneys only. X 344 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Will sell long lease or sublet large store and basement, 75x100; on Broadway, near Columbus-Circle. Write only, Room 801, 1,493 Broadway.

For Sale, about 40,000 square feet strong building, midtown, prominent avenue, cost of 25 cents, without service. Walter B. Parsons, 7 East 42d St.

Maryland's mild climate; waterfront farms; catalogue. Russell Realty Company, Baltimore, Md.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE.
Concrete building, 80x270, in White Plains, N. Y., on Mamaroneck Av., near N. Y. Post Road. George J. Grossman, owner, or any broker.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Montauk Point.—80 acres on Lake Montauk choice wood-fox location for residence or bungalows. Grimes, 199 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, at public auction, Saturday, Aug. 10, at 2 P. M., on premises, cottage, 14 3d Av., near Bayview Av., Atlantic Highlands, N. J.; house contains 12 rooms and bath; stands in centre of 150 ft. front; thoroughly up to date. Advance information from Isaiah Burks, 508 Asbury Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

Massachusetts—For Sale or To Let.

For sale at bargain in the Berkshires, ten-room modern, attractive Summer house, stable, eleven acres; 1,300 feet elevation; charming view; two brooks; no mosquitoes; beautiful maples and elms; gravity running water from never failing spring. Address "Cottage," Z 399 Times Annex.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Twenty miles out, directly adjoining large country club and golf course, near express station, 70 trains, is a beautiful, level farm of 100 acres; $50,000. Telephone 2696 Beekman. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Furnished private office, $28.50 monthly; also desk room, $9.50, telephone, attendant; no lease required. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Sublet a large, light office, with or without stenographic service. Call Room 1401, 395 Broadway. Phone 3339 Franklin.

Lofts to let, 34th St. and 7th Av., 4,200 square feet on a floor in the clear, 20-foot ceilings. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

Fifth Av. office; telephone, stenographer service; reasonable; private. Wakelee, 320 5th Av.

Rear loft to let; immediate possession; two-fifths of 50x100. Nemoiter-Burger, 11 East 32d St.

34th St., 163 West.—Office with show window, $25. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

OFFICES, $25 to $50; 80-story building, 110 West 40th St., Room 1203.

CORNER OFFICE, 12 windows, overlooking Bryant Park. 110 W. 40th St., Room 1203.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, to lease one or two story factory, 4,000 to 7,500 square feet, near freight terminals, 30 to 50 horse power (electrical) required. Reply mail only, A. H. S., Room 1337, 17 Battery Place, New York City.

Loft or building, 15,000 to 20,000 square feet, with power, for light manufacturing; possession prompt or early part 1919; in Jersey City, Hoboken, Union Hill, or vicinity. S 213 Times.

Wanted, to rent about 12,000 to 15,000 square feet manufacturing space; must have 90 pounds steam pressure. X 391 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

21ST, 143 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, piano; maid service; sacrifice.

30TH ST., (Lexington Av., 188.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $25 weekly up; also one room and bath, with meals, $17 weekly up; women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6180.

34TH, 62 EAST.—Nicely furnished 2 rooms, bath. Merritt, 9281 Murray Hill, before 6.

36TH, 144 EAST, (Apt. 5D.)—Modern, artistically furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, light, airy, cool; $100 monthly.

49TH, 21 EAST.—Attractive studio with kitchenette till Oct. 1. Telephone Plaza 2656 for appointment.

54TH, 111 EAST, (Near Park.)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $900. Plaza 6143.

60TH ST., 18 EAST.
Southern exposure; half price; double room, bath, $35; 2 rooms, bath, $75.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east-west side; best building; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

MADISON AV., 905.—Studio apartment, four rooms and bath; $1,500. Apply Supt.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath; $14 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway; one room, bath, $8 up weekly. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Seneca, 35 East 27th St.

TO SUBLET FOR THE SUMMER
Room and bath. Southern exposure. Also a suite of parlor, bedrooms and bath. Very attractive rate. HOTEL LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Furnished—West Side.

137TH, 106 WEST.—Nurse would share apt. with other nurse or business woman. Inquire after 7 P. M., Apt. 25.

32D, 9 WEST.—2 rooms, bath, high class service. Steigelman, 2227 Madison Square.

40'S, (Near 5th.)—Handsome apartment, six rooms, bath; piano; now to October, $100 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

43D, 125 WEST.—Attractive two-room, bath, kitchenette. Apply mornings, Burnham, same address.

45TH, 341 WEST, (Just off Broadway.)—New elevator building, 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

51ST, 245 WEST, just off Broadway.—Handsomely furnished housekeeping apartment, consisting 2, 3, 4 large, light rooms; high class fireproof building; Summer concession.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly-monthly rates.

59TH ST., 38 WEST.
Half price, three rooms, bath, kitchenette.

67TH, 1 WEST. (Duplex No. 315.)—Three rooms, kitchenette; cooking free. Manager.

69TH, 245 WEST.—$50-$80 up; 2, 3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Two exceptionally large, beautiful rooms, kitchen, bath, completely furnished, electricity.

72D, 260 WEST.—Overlooking Drive and river; will let for the Summer months, lovely apartment, nine rooms and three baths; completely furnished and decorated in every detail.

74TH, 103 WEST.—3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, $80; 2 rooms, $65; one, $45.

75TH, 55 WEST.—1, 2-room, kitchenette apartments, baths, electricity, telephone; $12 upward.

80'S, (Near Drive.)—Handsomely furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; year's lease; $200 month. Elberson, 25 W. 42d.

80TH, 119 WEST.—Newly furnished 2 rooms, bathroom, kitchenette; electricity, phone; reasonable.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house; beautiful large second floor, bath, kitchenette; service; $100.

90'S, (Riverside Drive.)—Elegantly furnished apartment, five rooms, two baths; year's lease; $150 month. Elberson, 26 W. 42d.

91ST, 27 WEST.—One, two room apartments, high class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$75; references necessary.

118TH, 210 WEST, (Hotel Cecil.)—2 rooms, with private bath, just vacated; attractive rates; full hotel service.

123D, 547 WEST, (E'way.)—Elevator apartment, 5 rooms, bath, $45 month. Rose.

190TH, 601 WEST.—Four room, splendidly furnished private elevator apartment; two bedrooms, large living room, large kitchen; bath; half minute 191st subway station; buses to all parts of town pass door; most delightful location in city; Summer rate, $75 month; immediate possession. Telephone 3060 St. Nicholas, Apartment 35.

AN apartment of six rooms and two baths, upper West End Av., facing river, furnished new last September, of the very finest of furniture and rugs, costing $11,000; for sale complete and ready for occupancy; long lease; rent $1,900. No dealers. Address K 311 Times Downtown.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.—Personally inspected lists. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 830.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments.—Hotel conveniences; apartment rates; inspection invited; coolest and healthiest location in city.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45 $55, $65 UP MONTHLY.
Fully furnished, dishes silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door. Weekly rates if desired.

BEST SELECTION OF FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS AND HOUSES; REDUCED SUMMER RENTALS. APPLY BERLOCK CO., 46 West 49th St. Telephone Bryant 7152.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (1 West 85th.)—Six rooms, elegantly furnished, all outside rooms, southern exposure; best references required; price $275 month; immediate possession. Apt. 8E or telephone Schuyler 5966.

CENTRAL PARK WEST.—Furnished two rooms, housekeeping suite. Telephone mornings, 1,386 Academy. Extension 32.

MANHATTAN AV., 215, (near 109th St.)—Completely furnished apartments, 2 to 6 rooms; elevator and nonelevator; $30 to $60 month; also weekly rate; 10 per cent. reduction to soldiers and sailors' families. Tel. Academy 1647.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 454, (116th.)—5-room, front, sublet 1 year. Apartment 12A.

Furnished—Long Island.

Forest Hills Gardens, 14 minutes from Pennsylvania Station.—Garden apartment, No. 511; three rooms and bath; coal supply in cellar; present occupant in army, being transferred; occupancy immediately and lease until October, 1919. Telephone Captain Hull, Forest Hills 6274-M.

Unfurnished—East Side.

16TH ST., 141 EAST.—Single flat, seven large, light rooms; $55; janitor.

67TH, EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, entire floor to lease; $1,000. Plaza 6148.

90TH, 62 EAST.—6-7 rooms, elevator apartment; electricity, modern improvements; $48-$75.

LEXINGTON AV., 807.—Select studio apartments, one and two rooms and bath, $40-$50; near 62d St.; steam heat, hot water. On premises, or Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 8 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $60. Phone Chelsea 8106.

84TH ST., 163 WEST.
Apartment to let, eight rooms and bath, $43; all improvements. Ames & Co., 26 West 31st St.

85TH, 150 WEST.—Choice apartments, 5 light rooms; modern improvements; $32. Apply Janitor or Ames & Co., 31st St.

87TH, 200 WEST.—Newly completed 14-story building; duplex studio and housekeeping apartments, 2 to 8 rooms, $1,500 to $4,400; studio living rooms, 25x30; restaurant.
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., INC.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8800.

72D, 14 WEST.—Two or three rooms; parquet floors; artist's studio; north light.

82d St., 250 West, (near Broadway.)—High-class apartments, 8 and 9 rooms, 2 baths, $1,600 to $2,800.
LORON H. SLAWSON COMPANY,
171 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 8530.

84TH, 15 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath, electricity; $70; immediate possession.

88TH, 315 WEST.
Attractive 2 and 3 room suites.

94TH, 308 West.—8 rooms and 2 baths; large apartment; best value for the money in the city.

102D, 306 WEST, (near the Drive.)—Entire fifth floor, apartment of 8 rooms; fireproof house with elevator; all improvements; rent $1,400. Firm L. J. Carpenter, 25 Liberty St., N. Y.

117TH ST., 112-118 WEST.—5 rooms, bath, steam; hot water; telephone; $32; efficient service required. Supt. on premises, or Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1732.

161ST STREET, 581 WEST,
Northeast corner Broadway.
4, 6, 7, and 8-room apartments, with one and two baths; $600 to $1,000. Open for inspection.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
Tel. John 5700.

APARTMENTS, 27 WEST 56TH ST.
Two to five rooms, $1,000 to $2,100.

AMES, 26 WEST 31ST, OR PREMISES.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 144TH ST.
Two blocks east of Amsterdam Av., 5 and 6 room apts.; immediate possession; in high-class elevator apartment house; exclusive residential section; near subway; rents very reasonable.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, S. E. Cor. 151st St.—Exceptional 2 rooms and bath non-housekeeping; street front apartment; $40.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900, (Corner 161st.)—5, 6, 7, 8, 9 rooms and 2 baths; elevator house; Hudson views. Inquire office.

THREE large rooms, bath, foyer; Broadway; high-class; immediate possession. Audubon 1413.

2,128 BROADWAY.
Two and three rooms, with bath, maid service; references required.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Small furnished apartment, convenient to subway, for month of August; with piano preferred; state location and rental. S 199 Times.

RESPONSIBLE party wants six-room, nicely furnished apartment, east side; $150 month; Sept. 1, year. Telephone Vanderbilt 1480.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED, From October; clients waiting. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

Immediately, 7 rooms, 2 baths, furnished, below 90th; $3,000 year. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Unfurnished.

Wanted, second floor, unfurnished, west side, 70th-90th; good neighborhood; model tenant; one person. E. F., Peninsular House, Seabright, N. J.

Married couple, Christian, want 5-6 rooms, all outside, between 72d and 122d, west side; state price. A 188 Times.

84TH ST., 17 WEST.—Seven large rooms, bath; ground floor; $55; immediate possession.

COUPLE, no children, wants four or five rooms, with kitchen, furnished or unfurnished; good location. S 168 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

30TH, (163 Lexington Av.)—Room, sunny; telephone, elevator; well furnished; excellent service; $6 weekly up; including elegant meals, $12 weekly; front room, with running water, $14 weekly; with bath, $17 weekly; refined women only. Hotel Rutledge.

31ST, 114 EAST.—Large, small newly furnished private bath, electricity; Summer rate.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

MADISON AV., 220, (36th St.)—Attractive rooms, large, small; running water; music allowed.

PARK AV., 70, (38th.)—Large room, adjoining bath; one flight up; $11.

West Side.

9TH, 11 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private bath; also small; electricity; references.

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $7; single, $5.50; gentlemen.

47TH, 27 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths and electricity; nice house and location; also small rooms.

48TH, 32 WEST.—Large room and bath; also unfurnished room; in quiet home.

50TH, 14 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also suite; gentlemen. Circle 1810.

56TH, 48 WEST.—Comfortable, cool room; electric light, running water; Summer rates; gentleman.

68TH, 63 WEST.—Exceptional room, window seat, electricity, adjoining bath; also smaller; references.

69TH, 50 WEST.—Two large rooms, with kitchen, bath, electricity; also double room.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Homelike, airy rooms, suites, entire floors; reasonable; gentlemen, business couple.

70TH, 22 WEST.—Beautiful, large second floor front room, running water, electricity.

71ST, 30 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, NEWLY DECORATED ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; EXCLUSIVE HOUSE.

71ST, 37 WEST.—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT, BAY WINDOW, ELECTRICITY; SUMMER RATES.

71ST, 62 WEST.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; ONE FLIGHT; BAY WINDOW; PRIVATE BATH, ELECTRICITY, SHOWER; TWIN BEDS.

71ST, 143 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; running water; telephone; electricity; conveniences; near subway.

71ST, 29 WEST, (Near Park.)—Newly furnished rooms; baths; electricity; telephone; $8-$12.

71ST, 43 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; phone; electricity; running water; desirable location.

71ST, 110 WEST.—Medium, small rooms; all conveniences; near subway. "L."

72D, (Subway.)—Front room, private bath, shower, two closets, independent entrance, high-class apartment; reasonable; gentleman; references. Columbus 684. Apartment 3C.

72D ST., 301 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Non-housekeeping suites, large and small; also single rooms, with or without baths.

72D, 261 WEST.—Attractive large room, private bath; also small room; references.

73D, 302 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; special Summer rates.

73D, 167 WEST.—Rooms, furnished; bath; continuous hot water; conveniences; near subway.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, private family; meals optional.

73D, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; Summer rates; references.

74TH, 5 WEST, (Near Park.)—Refined Holland family offers superior accommodations; large and small rooms; telephone, electricity; bath optional.

74TH, 242 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; also room and bath. Japanese service.

West Side.

75TH, 2 WEST.—VERY HANDSOMELY NEWLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS. ELECTRICITY, BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY ADJOINING, $8-$6.

75TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, with or without bath; electricity and running water.

75TH, 149 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished residence; suites with bath or single; electricity; $4, $6, $8, $12, $14.

75TH, 142 WEST.—Beautiful, large, medium rooms, adjoining bath; telephone; electricity; reasonable.

75TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable room, near bath, $8; single, $4.50; electricity; select residence.

75TH, 134 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; running water; adjoining bath.

75TH, 111 WEST.—Pleasant front room; also small room; all conveniences; phone.

76TH, 116 WEST.—Newly furnished house; electricity; rooms, private baths, $3, $10, $12.

76TH, (344 West End Av.)—Select, beautiful front rooms, twin beds, bath, electricity.

76TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms, private baths, electricity; refined house.

76TH, 133 WEST.—Immaculately clean, large rooms, private baths, electricity, kitchenette privileges; references.

76TH, 45 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, running water; private house; Summer rates.

76TH, 174 WEST.—Large front room, $5 up; single, running water, $2.50.

77TH, 131 WEST.—Two large rooms, suite, bath, kitchenette, other rooms, small, $2.50.

77TH, 122 WEST.—Large, cool, front room, with bath, electricity, phone; convenient subway.

79TH ST., 307 WEST.—Absolutely first-class large and medium room; overlooking Hudson; 10th floor west.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Large, small; private bath; conveniences; electricity; subway street. Schuyler 1946.

76TH, 251 WEST.—Large rooms, single or en suite, with, without private bath; telephone, electricity.

79TH ST., 212 WEST.—First-floor suite, private bath, furnished or unfurnished; also small rooms.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive room, 2d floor, front; private bath; electricity, twin beds.

81ST, 149 WEST.—Rooms, en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for business or professional people; exclusive house and neighborhood.

81ST, 27 WEST, (Overlooking Parks.)—Single, double, private baths; exceptional. Schuyler 1826.

82D, 24 WEST.—Large, cool room; private bath; electricity; suite; refined house; references.

82D, 52 WEST.—Well furnished large room, electricity, every convenience, bath, $7.

86TH, 125 WEST.—Just opened, newly decorated residence; rooms, with or without private bath; electricity; furnished or unfurnished; phone.

86TH, (533 West End Av.)—Attractive, large, small rooms; electricity, bath, subway.

87TH, 340 WEST.—Parlor floor, kitchenette, $20; rooms $12-$4; all furnished; references.

88TH, 315 WEST.
Attractive rooms in select residence; references.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well-furnished single room, bath; telephone; gentlemen; $3.

92D, 288 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath, running water, electricity, elevator. Apartment 5E.

West Side.

106TH, 238 WEST, (Off Broadway.)—Beautiful airy, newly furnished front room; modern elevator apartment; shower, &c. Apartment 18.

107TH, 322 WEST, (Riverside, Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence suite, overlooking Hudson; double, single rooms; board optional; moderate.

108TH, (Near Riverside.)—Desirable suite, two spacious rooms, private bath. Academy 3238.

110TH ST., (Broadway.)—Superior accommodations, refined private family; gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

110TH, 214 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, high class apartment. Apartment 3L.

118TH, 210 WEST.—Rooms, with private bath; attractive rates for month of August; full hotel service. Hotel Cecil.

2,030 BROADWAY, (70TH ST.)
Attractive, large, airy room, private bath, suitable gentleman. Telephone 948 Madison Square.

CENTRAL PARK, 86.—Room with, without private bath, reasonable. 11th floor, Schuyler 5300.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320, corner 104th St.—Hotel service, rooms $15-$25 weekly.

WEST END AV. 896.—Large rooms, private bath; private residence. Phone Academy 2697.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished rooms, twin beds, adjoining baths.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

38TH, (307 Lexington Av.)—Desirable rooms, electricity, table board.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Large, cool room, adjoining bath, board optional. Rhinelander, 3450.

38TH, 29 EAST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; meals.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent table; private house; telephone.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $12 weekly up. Tel. Madison Square 6180.

MADISON AV., 213, (36th St.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

57TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout, private baths, electricity, switchboard; refined service.

51ST, 58 WEST.—Small, large rooms, private baths; table board; references.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, private bath; refined, homelike; references.

58TH ST., 41-43-45.
Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

55TH ST., 46 WEST.—Desirable, large, small rooms; excellent table; private bath.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, private baths, electricity; Southern cooking.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large room; business couple or two gentlemen preferred; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; Winter reservation.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Two large rooms, private baths, singly or en suite; also small room; good table.

72D, 228 WEST.—Steam heat, electricity, elevator; table board; subway express; references.

72D, 267 WEST.—Large, cool, airy rooms, double, single; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

73D, 142 WEST.—Large, spacious suite and rooms, electricity, private bath, select house.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms, private baths, switchboard; dining room opens Sept. 1.

74TH, 151 WEST.—Double, single rooms, private baths; table guests; references.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Cool, large, small rooms, private bath; board optional; moderate.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

80TH, 134 WEST.—Board and rooms; table board; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat, references; table guests; booklet.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, small rooms, all conveniences, excellent board; table guests accommodated.

99TH, 230 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with excellent board, apartment. Jentes.

WEST END AVE, 524, (86th.)—Rooms, floors, suites, excellent table; Winter reservations; references.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th St.)—Couple; one flight; meals, bath, $30; single, $10.

BOARD WANTED.

Business woman wishes board for 20-month child. Gerson, 56 4th St.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Staten Island.

"THE WILLOWS," Huguenot Park.—On the beach; splendid accommodations; outdoor sports; furnished cottages; hour from Wall St. Phone Tottenville 1270.

Westchester County.

Home for invalids and incurables in healthiest part Yonkers; experienced nursing; home comforts; terms moderate. Sunny Rest, 574 Palisade Av. Telephone 5642 Yonkers.

Long Island.

Crystal Lake House, Freeport, L. I.—High-class family hotel; week-end and season parties accommodated; rates reasonable.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AN experienced, well-educated woman desires a position of trust and responsibility in family, institution, or school; fair salary and congenial surroundings. S 185 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, also stenographer, typist, desires permanent position commencing Aug. 21; American, high school graduate; five years' experience; take complete charge of books, including monthly trial balance; salary $22. N 382 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, PRIVATE SECRETARY, STENOGRAPHER.
Young Christian lady, at present employed, desires position of trust and responsibility; capable of assuming full charge; or as valuable assistant to busy executive; present salary $45. W 98 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Young lady; high school graduate; accurate figurer; knowledge shorthand; good penman; reliable house; $14 start. Telephone Stuyvesant 3046, East New York 8119-J.

BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly competent, credits, correspondence; seven years' experience. W 109 Times.

COOK, Austrian, wishes position, private family; wages $45-$50. Call E. G., 217 East 62d St.

EDUCATED WOMAN, refined, of 35, would like a position in a first-class New York hotel; can be depended upon absolutely; has traveled extensively; capable of managing servants, or could fill other positions. S 194 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT.
Employment manager with list investigated employes wishes connection large organization; handle correspondence; unusual business training; references. S 203 Times.

MANAGER OR EXECUTIVE SECRETARY.
I wish to establish a suitable business connection with a highly qualified American business woman who desires position as manager, executive, or secretary; she has had unusual experience serving and dealing harmoniously with others, and also managing her own business; initiative, tact, good memory for details, and splendid personality; salary commensurate with her real worth. K 340 Times Downtown.

MASSEUSE, graduate, city license, hospital training, desires patients; references. Houseman, 241 West 42d St. Tel. 7157 Bryant.

SECRETARY, 23, who for past 7 years has demonstrated her common sense, ability to think, and capacity for work, wishes position which is capable of growth and expansion, as she is, and where character and loyalty are considered assets; salary $30. Box 72 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Executive ability; educated; efficient; possessing initiative, practical and technical experience; Christian, 24; $25-$30. K 324 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY. — REFINED, CULTURED EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY WISHES TO BECOME SECRETARY TO BUSINESS OFFICIAL. S 211 TIMES.

SHOPPER.—Experienced dressmaker's; capable of sketching, drafting, and designing; state salary. Address Shopper, Box 367, Montclair, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Christian American, 25 years; 7 years' engineering technical experience; familiar office details; $25-$30. H 374 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school and general education; good knowledge of English and accurate, will start for $15 if chance for advancement. Initiative. 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly competent, assumes detail office responsibilities, initiative, college education, seeks permanent position; $24. S 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST.—Neat, energ

HELP WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPERS AND TYPISTS.

OPPORTUNITY.

Wartime conditions demand more

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS.

Typists and Bookkeepers can easily qualify as ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS. No charge for this special instruction.

You cannot afford to neglect this splendid opportunity to fit yourself for good paying, high class positions with New York's best concerns.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATORS always in demand. Investigate today. Elliott-Fisher Company, 89 Park Place. Tel. Barclay 7315.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; trial balance; $20; opportunity for advancement. H 393 Times Downtown.

BONWIT TELLER & CO., 5th Av., at 38th St.

Require the services of a

YOUNG LADY

who has had some experience in BOOKKEEPING for their millinery workroom.

Employment Department, Employes' Entrance, 6 E. 38th St.

BRIGHT GIRLS.

We have several desirable clerical positions for bright girls, graduates of commercial high schools or those who are accurate and ready in using figures; the positions are permanent and advancement rapid.

CALL OR WRITE.

EMPLOYMENT SUPERINTENDENT,

NATIONAL CLOAK AND SUIT CO.,

207 West 24th St.

CASHIERS wanted. Apply after 12 o'clock, New York International Exposition Grounds, 177th St. and Bronx River.

CASHIER.—At Mary Elizabeth, 392 5th Av.; experienced, bonded, ladylike. Apply Thursday, between 11 and 2.

CLEANER AND MAID wanted, white woman; no Sunday or night work; to do cleaning and be generally useful; salary $6, or for half days, salary $3, from 7 mornings to 1, or noon to 6 o'clock. A. Simonson, 506 5th Av., near 42d St.

CLEANERS.—Apply housekeeper, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

CLERICAL ASSISTANT.

Only experienced ones need apply; must be accurate on figures, willing and industrious, to those who can qualify the position is steady, with advancement. Apply main office, sixth floor.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

CLERK.—Young woman, 18 to 21 years of age; preferably one with a year or two of high school training; good penmanship and accuracy in figures essential; state age, education, and experience. P. F. Times Sq.

CLERK, experienced with office routine, good at figures; state experience and salary desired. Box No. 2, Station U, New York City.

COLORISTS EXPERIENCED ON LANTERN SLIDES; STEADY WORK, GOOD PAY; WORK GIVEN OUT. APPLY MR. GRAY, 920 BROADWAY, 17TH FLOOR.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.—Remunerative position for the right person. Address K 336 Times Downtown.

COOK wanted; wages $35; also chambermaid and waitress, wages $30; two girls, (white,) used to working together, by a family of two, with two children, living in an apartment; call mornings or telephone Riverside 2110. Simonson, 317 West 89th St.

COOK in gentleman's country home; good opportunity; steady position. Charles H. Harris, 142 West 24th St.

CORRESPONDENT.—Bright young woman to act as correspondent; one capable to compose personal chatty letters to girls; must also be good stenographer; reply, stating education, experience, and salary expected, C. L., 127 Times.

COST CLERK.—Good opportunity in a high grade manufacturing concern for an experienced young woman; permanent position with advancement; state age, experience, references, and salary expected; location, Connecticut. X 364 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS.

We need a number of experienced operators for permanent position with large electrical corporation; good opportunities for advancement. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired, A. H. C., 463 West St., New York City.

DIETITIAN to take charge in large hospital; must be experienced and a good executive; call or write Superintendent, 41 East 70th St.

EMPLOYMENT & TRAINING FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Automatic telegraphy is a desirable occupation open to intelligent young women between 16 and 25 years of age. The training period is from six to ten weeks, during which students receive a weekly salary with regular increases about every two months on merit during first year and further increase in position and salary thereafter. Rapid advancement. Semi-annual bonus. Apply in person only between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., Room 1702, 24 Walker St., (one block west of Broadway, two blocks south of Canal.)

E WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.

GIMBEL BROTHERS REQUIRE

SALESWOMEN

for Art Embroidery, Housefurnishing, Ribbons, Laces, Neckwear, China, Muslins, White Goods.

PERMANENT POSITIONS, WITH GOOD SALARIES.

APPLY AT ONCE, EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, FIFTH FLOOR.

GIRLS OVER 16 WANTED ON GOVERNMENT WORK. YOU CAN REALLY GIVE OUR BOYS IN FRANCE GENUINE SERVICE. GOOD PAY, HALF HOLIDAY SATURDAY. THE SWEETS CO., 416-422 WEST 45TH.

GIRLS.—Several girls, high school graduates preferred, as assistants in dye application laboratory. Apply, Administration Department, National Aniline and Chemical Co., Brooklyn Works, East 83d St. and Ditmas Av., Brooklyn. Take Church Av. car to Ralph.

GIRLS.—SEVERAL BRIGHT, NEAT AND ACTIVE GIRLS REQUIRED IN THE SAMPLES DEPARTMENT OF A LARGE WHOLESALE DRY GOODS COMMISSION HOUSE; SALARY $9 PER WEEK TO START. ADDRESS BOX 12, STATION V, NEW YORK.

GIRLS for clerical work; accurate at figures; those with experience preferred; state age and salary desired. H 376 Times Downtown.

GIRL.—ASSIST IN OFFICE, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING. ROSENTHAL BROS. CO., 44 WEST 28TH.

GIRL, office assistant; must live in vicinity; address, in own handwriting; salary, $10. Thomas Gill Soap Co., 711 Kent Av., Brooklyn.

GIRL for general housework, small family. Apply 523 West 112th St., Apartment 31. Telephone Morningside 82.

GIRLS, over 16 years of age, for cashiering at Luna Park. Apply in person, John J. Flemming, Luna Park, Coney Island.

GIRLS on leather and velvet work; steady work. Apply Eugene Dietzgen Co., Inc., 218 East 23d St.

GIRL wanted for switchboard and filing clerk; apply in person. American Pin Co., 507 5th Av., N. Y. City.

GIRL.—EXPERIENCED IN BILLING; RAPID CALCULATOR; GOOD FUTURE. P. E., 215 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRLS!

WE NEED YOUR HELP!

GIRLS!

We need girls (not under 18 years) who have a knowledge of chemistry or physics.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES preferred,

to work in shop making scientific apparatus for Government use. We pay beginners 25 cents per hour; those who show ability are raised within 60 days and earn from

$15 TO $18 PER WEEK OF 48 HOURS. HALF DAY SATURDAY.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 BETHUNE STREET, near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN. NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

requires 100 packers, 50 labelers, and 100 utility helpers for packing end manufacturing departments; experience not necessary; splendid opportunity for advancement; permanent positions; good pay. Apply Employment Office, all day, 85 10th Av. at 15th St.

HENRY HESSE, 399 SIXTH AV., 24TH-25TH STS., REQUIRES

ART NEEDLEWORK, WORSTED KNIT GOODS AND KNIT UNDERWEAR SALESWOMEN WHO UNDERSTAND THESE DEPARTMENTS. CALL 9-12 O'CLOCK.

HOUSEWORKER.—A competent girl wanted by a family of two, with two children, living in an apartment; salary $35; call mornings or telephone Riverside 2110. Simonson, 317 West 89th St.

HOUSE MOTHER wanted, by Sept. 1, for a young women's dormitory. Apply to Director of Connecticut Training School, New Haven, Conn.

LADIES, $12 PER WEEK AND BONUS. We want thirty salesladies at once to sell toilet articles in city and nearby towns; no experience necessary; easy, pleasant work. Apply, 10-12 A. M., at our office, 24 Alabama Av., Brooklyn. W. & H. Walker.

LADY who is good penman, writing neat, open hand, can find permanent position as copyist in old-established firm; salary satisfactory. K 327 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS.—References; steady position. Women's Club, 133 East 40th St.

LEDGER CLERKS.—Several thoroughly experienced ledger clerks, capable of taking trial balances; salary and advancement commensurate with ability. A 409 Times Downtown.

LINEN ROOM GIRL, experienced. Apply housekeeper, Hotel Gregorian, 42 W. 35th.

MODELS. C. H. D. ROBBINS CO., 150 MADISON AV.

Dresses and costumes; permanent situations for a number of experienced show room models, size 16.

MODELS to pose for photographs, regular features, slender, 36, 5 feet 7 inches tall. Call Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th.

MILLINERY TRIMMERS, DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE; MUST BE GOOD. FAST WORKERS. ASK FOR MR. BRINK, CHARLES J. LEVY CO., 649 BROADWAY.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR — Publishing house; permanent; state age, experience, salary expected. A 207 Times.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT who has had experience in a State hospital for insane for work in a sanitarium out of the city; pay $30 a month. Call for personal interview at 146 East 28th St., today, at 3 P. M.

NURSE, to take care of five-year-old boy; must be able to sew; English or French preferred. Apply 10 to 12, Apt. 100, 151 West 86th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT who has some knowledge of filing and can operate typewriter and switchboard; shorthand unnecessary; good opportunity for one willing to work. Parisian, 31 East 31st St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Call between 9 and 10, Shubert, 415 5th Av.

OFFICE WORK—Young lady with knowledge of bookkeeping, good at figures, for general office work. Address in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, salary expected. H 354 Times Downtown.

OFFICE CLERK.—Accustomed to ledger posting; salary $12. Address P. O. Box 101, Wall St. Station, N. Y.

RECORD CHECKER, experienced. Call between 9 and 10. Slater, 415 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN.

HATS & TAYLOR.

HAVE VACANCIES FOR SEVERAL BRIGHT, AMBITIOUS WOMEN OF EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD APPEARANCE AS SALESWOMEN IN VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS. EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, NINTH FLOOR.

SALESWOMAN for high-grade position in a Newark department store; experienced in demonstrating and selling toilet preparations and perfumes; state experience, last place of employment, and salary expected. Address Perfume, A 221 Times.

SALESLADY wanted to represent high-grade investment house; preferably one with clientele and large acquaintance. SALARY and COMMISSION.

ADDRESS 42 BROADWAY, SUITE 703.

SALESLADY.—Refined young woman; unusual chance; silks specialties; strictly high-class, dignified position; experience unnecessary; $35-$50 week, salary, commission. Tiffany, 2338, 15 Park Row.

SALESLADY for a dress, coat, suit, waist, and skirt department; excellent salary; half days, Saturdays. Apply Martin's, 501 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SETTLED WOMAN for corporation; state age, references, salary. W 104 Times.

SHOE SALESWOMAN for high-class clientele; short hours; best reference required; salary and commission. Shoecraft, 27 West 38th St.

SODA DISPENSERS. — Apply after 12 o'clock, New York International Exposition Grounds, 177th St. and Bronx River.

SOLICITORS.—Wanted, experienced magazine and newspaper solicitors to represent a new periodical edited by Dr. Frank Crane; fine opportunity for right person; big seller; liberal commission. Call 6th floor, 56 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER.

AN OPERATOR EXPERIENCED, ACCURATE, AND THOROUGH AND NEAT, CAN CONNECT WITH A NEW YORK OFFICE OF A LARGE ORGANIZATION. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; STATE QUALIFICATIONS, AGE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 410 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHERS.

We need a number of competent, well educated young women for permanent positions with large electrical corporation. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired, A. H. C., 463 West St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHERS.

WE HAVE GOOD OPENINGS FOR RAPID, ACCURATE WORKERS; SALARY TO START $18 PER WEEK WITH GOOD CHANCES OF ADVANCEMENT; HOURS 8:30 TO 5:30 P. M., 1 P. M. ON SATURDAY; MUST HAVE AT LEAST 2 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. WRITE OR CALL, ROOM 203, 74 CORTLANDT ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Advertising agency offers exceptional opportunity to a bright stenographer to develop into a general office secretary; one capable of taking rapid dictation; good speller, accurate, systematic, efficient, and reliable; salary $15; no beginners or agencies need apply. Sterling Advertising Service, 110 West 40th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, American, over 22 years; large insurance brokerage, Christian firm; must be an accurate, intelligent, experienced stenographer, writing a good hand for slight additional clerical work; address in own handwriting, stating salary to start, age, references, experience, nationality. N 887 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—A large concern dealing in iron and steel products has an opening for a stenographer; excellent opportunity for bright girl with high school education; moderate salary to start; state age, education, experience, salary expected. K 241 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—We want a stenographer who has initiative and ability to handle correspondence and reports in office of the general manager of a manufacturing concern fifteen miles from New York; state age, experience, and salary. X 389 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good position open for experienced, rapid stenographer with knowledge of rhetoric. Apply only by letter, own handwriting, stating experience and salary wanted. Truscon Steel Co., 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Large manufacturing concern desires services of young lady for heating department; state age and salary expected. A 228 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Good pay. Splendid working conditions. Good boarding facilities.

We have several positions open for first-class stenographers to army officers. Excellent opportunities for young women to get into civil service work.

Apply

STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP., Brunswick Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.

Must be experienced and willing to help in the office when necessary; steady position to those who can qualify. Apply main office, sixth floor.

BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, Christian firm, in engineering and manufacturing line; five years' experience essential; good salary with advancement; answer own handwriting, and state salary wanted and to what machine accustomed. K 391 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good position open for experienced young lady; the work consists largely of dictation in the offices of a large manufacturing concern; state age, experience, references, and salary expected; location, Connecticut. X 365 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, reliable young stenographer; capable of grasping quickly and thoroughly files and other office routine; filing experience preferred. Box H 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and general office worker; must be good speller, neat, and obliging; good opportunity for advancement; congenial surroundings; publishing business; start at $14. A 212 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, competent, experienced; accustomed to public stenographer's office; salary start $18. Call Wednesday, Thursday, between 2 and 5, Room 1124, 5th Av. Building.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; high school graduate; Christian concern; for office of large, industrial concern in Brooklyn; write, giving experience and salary. L. B., 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in office of dress house; good opportunity. You will like to work here. W12 DRESS, 22 W. 32D ST.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good opportunity; permanent position; applicant having knowledge of dictaphone will be given preference; state age, experience, and salary desired. Address Box A 222 Times.

STENOGRAPHER to substitute for two weeks from either Aug. 12 or Aug. 19; must be thoroughly competent; decorating house; closed Saturdays; state when can start, experience, and salary. W 119 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER.—Must have some experience; elegant chance of advancement to the right party. Call Wednesday after 2 o'clock, Room 630, 30 Church St. H. J. Shafter.

STENOGRAPHER. — Neat, accurate, efficient worker, with two years' experience; good position to competent party; salary $15. Austin Baldwin & Co., 44 Whitehall St., Room 906.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; opportunity in large publishing house for capable young woman to advance as secretary; $15 weekly, with every chance for promotion. P. R., Box 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.

Bright, experienced young lady in office of wholesale cotton goods house; must be rapid and accurate; salary to start $15. Call Wm. Ahlberg & Co., 226 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—One with experience in engineering work preferred; must be able to take dictation rapidly. Apply Terry & Tench Co., Inc., Room 5717 Grand Central Terminal.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, (Oliver typewriter,) bright and intelligent and willing to help with selling in a retail cloak house. M. H. T. Co., 97 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, for import and export house, working Sundays instead of Saturdays; state salary desired. A 235 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in office of public utility corporation; must be neat and accurate worker; state age and salary expected. K 321 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate and rapid, wanted in broker's office; state experience, age, education, salary desired, and full particulars Box 379, City Hall Post Office.

STENOGRAPHER to substitute; must be experienced and of neat appearance; salary $3.50 a day; references. Apply Room 517, 101 Park Av., 9:30 to 11 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; accurate, neat; can furnish satisfactory references. Solomon, 129 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; must be competent, neat, and able to attend small switchboard; salary, $15. Apply Sandow Motor Truck Company, 237 West 54th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable to substitute for three weeks beginning Friday in law office; good salary. Room 1406, 302 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good, capable, experienced worker offered excellent opportunity by large publishing house. Mr. Schwartz, 812 Tribune Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.—Young lady for Christian firm; wholesale dry goods; downtown; $12 to start. W 85 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—At once; at least three years' experience; state salary expected, telephone number, and religion. N 383 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent young lady with experience; accuracy essential. Apply by self-written letter, stating salary desired. H 388 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate, willing; slight knowledge of bookkeeping; good salary; advancement. Call 9-10. Trojan, 511 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—At least 2 years' business experience; salary $15 to start; Christian firm. Call Room 1327, 30 East 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Permanent position in advertising department. Franco Corset, 31 East 28th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Fast, accurate, with some experience; salary $15. Write, stating age and experience, A 210 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, acquainted with English and Spanish; machinery and exports. Room 737, 50 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER and capable office assistant, good permanent position for the right party. A 411 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, with knowledge of secretarial work. Call 9 to 10, Slater, 415 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER or typist wanted; at least 3 years' experience. Call Federal Feature, 145 West 45th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; knowledge bookkeeping preferred; good prospects. Apply Strauss & Co., 16 Beaver St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced; excellent position in large real estate office. Call Spear & Co., 840 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; wages $15; to substitute for two weeks, commencing Aug. 12. Real Estate, S 198 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, with knowledge of bookkeeping. Write, stating salary and experience, A 215 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; must be experienced and accurate. Write, stating experience and salary, A 229 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; must have experience; good opportunity. Apply American Bookbindery, 460 West 31st.

STENOGRAPHERS. — Two; experienced; chance for advancement; salary $10 to $12. Barnes & Noble, 31 West 15th St.

STENOGRAPHER, with few years' experience. Apply Empire City Pearl Button Works, 10th St. and Vernon Av., L. I. City.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced and accurate; salary $18. Queen Rubber Co., Inc., 2,650 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar with dictaphone and office routine; salary $16 to $18. Telephone Canal 8020.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, fast, and accurate; permanent position. Exide Battery Depots, 101 West End Av.

STENOGRAPHER for automobile factory. Apply Brewster & Co., Queensboro Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER. Thoroughly experienced, active, intelligent young lady. Call R 704, 111 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST. Apply 973 Brook Av., near 163d Street, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; over 18 years. E. J. Ramsey Co., 411 East 91st.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; salary $15. H. B. Shontz Co., 157 West 54th St.

STENCIL CUTTERS on fine joint stencils; $15 weekly for experienced operators cutting 1,000 per day; opportunity to earn $18 to $20, including bonus. McCall, 236 West 37th.

STOCK LEDGER CLERK.—Excellent opportunity for thoroughly experienced young woman; permanent position with advancement; state age, experience, references, and salary expected; location, Connecticut. X 363 Times Annex.

STOCKKEEPERS by manufacturing jeweler; state experience, wages wanted; give references. Apply by letter only, H. W. Fishel & Son, 128 West 22d St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR wanted in an export house; reply must give references, salary expected and nationality. N 389 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. — Young lady operator with switchboard and general office experience; state reference, salary, experience. A 412 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, (KEYBOARD.) One experienced in taking orders preferred. 206 BROADWAY, SUITE 910.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. — SMALL SWITCHBOARD, WITH KNOWLEDGE OF TYPEWRITING. P. W. LAMBERT & CO., 64 LISPENARD ST.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, hotel experience; good salary and meals. Apply Steele, Hotel Algonquin, 59 West 44th St.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR in wholesale silk house. Apply by letter, giving full particulars, S 195 Times.

TYPISTS,

LORD & TAYLOR.

HAVE VACANCIES FOR SEVERAL COMPETENT, EXPERIENCED TYPISTS. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, NINTH FLOOR.

TYPISTS.

We need a number of rapid, accurate typists for permanent positions with large electrical corporation. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired, A. H. C., 463 West St., New York City.

TYPISTS.—Large mail order house requires a number of typists, experienced and beginners; steady position, good opportunity for advancement. Bellas Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. "L."

TYPIST with good knowledge of double entry bookkeeping, to take care of billing, and some bookkeeping; salary commensurate with experience and ability; write stating FULL DETAILS. Address Bookkeeper, Box 43, Long Island City.

TYPIST IN LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; PERMANENT POSITION TO RIGHT PARTY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, RELIGION, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 224 TIMES.

TYPIST for day and evening work, alternating every two weeks; salary $50 to start. Call Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th St.

TYPIST.—Must be rapid and accurate; also to do clerical work; steady position, with excellent prospects to girl with good education. Woolf Optical Co., 25 Malden Lane.

TYPIST.—Permanent position; knowledge of dictaphone preferred; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address Box A 223 Times.

TYPIST. — No stenography necessary; with dictating machine experience; salary $20. Room 702, 114 Liberty St.

TYPIST wanted; beginner preferred; bright and intelligent; reply own handwriting. K 328 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Publishing house; permanent; state age, experience, and salary expected. A 208 Times.

WOMEN, capable, to take entire charge of day nursery; must understand babies, formulas, supervise assistants, possess initiative and executive ability; give reference, experience; state salary desired. A 109 Times.

WOMEN for hand sewing on fine garments; good situation in superior establishment. Cockcroft Studios, 29 West 14th St., New York City. Phone Farr. gut 635.

YOUNG LADY, EXCEPTIONAL.

An opportunity to become an assistant to an executive; prefer one of mature mind and strongly interested in the mercantile world; must be able to think in large sums; to such a brilliant future is assured; state age, education, experience, nationality, and phone. W. B., Box 229, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG LADY wanted by Christian firm in New York City to attend telephone switchboard and also have some knowledge of stenography and typewriting; must be of good family and come well recommended; state experience and also salary expected. S 186 Times.

YOUNG LADY, about 25 years of age, for circulation department; must be experienced in handling the details of the subscription records. A 209 Times.

YOUNG LADY, with knowledge of typewriting, to assist with filing; good opportunity; salary to start, $10; give age, experience, and telephone number. X 393 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY as assistant to bookkeeper; must be efficient in addition and figures; state age, salary and reference. A 227 Times.

YOUNG LADY to take charge of material and contractors for dress house; must be experienced. Bodow, 145 Madison Av.

YOUNG LADY to assist in cost work of a lithographic establishment; state age, reference, and salary. D. X., 154 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN who have had some clerical experience wanted by a well-known corporation where industry and loyalty are properly rewarded; reply own handwriting, giving age and stating salary expected. Address A. B. C., Box 302, Madison Square Station.

YOUNG WOMAN wanted by Stock Exchange house familiar with the brokerage business. Address, giving references, experience, and stating terms, S 210 Times.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in fifty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syla-bic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPERS AND CREDIT OFFICE ASSISTANTS! Double your salary; personal evening training, practical bookkeeping, credit investigation; moderate rates; write for Prospectus A. Edward Levi, Room 619, 200 5th Av.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING, PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Registered by Board of Regents of the University of State of N. Y.; individual instruction; must be over 16 years old; references required; open all Summer.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

Three months' individual instruction; Summer terms. 35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL, 542-544 5th Av. (45th St.,) the oldest and preeminently the most successful, prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions; day, evening, and correspondence courses; catalogue. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

$12

Wednesday, Night School, pays for Summer Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions. Day School $15. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

GIRLS, LADIES, ATTENTION!

Learn telephone switchboard operating, typewriting, stenography, filing, dictaphone, bookkeeping, billing. Capt. O'Brien, 112 East 23d; 137 Decatur, Brooklyn.

ATTENTION—FILING COURSE. Filing course, $10. Why pay more? Capt. O'Brien School, 112 East 23d.

HIGH SPEED SHORTHAND INSTITUTE. Complete course, with speed, twenty-one days. 35 West 39th.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 115 Broadway.

THE FOLLOWING LIST ILLUSTRATES THE TYPE OF POSITIONS WE HAVE TO OFFER, BUT CONSTITUTES ONLY A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF THE EXCELLENT OFFERS WE CAN MAKE TODAY:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

FRENCH-ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER. — Export, $28-$30.

STENOGRAPHER. — Advertising, to take charge of Stenographic Department, $25.

CALCULATORS, (2.)—Thoroughly familiar with Calculator Machines. Location Alabama; $25 and lodging.

COLLEGE WOMAN, who has had some commercial experience, will be trained to become Executive with large Mercantile concern. Salary commensurate with ability and experience.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT, $25.

COST CLERK.—Location Bloomfield, $100 month.

STENOGRAPHERS, (3.)—Engineering, $25.

STENOGRAPHER.—Chemical, $25.

STENOGRAPHER.—Financial, $25.

STENOGRAPHERS, (2.)—Export, $22-$25.

BOOKKEEPER.—Manufacturing, $25-$30.

BOOKKEEPER.—Insurance, $25.

BOOKKEEPER.—Export, $25.

SEE MRS. DAVIS, ROOM 708.

CLERICAL DEPARTMENT.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Publishing, $18-$20.

STENOGRAPHER.—Film company, $18-$20.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Traffic, $18-$22.

STENOGRAPHERS, (3.)—Chemical, Uptown New York, $20.

BOOKKEEPER.—Automobile, $18-$20.

BOOKKEEPER.—Electrical, $18-$22.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS, $12-$18.

LEDGER CLERKS, $15-$20.

UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS, $1,820.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, $15-$20.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS, $12-$15.

FILE CLERKS, $9-$16.

GENERAL CLERKS.—Accurate at figuring, $10-$18.

SEE MRS. SPIER, ROOM 708. CALL 9 TO 1.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.—Careful, experienced girl; $18-$20; also clerical worker, typist, $12-$15; stenographer, $12-$15. Beers Agency, Flatiron.

F. X. Goggin Agency, 200 Broadway. Register free. Stenographers, $15-$28; mail clerks, $20; invoice clerks, $18; general clerks, $10-$18; bookkeepers, $20.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

BEST SALARIES IN THE CITY. FOR EXAMPLE: Hundreds of STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$30. BOOKKEEPERS, $15-$35. Also TYPISTS, (one order $24.) Bill clerks, switchboard, &c. FREE REGISTRATION. BRODY AGENCY, 239 Broadway, (Entrance 1 Park Place.)

STENOGRAPHERS, $25, $20, $18, $15, $12; bookkeepers, $25, $20, $18, $15; telephone operators, $14, $12, $10; office assistants, $12, $10; file clerks, $14, $12; typists, $15, $12, $10; dictaphone operator, $20. No registration fee. Call Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 Nassau St. MISS GRIFFIN. Excellent opportunities, permanent, temporary stenographers, typists, dictaphone, telephone, clerical, ledger; good salaries.

HODGES-BROWN EXCHANGE. Stenographers, $18-$25; beginners, $12-$15; strictly high-class positions. 99 Nassau. Free Registration, 1,457 B'way.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Typists, Clericals, $10-$35. Rose Webber Agency, 1,009 Tribune Building.

STENOGRAPHERS; POSITIONS PAYING FROM $12-$25; IMMEDIATELY. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU ST.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, $20; stenographers, typists, $10-$25. Sarah Clark Agency, 132 Nassau St.

STENOGRAPHERS, $10-$23; bookkeepers, $10-$25; numerous clerical; others. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS; POSITIONS PAYING FROM $12-$25; IMMEDIATELY. FULTON AGENCY, 489 5TH AV., 93 NASSAU.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT WANTED BY LARGE IMPORT-EXPORT HOUSE. ONE WHO IS FAMILIAR WITH AUDITING STATEMENTS AND CONTROLLING ACCOUNTS OF A SIMILAR BUSINESS; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR A HARD WORKER; ONLY APPLICATIONS CONTAINING FULL DETAILS WILL BE CONSIDERED. N 347 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT to commence as stenographer and report typist, office C. P. A. firm; unusually desirable opportunity for well educated young man with requisite natural ability, to learn the profession; salary to commence, $20-$25. H 396 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted; a few certified public accountants are in need of experienced assistants, not subject to draft; permanent position; salary commensurate with ability; state experience, references, length of service. K 303 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced, draft exempt, for manufacturing concern; $150 a month to start; best of references required. Apply by letter, stating qualifications, I. S. Joseph, 77 West Hazelwood Av., Rahway, N. J.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Seniors and juniors wanted by firm of certified public accountants; state age, nationality, salary expected, and other pertinent facts. H 211 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Senior wanted by firm C. P. A.'s; fully competent to handle cases without supervision; permanent position and attractive proposition to right man. N 234 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT and general bookkeeper; must have experience on railroad accounts; draft exempt; give experience and salary in application. X 324 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT and general bookkeeper; must have experience on railroad accounts; draft exempt; give experience and salary in application. X 324 Times Annex.

ADDRESSERS, good copy, long run, $1.75 per thousand, 8 A. M. Vogue, 19 West 34th St.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.

A big man—capable and tactful—who has had department store experience—to assume full charge of our store's publicity. Apply by mail only, giving full history of your business life, to

A. A. One, Private Office, BLOOMINGDALES, 59th St. and Lexington Av., New York.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted by publisher of leading trade papers in their fields to cover New York and Eastern territory; must have some experience and be draft exempt; excellent opportunity for live, conscientious worker; state age, experience, and salary desired; all correspondence confidential. Address A 206 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted for trade journal published in Chicago to cover the Eastern territory; must be live, energetic young man with advertising experience; excellent opportunity. Apply to George P. Miller, care Prince George Hotel, New York City.

ADVERTISING CLERK for daily newspaper; hours from midnight until 8:30 A. M.; middle-aged man with experience in newspaper work or advertising agency preferred; good opportunity; steady position; salary $15 per week. 229 West 43d St. See Mr. MacElwee.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, KNOWLEDGE OF SHIPPING DESIRABLE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS AS TO EXPERIENCE, QUALIFICATIONS, SALARY, &C. CHARLES A. ANDERSON & CO., 120 BROADWAY.

ADVERTISING.—Young man to work in advertising department of metropolitan newspaper; hours, 1 to 9 P. M.; good opportunity to learn advertising; moderate salary to start. X 394 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, age 20-28, draft exempt, experienced in writing disbursements, receipts, and posting ledger; assist bookkeeper in checking ledgers and dtaking off trial balances; not essential but prefer man can operate Wahl billing machine; state age, parentage, and salary. H 347 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MANAGER; excellent opportunity for a man of wide experience in up-to-date office methods; preferably one who has had some experience in the textile industry; state age, references, previous experience, and salary expected; location, Connecticut. X 367 Times Annex.

AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS AND SET-UP MEN experienced on B. & S. and P. & J., Acme, and Cleveland machines, wanted by manufacturer working on large Government contracts.

STEADY WORK. GOOD PAY. Time and half over 8 hours, 55 hours week—day and night shifts, 20 per cent. bonus for night work.

See Mr. Walsh from 9 to 5 and 7 to 9 o'clock, Tuesday and Wednesday, at Hotel Normandie, 38th St. and Broadway, New York City.

BACK UP OUR BOYS!

THEY need war material, and we are producing it. If you are not already engaged on Government work and can fill one of the following positions, CALL AT ONCE!

ARMATURE WINDERS.

COAL PASSERS.

FIREMEN.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.

LATHE HANDS, (night work.)

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

CYLINDRICAL GRINDER, experienced on No. 2 Browne-Sharpe Universal Grinder.

MILLWRIGHTS.

PACKERS, (hardware experience.)

SWITCHBOARD WIREMAN, able to read blue prints and solder.

TOOLMAKERS.

SHOP ORDER LAY OUT ANALYZERS; must be able to read blue prints.

TOOL DESIGNERS.

TOOL AND GAUGE INSPECTOR.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN.

IF ALREADY ENGAGED ON GOVERNMENT WORK, STAY WHERE YOU ARE.

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT OPEN 8-5.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

BANK CLERKS wanted to work on night force of large downtown bank; hours 12 midnight to 8 A. M. Write, stating age and experience, K 317 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, experienced on billing machine or typewriter; state age, experience and salary desired; good opening for bright young man. H 386 Times Downtown.

Advertis

Want Advertisements
for the Sunday edition of
The New York Times
Must be in
The Times Building
by 4 P. M.
Saturday

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.—An exceptional opportunity to make money is afforded a few live men to join with a large corporation opening up Eastern territory and place on the market a heating apparatus which takes the place of coal in any standard steam, hot water, or hot air furnace, and at less cost; the apparatus is guaranteed and sells on sight; our district agents already appointed are coining money; commission only. Call between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., except Saturdays, and see demonstration in an American Radiator Co. steam boiler at our Service Department, Room 1208, 45 West 34th St., New York.

SALESMAN in an essential industry as solicitor for subscription department of high-grade technical journal; first-class man, not liable for conscription; prefer single man or one who can travel; salary; permanent, state age and qualifications to obtain interview. N 386 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Stock salesmen wanted by an old established brokerage house. If you are desirous of becoming associated with us in distributing the stock of a dependable dividend-paying oil and refining company and willing to work on a liberal commission basis, call any morning between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M., Howe, Norris & Co., 52 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—An opportunity is open for men with selling ability to travel, enrolling members for an attractive course in civilization, through an extensive newspaper advertising campaign; leads furnished; liberal compensation and expenses paid. Cloyes-Lyon Co., 110 West 34th St. Mr. Robinson, 10 to 12, mornings.

SALESMAN wanted to carry a side line of ladies' hat linings on commission basis. Martin Co., 722 Broadway.

SAMPLE CLERK.—Young man, 18-19 years, take care of sample room. Write T. B., 263 West 125th St.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK, one thoroughly experienced, to take charge in large department handling domestic and foreign shipments; excellent opportunity for active man; state experience and salary. S. S., 302 Times Annex.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted by export house; must have thorough knowledge of handling export shipping, and must understand Spanish; give references, salary expected, and nationality. N 385 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Experienced all details export shipping; excellent opportunity for right party. Write, stating age, experience, salary required. H 361 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK wanted; must know city deliveries; experienced. A 413 Times Downtown.

SODA DISPENSERS.—Apply after 12 o'clock, New York International Exposition Grounds, 177th St. and Bronx River.

SOLICITORS, experienced magazine and newspaper, wanted to represent a new periodical edited by Dr. Frank Crane; fine opportunity for right person; big seller; liberal commission. Call 6th floor, 56 West 45th St.

SPANISH AND ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER.—Must take dictations in English and Spanish and be able to translate from and into both languages; state experience and salary wanted. H 378 Times Downtown.

SPECIALTY SALESMEN to sell a nationally advertised line, Sterno Canned Heat, to the drug, hardware, department store, and grocery trade; state age, experience, and salary expected. Write Specialty, Room 611, World Building.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter with knowledge of bookkeeping; position out of town; state wages and reference. William J. Oldany, 177 Christopher St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; draft exempt; excellent opportunity to connect with large corporation; state qualifications and salary. 200 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND ENTRY CLERK.—Good chance for young man. Call after 11 A. M., 12 West 22d.

STEWARD for cafe, to act as assistant manager; must understand his business. Address, giving references and salary expected, H 387 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.
Stock salesmen capable of selling high-class oil stocks over telephone; good salary, commission, and bonuses; must have experience and come well recommended; excellent opportunity of making $100 a week and over; draft exempt. Call between 11 and 12:30, Room 804, 24 Stone St. Nettler.

STRUCTURAL IRONWORKERS
ON NEW CONSTRUCTION WORK,
APPLY EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
BABCOCK & WILCOX CO.,
30 ST. AND HOBART AV.,
BAYONNE, N. J.

SUPERINTENDENT for high-class elevator apartment house; experienced; must be good all around mechanic, one who understands pump motors and elevators; $90 per month and 4 good basement rooms. Reply, stating qualifications and present employer, B. R., 96 Times.

TIMEKEEPER wanted by Christian firm on reinforced concrete construction; state age and salary expected. A 183 Times.

PURCHASING CLERK.
Young man, draft exempt, several years' experience in purchasing department of electrical manufacturing business; good opportunity; advancement.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.
Near West St., 5 Blocks South of 14th St.

REPRESENTATIVES EARN
$60-$100 WEEKLY
ON COMMISSION BASIS.
We wish to employ 15 representatives for Long Island on toilet articles. Pleasant, profitable, permanent. Call 10-12 only.
W. & H. WALKER,
24 Alabama Av., Brooklyn.

RUG SALESMEN.
B. ALTMAN & CO.,
MADISON AVENUE-FIFTH AVENUE,
34TH AND 35TH STREETS, NEW YORK.
HAVE VACANCIES FOR SEVERAL EXPERIENCED SALESMEN IN THEIR CARPET, DOMESTIC AND ORIENTAL RUG SECTIONS. MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO DEALING WITH THE BEST PATRONAGE. APPLY AT 20TH STREET, (EMPLOYES') ENTRANCE.

SALESMEN,
Married, to sell novelty and jewelry trade in Brooklyn; $20 a week, salary and commission. W 96 Times.

SALESMEN.—Our organization needs a few salesmen for a telephone device of exceptional merits, used by Government and largest industries; no competition; easy seller; commission $10 to $15 daily to hustlers. Call 608 Times Building.

SALESMAN.—Fine opportunity for high-grade steam specialty man to assist developing New York branch of well-known manufacturer; salary and commission; permanent. N 256 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, thoroughly experienced man by cloak and suit house for Western territory and city; salary or commission. Slater Bros. Cloak and Suit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—Crackerjack side line military kits; one thoroughly familiar and acquainted with out of town office trade; none others considered; commission. American Fabric Products Co., 244 West 23d St.

SALESMAN to handle well-known line of boys' blouses and shirts for the States of New York, Connecticut, and Massachusetts; commission. Call Wednesday, Room 322, Fifth Avenue Building.

SALESMAN, experienced, wanted on cloaks for city and vicinity; one who understands merchandise; commission. 17-19 West 17th St., 9th floor. Ask for Mr. Rosenthal.

SALESMAN wanted, with automobile, to handle oil storage systems on straight commission basis, in New Jersey territory. A 408 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted, traveling only; experienced on automobile accessories; commission and drawing account. A 404 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted for Brooklyn-made high-grade ladies' shoes, as side line in city and vicinity; good chance. A 414 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED, SOUTHERN TERRITORY FOR LADIES' SILK UNDERWEAR AND WAISTS; COMMISSION BASIS. SAMEK BROS., 13 EAST 22D.

SALESMAN, experienced, retail clothing; one who can dress windows and take charge of store. K 309 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Experienced motor truck salesmen; liberal drawing account against commissions to real producers. S 202 Times.

SALESMAN to sell jobs in ladies' coats; commission only. Rubin & Horowitz, 36 West 20th St.

SALESMAN.—Retail clothing; young man, experience, with ambition, for window dressing. G. N. Vincent, 524 6th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED,
STATION MEN AND TRAINMEN,
AGES 21 TO 55,
SUBWAY AND ELEVATED DIVISIONS,
INTERBOROUGH RAPID
TRANSIT CO.
APPLY
ROOM 1233, 165 BROADWAY,
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. DAILY,
EXCEPT SUNDAY.

WINDOW DRESSER for druggist; must be card writer; permanent position; good hours and good salary. Write Kallah's Pharmacy, 23d St. and 4th Av.

YOUNG MEN
FOR TEST ROOM.
The army and navy needs men who can test and adjust aircraft instruments.
We have openings in our aircraft compass test room for several men, 18-21 years.
Learn this specialty; earn good money; increase your value to your country and yourself. Apply
SPERRY GYROSCOPE CO.
70 WASHINGTON ST., BROOKLYN.

YOUNG MAN
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.
A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
Age 18 to 21; excellent chance of advancement; salary to start $11; evening hours 5 P. M. to 12. H 344 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age in office of wholesale hardware firm to learn the hardware business, for which thorough training is necessary; high school graduate or attendant preferred; fixed line of promotion starting on mailing desk at $8 per week, with advance in pay and position in three months and again in six months. Address K 337 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN
for messenger and mail service; minimum salary $9; good opportunity for advancement in electrical business.
WESTERN ELECTRICAL CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

YOUNG MAN.—Wholesale house requires capable man to assist purchasing agent; good education and ability to correspond are essential; excellent opportunity is offered a man who is energetic and desirous of building a future; state salary, experience, and liability to draft. B 146 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by prominent real estate concern for soliciting rental information and canvassing; excellent opportunity for advancement; state salary desired. Record, G 2 Times.

YOUNG MAN, capable of editing and maintaining machinery manufacturing and sales organization trade publication; state experience, references, and salary. H 386 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18-20, in office or stock department of large hardware concern; excellent opportunity. Tact, 274 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in receiving and shipping department; must be experienced and capable; state references and salary. A. A., 389 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN for clerical work in receiving department of large wholesale house; good chance for advancement; state age, reference, and salary expected. S 219 Times.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with keeping stock ledger in an electrical and plumbers' supply house; $15 weekly. Call 10 A. M., 145 Spring St.

YOUNG MAN, with steamship purchasing and supply experience, for responsible position; good opportunity; state age, experience and salary expected. G 382 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted at once, with some knowledge of solid and pneumatic tires; must furnish reference. Apply Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., 245 West 64th St.

YOUNG MAN, 17 years or under; $10 weekly; good future; must be bright and intelligent. S 201 Times.

YOUTH, 18, learn mercantile business; excellent opening those just from school. N 371 Times Downtown.

YOUTH, colored, 18 to 20, do light inside cleaning; mercantile house. N 370 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; get into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

AMBITIOUS MEN ought to know what an exceptional future is in store for the ACCOUNTANCY-TRAINED man. Hear John T. Kennedy, LL. B., speak on this subject, Aug. 12, at 8 o'clock. Write or phone for complimentary admission ticket. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY OFFICERS.
12,000 Needed Quickly.
Short review course especially planned to meet MATHEMATICS REQUIREMENTS; twenty hours total. 10 A. M. to 12, or 5 to 7 P. M. Write, call or telephone West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists, day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Walworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 72d St.

ARE YOU INTERESTED
in a profession paying $3,000 to $15,000 yearly? We graduate experts; day or night class now forming; write for Booklet C. Naturopathic Institute, 254 West 34th, N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AIRPLANE MECHANICS.—Instruction day or evening; qualifying for Government or factory work. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St.

Employment Agencies.

"THE AMERICAN,"
115 BROADWAY.
Our figures show that over 50 per cent. of the men registered with us are sent by others for whom we have secured satisfactory positions; a most convincing proof of the efficiency of our service.
ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, EXECUTIVES, CORRESPONDENTS, ADJUSTERS, CLERICAL MEN.
Salaries $10 week to $10,000 year.
Our TECHNICAL DEPT. can place a number of draftsmen at salaries above the ordinary.
DRAFTSMEN on conveying machinery; $1,800-$2,500.
DRAFTSMEN on plumbing and heating; $1,800-$2,500.
DRAFTSMEN on electrical layouts; $2,000-$2,500.
LETTERERS on tracings; $1,800-$2,000.
CALL 9 TO 1.
AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway.—Register free. Stenographers, $25-$35; invoice clerks, $25-$28; bookkeepers, $20-$35; cashiers, $23-$28; executive clerks, $35-$46; hotel clerks, 23-$28; shipping clerks, $20-$25; draftsmen, engineers, boys.

BOOKKEEPERS, accountants, clerks, many others, always worth while investigating. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1917, little 6 touring; also 1917 4-cylinder touring; also 1917 Little 6 limousine. 305 West 59th.

BUICK 1918-1917 TOURINGS, roadsters. Black, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC 1917 touring; beautiful appearance and condition. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
Exceptionally desirable. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

CADILLAC 1916 touring and roadster; exceptional bargains. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

CADILLAC 1917 touring, like new, fully equipped. Write Kolberg, 1,080 Bryant Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

CADILLAC 1918 landaulet brougham; bought in March. Lansdale, 3448 Riverside.

CADILLAC 1916 COUPE,
10 West 60th. Columbus 5078.

CHALMERS Sedan 17 Special, Silver's model; completely overhauled; like new; beautiful car; sacrifice. Bowman's Car, 327 West 49th.

CHANDLER,
guaranteed overhauled and refinished.
USED CARS.
Ninety day guarantee.

Model	17-B	7 passenger	touring.
"	17-B	4 "	Chummy Roadster.
"	17	7 "	touring.
"	17	7 "	sedan and limousine.
"	17-B	4 "	coupe.
"	16	7 "	touring.
"	16	"	coupelet.

BRADY-MURRAY MOTORS CORPORATION,
62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER touring 1916, 6 cylinder, in first-class condition; will sell, $700. 30 East 42d St., Room 1521. Telephone M. H. 238.

CHANDLER 1917 Sedan, pretty car; wonderful condition. 305 West 59th, Columbus 1433.

CHANDLER 1917 touring; six tires; fine condition; extras. Hollis, 251 5th Av.

COLE DEMONSTRATOR, 1917 touring; repainted blue, with white wheels; gray upholstery; excellent tires; fine mechanical condition guaranteed by Cole dealer; $1,200. Russell L. Engs, Inc., 12 Central Park West. Phone Columbus 510.

CUNNINGHAM, 1917, four-passenger, Victoria top, dual windshield; very classy. Clark & Kendrick, 143 West 51st St.

DE DION-BOUTON SEDAN.
Most beautiful car in city; can't be told from new; special built Brewster body; Westinghouse electric starter and lights; six Rudge-Whitmore wire wheels; condition guaranteed. International Automobile Exchange, 150 West 55th St.

DODGE touring, Summer, also Winter top; just overhauled and repainted; splendid car; very reasonable. American Six Corporation, 1,836 Broadway. Columbus 999.

DODGE 1918 roadster in excellent condition; new tires. Phone 8321 Flatbush.

DODGE 1918 touring car; very little used; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

DODGE, 1916 touring; like new, mechanically perfect; must sell. 1,930 Broadway.

FIAT.
LATEST IMPORTATION.
4-passenger touring, "30." Fleetwood body, Victoria top, slip covers, Westinghouse shock absorbers, tonneau windshield, extra tires, tools, &c.; guaranteed absolutely perfect; the handsomest car of its kind in America.
BURRELLE, 1,080 BROADWAY.

FIAT, 1918, touring; 3,000 miles. Automobile Club, 250 West 55th St., Box 548.

FORD 1917 sedan; Grany and Davis system; demountable rims. 305 West 59th.

FORD, express body, good running order. Henry's Express, 1,386 3d Av., (78th.)

HUDSON Super Six, 4-passenger speedster; exceptional motor; carefully driven. Mr. Rothrock, 100 Hudson St., N. Y. Franklin 2546.

HUDSON 1917 four passenger, also Hudson touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

HUDSON 1917 Super-Six touring; exceptional bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

HUDSON sedan, 1917, super-six; also town car; bargain. 305 West 59th.

HUPMOBILE 1917 for sale; perfect condition; any demonstration. Phone Intervale 875. Mr. Witt.

HUPMOBILE 1918 touring; run 2,100 miles; bargain. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

LANCIA SEDAN. LIKE NEW.
WALLACE, 236 WEST 59TH ST.

LOCOMOBILE, 1916 roadster, deck seat, overhauled, newly painted, tires practically new; no dealers. Phone 9072 Circle, before 12.

MARMON 1916, 7 passenger touring; A1 condition, 2 extra shoes and tubes and wire wheels, Victoria top. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

MARMON 1917 touring; car in excellent condition; bargain. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON, late 1917 Sedan; condition perfect throughout. Telephone Audubon 8596, Apt. 30.

MAXWELL 1917 SEDAN; LIKE NEW. 305 West 59th. Columbus 1433.

MERCER racy roadster, exceptionally good mechanical condition, 32x4 tires, all good; wish to sell immediately; real bargain $625. 1,826 Webster Av., near 176th. Bronx.

MERCER, late 1916, four-passenger; carefully driven 1,400 miles; like new; wire wheels, new cord tires; no dealers. Phone Columbus 5885, Apt. 17.

MERCER touring; electric lights and starter; mechanically perfect; bargain, $750. 1,930 Broadway.

MERCEDES for sale, latest model 14-35, 4 passenger racer, run 6,000 miles; equipment complete, six new tires; guaranteed; price $2,500.

OAKLAND 1917 touring and roadster; condition and appearance excellent. Handley, 1,922 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916 8-cylinder touring; wire wheels; fully equipped; perfect condition. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 touring; combination Summer and Winter top; like new. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE touring car, 8-cylinder; fully equipped; very fine condition throughout. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

OLDSMOBILE Model 18, 4 passenger Little 6 runabout; like new. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

OVERLAND touring car, 1916, excellent mechanical condition, extra equipment, bargain, immediate sale, telephone before 11. Columbus 4354.

OVERLAND 1918 touring, run 900 miles; can't tell from new. 1,922 Broadway.

PACKARD 1917 SPECIAL "2-35."
Holbrook collapsible landaulet body; six wire wheels, with new Cord tires mounted; perfect condition; magnificent car; genuine bargain.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

PACKARD SIX, 1915, seven-passenger touring; good as new; self-starter; one-man top; two extra tires; price, $1,500. Apply Room 408, Park Row Building. Phone 118 Barclay.

PACKARD 1918 seven-passenger, used two weeks, run less than 1,200 miles; will sell reasonable. 36th St. Garage, 256-258 West 36th St., third floor.

PACKARD 1918 touring car; seating seven; price attractive. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

PACKARD. $500 BUYS
Packard 6-48 landaulet; newly painted; slip covers; perfect condition. 1,930 Broadway.

PACKARD 2-88 6 cylinder, 7 passenger touring. 10 West 60th. Columbus 5078.

PACKARD touring; good condition; will sacrifice. Phone Bryant 6104.

PIERCE ARROW TOURING
Latest model "66"; guaranteed absolutely perfect mechanically; appearance like new; slip covers; tonneau windshield; two extra tires mounted, tire covers, tools, &c.; genuine bargain.
BURRELLE, 1,680 BROADWAY.

PIERCE-ARROW, (1918,) limousine, 38 H. P.
PACKARD, (1916,) landaulet body, off 1-35.
HUDSON, (1917,) two-passenger speedster.
F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

PIERCE ARROW four-passenger toy tonneau; slip covers, Victoria top; $500. 1,930 Broadway.

REO 1917 touring, fine condition; looks good; full equipment; bargain. 1,922 B'way.

S. G. V. four-passenger "Special" touring; wire wheels, starter, lights, &c. 5472 Circle.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; perfect condition; extra tire tubes, chains; $485. W 92 Times.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
1918 4-passenger Cloverleaf.
1917 8-cylinder 7 passenger.
1917 4-cylinder 5 passenger.
Also limousines and landaulets.
STEARNS USED CAR DEPT.,
415 West 55th St. Columbus 7600.

STUTZ 1918 RUNABOUT,
16-valve motor, driven 3,500 miles, fully equipped, mechanically perfect, good cord tires, 6 extra wire wheels, tires mounted; blue body; most beautiful roadster in city; any demonstration; dealer, private party; price $2,100 cash. W 107 Times.

STUTZ 1917 sedan; very smart; condition absolutely perfect; equal to new. GEORGE WALLACE, COPLEY, 665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

STUTZ, 1917, two-passenger runabout; very attractive; equal to new. GEORGE WALLACE, COPLEY, 665 FIFTH AV. PLAZA 4837.

STUTZ 1917 roadster, wire wheels, $1,450; Hupmobile 1917, sedan, many extras, $1,000. Owner, 216 Pacific St., Brooklyn. 422 Main.

STUTZ 1916 runabout, perfect condition; no reasonable cash offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

STUTZ.—Owner called to service; good condition. Charles Hoffman, 354 4th Av.

WHITE 80 town car, (body by Rostand,) 1916; just overhauled and repainted; now in perfect condition; a distinctive high-class car at great bargain. Phone Grant, Bryant 3282, Monday.

BABY WHITE, six-passenger touring, 1915 car; beautiful condition; sell cheap. Apply Room 1543, Equitable Building.

WHITE 1915 7-passenger touring with removable Winter glass sides; bargain, quick sale. Rector 2287.

WINTON, Model 33, light six touring car, overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

TWIN-SIX, 1916, 7-passenger; used four months; rare bargain. Frank Hopkins, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y. Tel 802.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

YOUNG COUPLE, OWNERS, EXPERIenced tourists, want two or three to complete party, Aug. 17, over Labor Day; very liberal plan; large touring car; New York State, lower Canada, or any suggested section; references essential. R 576 Times Harlem.

Will gentleman who assisted L. U. Shapter after accident, south side of West 33d St., opposite new Pennsylvania Hotel, Saturday afternoon about 3:20 P. M., and other witnesses please communicate with Henry B. Culver, 26 Liberty St.

General Market, 877 East 180th St., Bronx, sold to Yetta Paul by Tilly Feldman, claims bills to be collected by 9th August.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
No war tax on used cars.
CRANE SIMPLEX TOURING.
FIAT (30) Sedan, foreign; latest importation.
1918 BUICK little "6" roadster.
1918 CHANDLER touring.
1918 OLDSMOBILE touring.
1918 HUPMOBILE touring; like new.
1917 CADILLAC touring.
1917 HUDSON limousine.
1917 STUTZ speedster.
1917 CADILLAC limousine.
1917 PEERLESS touring.
1917 HUDSON coupelet.
1916 STUTZ roadster; practically new.
1916 STUTZ speedster Bearcat.
1916 MITCHELL touring; like new.
1916 WHITE (30) roadster.
CHALMERS Master "6" touring.
1917 OVERLAND little "6" Sedan.
TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
PACKARD 3½-ton.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
257 WEST 55TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
No war tax on used cars.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

RIGHT PRICES.
1918—OLDS "6-cyl." touring.
1917—CADILLAC touring.
1917—KISSEL KAR touring, extra sedan.
1916—CADILLAC touring; exceptional.
1916—CHALMERS, seven-passenger.
1916—MOLINE-KNIGHT, touring—sedan.
1914—NATIONAL ROADSTER, elec. starter.
Open 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Closed Sunday.
THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC.,
Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., CORNER FRANKLIN AV., BROOKLYN.

Private owner, called to California, has for sale a model 88 8-cylinder, water-snipe landaulet, in perfect condition; used 9 months; this car has been driven approximately 7,500 miles and has never been used for any other purpose except owner's personal use; Bedford cord upholstery; dark blue body finish; tires in excellent condition, and one extra shoe included; will sell for $2,250. Call Bolster, Vanderbilt 11.

Motor Trucks.

ATTENTION! Motor trucks, 2, 3½, and 5 ton, sold on easy terms to reliable buyers; contracts for steady employment at liberal rates guaranteed; can use a number of 3½-ton vans and four dumps. Wilson Motor Truck Corp., 1,457 Broadway. Tel. 5685 Bryant.

TRUCK.—D-E worm drive, ¾-ton, panel body. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

FORD truck, 1916, panel body; will sell cheap. Brady-Murray Motors Corp'n, 62d St. and Broadway.

MACK trucks, 7-ton, running order; $100. W. H. Haines, 383 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J.

Automobiles Wanted.

DODGE.—Will purchase used Dodge car, late model, or other moderate-priced machine; give full description and price; dealers need not answer. W 116 Times.

WANTED—1917 or 1918 Roadster, A1 condition; state lowest cash price, make, mileage; no dealers. H 314 Times Downtown.

HIGHEST prices paid for cars; telephone before you sell. Burns, 738 Fordham.

Automobiles for Rent.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire, hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3580 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—1917 twin sixes exclusively; landaulet, touring; hour, monthly. Wilmarth. Tel. Columbus 8030.

PACKARD, (twin sixes;) Pierce-Arrows, hour or season. Muldoon, 254 West 68th St. Tel. Columbus 2151, Columbus 7261.

PACKARD twin six landaulet for hire; owner drives. Tel. Riverside 5316, O'Neill.

Automobile Repairing.

OVERHAULING AND REPAIRING; expert mechanics; guarantee work; reasonable. Washington Heights Machine Shop, 528 West 162d. Audubon 5201-8686.

Automobile Supplies.

CONTINENTAL MOTOR PARTS,
159 WEST 24TH ST.
PHONE FARRAGUT 3490.
CHADICK, DELAMATER
CORPORATION.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway. 20 REASONS 20 Why our system of automobile instruction for men and women is the best in N. Y. Write today for Catalogue I.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. 502 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

COSMOPOLITAN AUTO SCHOOL, 231 West 50th St. Classes men, women begin daily. Driving, mechanics, also Ford. Day, aft., eve. Moderate rates.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Live wire automobile distributor has long contract covering four Eastern States, including Metropolitan district, on well-known car of exceptional merit; also has unlimited line of credit; business now well established and paying at the rate of $40,000 annually; desire party with from $50,000 to $100,000 to join me so that operations may be extended to show at least $100,000 annual profit. Address P. O. Box 81, Station G.

A WELL ESTABLISHED COMMERCIAL FIRM WITH GOOD CONNECTIONS, (ALSO EXPORT,) SUFFICIENT SALES ORGANIZATION, SAMPLE ROOMS, &C., WOULD CONSIDER SELLING AGENCIES, EITHER FOR OWN ACCOUNT OR ON COMMISSION BASIS; FIRST - CLASS BANKING AND MANUFACTURERS REFERENCES. H 306 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Manufacturer of article of economy and necessity to every automobile and motor truck desires high-class man, firm with sales organization, or advertising house to handle its distribution and advertising campaign; will offer real inducement to man or firm able to push and finance the proposition on a large scale; only those with above qualifications will receive an interview. W 120 Times.

Large corporation, extending its sales organization, offers unusual opportunities for aggressive business men to become established in this most profitable enterprise; men with vision, who can see a real opportunity can secure a share of this business commensurate with their financial ability and become independent. Call Suite 406, Marbridge Building, 47 West 34th St.

DRUGGIST
for better class customers has splendid opportunity opening corner drug store in Woodhaven, N. Y.; no competition; latest style mahogany fixtures now being installed, will sell on easy payments; long lease; respectable druggist only considered. Glaser Rohrer, 504 East 74th.

An exceptional opportunity for a young, active, experienced business man to buy half interest in a prosperous cafe and restaurant; established 30 years; catering to refined trade; yearly receipts over $85,000. For particulars address Prosperous, Box 218 Times Downtown.

Young man, 30 years old, married, desires to associate himself with reliable going concern; has good experience as a salesman and executive head; if connection satisfactory, would consider financial investment. Address Box W 97 Times.

$5,000 to $10,000 wanted, long loan or business interest; successful manufacturing concern, well established; rated by Dun and Bradstreet; connected with automobile industry; increased business necessitates more working capital. Address Box 304 Times.

For Sale, Hardware.—Paying retail store near New York City, established 12 years, clean stock, will sell with or without fixtures; must sell at once account health. X 378 Times Annex.

TO LEASE.
Cleaning-dyeing est., including store, 3 rooms, basement, factory fully equipped; suitable laundry, carpet cleaning, &c. X 375 Times Annex.

Wanted.—Agency for something to sell, big or little, on commission basis; something not already handled in North Carolina; can give good reference. Apply to C. R. Crotts, Ashboro, N. C.

We have reliable, first-class manufacturing propositions to offer investors; parties having factories also would do well to confer with us. Heller & Heller, 15 Park Row. Telephone Barclay 3387.

Ladies' waist and lingerie shop on Broad St., Newark; excellent opportunity; selling account ill-health. Address Opportunity, Box 239 Times Downtown.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

The following to Base Hosp. No. 84, at Camp Bowie:

Peyton, Maj. H. A.

CAPTAINS.

Cohen, D.	Hibbetts, W.
Glist, R. D.	Martin, T. P.
Plumley, W. F.	Moore, T. F.
Purdy, H. L.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Canfield, H. B.	Menefee, C. D.
Hearin, W. C.	Prowitt, H. P.
Holds, J. B.	Wallace, J. M.
Raab, F. H.	Aikman, D. McA.
Sigler, G. V.	

Following to Base Hosp. No. 79, at Camp Dodge:

Crawford, Maj. W. W.

CAPTAINS.

Evans, J. H.	Maercklein, I. R.
Ogilvie, H. H.	Glackman, J. C.
Calhoun, J. G.	Wheeler, E. C.
Campbell, R. D.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Cort, A. L.	Pickett, W. J.
Harvey, H. C.	Carpenter, F. H.
La Force, H. A.	Harris, C. N.
Thomas, L. I.	Wade, B. N.
Fisk, R. R.	

Following to Camp Forrest:

CAPTAINS.

Hagan, H. J.	Sweeney, J. W.
Harris, R. B.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Delany, J. P.	Reeves, J. F.
Boxer, H.	Taylor, W. R.
Beckett, F. H.	

Following to Camp Sherman:

CAPTAINS.

Kleinman, E. W.	Stanbery, H.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Haywood, R. W.	Marks, W. R.
Hess, H. T.	Murphy, G. E.
Knudtson, H. M.	

Following to Base Hosp. No. 80, at Camp Wheeler:

Mattison, Maj. J. A.

CAPTAINS.

Cameron, A. C.	Willard, H. G.
Kinsey, F. C.	Paul, E. M.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Bendixen, B. O.	Thorne, W. G.
Davis, R. L.	Vega, J. J.
Hughes, C. R.	Signorelli, G. J.
Leavitt, F. C.	Bergeron, G. G.
Thurston, J. A.	Butzow, T. F.
Stamm, C. J.	Martin, H. H.
O'Connell, J. G.	

Following to Base Hosp. No. 77, at Camp Sherman:

Kerr, Maj. J. P.

CAPTAINS.

Loewe, G. M.	McBride, A. F.
Parrott, A. R.	Syverson, B. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

McCarty, E. D.	Amick, L. B.
Hall, C. W.	Neel, W. H.
Kline, T. B.	Lawton, F. B.

Following to Camp Lee:

CAPTAINS.

Traynham, B. L.	Thompson, A. E.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Collier, C.	Bove, C. F.
Farden, J. L.	Choate, A. J.
Atkinson, T. C.	

Following to Camp Bowie:

Woltman, Maj. H. C.

CAPTAINS.

Fowler, F. F.	Hagan, R.
Franklin, J. H.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Legare, J. K.	West, N. C.
Chaput, L. R.	Wickerham, E. P.
Bernard, H.	

Shepherd, Capt. F. D., and Coleman, 1st Lt. J. G., to Camp Wadsworth.

Banks, Capt. C. L.; Edgar, Capt. A. B., and Douglas, 1st Lt. E. L., to Base Hosp. No. 62, at Camp Upton.

Lovewell, Maj. C. H.; Merrill, Capt. R. T., and Katzman, 1st Lt. A. S., to Camp Custer.

Trudeau, Capt. F. B., and Fenn, 1st Lt. J. K., to Gen. Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven.

Following to Camp Greenleaf:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Pine, J. W.	Vernon, W. C.
Kyger, A. F.	Koontz, D. M.
Ballard, S. L.	

Following to Camp Upton:

Bovaird, Maj. D.

CAPTAINS.

Long, E.	Grath, W. J.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Fitzgerald, K. C.	Shurtleff, P. A.

Penrose, Maj. T. W., to Camp Beauregard.
Nix, Capt. W. H., to Camp Sevier.
Clark, Maj. F. H., to Ft. Logan H. Roots.
Riddell, Maj. J. D., to Camp Las Casas.
Crissey, Capt. L. W., to Fort Sam Houston.
Leverty, Capt. C. J., and Schaefer, 1st Lt. J. H., to Camp Travis.
Irvine, Capt. A. R., to Camp Fremont.
Welsh, Capt. T. W., and Montgomery, 1st Lt. C. E., to Camp Lewis.
Beatty, Capt. G. W., to Camp Dix.
Wallace, Capt. J., to Camp Taylor.
McMahan, Capt. L. W., to Ft. Slocum.
Welden, 1st Lt. F. H., to Base Hosp. No. 88, at Camp Dodge.
Latham, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Jackson.
Groome, 1st Lt. O. A., to Camp

HEAT WAVE BREAKS WEATHER RECORDS

Mercury in Washington and Other Cities Reaches Highest Point Ever Known.

93 HERE, HOTTEST AUG. 6

Forecasters Say No Relief Is Likely Within 48 Hours—Thousands Sleep in Parks.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—High temperature records that have marked the limits of heat waves during all the period of official observations in the northeastern quarter of the United States were broken today. Washington and Baltimore, by Weather Bureau thermometers, experienced a temperature of 106 degrees, a point not even approached by the mercury since 1881, and not reached then. In Detroit, Mich.; Harrisburg, Penn., and Toledo, Ohio, with temperatures of 104, new records were established, as did Scranton, Penn., and Cleveland, Ohio, which each officially registered 100.

These were the findings of the cool and cloistered instruments in the Weather Bureau's minarets. Instruments set closer to the baking pavements of city streets everywhere showed the mercury mounting to heights officially unbelievable. On Pennsylvania Avenue here one of the Weather Bureau's own instruments during the day marked 114 degrees.

Small hope for immediate relief for the eastern territory was seen tonight by the weather experts. It was said, however, the heat should slowly abate during the next two days over most of the area now affected. The hot wave owes its existence, Weather Bureau officials said, to an area of low barometric pressure which has been moving languidly from west to east across the continent, staying just a little north of the normal track, and suffering no competition from other disturbances, to the south. In consequence, there has been a great and constant flow of the air current up the continent from south to north, which have gathered the accumulated heat that many days of unbroken sunshine has left on the mid-continental territory.

The low rested tonight above the mouth of the St. Lawrence River and was presumably bound to dissipation over the Atlantic, but its attendant air drift has lost but little of its thermal content, the experts said. Only the low humidity, due to lack of rain, has prevented a larger number of heat prostrations.

There was just a chance that a West Indian hurricane, now developing along the Gulf coast and doing some damage in Louisiana and Texas, might cause sufficient disturbance to break the sway of the northern low and change the air drafts, but in expert opinion the storm was too weak to accomplish the result.

MERCURY UP TO 93 HERE.

Thousands Spend Night on Beaches and in the Parks.

New York sweltered yesterday on the hottest Aug. 6 on record. The highest official temperature recorded was 93 degrees at 4:15 in the afternoon, but thermometers on the street were as high as 100. The observer at the Weather Bureau station on top of the Whitehall Building at the Battery has been scanning the horizon for signs of relief, and last night he said there was none in sight.

The heat was held responsible for several deaths and for a score or more prostrations. Last night thousands of persons slept on the grass in the parks or on the sand at Coney Island and other beaches. Others spent the night on the roofs and the fire escapes, and the parks in Brooklyn and Manhattan were open all night. It was the bits of open spaces along the waterfronts that attracted thousands of women and children. Parks along the east side, especially along the East River, were crowded with persons driven from their homes by the heat.

The hourly record of temperature follows:

Midnight	82	Noon	90
1 A. M.	81	1 P. M.	92
2 A. M.	80	2 P. M.	92
3 A. M.	80	3 P. M.	93
4 A. M.	79	4 P. M.	93
5 A. M.	78	5 P. M.	92
6 A. M.	79	6 P. M.	89
7 A. M.	81	7 P. M.	88
8 A. M.	82	8 P. M.	86
9 A. M.	86	9 P. M.	85
10 A. M.	88	10 P. M.	84
11 A. M.	89	11 P. M.	84

The forecast today is for fair and continued warm weather, accompanied by moderate south winds.

There were two redeeming features to yesterday's weather. The humidity did not reach as high a point as on Monday, and the other was that along with the rising temperature a breeze sprang up. It is true that it was a "slight" breeze, but, in the words of the Weather Man, "every little bit helped." At 8 A. M. yesterday the mercury was 82 degrees and humidity 78 per cent. At noon the thermometer was 90 degrees; at 1 P. M. 92 degrees, and at 7 P. M. last night it had dropped to 85 degrees.

The crowds started going to the beaches early in the day. It was estimated that more than 200,000 persons, mostly children, were at Coney Island. Every bathhouse was filled to capacity and many stood in line waiting the chance for a bath. At the Municipal Bathhouse in the morning the line was five abreast and extended for more than a block.

Many mothers with their children remained all day, and during the night camped on the sands rather than risk the heat and excitement of the return trip to their homes in the many sections of the metropolis.

The number of lost children reported at the Coney Island Police Station exceeded 100. There many anxious parents found their missing and tear-stained progeny and were reunited after the friendly offices of the police had made the little ones as comfortable as possible under the circumstances.

All the lines running to the island were overtaxed during the day and the evening by the throngs that hastened for relief the island affords. The rush resulted in some confusion at the Culver Station during the day, where only three ticket takers were on the job to accept second fares. A number of women jumped through the fences and avoided the delays made necessary by the halt in passing the visitors through the gates.

Train arrivals, six cars each, bearing about 100 passengers per car, averaged one about every forty-five seconds during the day at this station.

Better arrangements for handling the crowds were established at the West End Station, where the arriving crowds passed through without any apparent confusion.

The surface lines to the island resorted to the use of running boards on both sides of the cars for the accommodation of passengers. Those riding on the boards nearest the inner rails of the road were constantly exposed to the danger of being thrown off by cars passing in the opposite direction.

John Tienonuto, who lived on the fourth floor of 15 Oak Street, early yesterday morning fell to the street from the firescape, where he had spent the night. He was taken to the Volunteer Hospital, where he died.

Overcome by the heat and falling against a switch which turned on the electric current, Joseph McKenna, 32 years old, operating a traveling crane at the Public Service Power House at Point No Point, on the Passaic River, was killed yesterday.

Eugene Esposito of 242 Hamilton Avenue, Brooklyn, sleeping at a window, fell from the second floor and was removed to the Holy Family Hospital suffering from concussion of the brain and a possible fracture of the skull.

Many of the large factories in Newark and vicinity closed down yesterday afternoon because of the intense heat. Those engaged in the production of war material were only slightly affected by employes being forced to stop work.

200 SHIPWORKERS OVERCOME.

Temperature in the Sun in Hog Island Yards Was 114.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—Philadelphia today sweltered under a temperature of 103 2-10 degrees, the hottest weather recorded since the local Weather Bureau was established twenty-four years ago. Excessive humidity added to the suffering. Two deaths and hundreds of prostrations were reported.

About 200 prostration cases were treated at the Hog Island shipyards, fifty of which were considered serious. The temperature in the sun at the yards reached a maximum of 114½ degrees, and many of the men working on the forty ships were stripped to the waist. Thirty-one thousand persons are employed at the big plant, and work was interfered with but little.

Nearly 2,000 workers at the Pusey & Jones Shipyard at Gloucester, N. J., quit work because of the heat, while many departments of the New York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, closed at noon.

Harrisburg, Penn., reported a maximum of 104 4-10.

Too Hot at Camp Dix for Drills.

CAMP DIX, WRIGHTSTOWN, N. J., Aug. 6.—The heat heer today sent scores of victims to the hospitals from every section of the great cantonment. Desiring to save officers and men from needless suffering, Major General Scott at noon called off all drill and work programs. Hospital authorities could not even estimate the number of heat cases that were being brought in. Up to a late hour, however, no deaths had been reported.

NO VACANCY, SAYS BOARD.

Two Candidates for Sheriff in Queens to Appeal to Courts.

The notification by the Board of Elections yesterday to William N. George, Democratic designee, and Arthur E. Keating, opposition designee to the organization nomination of Sheriff in Queens County, that there is no vacancy for Sheriff in that county, started the political pot aboiling in that borough. Immediately after the candidates, who had filed their petitions for the office, had been notified, they consulted attorneys and drew up applications asking the Supreme Court for a writ of mandamus compelling the board to accept the petitions. The applications will be filed today.

Samuel J. Mitchell is the present incumbent of the office. He took office on Jan. 1, this year, after a special election to fill the vacancy created by the death of his predecessor, Paul Stier. It is the contention of the Board of Elections that Mitchell is entitled to hold his position for a term of three years from the date of his inauguration into the office. The position carries a salary of $10,000 a year and a great amount of patronage.

TO LAUNCH THE FEDERAL.

Steel Cargo Ship Is Second of Fleet of Thirty.

The steel cargo ship Federal, the second of a fleet of thirty which the Federal Shipbuilding Company has contracted with the Emergency Fleet Corporation to build, will be launched Saturday at the company's yards in Kearny, N. J., on the Hackensack River. The Federal is a sister ship to the Liberty, which was launched by the company in June.

The Federal will be christened by Miss Catharine Farrell, daughter of James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, of which the Federal plant is a subsidiary.

BRAZILIANS AT FRONT?

Rome Hears They Have Arrived in France—Doubt in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—A telegram from Rome today stated that the Brazilian Minister there had started for France to greet Brazilian troops, who recently arrived at the western front.

At the Brazilian Embassy today confirmation of the report could not be obtained. It was believed there to be an erroneous report, as the Embassy, it was declared, had not been informed of the transportation of Brazilian soldiers to France. In some quarters it was believed the dispatch might refer to Brazilian sailors, as some Brazilian war vessels are known to be co-operating with the allied and American Navies.

ARSENAL MECHANICS STRIKE

Watertown Men Want Same Wages as Shipping Board Pays.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—A strike of 350 mechanics employed at the Watertown Arsenal began today, when Colonel Charles M. Wesson, commanding officer, refused to grant a wage schedule demanded by the men on Monday.

The men want the same wage schedules as are approved by the United States Shipping Board, which range from $4 to $10.80 a day. The maximum wage at Watertown, the men say, is $5.76 a day.

BROOKLYN GAS BILLS WAIT UPON COURTS

Counsel Says Borough Company Will Not Send Them Until $1.25 Rate Is Determined.

WILL GO TO HIGHER COURTS

Confident of Winning the Case, He Tells Service Board, Corporation Will Carry Charges on Books.

Those residents of Brooklyn who buy gas from the Brooklyn Borough Gas Company will not have to pay any more bills until the courts decide whether the company, under the decision of Charles E. Hughes, as referee, may charge $1.25 a thousand cubic feet instead of the 95-cent rate now in force. This postponement of the day of reckoning is the company's own suggestion first made on Monday by Wilson W. Thompson, its counsel, and confirmed and further explained by him yesterday at the hearing before the Public Service Commission. It developed that the fight against the company's desire to increase its rate to $1.25 would be carried through all of the courts of the State, and that even in the most favorable circumstances this litigation would run into the late Fall or early Winter. Mr. Thompson said it made no difference, and that no bills would be sent out until the litigation came to an end.

He explained that if the 95-cent rate was charged it would be difficult, if not impossible, to collect the difference should the company win the right to charge more, and that a feeling that the company would win made it worth while to carry the $1.25 rate on the books, and wait in confidence for the final decision. In the meantime the company's customers can burn as much gas as they please without fear of bills at present.

This morning argument on the injunction obtained by the commission restraining the company from raising its rate above 95 cents will be heard by Justice Benedict of the Supreme Court of Brooklyn, and whether or not the injunction is dismissed or made permanent, other litigation will follow. A civic organization has been formed in the district served by the company to fight a higher rate, and the city and State authorities, other than the commission, show signs of actively participating in the legal battle against the company.

At yesterday's hearing Chief Counsel William L. Ransom represented the commission; Assistant Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien appeared for the city, and among those present were members of other civic organizations in outlying districts who were greatly interested in the proceedings through fear that victory for the company would be quickly followed by attempts of the companies they patronized to raise their rates.

Mary E. Dillon, Assistant General Manager of the company, occupied the witness chair throughout the hearing. She is the head of the company's office force, and practically runs every branch of the business, except the actual making of gas. Her routine duties keep her so actively employed that she confessed her inability to obtain for the commission a list of the company's stock and bondholders. She has applied to the trustee, the Title Guaranty and Trust Company, for this data, but because of frequent transfers, a complete list could not be quickly prepared.

Neither did Miss Dillon have time to prepare a new rate schedule, because the order for it had not reached her until Monday. But it came out that the rate of $1.25 had been fixed by the company on Thursday last. It had been posted in the office before the order of the commission forbidding the making of a new rate had been received. Meetings of the company's officials are usually held in Philadelphia, and it was at this point that the new rate was agreed upon. Miss Dillon said that the last bills were sent out on Aug. 3 at the 95-cent rate.

Mr. O'Brien questioned her about the method of separating items in the various accounts of expenditures. This brought from Chairman Hubbell a protest against any intimation that charges were duplicated. Mr. O'Brien retorted that he intended to arrive at the facts if he could and would not be deterred from doing whatever was necessary to protect the consumers just because the witness happened to be a woman.

Mr. O'Brien asked Miss Dillon to get together so many facts for the next meeting that Mr. Thompson protested that Miss Dillon could not possibly do the extra work. He offered to place at the disposal of the city all the company's books. Mr. O'Brien declined the offer, and it was finally determined that Miss Dillon would do the best she could. The hearing will be resumed next Tuesday.

CRASH SETS TRAIN AFIRE.

Strikes Gasoline Tank at Crossing—One Killed, Five Injured.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 6.—One man was burned to death, another is dying from burns, and four other persons were injured when a New Jersey & Seashore Railroad train struck a Standard Oil tank truck full of gasoline today at a crossing at Ivyside, N. J., twenty miles south of here. The gasoline was thrown over the locomotive and the first car of the train and caught fire.

Edward Trainer of Salem, driver of the truck, was the man burned to death. Ervin Fancoast of Salem, fireman of the train, burned from head to foot, is in Cooper Hospital here, not expected to live. The others injured are Patrick U. Sullivan of Salem, the engineer; a brakeman, and two passengers on the train.

Trainer was pinned on the pilot of the engine and the flaming gasoline prevented any one from reaching him.

A Silver Grey Crash $21 and a Porous Weave $27

The grey is fine—cool and cool looking, mottled with white and black and a mere dash of yellow. Made very carefully. Coats and Trousers, $21.

The Porous Weave—is an English cloth with "body" but cool. The weight gives the drape and the weave the air. It is a good offer, this genuine English cool cloth 2-piece suit, $27. A fortunate cloth purchase together with my making my *ready made clothes* saves you $5 to $7. Open till 6 Saturday. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

GERTRUDE ATHERTON says:

THE GILDED MAN

By Clifford Smyth

is the most breathless yarn I ever read!

Love—Mystery—Adventure

ALL BOOKSTORES $1.50

BONI & LIVERIGHT, Publishers

HOW TO TELL A GOOD HEN.

Poultry Novices Urged to Save Feed by Eating Non-Layers.

In their efforts to increase the production of all foods and induce the conservation of such provender as the Army, the Navy and America's Allies need, the Food Administration and the Department of Agriculture inaugurated a campaign for 100 hens on every farm and a block in every back lot big enough to give running for half a dozen chickens. Now it is discovered that discretion in keeping hens is as important as in any other line of activity and that thousands of birds, comparatively worthless as egg producers are eating their heads off in suburban back yards. In an effort to correct this condition andconserve poultry feeds for really worthy consumers the Government has appealed to egg patriots to get rid of stock hens and offers information that is really worth while to the novice in poultry keeping.

Th epoultry keeper cannot afford at any time to keep a hen that is a poor egg producer, and that is particularly true now when feeds are unprecedentedly high in price. The Summer and early Fall is the best time to cull the poor producers from the flock. It is best to start as early as possible removing those hens whose appearance indicates that they have stopped laying. As a general principle it is wise to cull out about the first of August all hens over two years old unless they are laying or are exceptionally good breeders.

Hens will usually begin to moult in August. The slacker hen is an early moulter and can be readily distinguished at this time.

The indications of high egg production are most pronounced in September, and if the flock is to be culled only at one time, September is the best month to select the good producers. The better plan, however, is to cull gradually, beginning somewhat earlier.

A number of factors have to be considered in distinguishing the good from the poor layer, and certain allowances have to be made for essential differences between the small and the large breeds.

The indications of poor production are as follows:

Lack of Vigor.—Indicated by listless actions, dull, sunken eye, small, shrunken, pale comb and long toenails. The poor producer is usually one of the last hens to leave the roost in the morning, and also goes to roost early in the evening.

Early Molt and Yellow Legs.—Hens which molt before Sept. 1, especially those molting in July and early in August, are usually poor producers. These hens will usually have yellow legs during August and September, as the yellow color returns to the legs after molting. The time of molting and the color of the legs are very important characters in selecting hens by their apearance.

Pelvis.—Points close together, only one to two fingers apart, depending upon the breed. The space between the pelvic points varies according to whether or not the hen is laying. Arch from pelvic points to the end of keel or breast bone only two to four fingers wide. Pelvic points either small and hard or coarse, (covered with fat.) Vent dry and hard. A layer in good condition usually accumulates fat on abdomen, producing a plump appearance.

Other characters.—Comb pale or dull red, small, shrunken and covered with fine scales or dandruff. Ear lobes and wattles pale, shrunken, hard and dry. Ear lobes, eyelids, and beak yellowish.

The indications of good production are as follows:

Vigor.—Indicated by full, well developed breast and body, general alertness; bright full eye; well developed broad comb; short, heavy beak and work toe nails. A hen must have vigor and capacity to be a good layer. Such a hen usually has a good appetite and goes off the roost early in the morning.

Late molt and bleached legs.—The late molter, one that does not begin to molt until after the 1st of September, is usually a good producer. During the late Summer these hens are noticeable by their ragged and dirty plumage. The plumage of the good producer in the Winter and Spring is usually smooth and bright, giving a neat trim appearance to the fowl. The legs of these good layers will be nearly white, with all the yellow gone. After a hen molts she gets this yellow color back, and the color gradually leaves or bleaches as the laying season advances.

Pelvis.—Points wide apart, from three to five fingers, depending upon the breed. Arch wide apart from three to six fingers distance between pelvic points and end of keel or breastbone. Pelvic points soft and pliable. Vent soft, moist, and pliable.

Other Characters.—Comb full and red. Ear lobes and wattles red, of good size, soft and pliable. Ear lobes, eyelids and beak of bleached or whitish appearance.

The scarcity of beef scrap, together with its high price, has led poultry specialists of the Department of Agriculture to conduct feeding tests with laying hens in which cheaper and more plentiful kinds of protein feed are tried. In these tests feeds rich in vegetable protein have been used in connection with beef scrap to make up the laying ration. One pen of hens fed a mash containing 20 per cent. beef scrap produced the greatest number of eggs, but a second pen fed a mash consisting of 10 per cent. peanut meal and 10 per cent. beef scrap produced an average of only ten eggs less during the test period of five and a half Winter months. Mashes made with soy-bean meal, cottonseed meal, and velvet-bean meal, in combination with beef scrap, have been fed with fairly satisfactory results.

Life Saving Medals for Policemen.

Police Commissioner Enright today presented gold or bronze medals and $25 bonuses to eleven policemen for saving lives in the waters about New York City in the last year, the gift of the Lifesaving Benevolent Association of New York. Only ten of the men were on hand to receive the gifts, as Policeman Charles A. McNally, one of the medalists, is now in the United States Army. Policeman Joseph F. Weckesser received a gold medal. The other medals were bronze and went to Policemen Daniel Mandel, Edward H. Hommell, Benjamin F. Chessman, Jr., Michael J. Hurley, John C. Boyle, Adam G. Ruth, Edward C. Blanken, and Henry R. McAuley.

LYNAR ARRESTED AGAIN.

Bigamist Count Now Accused of Passing Bad Checks.

"Count Max Lynar Passy de Chimang," known also as Max Louden, who has gained notoriety in various ways, was arrested by the police of the West 123d Street Station yesterday on a charge of grand larceny made by Benjamin Waldman, an automobile renter of 100 West 126th Street. He said the Count had run up an automobile bill of $800 and then given him checks for $350 in part payment. At the request of the prisoner, Waldman credited him with $250 and gave him $100 in cash. The checks were returned as worthless, he said.

The Count said he was soon to receive $6,000 for services to an engineering corporation, and he would have no trouble in paying the bill. He asserted he was innocent of any intention of passing bad checks.

The Count was convicted of bigamy in this city in 1915 and released after serving nineteen months. He told Judge Rosalsky and federal agents in 1915 of a German plot in which he had been implicated to some extent for German sharpshooters to seize Canada. The kidnapping of President Wilson and holding of him as a hostage to prevent a declaration of war against Germany was also in the plan.

While in prison Louden worked on plans for a nonsinkable ship and is said to have interested capital in his project.

Child Killed by Trolley Car.

Paula Barker, 2-year-old daughter of Frederick Barker, 1,121 Avenue T, Brooklyn, was run down and killed by a Smith Street trolley car, bound for Manhattan, at Avenue T and Coney Island Avenue at 9 o'clock last night. Frank DeVanna of 822 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn, was the motorman. The child was attempting to cross the tracks.

Celery-time!
Right now is the time to plant if you want Celery in October!
And when you learn how easy it is to grow it and keep it fresh and snappy all Winter
You'll make a lot of room for it in
Garden
Plant Celery generously! You won't be sorry
Order today
$1 per 100
$8 per 1000
I. HICKS & SON
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PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

EACH PACKAGE COLORS

WOOL, SILK, COTTON & MIXED GOODS AT ONE BOILING

Guaranteed fast to light and not to fade in washing.

All Colors, including Army Olive Drab 10c—At Your Druggist—10c

To preserve the Mid-Week Pictorial and its graphic war pictures, handsome binder, sent by mail for $1.25, half leather $2.00. Times Square, New York.
—Advt.

(Second Edition Almost Exhausted—Third Edition Now Printing)

"A Wonderful, Moving Story"

KHAKI

Freeman Tilden's New Novel

"We have read nothing approaching it as a picture of America . . . has vigor, excitement and thrill."—*N. Y. Sun.*

KHAKI

"We earnestly wish that every man and woman in America might read it and be inspired by its all-compelling patriotism."—*N. Y. Tribune.*

KHAKI

"Vivid and realistic . . . a notable picture of what the war means to those who wear and love the khaki."—*N. Y. Times.*

Now at all bookstores. $1.25.

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, Publishers, NEW YORK.

3012

Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits

$19.50

We have put a price of $19.50 on 3,012 Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits for a quick clearaway.

You will find them in many popular light and medium shades—some are silk lined; some are made of fine imported fabrics.

In some cases there are only a few of each style, perhaps only one, or two, or three—but you can be sure your size is here in a wide variety of styles you will like—at $19.50.

112 Suits were	$40.00
746 Suits were	$35.00
384 Suits were	$32.50
602 Suits were	$30.00
345 Suits were	$28.00
823 Suits were	$25.00

Buy W. S. S. regularly *Buy W. S. S. regularly*

Golfers!

Included in the above are some fine Homespuns, in 2 very popular patterns, at $19.50

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
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Balch, Price & Co.

Fulton and Smith Streets, Brooklyn

Pre-Season Economy

FUR SALE

ADVANCE FALL MODELS

25% to 35% Saving Over Fall Prices

Luxurious Furs

For Evening and Street Wear

We present an unusual collection of Scarfs, Muffs, Capes, Coatees, Wraps and Coats in

Russian and Hudson Bay Sable Chinchilla, Ermine, Broadtail, Mink, Mole, Natural Black and Silver Foxes.

Fur and Fur Lined Coats for Men

Black and Mixed Fabrics, Muskrat, Marmot and Northern Muskrat linings, with Hudson Seal, Persian or Beaver Collars.

Fall prices,	$165 to $200
Now	$135 to $160

Other Smart Models, strictly custom made of imported cloths, linings of Natural Muskrat backs, Nutria and Mink.

Fall prices,	$250 to $750
Now	$175 to $600

Small Furs of Moderate Price

Muffs Now	Muffs Fall Prices	Kind	Scarfs, Stoles, Collarettes Now	Scarfs, Stoles, Collarettes Fall Prices
$15.00 to $27.50	$20.00 to $35.00	Hudson Seal	$25.00 to 125.00	$30.00 to 150.00
15.00 to 22.50	18.50 to 30.00	Nutria	25.00 to 125.00	30.00 to 150.00
17.50	22.50	Dyed Skunk	17.50	22.50
13.50 to 22.50	17.50 to 28.00	Raccoon	13.50 to 25.00	17.50 to 35.00
40.00 to 60.00	50.00 to 75.00	Beaver	40.00 to 125.00	50.00 to 150.00
30.00 to 60.00	45.00 to 75.00	Squirrel	27.50 to 125.00	35.00 to 175.00
25.00 to 60.00	30.00 to 75.00	Skunk	25.00 to 200.00	30.00 to 275.00
65.00 to 110.00	80.00 to 135.00	Pointed Fox	65.00 to 110.00	80.00 to 135.00
45.00 to 75.00	60.00 to 90.00	Lynx	45.00 to 200.00	60.00 to 250.00
		(Dyed Black and Taupe)		
37.50 to 100.00	50.00 to 135.00	Fox	35.00 to 100.00	50.00 to 135.00
		(Dyed Black, Poiret, Lucille, Taupe and Popular Colors)		
32.50 to 60.00	40.00 to 75.00	Wolf	25.00 to 60.00	35.00 to 75.00
		(Dyed Black, Poiret, Lucille, Taupe and Popular Colors)		
30.00 to 65.00	40.00 to 85.00	Mole	30.00 to 225.00	40.00 to 275.00

Furcoats of Medium Cost

Fall Price	Kind	Now
$225.00 to $550.00	Hudson Seal (plain)	$175.00 to $450.00
275.00 to 675.00	Hudson Seal (trimmed)	175.00 to 550.00
150.00 to 450.00	Natural Muskrat	125.00 to 350.00
150.00 to 400.00	Nutria (taupe or natural)	150.00 to 400.00
250.00 to 650.00	Squirrel	175.00 to 475.00
400.00 up	Mink	350.00 up

Motor Fur Coats

For Women Fall Prices	Now	*For Men* Fall Prices	Now
Nutria $275 to $475	$200 to $385	Wombat $50 to $100	$40 to $75
Raccoon $225 to $450	$175 to $350	Raccoon $200 to $450	$150 to $350
Nat. Muskrat $185 to $450	$150 to $375	Nutria $350 to $450	$275 to $350
Marmot $100 to $150	$75 to $110		

Alterations and Remodeling at Summer Prices Until August 15th

Van Dorn STEEL LOCKERS

Locker Logic

Peace of mind is a mighty forceful factor to a full day's output.

Workers can't do A-1 work with their minds on valuable packages left unguarded in a coat-room, in a coat pocket or on an exposed shelf. Girls quite naturally are uneasy when new hats or dainty finery must be left out where they attract curious fingers and floating grime and dust.

Van Dorn Steel Lockers solve the problem—(more Van Dorn lockers are in use today than any other make).

Prompt Delivery from Stock on Hand

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318 BROADWAY, Corner of Pearl St. *Phone Worth 5080*

The Thrift Stamp Will Say: Van Dorn Steel Office Furniture The Kaiser Can't Stay

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Leather portfolio, containing papers of 1st Brigade Headquarters, N. Y. G.; stolen from 66 Broadway; papers of no value to finder. Reward will be paid if returned to C. I. Hudson & Co., 66 Broadway.

LOST—Afternoon of Aug. 6, between Hotel Plaza and Ritz-Carlton, either in taxi or at hotel, a ruby diamond and sapphire service flag brooch; $50 reward; no questions asked. Cartier, 653 5th Av.

LOST—A gold bracelet, crest of owl on a branch and small diamond star; I lost this Tuesday, July 30, between Hotel McAlpin and Altman's; reward offered. X 396 Times Annex.

LOST—200 shares William Oil certificates: No. 1,497, 25 shares; No. 1,498, 75 shares; No. 1,499, 100 shares. Crossman, Sherman & Co., 7 Pine St., New York.

LOST—Wednesday evening, July 31, Brevoort Hotel, or taxi leaving Brevoort, about 10 P. M., Kolinsky cape. (Shayne & Co.) reward. Return to Wilcox, 1 West 44th St.

LOST—DIAMOND BAR PIN on 69th St., Saturday afternoon, between 2:30 and 3; $100 reward; no questions asked. Address ALLEN, 1 West 69th St.

LOST—On Broadway, between 28th and 55th Streets, black, loose leaf ledger, stamped C. Kuhns, Jr.; return Room 407, 43 Leonard St.; reward.

LOST—Sapphire and pearl pin, Aug. 5, 90th, between Broadway-Riverside Drive; please return Hotel Collingwood, 45 West 35th; reward.

LOST—At Long Beach, Saturday, crescent-shaped diamond pin; liberal reward. Return to Manager, Hotel Nassau, Long Beach.

LOST—Diamond ring, platinum setting, engraved "B. R. Perkins, from Atlantic Lodge." Liberal reward. Address 40 E. 41st.

LOST—Subway, Monday, yellow leather bag containing packages. Liberal reward. Morningside 8741.

LOST—Suitcase left in front of 116 Riverside Drive. Reward. Return to Superintendent, 116 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Purse containing $70 on East 29th St.; return in evening, 43 East 29th, for suitable reward. Stevens.

LOST—Valise, Eastern Parkway, containing clothes; $20 reward. Berry, 249 West Broadway.

LOST—Pouch with Australian passport. Please return 232 West 21st St. J. Russell.

REWARD, $25.

LAVALLIERE WITH THREE PEARLS AND NUMBER SMALL DIAMONDS LOST BETWEEN TIMES BUILDING AND 14TH ST.; VALUED AS KEEPSAKE. RETURN TO ELEVATOR STARTER, TIMES BUILDING, AND RECEIVE ABOVE REWARD.

$25 REWARD for lady's gold open-faced Tiffany & Co. watch, engraved "R. K." lost Aug. 6 in Staten Island or New York. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue & 37th St.

Found.

FOUND—Tuesday, July 30, gold chain bracelet. Address, giving description, X 390 Times Annex.